Unofficial Copy L1 1999 Regular Session 9lr1236 CF 9lr1506

By: Delegate K. Kelly Introduced and read first time: February 1, 1999 Assigned to: Judiciary	
Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 2, 1999	
CHAPTER	
1 AN ACT concerning	
<ul> <li>Local Government Tort Claims - Indemnification of Law Enforce</li> <li>Officers</li> </ul>	cement
FOR the purpose of restricting allowing a local government from indemnifying to indemnify certain law enforcement officers from for a certain judgment if unless the act or omission giving rise to the judgment would constitute a felony under the laws of this State; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to the indemnification of law enforcement officers by a local government.	
<ul> <li>BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,</li> <li>Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings</li> <li>Section 5-303</li> <li>Annotated Code of Maryland</li> <li>(1998 Replacement Volume)</li> </ul>	
SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:	
17 Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings	
18 5-303.	
19 (a) The liability of a local government may not exceed \$200,000 per an 20 individual claim, and \$500,000 per total claims that arise from the same occurrence 21 for damages resulting from tortious acts or omissions, including liability arising 22 under subsection (b) of this section and indemnification under subsection (c) of this 23 section	

## **HOUSE BILL 217**

1 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a local 2 government shall be liable for any judgment against its employee for damages 3 resulting from tortious acts or omissions committed by the employee within the scope 4 of employment with the local government. 5 A local government may not assert governmental or sovereign 6 immunity to avoid the duty to defend or indemnify an employee established in this subsection. A local government may not be liable for punitive damages. 8 (c) (1) 9 (2)Subject to subsection (a) of this section and except as provided (i) 10 in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a local government may indemnify an employee for a judgment for punitive damages entered against the employee. 12 A local government may not indemnify a law enforcement 13 officer for a judgment for punitive damages if the law enforcement officer has been 14 found guilty under Article 27, § 731 of the Code as a result of the act or omission giving rise to the judgment, IF THE ACT OR OMISSION WOULD CONSTITUTE A FELONY 16 UNDER THE LAWS OF THIS STATE. 17 A local government may not enter into an agreement that requires 18 indemnification for an act or omission of an employee that may result in liability for punitive damages. 20 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, this 21 subtitle does not waive any common law or statutory defense or immunity in 22 existence as of June 30, 1987, and possessed by an employee of a local government. 23 (e) A local government may assert on its own behalf any common law or 24 statutory defense or immunity in existence as of June 30, 1987, and possessed by its 25 employee for whose tortious act or omission the claim against the local government is 26 premised and a local government may only be held liable to the extent that a 27 judgment could have been rendered against such an employee under this subtitle. 28 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be 29 construed only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect 30 on or application to any judgment for punitive damages entered before the effective 31 date of this Act. 32 SECTION 2. 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take 33 effect October 1, 1999.