## **HOUSE BILL 723**

J2, J1, D4 CF SB 460

By: Delegates Tarrant, Costa, Cullison, Elliott, Hubbard, A. Kelly, Kipke, Krebs, Ready, and V. Turner

Introduced and read first time: February 4, 2013 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 6, 2013

CHAPTER \_\_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Health Occupations - Physician Assistants - Authority to Practice

FOR the purpose of authorizing a physician assistant to complete a certain certificate that an individual of a certain age is pregnant or has given birth to a child; authorizing a physician assistant to provide certain information on a certificate of birth under certain circumstances; authorizing a physician assistant to fill out and sign a certificate of death under certain circumstances; requiring certain individuals to notify the medical examiner under certain circumstances if a deceased was not under treatment by a physician assistant during a terminal illness; authorizing a physician assistant to file a replacement death certificate under certain circumstances; authorizing a physician assistant to complete a "do not resuscitate order"; authorizing a physician assistant to serve as a witness to an advance directive; requiring that certain documentation of an oral advance directive be dated and signed by a physician assistant under certain circumstances; authorizing a physician assistant to provide an oral emergency medical services "do not resuscitate order"; requiring a certain form to be suitable for containing a physician assistant's medical orders relating to a patient's medical condition; requiring a health care facility on request of a patient to offer a physician assistant the opportunity to participate in updating or completing a "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form; requiring a health care facility to comply with certain medical orders regardless of whether the physician assistant who signed the form has admitting privileges or is otherwise credentialed at the health care facility; providing that certain provisions of law may not be construed to require a physician assistant to

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1 prescribe or render medical treatment that is ethically inappropriate or 2 medically ineffective; authorizing a physician assistant to make a certain 3 petition for an emergency evaluation of an individual; requiring a physician 4 assistant to give a certain petition to a peace officer; requiring a peace officer to 5 take an emergency evaluee to a certain emergency facility if the peace officer 6 has a certain petition that is signed and submitted by a physician assistant; 7 authorizing a physician assistant to certify certain medical conditions of an 8 applicant for a special disability registration number and plates for a certain 9 vehicle; requiring a certain health occupation board to be responsible for the 10 development and maintenance of certain database systems; authorizing a 11 physician assistant to certify the existence of certain permanent disabilities for 12 applicants for a certain parking placard; authorizing a physician assistant to certify the existence of a temporary disability of an applicant for a temporary 13 14 parking placard; altering a certain definition; defining certain terms; making 15 certain stylistic and conforming changes; and generally relating to the authority 16 to practice as a physician assistant. 17 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 18 Article – Family Law Section 2-301 19 20 Annotated Code of Maryland 21(2012 Replacement Volume) 22BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, 23 Article – Health – General 24Section 4–201(a), 4–208(a)(1), 4–212(a), and 5–601(a),  $\frac{10-620(a)}{a}$ , and  $\frac{10-622(a)}{a}$ 25 Annotated Code of Maryland 26 (2009 Replacement Volume and 2012 Supplement) 27 BY adding to 28 Article – Health – General 29 Section 4-201(m) and 5-601(s)30 Annotated Code of Maryland (2009 Replacement Volume and 2012 Supplement) 31 32BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 33 Article – Health – General 34 Section 4–201(m), (n), and (o), 4–208(a)(2), 4–212(b), (c), (e), and (h), 5–601(i), (s), and (t), 5-602(c) and (d), 5-608(c), 5-608.1(b), (c), and (f), and 35 5-611(a) and (b), 10-620(e), 10-622(b) and (d), 10-623, 10-624(a), and 36

40 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2009 Replacement Volume and 2012 Supplement)

