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By: The President (By Request – Administration) and Senators Della, King, Lenett, Madaleno, and Rosapepe

Introduced and read first time: January 23, 2009 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Smart, Green, and Growing - Smart and Sustainable Growth Act of 2009

- 3 FOR the purpose of defining a certain term applicable to the exercise by a local jurisdiction of certain land use, water and sewer plan review, growth allocation, 4 5 and annexation powers to require consistency with a local comprehensive plan under certain circumstances; altering the applicability of certain land use 6 7 provisions to certain local jurisdictions; requiring a local jurisdiction to enact a certain land use plan; requiring a member of a local planning commission to 8 9 complete a certain education course; requiring a member of a board of appeals to complete a certain education course; declaring the intent of the General 10 Assembly; requiring a member of a local planning commission and a member of 11 a board of appeals to complete a certain education course by a certain date; 12 13 requiring the Task Force on the Future for Growth and Development to make certain recommendations; requiring the Department of Planning to develop a 14 certain education course by a certain date; providing for the application of this 15Act; defining certain terms; and generally relating to land use. 16
- 17 BY renumbering
- 18 Article 66B Land Use
- 19 Section 1.03
- to be Section 1.04
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2003 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)
- 23 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 24 Article 66B Land Use
- 25 Section 1.00(a), 1.01, and 4.09
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2003 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{array}$	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article 66B – Land Use Section 1.00(h) and (k), 1.02, 2.13, 3.01, 3.02, and 4.07 Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)
6 7 8 9 10	BY adding to Article 66B – Land Use Section 1.02 Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement)
$11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16$	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article 66B – Land Use Section 1.04(e) Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Replacement Volume and 2008 Supplement) (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act)
17	Preamble
18 19 20 21	WHEREAS, Land use planning in the State of Maryland has revolved around comprehensive plans enacted by local governments, following the eight visions established in the Economic Growth, Resource Protection, and Planning Act of 1992; and
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	WHEREAS, The decision of the Maryland Court of Appeals in David Trail, et al. v. Terrapin Run, LLC et al., 403 Md. 523 (2008) held that a special exception could be granted even if it did not strictly conform to the comprehensive plan; and
25 26 27 28	WHEREAS, While the holding of the Terrapin Run decision could be narrow and confined to the granting of special exceptions, the General Assembly is concerned that a broader interpretation of the decision could undermine the importance of making land use decisions that are consistent with the comprehensive plan; and
29 30 31 32 33	WHEREAS, Article 66B, § 4.09 of the Annotated Code of Maryland requires a local jurisdiction to implement the provisions of its local comprehensive plan through "the adoption of applicable zoning ordinances and regulations, planned development ordinances and regulations, subdivision ordinances and regulations, and other land use ordinances and regulations that are consistent with the plan;" and
$\frac{34}{35}$	WHEREAS, Citizens invest countless hours in determining the future direction of their jurisdiction through local comprehensive plans; and
$\frac{36}{37}$	WHEREAS, The people of Maryland are best served if land use decisions are consistent with locally adopted comprehensive plans; and

 $\mathbf{2}$

1 WHEREAS, It is the intent of the General Assembly, as evidenced in Article 2 66B, §§ 1.03(e) and 4.09, that comprehensive plans should be followed as closely as 3 possible while not being elevated to the status of an ordinance and that deviations 4 from the plan should be rare; now, therefore,

5 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 6 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 1.03 of Article 66B – Land Use of the Annotated Code of 7 Maryland be renumbered to be Section(s) 1.04.

8 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 9 read as follows:

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Article 66B – Land Use

11 1.00.

12 (a) In this article the following words have the meanings indicated, except13 where the context clearly indicates otherwise.

14 (h) (1) "Plan" means the policies, statements, goals, and interrelated 15 plans for private and public land use, transportation, and community facilities 16 documented in texts and maps which constitute the guide for the area's future 17 development.

(2) "Plan" includes a general plan, master plan, comprehensive plan,
 or community plan adopted in accordance with §§ **1.03 AND** 3.01 through 3.09 of this
 article.

