9lr2672

By: Senators Dyson, Lenett, Conway, Currie, DeGrange, Exum, Forehand, Garagiola, Gladden, Harrington, Jones, Kasemeyer, Kelley, King, Klausmeier, Madaleno, McFadden, Middleton, Miller, Muse, Peters, Pinsky, Pugh, Raskin, Robey, Stone, and Zirkin
Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2009
Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Election Law – Implementation of Early Voting and Polling Places

3 FOR the purpose of establishing a process to allow voters in the State to vote in 4 elections at early voting polling places, instead of voting in the voters' assigned 5 precinct on election day; authorizing a voter to vote by provisional ballot at any 6 polling place in the State on election day; requiring each county to have a 7 specified number of early voting polling places, based on the number of registered voters in the county; requiring the State Board of Elections, in 8 collaboration with the local board of elections in a county, to designate the early 9 voting polling places in that county; requiring early voting polling places to be 10 11 open for voting during a certain period and during certain hours; requiring each 12 early voting polling place to meet certain requirements; requiring the State Board and the local boards to undertake certain steps to inform voters about 13 early voting and the location of early voting polling places; making certain 14 provisions of law applicable to early voting; requiring the State Board to adopt 1516 certain regulations and guidelines; requiring local boards to pay an election judge for each early voting day that the election judge actually serves; and 17generally relating to early voting in elections in the State. 18

- 19 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 20 Article Election Law
- 21 Section 10–101 and 10–203
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (2003 Volume and 2008 Supplement)
- 24 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 25 Article Election Law
- 26 Section 10–205

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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$rac{1}{2}$	Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Volume and 2008 Supplement)
3 4 5 6 7	BY adding to Article – Election Law Section 10–301.1 Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Volume and 2008 Supplement)
8 9	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
10	Article – Election Law
11	10–101.
$12 \\ 13 \\ 14$	(a) (1) Each local board shall designate a polling place that meets the requirements of this subsection for each precinct in the county as established by the local board in accordance with Title 2 of this article.
15	(2) Each polling place shall:
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(i) provide an environment that is suitable to the proper conduct of an election;
18 19	(ii) be located as conveniently as practicable for the majority of registered voters assigned to that polling place;
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(iii) except as authorized in paragraph (4) of this subsection, be in a public building;
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(iv) be in the precinct that it serves unless no suitable location for a polling place can be found within that precinct, in which case the board may establish the polling place in an adjacent precinct; and
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(v) whenever practicable, be selected and arranged to avoid architectural and other barriers that impede access or voting by elderly and physically disabled voters.
28 29 30 31	(3) (i) The public official responsible for the use of any public building requested by a local board for a polling place shall make available to the local board, without charge, the space that is needed in the building for the proper conduct of an election.
32 33	(ii) Light, heat, and custodial and janitorial services for the space shall be provided to the local board without charge.

(4)If suitable space in a public building is not available, a local 1 (i) $\mathbf{2}$ board may pay a reasonable fee for the use of space in a privately owned building. 3 (ii) Except as provided in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph, 4 an election may not be held in any building or part of any building used or occupied by an establishment that holds an alcoholic beverages license. $\mathbf{5}$ 6 An election may be held in a building that is owned and (iii) 7 occupied by an establishment that holds an alcoholic beverages license if: 8 the local board determines that there is no suitable 1. 9 alternative place to hold an election: 10 2. the licensee agrees not to sell or dispense alcoholic beverages during the period beginning 2 hours before the polls open and ending 2 11 hours after the polls close; and 1213 3. where applicable, all ballots are removed from the polling place by the local board immediately following the election. 14 15(5)If a polling place is located in a building owned or leased by a volunteer fire company or rescue squad, the volunteer fire company or rescue squad 16 may require the local board to pay for the use of the space that is needed in the 1718 building for the proper conduct of any election. 19 (b) (1)In Baltimore City, public buildings shall be used for polling (i) places to the greatest extent feasible. 2021(ii) For rental of privately owned polling places in Baltimore 22City, the local board shall pay an amount as determined in the ordinance of estimates, 23provided that the amount is uniform on a citywide basis. $\mathbf{24}$ In Charles County, the local board may use private firehouses, (2)private halls, and other buildings for polling places. 2526 In Montgomery County, the County Board of Education shall make (3)27available the space and custodial service as needed for the proper conduct of elections upon application by the local board. 2829 10 - 203.30 (a) The election director, with the approval of the local board, shall appoint 31the election judges for each polling place for a term that begins on the Tuesday that is 13 weeks before each statewide primary election. 3233 One or two election judges in each precinct shall: (b) (1)be designated chief judge; and 34

1	(2) supervise the staff at the polling place.
$2 \\ 3$	(c) The term of office for an election judge continues until the Tuesday that is 13 weeks before the next statewide primary election unless:
4	(1) the local board excuses the person for good cause; or
5 6 7	(2) a special election is held during the election judge's term of office and the State Board determines that a local board may not need the service of all of the appointed election judges.
8 9	(d) A local board shall fill each vacant election judge position in the same manner as set forth in subsection (a) of this section.
10	10–205.
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(a) (1) A local board may fix the compensation of election judges within the limits authorized for this purpose by the county's governing body.
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15$	(2) A LOCAL BOARD SHALL PAY AN ELECTION JUDGE FOR EACH ELECTION DAY AND EACH EARLY VOTING DAY THAT THE ELECTION JUDGE ACTUALLY SERVES.
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(b) (1) In Allegany County, the compensation for each day actually served may not be less than:
18	(i) \$100 per day for each chief election judge; and
19	(ii) \$80 per day for every other election judge.
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(2) (i) In Baltimore City, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be:
22 23	1. not less than \$200 per day for each chief election judge; and
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	2. not less than \$150 per day for every other election judge.
26 27 28 29	(ii) 1. In Baltimore City, except as provided in subsubparagraph 2 of this subparagraph, an election judge shall receive \$20 as compensation for completing the course of instruction required under $10-206(g)(1)$ of this subtitle.

