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By: Delegate Getty

Introduced and read first time: February 12, 1999 Assigned to: Commerce and Government Matters

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

## 1 A House Joint Resolution concerning

## 2 A Fair and Accurate Decennial Census

- 3 FOR the purpose of requesting that the federal Bureau of Census conduct the next
- 4 decennial census in a certain manner; requesting that certain census data be
- 5 given to the General Assembly; urging Congress to take certain steps in
- 6 connection with the census; and generally relating to the next decennial census.
- WHEREAS, The U.S. Constitution requires an actual enumeration of the
- 8 population every 10 years and entrusts Congress with overseeing all aspects of each
- 9 decennial enumeration; and
- WHEREAS, The sole constitutional purpose of the decennial census is to
- 11 apportion the seats in Congress among the several states; and
- 12 WHEREAS, An accurate and legal decennial census is necessary to properly
- 13 apportion U.S. House of Representatives seats among the 50 states and to create
- 14 legislative districts within the states; and
- 15 WHEREAS, An accurate and legal decennial census is necessary to enable
- 16 states to comply with the constitutional mandate of drawing state legislative districts
- 17 within the states; and
- WHEREAS, Article I, Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution, in order to ensure an
- 19 accurate count and to minimize the potential for political manipulation, mandates an
- 20 "actual enumeration" of the population, which requires a physical head count of the
- 21 population and prohibits statistical guessing or estimates of the population; and
- WHEREAS, Title 13, Section 195 of the U.S. Code, consistent with this
- 23 constitutional mandate, expressly prohibits the use of statistical sampling to
- 24 enumerate the U.S. population for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of
- 25 Representatives; and
- 26 WHEREAS, Legislative redistricting conducted by the states is a critical
- 27 subfunction of the constitutional requirement to apportion representatives among the
- 28 states; and

- 1 WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court, in Department of Commerce v.
- 2 United States House of Representatives (98-404) together with Clinton v. Glavin
- 3 (98-564) ruled on January 25, 1999, that the Census Act prohibits the Census
- 4 Bureau's proposed uses of statistical sampling in calculating the population for
- 5 purposes of apportionment; and
- 6 WHEREAS, In reaching its findings, the United States Supreme Court found
- 7 that the use of statistical procedures to adjust census numbers would create a dilution
- 8 of voting rights for citizens in legislative redistricting, thus violating legal guarantees
- 9 of "one-person, one-vote" but did not decide the issue of whether adjusted census
- 10 numbers could be used for purposes of State legislative redistricting plans; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Consistent with this ruling and the constitutional and legal
- 12 relationship of legislative redistricting by the states to the apportionment of the U.S.
- 13 House of Representatives, the use of adjusted census data could raise serious
- 14 questions of vote dilution and violate "one-person, one-vote" legal protections, thus
- 15 exposing the State of Maryland to protracted litigation over legislative redistricting
- 16 plans at great cost to the taxpayers of the State of Maryland, create uncertainty and
- 17 confusion regarding the orderly administration of the statewide election in the year
- 18 2002, and create a risk of a court ruling invalidating any legislative redistricting plan
- 19 using census numbers that have been determined in whole or in part by the use of
- 20 random sampling techniques or other statistical methodologies that add or subtract
- 21 persons to the census counts based solely on statistical inference; and
- WHEREAS, Consistent with this ruling, no person enumerated in the census
- 23 should ever be deleted from the census enumeration; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Consistent with this ruling, every reasonable and practical effort
- 25 should be made to obtain the fullest and most accurate count of the population as
- 26 possible, including appropriate funding for state and local census outreach and
- 27 education programs as well as a provision for postcensus local review; now, therefore,
- 28 be it
- 29 RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the
- 30 Maryland General Assembly requests that the Bureau of Census conduct the 2000
- 31 decennial census consistent with the United States Supreme Court rulings in
- 32 Department of Commerce v. United States House of Representatives and Clinton v.
- 33 Glavin and the constitutional mandate that requires a physical head count of the
- 34 population and bars the use of statistical sampling to create or in any way adjust the
- 35 count; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That the Maryland General Assembly requests the P. L. 94-171
- 37 data for legislative redistricting that is identical to the census tabulation data used to
- 38 apportion seats in the U.S. House of Representatives consistent to the aforementioned
- 39 United States Supreme Court rulings and constitutional mandate which require a
- 40 physical head count of the population; and be it further
- 41 RESOLVED, That the Maryland General Assembly urges Congress, as the
- 42 branch of government assigned the responsibility of overseeing the decennial

- 1 enumeration, to take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the 2000 decennial
- 2 census is conducted fairly and legally; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded by the Department of
- 4 Legislative Services to the Maryland Congressional Delegation: Senators Paul S.
- 5 Sarbanes and Barbara A. Mikulski, Senate Office Building, Washington D.C. 20510;
- 6 and Representatives Wayne T. Gilchrest, Robert L. Ehrlich, Jr., Benjamin L. Cardin,
- 7 Albert R. Wynn, Steny Hamilton Hoyer, Roscoe G. Bartlett, Elijah E. Cummings, and
- 8 Constance A. Morella, House Office Building, Washington, D. C. 20515; and to the
- 9 Honorable William Jefferson Clinton, President of the United States, Washington,
- 10 D.C.