(k) "Special exception" means a grant of a specific use that would not be appropriate generally or without restriction and shall be based upon a finding that certain conditions governing special exceptions as detailed in the zoning ordinance exist, that the use [conforms to] **IS CONSISTENT WITH** the plan and is compatible with the existing neighborhood.

26 1.01.

In addition to the requirements of § 3.05(c) of this article, a commission shall implement the following visions through the plan described in § 3.05 of this article:

29

(1) Development is concentrated in suitable areas.

30 (2) Sensitive areas are protected.

31 (3) In rural areas, growth is directed to existing population centers 32 and resource areas are protected.

	4	SENATE BILL 280
$rac{1}{2}$	ethic.	(4) Stewardship of the Chesapeake Bay and the land is a universal
$\frac{3}{4}$	consumption	(5) Conservation of resources, including a reduction in resource , is practiced.
5 6	economic gro	(6) To assure the achievement of items (1) through (5) of this section, owth is encouraged and regulatory mechanisms are streamlined.
7 8 9	the county o to occur.	(7) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure under the control of r municipal corporation are available or planned in areas where growth is
10		(8) Funding mechanisms are addressed to achieve these visions.
11	1.02.	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	THIS SECT "CONSISTED THE TERM FURTHER, A PATTERNS,	 N A PROVISION IN A STATUTE LISTED IN ITEMS (1) THROUGH (4) OF ION REQUIRES THAT AN ACTION OF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT BE NT WITH" OR HAVE "CONSISTENCY WITH" A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, SHALL BE DEFINED TO MEAN AN ACTION TAKEN THAT WILL AND NOT BE CONTRARY TO, THE POLICIES, TIMING, DEVELOPMENT LAND USES, AND DENSITIES OR INTENSITIES IN THE PLAN: (1) §§ 1.00(K), 1.04(E), AND 4.09 OF THIS ARTICLE; (2) §§ 9–505(A)(1), 9–506(A)(1), AND 9–507(B)(2) OF THE ENT ARTICLE (WATER AND SEWER PLAN REVIEW); (3) § 8–1808.1(C)(2)(I) OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES ARTICLE AREA COMMISSION REVIEW OF GROWTH ALLOCATION); AND
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	CODE.	(4) ARTICLE 23A, § $19(0)(3)(111)$ (ANNEXATION PLAN) OF THE
25	[1.02.] 1.03.	
26 27	(a) counties.	Except as provided in this section, this article does not apply to charter
28	(b)	The following sections of this article apply to a charter county:
29		(1) § 1.00(j) (Definition of "sensitive areas");
30		(2) § 1.01 (Visions);

1		(3)	§ 1.02	2 (CONSISTENCY WITH PLANS);
2		[(3)]	(4)	§ 1.03 (Charter county – Comprehensive plans);
3		(5)	§ 3.0 2	2(H) (PLANNING COMMISSION – EDUCATION);
4		[(4)]	(6)	§ 4.01(b)(2) (Regulation of bicycle parking);
5		(7)	§ 4.0 ′	7(A)(10) (BOARD OF APPEALS – EDUCATION);
6		[(5)]	(8)	§ 5.03(d) (Easements for burial sites);
7		[(6)]	(9)	§ 7.02 (Civil penalty for zoning violation);
8		[(7)]	(10)	§ 10.01 (Adequate Public Facilities Ordinances);
9		[(8)]	(11)	§ 11.01 (Transfer of Development Rights);
10		[(9)]	(12)	§ 12.01 (Inclusionary Zoning);
$\frac{11}{12}$	13.01 (Deve			Except in Montgomery County or Prince George's County, § ts and responsibilities agreements);
13		[(11)]	(14)	For Baltimore County only, § 14.02; and
14		[(12)]	(15)	For Howard County only, § 14.06.1.
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(c) Code.	This	sectior	n supersedes any inconsistent provision of Article 28 of the
17	1.04.			
18 19 20 21 22	this section, the compreh	ich cor , a cha nensive	respon rter cor e plan 1	e July 1, 1997, and subsequently at intervals of not more than d to the comprehensive plan revision under subsection (c) of unty shall ensure that the implementation of the provisions of that comply with § 1.01 of this article and subsection $(a)(1)(iii)$ e achieved through the adoption of:
23		(1)	Appli	cable zoning ordinances and regulations;
24		(2)	Planr	ned development ordinances and regulations;
25		(3)	Subd	ivision ordinances and regulations; and
$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 27 \end{array}$	the compreh	(4) nensive		r land use ordinances and regulations that are consistent with

