SENATE BILL 246

R53lr1191SB 488/12 - JPR

By: Senators Astle and Edwards

Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2013

	Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings
	A BILL ENTITLED
1	AN ACT concerning
2 3	Vehicle Laws - Protective Headgear Requirement for Motorcycle Riders - Exception
4 5 6 7 8	FOR the purpose of providing that a certain prohibition against operating or riding on a motorcycle without certain protective headgear does not apply to an individual at least a certain age who carries at least a certain amount of health insurance coverage for certain injuries; and generally relating to the requirement that protective headgear be worn by operators or riders of motorcycles.
9 10 11 12 13	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Transportation Section 21–1306 Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume)
14 15	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
16	Article - Transportation
17	21–1306.
18	(a) This section does not apply to any person riding in an enclosed cab.
19 20 21	(b) (1) An individual may not operate or ride on a motorcycle unless the individual is wearing protective headgear that meets the standards established by the Administrator.
22 23	(2) This subsection does not apply to an individual at least 21 years old who carries at least \$10,000 in health insurance

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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$\frac{1}{2}$	COVERAGE ACCIDENT.	FOR	INJURIES	S THAT	MAY	BE	INCURR	ED I	N A	MOTOR	CYCLE	
3	(c)	A person may not operate a motorcycle unless:										
4 5										by the		
6		(2)	The motor	cycle is e	quippe	d wit	th a winds	creen	l .			
7	(d) The Administrator:											
8 9	(1) May approve or disapprove protective headgear and eye-protective devices required by this section;											
10 11	(2) May adopt and enforce regulations establishing standards and specifications for the approval of protective headgear and eye–protective devices; and											
12 13	(3) Shall publish lists of all protective headgear and eye-protective devices that he approves, by name and type.											
14 15	(e) (1) The failure of an individual to wear protective headgear required under subsection (b) of this section may not:											
16			(i) Be o	considere	d evide	ence (of negliger	ice;				
17			(ii) Be o	considere	d evide	ence (of contribu	tory	neglig	gence;		
18			(iii) Lim	it liabilit	y of a j	party	or an inst	arer;	or			
19 20	(iv) Diminish recovery for damages arising out of the ownership maintenance, or operation of a motorcycle.											
21 22 23 24 25	(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a party, witness, or counsel may not make reference to protective headgear during a trial of a civil action that involves property damage, personal injury, or death if the damage, injury, or death is not related to the design, manufacture, supplying, or repair of protective headgear.											
26 27 28 29 30	prohibit the manufacture arising out of designed, ma	er, dis of an i	of a person tributor, f ncident tha	to instit actory b at involv	tute a cranch,	civil a	other app	dama ropria	ages a ate ei	gainst a ntity or	dealer, person	

In a civil action described under subparagraph (i) of this

paragraph in which 2 or more parties are named as joint tort-feasors, interpleaded as

- defendants, or impleaded as defendants, and at least 1 of the joint tort–feasors or defendants is not involved in the design, manufacture, supplying, or repair of protective headgear, a court shall order on a motion of any party separate trials to accomplish the ends of justice.
- 5 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 6 October 1, 2013.