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$1 \\ 2 \\ 3$	2. Unless the local board excuses the election judge from service, an election judge who fails to serve on election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY may not receive the compensation authorized under this subparagraph.
4 5	(3) In Baltimore County, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be:
6	(i) \$225 per day for each chief election judge; and
7	(ii) \$162.50 per day for every other election judge.
8 9	(4) In Calvert County, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be:
10	(i) \$125 per day for each chief election judge; and
11	(ii) \$100 per day for every other election judge.
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(5) In Harford County, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be:
14	(i) not less than \$160 per day for each chief election judge; and
15	(ii) not less than \$125 per day for every other election judge.
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(6) (i) In Prince George's County, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be not less than:
18	1. \$250 per day for two chief election judges; and
19	2. \$200 per day for every other election judge.
20 21 22 23	(ii) 1. In Prince George's County, except as provided under subsubparagraph 2 of this subparagraph, election judges and alternate election judges shall receive \$50 as compensation for completing the course of instruction required under \$10–206 of this subtitle.
24 25 26 27	2. An election judge or alternate election judge may not receive the compensation authorized under this subparagraph if the election judge refuses to serve on an election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY , unless the local board excuses the election judge.
28 29	(7) (i) In Washington County, the compensation for each election day OR EARLY VOTING DAY actually served shall be:
$30 \\ 31$	1. \$175 per day for each chief election judge, plus a mileage allowance as determined by the Washington County Board; and

1 2. \$150 per day for every other election judge. $\mathbf{2}$ (ii) In Washington County, a chief election judge or election 3 judge who successfully completes a course of instruction in poll working shall be eligible for additional compensation, if approved by the Washington County Board and 4 provided for in the county budget. 5 6 10-301.1. $\mathbf{7}$ EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER TITLE 9, SUBTITLE 3 OF THIS (A) 8 **ARTICLE, A VOTER MAY VOTE:** 9 (1) IN THE VOTER'S ASSIGNED PRECINCT ON ELECTION DAY; 10 BY PROVISIONAL BALLOT AT ANY POLLING PLACE IN THE **(2)** 11 **STATE ON ELECTION DAY; OR** 12 (3) AT AN EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACE IN THE VOTER'S 13 COUNTY OF RESIDENCE ON ANY EARLY VOTING DAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS 14 SECTION. 15(1) **(B)** EACH COUNTY SHALL HAVE AT LEAST ONE EARLY VOTING 16 POLLING PLACE ESTABLISHED IN THE COUNTY AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS 17SUBSECTION. 18 A COUNTY WITH FEWER THAN 150,000 REGISTERED VOTERS (2) SHALL HAVE ONE EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACE ESTABLISHED IN THE 19 20 COUNTY. 21A COUNTY WITH MORE THAN 150,000 BUT FEWER THAN (3) 22300,000 REGISTERED VOTERS SHALL HAVE THREE EARLY VOTING POLLING 23PLACES ESTABLISHED IN THE COUNTY. 24A COUNTY WITH MORE THAN 300,000 REGISTERED VOTERS (4) 25SHALL HAVE FIVE EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACES ESTABLISHED IN THE 26COUNTY. THE STATE BOARD, IN COLLABORATION WITH THE LOCAL BOARD IN 27**(C)** 28EACH COUNTY, SHALL DESIGNATE EACH EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACE IN 29 THAT COUNTY. 30 **(D)** EACH EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACE SHALL BE OPEN FOR VOTING:

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1 (1) BEGINNING THE SECOND FRIDAY BEFORE A PRIMARY OR 2 GENERAL ELECTION THROUGH THE FRIDAY BEFORE THE ELECTION, BUT 3 EXCLUDING SUNDAY; AND

4 (2) DURING THE HOURS BETWEEN 7 A.M. AND 8 P.M.

5 (E) EACH EARLY VOTING POLLING PLACE SHALL MEET THE 6 REQUIREMENTS OF § 10–101 OF THIS TITLE.

(F) BEGINNING 30 DAYS PRIOR TO EACH EARLY VOTING PERIOD THE
STATE BOARD AND EACH LOCAL BOARD SHALL UNDERTAKE STEPS TO INFORM
THE PUBLIC ABOUT EARLY VOTING AND THE LOCATION OF EARLY VOTING
POLLING PLACES IN THE RESPECTIVE COUNTY, INCLUDING:

- 11 (1) A SERIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE MEDIA ANNOUNCEMENTS;
- 12 (2) MAILINGS TO ALL REGISTERED VOTERS IN EACH COUNTY; AND
- 13 (3) OTHER MEASURES AS APPROPRIATE.

14(G) THE STATE BOARD SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES15IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION FOR THE16CONDUCT OF EARLY VOTING.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effectOctober 1, 2009.