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1	2.13.			
$2 \\ 3$	(a) of this artic	Except as provided in le do not apply in Baltim	subsection (b) of this section, §§	§ 3.01 through 8.15
4	(b)	The following sections	of this article apply to Baltimore	e City:
5		(1) § 1.00(j) (Definit	ion of "sensitive areas");	
6		(2) § 1.01 (Visions);		
7		(3) § 1.02 (CONSIS	TENCY WITH PLANS);	
8		[(3)] (4) § 1.03 (Ch	arter county – Comprehensive p	olans);
9		(5) § 3.02(H) (PLA	NNING COMMISSION - EDUCA	ATION);
10		[(4)] (6) § 4.01(b)(2	2) (Regulation of bicycle parking);
11		(7) § 4.07(A)(10) (I	BOARD OF APPEALS - EDUCA	FION);
12		[(5)] (8) § 5.03(d) (Easements for burial sites);	
13		[(6)] (9) § 7.02 (Cir	vil penalty for zoning violation);	
14		[(7)] (10) § 10.01 (A	dequate Public Facilities Ordina	ances);
15		[(8)] (11) § 11.01 (T	ransfer of Development Rights);	
16		[(9)] (12) § 12.01 (In	nclusionary Zoning); and	
17 18	Agreements	[(10)] (13) § 13.01 s).	(Development Rights and	l Responsibilities
19	3.01.			

(a) A local jurisdiction [may] SHALL enact, adopt, amend, and execute a plan
 as provided in this article and MAY create by ordinance a planning commission with
 the powers and duties set forth in this article.

(b) A municipal corporation may be included as part of a county plan underthis article if:

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1 (1)The legislative body of the municipal corporation, by a resolution $\mathbf{2}$ directed to the legislative body of the county in which the municipal corporation is 3 located, indicates the intention to participate in the county plan; and 4 (2)The legislative body of the county approves the resolution. 3.02. 5 6 Except as otherwise provided in this article, a planning (1)(a) commission created under this subtitle shall consist of three, five or seven members. 7 8 One of the members may be a member of the local legislative body, (2)9 serving in an ex officio capacity concurrent with the member's official term. 10 The members of a planning commission shall be appointed by the (b) (1)local legislative body or by the person designated as the appointing power in the 11 12ordinance creating the commission. 13 Where there is a single local elected executive, the members of a (2)planning commission shall be appointed by the local executive and confirmed by the 14 15local legislative body. 16 Each member of a planning commission is entitled to the compensation (c) 17that the local legislative body considers appropriate. 18 (d) (1)The term of each member is 5 years or until the member's successor takes office. 19 20The terms of the members of a planning commission shall be (2)staggered. 2122After a public hearing, the local legislative body may remove the (e) (1)23members of a planning commission for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office. 2425The local legislative body that removes a member of a planning (2)26commission shall file a written statement of reasons for the removal. 27Vacancies occurring other than through the expiration of a term shall be (**f**) filled for the unexpired term by the local legislative body or by the person designated 2829 in the ordinance as the appointing power. 30 In a municipal corporation, the local legislative body may designate one (**g**) alternate member of the commission who may sit on the commission in the absence of 31 any member of the commission. When the alternate is absent, the local legislative 3233 body may designate a temporary alternate to sit on the commission.

1 (H) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PLANNING COMMISSION" INCLUDES A 2 PLANNING COMMISSION OR BOARD ESTABLISHED UNDER ARTICLE 25A OR 3 ARTICLE 28 OF THE CODE.

