

Department of Legislative Services
Maryland General Assembly
2010 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

House Bill 417

(Delegate Rosenberg, *et al.*)

Judiciary

Judicial Proceedings

Baltimore City - Orphans' Court Judges - Qualifications

This constitutional amendment prescribes additional qualifications for judges of the orphans' court in Baltimore City. An orphans' court judge in Baltimore City is required to be a member in good standing of the Maryland Bar who is admitted to practice law in the State. The amendment continues the requirements that an orphans' court judge in Baltimore City be a citizen of the State and a resident of Baltimore City for the 12 months preceding the election.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: None.

Local Effect: If approved by the General Assembly, this constitutional amendment will be submitted to the voters at the 2010 general election. It should not result in additional costs for the local boards of election.

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Current Law: Under the Maryland Constitution, each county and Baltimore City elects three judges to the orphans' court of their respective jurisdictions, with the exception of Montgomery and Harford counties where a circuit court judge sits as the orphans' court. The judges must be citizens of the State and residents, for the preceding 12 months, in the city or county in which they may be elected. Orphans' court judges are not required to be attorneys or members of the State bar.

Background: An orphans' court hears all contested matters regarding a decedent's estate, including validity of wills and legal questions involving transfers of property. The court also supervises estates that are probated judicially; approves accounts, awards of personal representatives' commissions, and attorney's fees in all estates; and has concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts in the guardianship of minors and their property.

Local Fiscal Effect: The Maryland Constitution requires that proposed amendments to the constitution be publicized either: (1) in at least two newspapers in each county, if available, and in at least three newspapers in Baltimore City once a week for four weeks immediately preceding the general election; or (2) by order of the Governor in a manner provided by law. State law requires local boards of elections to publicize proposed amendments to the constitution either in newspapers or on specimen ballots; local boards of elections are responsible for the costs associated with these requirements. It is anticipated that the budgets of local election boards will contain funding for notifying qualified voters about proposed constitutional amendments for the 2010 general election in newspapers or on specimen ballots.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: SB 770 (Senator Gladden) - Judicial Proceedings.

Information Source(s): Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts), Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 15, 2010
ncs/kdm

Analysis by: Jennifer K. Botts

Direct Inquiries to:
(410) 946-5510
(301) 970-5510