41 Article – Transportation

10-628

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1 2 3 4	Section 13–616(a), (b)(1) and (2), and (m), 13–616.1(a) and (k), and 13–616.2(a), (b), (c), and (i)  Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume)
5 6	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
7	Article – Family Law
8	2–301.
9	(a) An individual 16 or 17 years old may not marry unless:
10 11	(1) the individual has the consent of a parent or guardian and the parent or guardian swears that the individual is at least 16 years old; or
12 13 14 15	(2) if the individual does not have the consent of a parent or guardian, either party to be married gives the clerk a certificate from a licensed physician, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or certified nurse practitioner stating that the physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner has examined the woman to be married and has found that she is pregnant or has given birth to a child.
17	(b) An individual 15 years old may not marry unless:
18	(1) the individual has the consent of a parent or guardian; and
19 20 21 22 23	(2) either party to be married gives the clerk a certificate from a licensed physician, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or certified nurse practitioner stating that the physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner has examined the woman to be married and has found that she is pregnant or has given birth to a child.
24	(c) An individual under the age of 15 may not marry.
25	Article – Health – General
26	4–201.
27	(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
28 29 30	(M) "PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS LICENSED UNDER TITLE 15 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE TO PRACTICE MEDICINE WITH PHYSICIAN SUPERVISION.

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- [(m)] (N) "Registration" means acceptance by the Secretary and incorporation in the records of the Department of any certificate, report, or other record of birth, death, fetal death, adoption, marriage, divorce, or dissolution or annulment of marriage for which this subtitle provides.
- [(n)] (O) "Vital record" means a certificate or report of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce, dissolution or annulment of marriage, adoption, or adjudication of paternity that is required by law to be filed with the Secretary.
- 8 **[(o)] (P)** "Vital statistics" means the data derived from certificates and 9 reports of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce, dissolution or annulment of marriage, and reports related to any of these certificates and reports.
- 11 4–208.
- 12 (a) (1) Within 72 hours after a birth occurs in an institution, or en route 13 to the institution, the administrative head of the institution or a designee of the 14 administrative head shall:
- 15 (i) Prepare, on the form that the Secretary provides, a 16 certificate of birth;
- 17 (ii) Secure each signature that is required on the certificate; and
- 18 (iii) File the certificate.
- 19 (2) The attending physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, nurse 20 practitioner, or nurse midwife shall provide the date of birth and medical information 21 that are required on the certificate within 72 hours after the birth.
- 22 4–212.
- 23 (a) This section does not apply to a fetal death.
- 24 (b) (1) A certificate of death regardless of age of decedent shall be filled 25 out and signed by:
- 26 (i) The medical examiner, if the medical examiner takes charge 27 of the body; or
- 28 (ii) If the medical examiner does not take charge of the body, the physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner who last attended the deceased.

1 2 3	(2) nurse practitioner death:		medical examiner, physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or fill in only the following information on the certificate of
4		(i)	The name of the deceased[.];
5		(ii)	The cause of death and medical certification[.];
6		(iii)	The date and hour of death[.]; AND
7		(iv)	The place where death occurred.
8 9	(3) regardless of age of		other information that is required on the certificate of death dent shall be filled in:
10		(i)	By the person who has charge of the body; or
11 12	person who last ha	(ii) d chaı	If the State Anatomy Board has charge of the body, by the ege of the body before it was sent to the State Anatomy Board.
13 14 15 16	practitioner in char	th cer rge of	medical certification shall be completed within 24 hours after tificate by the physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in try is required by the medical examiner.
17 18 19		arse p	e absence or inability of the attending physician, PHYSICIAN practitioner or with the attending physician's, PHYSICIAN practitioner's approval, the certificate may be completed by:
20		(i)	The attending physician's associate;
21 22	which death occurr	(ii) ed; or	The chief medical officer or designee of the institution in
23 24 25	provided the indivito natural causes.	(iii) dual l	The physician who performed an autopsy upon the decedent, nas access to the medical history of the case and death is due
26 27	(6) shall attest to the a	-	person completing the cause of death and medical certification cy by signature or by an approved electronic process.
28 29 30 31	completion or obtain	n the	funeral director or person acting as the funeral director shall medical certification from the person responsible for its urance that the medical certification has been provided to the delectronic process.

