HOUSE BILL 202

E1 3lr1756

HB 323/08 - JUD

By: Delegates Stukes, A. Miller, and Walker Introduced and read first time: January 21, 2013

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

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L	AN	ACT	concerning

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Criminal Law - Malicious Destruction of Property - Transit Vehicles

- FOR the purpose of imposing a certain mandatory minimum term of imprisonment on a person who is convicted of malicious destruction of property for damage done to a certain transit vehicle; providing that the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment may not be suspended; requiring that a person who is convicted of malicious destruction of property for damage done to a certain transit vehicle be ordered to pay restitution; defining a certain term; and generally relating to malicious destruction of property and transit vehicles.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Criminal Law
- 12 Section 6–301
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2012 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 16 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

17 Article - Criminal Law

- 18 6–301.
- 19 (a) A person may not willfully and maliciously destroy, injure, or deface the 20 real or personal property of another.
- 21 (b) [A] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION, A person who, in violation of this section, causes damage of at least \$500 to the property is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine not exceeding \$2,500 or both.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.



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1	(c) [A] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION, A person who, in
2	violation of this section, causes damage of less than \$500 to the property is guilty of a
3	misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 60 days or a
4	fine not exceeding \$500 or both.

- 5 (d) (1) For purposes of this subsection, an act of "graffiti" means a permanent drawing, permanent painting, or a permanent mark or inscription on the property of another without the permission of the owner of the property.
- 8 (2) In addition to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of 9 this section, the court shall order a person convicted of causing malicious destruction 10 by an act of graffiti to pay restitution or perform community service or both.
- 11 (3) Title 11, Subtitle 6 of the Criminal Procedure Article applies to an order of restitution under this subsection.
- 13 (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, to determine a penalty, the court may consider as one crime the aggregate value of damage to each property resulting from one scheme or continuing course of conduct.
 - (2) If separate acts resulting in damage to the properties of one or more owners are set forth by separate counts in one or more charging documents, the separate counts may not be merged for sentencing.
- 19 (f) (1) The value of damage is not a substantive element of a crime under 20 this section and need not be stated in the charging document.
- 21 (2) The value of damage shall be based on the evidence and that value shall be applied for the purpose of imposing the penalties established in this section.
- 23 (3) If it cannot be determined from the evidence whether the value of 24 the damage to the property is more or less than \$500, the value is deemed to be less 25 than \$500.
- 26 (G) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "TRANSIT VEHICLE" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 7–101 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE.
- 28 (2) A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR 29 DAMAGE DONE TO A TRANSIT VEHICLE SHALL BE:
- 30 (I) SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN **30** 31 DAYS; AND
- 32 (II) ORDERED TO PAY RESTITUTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH 33 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.

- 1 (3) THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE 2 MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 4 October 1, 2013.