By: **Delegates Gordon, Barve, and Kagan** Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2000 Assigned to: Ways and Means

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 3	Municipal Corporations - County Imposed Development Taxes and Fees - Prohibition
4 5 7 8 9	FOR the purpose of prohibiting the governing body of a county from imposing certain development taxes or fees on new development that is located within the boundaries of a municipal corporation and that is not subject to the zoning authority of the county; and generally relating to the authority of a county to impose certain development taxes or fees on certain property within a municipal corporation.
10 11 12 13 14	Annotated Code of Maryland
15 16	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
17	Article 23A - Corporations - Municipal
18	2B.
19 20	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), legislation enacted by a county does not apply in a municipality located in such county if the legislation:
21	(1) By its terms exempts the municipality;
22 23	(2) Conflicts with legislation of the municipality enacted under a grant of legislative authority provided either by public general law or its charter; or
26	(3) Relates to a subject with respect to which the municipality has a grant of legislative authority provided either by public general law or its charter and the municipality, by ordinance or charter amendment having prospective or retrospective applicability, or both:

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1	(i) Specifically exempts itself from such county legislation; or
2 3 su	(ii) Generally exempts itself from all county legislation covered by ch grants of authority to the municipality.
6 leg	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a)(2) and (3) of this section, e following categories of county legislation, if otherwise within the scope of gislative powers granted the county by the General Assembly, shall nevertheless ply within all municipalities in the county:
8 9 pro	(1) County legislation where a law enacted by the General Assembly so ovides;
	(2) County revenue or tax legislation, subject to the provisions of Article 4 of the Code, the Tax - General Article, and the Tax - Property Article, or legislation lopting a county budget; and
	(3) County legislation which is enacted in accordance with requirements herwise applicable in such county to legislation that is to become effective mediately and which also meets the following requirements:
18 of 19 pi	(i) The legislative body of the county makes a specific finding used on evidence of record after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements subparagraph (ii) hereof that there will be a significant adverse impact on the ablic health, safety, or welfare affecting residents of the county in unincorporated eas if such county legislation does not apply in all municipalities located in such punty;
24 op 25 to 26 pt	(ii) The legislative body of the county conducts a public hearing at hich all municipalities in the county and interested persons shall be given an oportunity to be heard, notice of which is given by the mailing of certified mail notice each municipality in the county not less than 30 days prior to the hearing and by ablication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county for 3 successive weeks, e first publication to be not less than 30 days prior to the hearing; and
28 29 le	(iii) The county legislation is enacted by the affirmative vote of not ss than two-thirds of the authorized membership of the county legislative body.
32 fin 33 le 34 ac 35 ac 36 of 37 of 38 w 39 w 40 in	(4) County legislation which is enacted in accordance with the occedures set forth in paragraph (b)(3) shall be subject to judicial review of the nding made under subparagraph (3)(i) and of the resultant applicability of such gislation to municipalities in the county by the circuit court of the county in cordance with the provisions of the Maryland Rules governing appeals from liministrative agencies. Any appeal shall be filed within 30 days of the effective date is such county legislation. In any judicial proceeding commenced under the provisions of this paragraph, the sole issues are whether the county legislative body (1) complied it the procedures of paragraph (b)(3), and (2) had before it sufficient evidence from hich a reasonable person could conclude that there will be a significant adverse support on the public health, safety, or welfare affecting residents of the county in all municipalities

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1 located in the county. The issues shall be decided by the court without a jury. In the

2 event that the court reverses such finding, the legislation shall continue to apply in

3 unincorporated areas of the county and the applicability of such county legislation in

4 municipalities shall be governed by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. The 5 decision of the circuit court in any such proceeding shall be subject to further appeal

6 to the Court of Special Appeals by the courty or any municipality in the courty.

7 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b)(3) of this section, county 8 legislation enacted in accordance with the procedures and requirements thereof shall 9 nevertheless be or become inapplicable in any municipality which has enacted or 10 enacts municipal legislation that:

11 (1) Covers the same subject matter and furthers the same policies as the 12 county legislation;

13 (2) Is at least as restrictive as the county legislation; and

14 (3) Includes provisions for enforcement.

15 (d) Any municipality may, by ordinance, request and authorize the county 16 within which it is located to administer or enforce any municipal legislation. Upon the 17 enactment of such an ordinance, such county may administer or enforce such

18 municipal legislation on such terms and conditions as may mutually be agreed.

19 (E) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE GOVERNING
20 BODY OF A COUNTY MAY NOT IMPOSE A DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE, A
21 CONSTRUCTION EXCISE TAX, OR ANY SIMILAR FEE OR TAX ON NEW DEVELOPMENT
22 THAT IS DEDICATED TO INFRASTRUCTURE COST BASED ON THE IMPACT OF NEW
23 DEVELOPMENT ON REAL PROPERTY THAT IS:

24 (1) LOCATED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF A MUNICIPAL 25 CORPORATION; AND

26 (2) NOT SUBJECT TO THE ZONING AUTHORITY OF THE COUNTY.

27 [(e)] (F) As used in this section:

(1) "County" means any county, regardless of the form of county
 government, including charter home rule, code home rule, and county commissioners;
 and

31 (2) "Legislation" means any form of county or municipal legislative
32 enactment, including a law, ordinance, resolution and any action by which a county
33 budget is adopted.

34 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 35 July 1, 2000.

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