- 1 (c) Each individual concerned with carrying out this subtitle promptly shall 2 notify the medical examiner if: 3 The deceased was not under treatment by a physician, PHYSICIAN 4 **ASSISTANT**, or nurse practitioner during the terminal illness; 5 The cause of death is unknown: or **(2)** 6 The individual considers any of the following conditions to be the 7 cause of death or to have contributed to the death: (i) 8 An accident, including a fall with a fracture or other 9 injury[.]; 10 Homicide[.]; (ii) Suicide[.]; 11 (iii) 12 (iv) Other external manner of death [.]; Alcoholism[.]; OR 13 (v) 14 (vi) Criminal or suspected criminal abortion. 15 (e) A physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner who (1) 16 fills out a certificate of death shall give it or transmit it by approved electronic media, 17 including facsimile, to the mortician within 24 hours after the death occurred. 18 A medical examiner who fills out a certificate of death shall give it 19 or transmit it by approved electronic media, including facsimile, to the mortician 20 within 24 hours after the medical examiner took charge of the body. 21Except as authorized under this subtitle, an individual who has a (h) 22 duty to fill out and sign a certificate of death may not execute more than one 23 certificate for a death. 24 The attending physician, THE PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, the nurse 25 practitioner, or a medical examiner who takes charge of a body may file a replacement 26 death certificate if a correction that the physician, THE PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, the 27 nurse practitioner, or medical examiner authorizes cannot be entered legibly on the 28 original certificate. 29 5-601.
  - (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

- (i) "Emergency medical services 'do not resuscitate order" means a physician's, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT'S, or nurse practitioner's written order in a form established by protocol issued by the Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services in conjunction with the State Board of Physicians which, in the event of a cardiac or respiratory arrest of a particular patient, authorizes certified or licensed emergency medical services personnel to withhold or withdraw cardiopulmonary resuscitation including cardiac compression, endotracheal intubation, other advanced airway management techniques, artificial ventilation, defibrillation, and other related life—sustaining procedures.
- (S) "PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS LICENSED UNDER TITLE 15 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE TO PRACTICE MEDICINE WITH PHYSICIAN SUPERVISION.
- 13 [(s)] (T) "Signed" means bearing a manual or electronic signature.
- [(t)] **(U)** "Terminal condition" means an incurable condition caused by injury, disease, or illness which, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, makes death imminent and from which, despite the application of life—sustaining procedures, there can be no recovery.
- 18 5–602.

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- 19 (c) (1) A written or electronic advance directive shall be dated, signed by 20 or at the express direction of the declarant, and subscribed by two witnesses.
  - (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, any competent individual may serve as a witness to an advance directive, including an employee of a health care facility, nurse practitioner, **PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT**, or physician caring for the declarant if acting in good faith.
- 25 (ii) The health care agent of the declarant may not serve as a 26 witness.
- 27 (iii) At least one of the witnesses must be an individual who is 28 not knowingly entitled to any portion of the estate of the declarant or knowingly 29 entitled to any financial benefit by reason of the death of the declarant.
- 30 (d) (1) Any competent individual may make an oral advance directive to 31 authorize the providing, withholding, or withdrawing of any life—sustaining procedure 32 or to appoint an agent to make health care decisions for the individual.
  - (2) An oral advance directive shall have the same effect as a written or electronic advance directive if made in the presence of the attending physician, **PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT**, or nurse practitioner and one witness and if the substance of the oral advance directive is documented as part of the individual's medical record.

- 1 The documentation shall be dated and signed by the attending physician, PHYSICIAN 2 **ASSISTANT**, or nurse practitioner and the witness. 3 5-608. 4 This section does not authorize emergency medical services personnel in 5 the outpatient setting to follow an emergency medical services "do not resuscitate 6 order" that is in any form other than: 7 An emergency medical services "do not resuscitate order" described (1) 8 in subsection (a) of this section; 9 **(2)** An oral emergency medical services "do not resuscitate order" provided by an online, emergency medical services medical command and control 10 11 physician; 12 An oral emergency medical services "do not resuscitate order" (3)provided by a physician, [as defined in § 5-601 of this subtitle,] A PHYSICIAN 13 ASSISTANT, or a nurse practitioner [, as defined in § 5-601 of this subtitle,] who is 14 physically present on the scene with the patient and the emergency medical services 15 16 personnel in the outpatient setting; or 17 (4) An order contained in a "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form. 18 19 5-608.1. 20 (b) (1) The Department, in conjunction with the Maryland Institute 21for Emergency Medical Services Systems and the State Board of Physicians, shall 22develop and revise periodically a "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form and instructions for completing and using the form. 2324The "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form 25 and the instructions for its completion and use shall be developed in consultation with: 26 1. The Office of the Attorney General; 27 2. The State Board of Nursing; 28 The State Advisory Council on Quality Care at the 3. End of Life; and 29
- 30 4. Any other individual or group the Department 31 determines is appropriate.
- 32 (2) The "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form 33 developed under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be suitable for containing a