4 (2) WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER APPOINTMENT TO A PLANNING 5 COMMISSION, A MEMBER SHALL COMPLETE AN EDUCATION COURSE THAT 6 INCLUDES EDUCATION ON:

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(I) THE ROLE OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN;

8 (II) PROPER STANDARDS FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS AND 9 VARIANCES; AND

10(III) THE JURISDICTION'S ZONING ORDINANCES AND11REGULATIONS, PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS,12SUBDIVISION ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS, AND OTHER LAND USE13ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS.

14(3) THE FAILURE OF A MEMBER TO COMPLETE AN EDUCATION15COURSE MAY NOT:

16 (I) INVALIDATE A DECISION OF THE COMMISSION; OR

17 (II) BE CONSTRUED TO CREATE A PRIVATE CAUSE OF 18 ACTION BY ANY PERSON.

19 4.07.

20 (a) (1) Each local legislative body shall provide for the appointment of a 21 board of appeals.

22 (2) A board of appeals consists of at least three members.

23 (3) The terms of office of the members of a board of appeals are 3
24 years.

(4) A member of a board of appeals shall be appointed by the local
executive and confirmed by the local legislative body.

- 27 (5) A member of a board of appeals may be removed:
- 28 (i) For cause;
- 29 (ii) On written charges; and

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1	(iii) After a public hearing.
$2 \\ 3$	(6) The appointing authority shall appoint a new member to fill the unexpired term of any member who leaves a board of appeals.
4 5	(7) A member of a board of appeals may receive the compensation that the local legislative body considers appropriate.
6	(8) A local legislative body may not serve as a board of appeals.
7 8 9	(9) A member of the board of appeals shall recuse himself or herself from participating in a matter in which the member may have a conflict of interest or an appearance of a conflict of interest.
$10 \\ 11 \\ 12$	(b) (1) Each local legislative body shall designate one alternate member for the board of appeals who may sit on the board when any other member of the board is absent.
13 14	(2) When the alternate member is absent, the local legislative body may designate a temporary alternate.
15 16	(c) (1) A board of appeals shall adopt rules in accordance with the provisions of any ordinance adopted under this article.
17 18	(2) The meetings of a board of appeals shall be held at the call of the chairman and at other times determined by the board.
19 20	(3) The chairman of a board of appeals or the acting chairman may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses.
21	(4) All meetings of a board of appeals shall be open to the public.
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(5) (i) A board of appeals shall make a transcript of all proceedings, showing the vote of each member on each question, or the member's absence or failure to vote.
25 26	(ii) 1. A board of appeals shall immediately file the transcript of its proceedings in the office of the board.
27	2. A transcript shall be a public record.
28 29 30	(6) If a recording or a transcript of a recording is not prepared in the normal course of the board's proceedings, the party who requests a copy of the recording or its transcript shall pay the cost of preparing the recording or transcript.
31	(d) A board of appeals shall have the following powers:

$\frac{1}{2}$	(1) Hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative officer in the enforcement of this article or of any ordinance adopted under this article;
$\frac{4}{5}$	(2) Hear and decide special exceptions to the terms of an ordinance on which the board is required to pass under the ordinance; and
$6 \\ 7$	(3) Authorize on appeal in specific cases a variance from the terms of an ordinance.
8	(e) (1) An appeal to the board of appeals may be filed by:
9 10	(i) Any person aggrieved by any decision of the administrative officer; or
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(ii) Any officer, department, board, or bureau of the jurisdiction affected by any decision of the administrative officer.
13 14 15 16	(2) An appeal shall be taken within a reasonable time, as provided by the rules of the board of appeals, by filing with the administrative officer from whom the appeal is taken and with the board of appeals a notice of appeal specifying the grounds of the appeal.
17 18 19	(3) The officer from whom the appeal is taken shall promptly transmit to the board all papers constituting the record on which the action appealed was based.
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(f) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, an appeal to a board of appeals stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed.
22 23 24 25	(2) If an administrative officer certifies to the board of appeals facts stated in the certificate that indicate to the administrative officer that a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the board of appeals or the court of record may stay the proceedings:
26	(i) Only for due cause shown; and
27 28	$(ii) \qquad \mbox{Through the issuance of a restraining order after notice is given to the administrative officer.}$
29 30 31	(g) (1) A board of appeals shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of an appeal, give public notice of the hearing and due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the appeal within a reasonable time.
32 33	(2) At a hearing, a party may appear in person or be represented by an agent or attorney.

