HOUSE BILL 42

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(PRE-FILED)

By: Delegates Nathan-Pulliam, Goldwater, and Eckardt

Requested: October 3, 2001 Introduced and read first time: January 9, 2002 Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Labor and Employment - Nurses - Involuntary Overtime Prohibition

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting an employer from requiring a nurse to work more

- 4 than a certain number of hours in a workday or more than a certain number of
- 5 hours in a workweek; authorizing an employer to require a nurse to work up to

6 a certain number of hours in a day or part or all of a succeeding work shift under

- 7 certain circumstances; providing that a nurse may not be considered to be
- 8 responsible for the care of a patient beyond the nurse's prescribed work period
- 9 under certain circumstances; requiring an employer to be responsible for
- 10 providing that appropriate staff is available to accept responsibility for care of a
- 11 patient beyond a nurse's prescribed work period; prohibiting an employer from
- 12 discharging, discriminating, or retaliating in any manner against a nurse
- 13 because the nurse declines to work beyond certain hours; authorizing a nurse to
- 14 bring a civil suit for certain damages and fees against an employer that violates
- 15 this Act; providing for the construction of this Act; defining a certain term; and
- 16 generally relating to employment and work hours of nurses.

17 BY adding to

- 18 Article Labor and Employment
- 19 Section 3-421
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (1999 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)
- 22

Preamble

WHEREAS, There is a shortage of nurses generally and particularly nurses who are able to work in multiple patient care settings; and

- 25 WHEREAS, It is increasingly apparent that the shortages have led to
- 26 under-staffing, which not only has accelerated nurses' earlier retirement from direct
- 27 patient care settings but has compromised the quality of care provided by the
- 28 overburdened nurses who remain in the workplace; and

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1 WHEREAS, In an attempt to offset short staffing patterns, employers

2 frequently require nurses, as a condition of at-will employment, and contrary to a

3 nurse's professional assessment of his or her own particular capabilities, to work

4 substantial overtime to provide patient coverage; and

5 WHEREAS, Common sense and emerging research, including an Institute of 6 Medicine report called "To Err is Human - Building a Safe Health System" published 7 in November of 1999, confirms that nursing staff shortages and the resulting 8 involuntary overtime and incident fatigue inevitably lead to an increased incidence of 9 errors that injure patients; and

10 WHEREAS, Maryland's nurses, caught between the orders of their employers 11 and their professional responsibilities under the Nurse Practice Act and pressures 12 from their personal lives are frequently forced to accept mandatory, involuntary

13 overtime or risk their at-will positions; and

14 WHEREAS, Absent legislation prohibiting involuntary overtime, nurses will 15 continue to confront this dilemma to their detriment, to their patients' detriment, and 16 to the detriment of efforts to encourage vitally needed numbers of young people to 17 choose nursing as a career; now, therefore,

18 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF19 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

20

Article - Labor and Employment

21 3-421.

(A) IN THIS SECTION, "NURSE" MEANS A LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSE OR A
 REGISTERED NURSE AS DEFINED IN § 8-101 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE.

24 (B) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, AN EMPLOYER MAY NOT 25 REQUIRE A NURSE TO WORK MORE THAN:

26 (1) 8 HOURS IN ANY WORKDAY; OR

27 (2) 40 HOURS IN ANY WORKWEEK.

28 (C) A NURSE MAY BE REQUIRED TO WORK:

29 (1) NOT MORE THAN 10 HOURS IN A DAY IF THE EMPLOYER'S30 WORKWEEK IS BASED ON 4 DAYS OF 10 HOURS OF WORK EACH DAY;

31 (2) NOT MORE THAN 3 DAYS OF 12 HOURS OF WORK EACH DAY AND THE
32 FOURTH WORKDAY OF NO MORE THAN 8 HOURS; OR

33 (3) PART OR ALL OF THE NEXT SUCCEEDING WORK SHIFT FOLLOWING
 34 THE WORK SHIFT COMPLETED BY THE NURSE IF:

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THE WORK IS A CONSEQUENCE OF AN EMERGENCY SITUATION 1 (I) 2 WHICH COULD NOT HAVE BEEN REASONABLY ANTICIPATED; 3 (II) THE EMERGENCY SITUATION IS NONRECURRING AND IS NOT 4 CAUSED BY OR CONTRIBUTED TO BY INATTENTION OR A LACK OF REASONABLE 5 CONTINGENCY PLANS BY THE EMPLOYER; THE EMPLOYER HAS EXHAUSTED ALL GOOD FAITH, 6 (III) 7 REASONABLE ATTEMPTS TO OBTAIN VOLUNTARY WORKERS DURING THE **8 SUCCEEDING SHIFTS:** 9 THE NURSE HAS CRITICAL SKILLS AND EXPERTISE THAT ARE (IV) 10 REQUIRED FOR THE WORK; AND 11 (V) 1. THE EMPLOYER HAS INFORMED THE NURSE OF THE 12 BASIS FOR THE EMPLOYER'S DIRECTION; AND THAT BASIS SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS FOR 13 2. 14 MANDATORY OVERTIME UNDER ITEMS (I) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS ITEM. THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT A NURSE FROM 15 (D) 16 VOLUNTARILY AGREEING TO WORK MORE THAN THE NUMBER OF HOURS PROVIDED 17 IN THIS SECTION. 18 (E) (1)A NURSE MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CARE OF 19 A PATIENT BEYOND THE NURSE'S PRESCRIBED WORK PERIOD IF THE NURSE: HAS NOTIFIED ANOTHER APPROPRIATE NURSE OF THE 20 (I) 21 PATIENT'S STATUS; AND 22 (II) HAS TRANSFERRED RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE PATIENT'S CARE 23 TO ANOTHER APPROPRIATE NURSE OR PROPERLY DESIGNATED INDIVIDUAL. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C)(3) OF THIS SECTION, THE 24 (2)25 EMPLOYER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING THAT APPROPRIATE STAFF IS 26 AVAILABLE TO ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR A PATIENT'S CARE BEYOND A NURSE'S 27 PRESCRIBED WORK PERIOD. AN EMPLOYER MAY NOT DISCHARGE, DISCRIMINATE AGAINST, OR 28 (F) (1) 29 RETALIATE IN ANY MANNER AGAINST A NURSE BECAUSE THE NURSE DECLINES TO 30 WORK BEYOND THE HOURS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION. A NURSE WHO BELIEVES THAT HE OR SHE HAS BEEN DISCHARGED. 31 (2)32 DISCRIMINATED AGAINST. OR RETALIATED AGAINST BY AN EMPLOYER IN VIOLATION 33 OF THIS SECTION MAY BRING A CIVIL ACTION FOR DAMAGES AND REASONABLE

34 ATTORNEY'S FEES.

35 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take 36 effect July 1, 2002.

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