$\frac{1}{2}$			ASSISTANT'S, or nurse practitioner's written medical orders edical condition, including:
3		(i)	The use of life-sustaining procedures;
4		(ii)	The use of medical tests;
5 6	setting; and	(iii)	Transfer of the patient to a hospital from a nonhospital
7 8 9	to implement trea		Any other matter considered appropriate by the Department preferences and orders regarding life—sustaining treatments gs.
10 11	(3) advance directive.	The "	Medical Orders for Life–Sustaining Treatment" form is not an
12	(c) (1)	A hea	alth care facility shall:
13 14 15	Life–Sustaining T admitted to the he		1. Accept a completed "Medical Orders for ent" form during the admission process for each patient being are facility; and
16 17	the completion and	d use o	2. Update the form as indicated in the instructions for of the form; or
18 19	form:	(ii)	Complete a "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment"
20 21	the admission prod	cess for	1. For a health care facility that is not a hospital, during reach patient being admitted to the health care facility; or
22 23	patients who are b	eing d	2. For a hospital, during an inpatient hospital stay for ischarged to another health care facility.
24 25 26	(2) for Life–Sustaining health care facility	ng Tre	n a health care facility updates or completes a "Medical Orders eatment" form under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the
27 28	maker the opportu	(i) inity to	Offer the patient, health care agent, or surrogate decision participate in updating or completing the form;
29 30	agent, or surrogat	(ii) se deci	Note in the medical record when a patient, health care sion maker declines to participate in updating or completing

the form, indicating the date and with whom the form was discussed;

1 2 3	(iii) On request of the patient, offer any physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner selected by the patient the opportunity to participate in updating or completing the form; and
4 $5$ $6$	(iv) Inform the patient, health care agent, or surrogate decision maker that the form will become a part of the patient's medical record and can be accessed through the procedures used to access a medical record.
7 8 9	(3) Except as provided for a treatment that has been certified as medically ineffective in accordance with § 5–611 of this subtitle, the "Medical Orders for Life–Sustaining Treatment" form shall be consistent with:
10	(i) The known decisions of:
11	1. The patient if the patient is a competent individual; or
12 13	2. A health care agent or surrogate decision maker as authorized by this subtitle; and
14 15	(ii) Any known advance directive of the patient if the patient is incapable of making an informed decision.
16 17 18 19 20	(f) Except as provided in § 5–611 or § 5–613 of this subtitle, a health care facility shall comply with all medical orders contained in a "Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment" form regardless of whether the physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner who signed the form has admitting privileges or is otherwise credentialed at the health care facility.
21	5–611.
22 23 24 25	(a) Except as provided in § 5–613(a)(3) of this subtitle, nothing in this subtitle may be construed to require a physician <b>OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT</b> to prescribe or render medical treatment to a patient that the physician <b>OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT</b> determines to be ethically inappropriate.
26 27 28	(b) (1) Except as provided in § 5–613(a)(3) of this subtitle, nothing in this subtitle may be construed to require a physician <b>OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT</b> to prescribe or render medically ineffective treatment.
29 30 31 32 33 34	(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a patient's attending physician may withhold or withdraw as medically ineffective a treatment that under generally accepted medical practices is life—sustaining in nature only if the patient's attending physician and a second physician certify in writing that the treatment is medically ineffective and the attending physician informs the patient or the patient's agent or surrogate of the physician's decision.