1 (h) In exercising its powers, a board of appeals may, in conformity (1) $\mathbf{2}$ with the provisions of this article: 3 (i) Wholly or partly reverse the order, requirement, decision, or determination from which the appeal is taken; 4 Wholly or partly affirm the order, requirement, decision, or 5 (ii) determination from which the appeal is taken; 6 7 (iii) Modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination 8 from which the appeal is taken; or 9 (iv) Issue a new order, requirement, decision, or determination. 10 (2)The board shall have all the powers of the administrative officer from whom the appeal is taken. 11 12 **(I)** (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "BOARD OF APPEALS" INCLUDES A 13BOARD OF APPEALS ESTABLISHED UNDER ARTICLE 25A OR ARTICLE 28 OF THE 14 CODE OR § 2.08 OF THIS ARTICLE. 15WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER APPOINTMENT TO A BOARD OF **(2)** 16 APPEALS, A MEMBER SHALL COMPLETE AN EDUCATION COURSE THAT 17**INCLUDES EDUCATION ON:** 18 **(I)** THE ROLE OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN; 19 **(II) PROPER STANDARDS FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS AND** 20VARIANCES; AND 21(III) THE JURISDICTION'S ZONING **ORDINANCES** AND 22**REGULATIONS, PLANNED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS,** 23SUBDIVISION ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS, AND OTHER LAND USE 24**ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS.** 25(3) THE FAILURE OF A MEMBER TO COMPLETE AN EDUCATION 26**COURSE MAY NOT:** 27**(I) INVALIDATE A DECISION OF THE BOARD; OR** 28**(II)** BE CONSTRUED TO CREATE A PRIVATE CAUSE OF 29 **ACTION BY ANY PERSON.** 30 4.09.

1 On or before July 1, 1997, and subsequently at intervals of no more than 6 years 2 which correspond to the plan revision under § 3.05(b) of this article, a local jurisdiction 3 shall ensure that the implementation of the provisions of the plan that comply with §§ 4 1.01 and 3.05(a)(4)(vii) and (ix) of this article are achieved through the adoption of 5 applicable zoning ordinances and regulations, planned development ordinances and 6 regulations, subdivision ordinances and regulations, and other land use ordinances 7 and regulations that are consistent with the plan.

8 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That it is the intent of the 9 General Assembly that this Act overturn the Court of Appeals ruling in David Trail, et 10 al. v. Terrapin Run, LLC et al., 403 Md. 523 (2007).

11 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

(a) Members of a local jurisdiction's planning commission and board of
appeals shall complete an education course in accordance with Article 66B, §§ 3.02
(h)(10) and 4.07(i) of the Code, as enacted by Section 2 of this Act, on or before July 1,
2010;

16 (b) The Task Force on the Future for Growth and Development, as 17 established by Chapter 381 of the Acts of 2006, as amended by Chapter 626 of the Acts 18 of 2007, shall make recommendations on the education course for members of a local 19 jurisdiction's planning commission and board of appeals by July 1, 2009;

(c) The Department of Planning, in consultation with the Task Force on the
Future for Growth and Development, shall develop an online education course for
members of planning commissions and boards of appeals. Completion of the
Department's training program shall meet the requirements of Article 66B, §§ 3.02(h)
and 4.07(b) of the Code, as enacted by Section 2 of this Act. The online education
course shall be available by January 1, 2010; and

(d) A local jurisdiction may develop an education course for members of the
 local jurisdiction's planning commission and board of appeals in lieu of the
 Department's education course.

29 SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be 30 construed to apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have 31 any effect on or application to any action covered under Article 66B, § 1.02(1) of the 32 Code, as enacted by Section 2 of this Act.

33 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
 34 July 1, 2009.