1 2 3	(ii) If the patient is being treated in the emergency department of a hospital and only one physician is available, the certification of a second physician is not required.
4	<del>10-620.</del>
5 6	(a) In Part IV of this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
7 8	(e) (1) "Mental disorder" means the behavioral or other symptoms that indicate:
9	(i) To a lay petitioner who is submitting an emergency petition a clear disturbance in the mental functioning of another individual; and
11 12 13	(ii) To the following health professionals doing an examination at least one mental disorder that is described in the version of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual – Mental Disorders" that is current at the time of the examination:
15	1. Physician;
16	2. PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT;
L <b>7</b>	Psychologist;
18	<del>[3.] 4.</del> Clinical social worker;
19	4.15. Licensed clinical professional counselor;
20 21	[5.] 6. Clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing (APRN/PMH);
22 23	<del>[6.] 7.</del> Psychiatric nurse practitioner (CRNP-PMH)
24 25	[7.] 8. Licensed clinical marriage and family therapist.
26	(2) "Mental disorder" does not include intellectual disability.
27	<del>10-622.</del>
28 29	(a) A petition for emergency evaluation of an individual may be made under

1		<del>(1)</del>	Has a mental disorder; and
2		<del>(2)</del>	The individual presents a danger to the life or safety of the
3	<del>individual or</del>	` /	
J	<del>murriuuar or</del>	<del>- UI UUI</del>	<del>.013,</del>
4	(b)	(1)	The notition for emergency evaluation of an individual may be
4	` '	<del>(1)</del>	The petition for emergency evaluation of an individual may be
5	made by:		
C			(i) A alaminia DINGIGIAN AGGIGMANTO annalalamint aliminal
6	. 1 1	1.	(i) A physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, psychologist, clinical
7			ensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in
8			ental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical
9			ly therapist, or health officer or designee of a health officer who has
10	examined the	e indi	<del>ridual;</del>
11			(ii) A near officer who nerconally has absented the individual
	41 : 1::	1 12	(ii) A peace officer who personally has observed the individual
12	or the individ	<del>auai s</del>	<del>Denavior; or</del>
13			(iii) Any other interested newson
19			(iii) Any other interested person.
14		<del>(2)</del>	An individual who makes a petition for emergency evaluation
15		` /	1)(i) or (ii) of this subsection may base the petition on:
10	<del>unuer paragi</del>	<del>apıı (</del>	1/(1) of (11) of this subsection may base the pention on.
16			(i) The examination or observation; or
10			(i) The examination of observation, or
17			(ii) Other information obtained that is pertinent to the factors
18	giving rise to	the n	
10	g1,111g 1150 to	, circ b	
19	<del>(d)</del>	<del>(1)</del>	A petitioner who is a physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT,
20			cal social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical
21			in psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse
22			ed clinical marriage and family therapist, health officer, or designee
23			shall give the petition to a peace officer.
20	or a meaning	illoci k	find 51ve the petition to a peace officer.
24		<del>(2)</del>	The peace officer shall explain to the petitioner:
		(-)	The peace officer shair emplain to the positioner.
25			(i) The serious nature of the petition; and
			(1) The serious nature of the petition, and
26			(ii) The meaning and content of the petition.
27	<del>10-623.</del>		
28	<del>(a)</del>	If the	e petitioner under Part IV of this subtitle is not a physician,
29			STANT, psychologist, clinical social worker, licensed clinical
30			selor, clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health
31			ric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical marriage and family
32			officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer, the petitioner
33			etition to the court for immediate review.
	1	. 1	

1	(b) After review of the petition, the court shall endorse the petition if the
2	court finds probable cause to believe that the emergency evaluee has shown the
3	symptoms of a mental disorder and that the individual presents a danger to the life or
4	safety of the individual or of others.
5	(e) If the court does not find probable cause, the court shall indicate that fact
6	on the petition, and no further action may be taken under the petition.
7	<del>10-624.</del>
8	(a) (1) A peace officer shall take an emergency evaluee to the nearest
9	emergency facility if the peace officer has a petition under Part IV of this subtitle that:
Ü	omergency racinally is one peace entropy mad a perioder unitally and it is of entropy entropy in
10	(i) Has been endorsed by a court within the last 5 days; or
11	(ii) Is signed and submitted by a physician, PHYSICIAN
12	ASSISTANT, psychologist, clinical social worker, licensed clinical professional
13	counselor, clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric and mental health nursing,
14	psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, health
15	officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer.
10	officer of designee of a nearth officer, or peace officer.
16	(2) After a peace officer takes the emergency evaluee to an emergency
17	facility, the peace officer need not stay unless, because the emergency evaluee is
18	violent, a physician asks the supervisor of the peace officer to have the peace officer
19	stay.
10	Stay.
20	(3) A peace officer shall stay until the supervisor responds to the
$\frac{20}{21}$	request for assistance. If the emergency evaluee is violent, the supervisor shall allow
22	the peace officer to stay.
	the peace chicer to stuy.
23	(4) If a physician asks that a peace officer stay, a physician shall
24	examine the emergency evaluee as promptly as possible.
	chamine the emergency evalues as promptly as possible.
25	<del>10-628.</del>
26	(a) (1) If an emergency evaluee cannot pay or does not have insurance
$\frac{1}{27}$	that covers the charges for emergency services, an initial consultant examination by a
28	physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner, and transportation to an
29	emergency facility and, for an involuntary admission of the emergency evaluee, to the
30	admitting facility, the Department shall pay the appropriate party the actual cost or a
31	reasonable rate for this service, whichever is lower, except that hospitals shall be paid
32	at rates approved by the Health Services Cost Review Commission.
J <b>-</b>	at lates apployed by the Health Solvious Cook Weview Commission.
33	(2) The reasonable rate for the services provided under an emergency
34	petition shall be calculated by using a methodology established by regulation and

reasonably related to the actual cost.

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(b) With respect to emergency admissions, the Department shall be subrogated against any insurance coverage available to the patient for charges relating to emergency service, initial consultant examination by a physician, PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or nurse practitioner, and transportation to an emergency facility under Part IV of this subtitle.

## **Article – Transportation**

- 7 13–616.
- 8 (a) (1) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 9 (2) "Certified nurse practitioner" means an individual who is licensed 10 by the State Board of Nursing to practice registered nursing as described in § 8–101 of 11 the Health Occupations Article and who is certified as a nurse practitioner by the 12 State Board of Nursing.
- 13 (3) "Licensed chiropractor" means a chiropractor who is licensed by 14 the State Board of Chiropractic and Massage Therapy Examiners to practice 15 chiropractic or chiropractic with the right to practice physical therapy as described in § 16 3–301 of the Health Occupations Article.
- 17 (4) "Licensed optometrist" means an optometrist who is licensed by 18 the State Board of Examiners in Optometry to practice optometry as described in § 19 11–101 of the Health Occupations Article.
- 20 (5) "Licensed physician" means a physician, including a doctor of osteopathy, who is licensed by the State Board of Physicians to practice medicine as described in § 14–101 of the Health Occupations Article.
  - (6) "LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS LICENSED UNDER TITLE 15 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE TO PRACTICE MEDICINE WITH PHYSICIAN SUPERVISION.
- [(6)] (7) "Licensed podiatrist" means a podiatrist who is licensed by the State Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners to practice podiatry as described in § 16–101 of the Health Occupations Article.
  - (b) (1) The owner of any vehicle described in paragraph (3) of this subsection may apply to the Administration for the assignment to that vehicle of a special disability registration number and special disability registration plates, if a certified nurse practitioner, licensed physician, **LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT**, licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or licensed podiatrist certifies, in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection, that the applicant:

1 2 3	(i) Has lung disease to such an extent that forced (respiratory) expiratory volume for one second when measured by spirometry is less than one liter, or arterial oxygen tension (PO2) is less than 60 mm/hg on room air at rest;
4 5 6	(ii) Has cardiovascular disease limitations classified in severity as Class III or Class IV according to standards accepted by the American Heart Association;
7	(iii) Is unable to walk 200 feet without stopping to rest;
8 9	(iv) Is unable to walk without the use of, or assistance from, a brace, cane, crutch, another person, prosthetic device, or other assistive device;
10	(v) Requires a wheelchair for mobility;
11	(vi) Has lost a foot, leg, hand, or arm;
12	(vii) Has lost the use of a foot, leg, hand, or arm;
13	(viii) Has a permanent impairment of both eyes so that:
14 15	1. The central visual acuity is 20/200 or less in the better eye, with corrective glasses; or
16 17 18	2. There is a field defect in which the peripheral field has contracted to such an extent that the widest diameter of visual field subtends an angular distance no greater than 20 degrees in the better eye; or
19 20 21 22	(ix) Has a permanent disability that adversely impacts the ambulatory ability of the applicant and which is so severe that the person would endure a hardship or be subject to a risk of injury if the privileges accorded a person for whom a vehicle is specially registered under this section were denied.
23 24	(2) For the purposes of this section, the qualifying disabilities specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be certified as follows:
25 26 27	(i) A licensed physician, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, or certified nurse practitioner may certify conditions specified in paragraph (1)(i) through (ix) of this subsection;
28 29	(ii) A licensed chiropractor or a licensed podiatrist may certify conditions specified in paragraph (1)(iii) through (vii) and (ix) of this subsection;
30 31	(iii) A licensed optometrist may certify the condition specified in paragraph (1)(viii) of this subsection; and

- 1 (iv) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this 2 subsection, the applicant may self-certify conditions specified in paragraph (1)(vi) of 3 this subsection by appearing in person with proper identification at a full-service 4 Motor Vehicle Administration office during normal business hours.
- 5 (m) In accordance with the provisions of this section, by July 1, 2001, each board for licensed physicians, **LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS**, licensed chiropractors, licensed optometrists, or licensed podiatrists shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of a database system with which the Administration can interface and verify licensure.
- 10 13-616.1.
- 11 (a) A person may apply to the Administration for a parking placard on a 12 form provided by the Administration if the applicant:
- 13 (1) Is a resident of the State; and
- 14 (2) (i) Has a permanent disability as described in § 13–616(b)(1) of 15 this subtitle and as certified by a licensed physician, **LICENSED PHYSICIAN** 16 **ASSISTANT**, licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or licensed podiatrist, as 17 defined in § 13–616(a) of this subtitle; or
- 18 (ii) Has a permanent disability as described in § 13–616(b)(1)(vi) of this subtitle and as self–certified as provided by § 13–616(b)(2)(iv) of this subtitle.
- 20 (k) In accordance with the provisions of this section, by July 1, 2001, each 21 board for licensed physicians, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS, licensed 22 chiropractors, licensed optometrists, or licensed podiatrists shall be responsible for the 23 development and maintenance of a database system, with which the Administration 24 can interface and verify licensure.
- 25 13–616.2.
- 26 (a) A person may apply to the Administration for a temporary parking placard on a form provided by the Administration if:
- 28 (1) The applicant, a dependent of the applicant, or any individual who 29 depends on the applicant for transportation has a disability, as described in § 30 13–616(b)(1) of this subtitle; and
- 31 (2) A licensed physician, **LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT**, licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or licensed podiatrist, as defined in § 13–616(a) of this subtitle, certifies that the disability is not permanent but would substantially impair the applicant's mobility or limit or impair the applicant's ability to walk for at least 3 weeks, and is so severe that the applicant would endure a hardship or be subject to risk of injury if the temporary parking placard were denied.

President of the Senate.

$\frac{1}{2}$	(b) An application under subsection (a) of this section shall be accompanied by:
3 4 5	(1) Proof satisfactory to the Administration that the applicant, the dependent of the applicant, or the individual who depends on the applicant for transportation is a person with a disability under subsection (a) of this section; and
6 7 8 9 10	(2) The certification of a licensed physician, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or licensed podiatrist that the applicant, the dependent of the applicant, or the individual who depends on the applicant for transportation is disabled, including an estimate of the length of time the disability will continue.
11 12 13 14 15 16	(c) (1) A temporary parking placard for a person with a disability issued under this section shall be valid for a period of time the licensed physician, LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT, licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or licensed podiatrist has determined that the applicant, the dependent of the applicant, or the individual who depends on the applicant for transportation is likely to have the disability, not to exceed 6 months.
17 18 19	(2) The person to whom a temporary parking placard was issued under this section shall return the placard to the Administration within 5 calendar days of the placard's expiration.
20 21 22 23 24	(i) In accordance with the provisions of this section, by July 1, 2001, each board for licensed physicians, <b>LICENSED PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS</b> , licensed chiropractors, licensed optometrists, or licensed podiatrists shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of a database system with which the Administration can interface and verify licensure.
25 26	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2013.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.