J23lr2229

By: Senator Middleton

Introduced and read first time: January 31, 2013

Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

	A BILL ENTITLED				
1	AN ACT concerning				
2 3	State Board of Pharmacy – Jurisdiction over Dentists Who Prepare and Dispense Dental Products and Antibiotics				
4 5 6 7 8 9	FOR the purpose of altering the jurisdiction of the State Board of Pharmacy to exclude certain dentists who personally prepare and dispense certain prescription strength dental products and certain antibiotics to certain patients under certain circumstances; requiring certain dentists to enter a record on a certain patient's chart under certain circumstances; and generally relating to the jurisdiction of the State Board of Pharmacy.				
10 11 12 13 14	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Health Occupations Section 12–102 Annotated Code of Maryland (2009 Replacement Volume and 2012 Supplement)				
15 16	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:				
17	Article - Health Occupations				
18	12–102.				
19	(a) (1) In this section the following terms have the meanings indicated.				
20 21 22	(2) "In the public interest" means the dispensing of drugs or devices by a licensed dentist, physician, or podiatrist to a patient when a pharmacy is not conveniently available to the patient.				



of this title;

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$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	(3) "Personally preparing and dispensing" means that the licensed dentist, physician, or podiatrist:
3 4	(i) Is physically present on the premises where the prescription is filled; and
5 6	(ii) Performs a final check of the prescription before it is provided to the patient.
7 8	(b) This title does not limit the right of an individual to practice a health occupation that the individual is authorized to practice under this article.
9	(c) This title does not prohibit:
10 11	(1) A licensed veterinarian from personally preparing and dispensing the veterinarian's prescriptions;
12 13	(2) A licensed dentist, physician, or podiatrist from personally preparing and dispensing the dentist's, physician's, or podiatrist's prescriptions when:
14	(i) The dentist, physician, or podiatrist:
15 16	1. Has applied to the board of licensure in this State which licensed the dentist, physician, or podiatrist;
17 18 19	2. Has demonstrated to the satisfaction of that board that the dispensing of prescription drugs or devices by the dentist, physician, or podiatrist is in the public interest;
20 21 22	3. Has received a written permit from that board to dispense prescription drugs or devices except that a written permit is not required in order to dispense starter dosages or samples without charge; and
23 24 25	4. Posts a sign conspicuously positioned and readable regarding the process for resolving incorrectly filled prescriptions or includes written information regarding the process with each prescription dispensed;
26 27	(ii) The person for whom the drugs or devices are prescribed is a patient of the prescribing dentist, physician, or podiatrist;
28 29	(iii) The dentist, physician, or podiatrist does not have a substantial financial interest in a pharmacy; and
30	(iv) The dentist, physician, or podiatrist:
31	1. Complies with the labeling requirements of § 12–505

$\frac{1}{2}$	2. Records the dispensing of the prescription drug or device on the patient's chart;			
3 4	3. Allows the Division of Drug Control to enter and inspect the dentist's, physician's, or podiatrist's office at all reasonable hours;			
5 6 7 8	4. Except for starter dosages or samples without charge, provides the patient with a written prescription, maintains prescription files in accordance with § 12–403(b)(13) of this title, and maintains a separate file for Schedule II prescriptions;			
9 10	5. Does not direct patients to a single pharmacist or pharmacy in accordance with § 12–403(b)(8) of this title; and			
11 12	6. Does not receive remuneration for referring patients to a pharmacist or pharmacy; or			
13 14	(3) A hospital-based clinic from dispensing prescriptions to its patients.			
15	(d) This title does not prohibit:			
16 17	(1) A licensed veterinarian from personally dispensing a drug or device sample to a patient of the veterinarian; or			
18 19 20	(2) A licensed dentist, licensed physician, or licensed podiatrist from personally dispensing a drug or device sample to a patient of the licensed dentist, licensed physician, or licensed podiatrist if:			
21 22	(i) The sample complies with the labeling requirements of \S 12–505 of this title;			
23	(ii) No charge is made for the sample; and			
24 25	(iii) The authorized prescriber enters an appropriate record in the patient's chart.			
26 27	(e) (1) This title does not prohibit a dentist, physician, or podiatrist from administering a prescription drug or device in the course of treating a patient.			
28 29 30 31	(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, "administering" means the direct introduction of a single dosage of a drug or device at a given time, whether by injection or other means, and whether in liquid, tablet, capsule, or other form.			

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(1)

1 2 3	(f) (1) This title does not prohibit a dentist, physician, or podiatrist from personally dispensing a starter dosage of a prescription drug or device to a patient of the dentist, physician, or podiatrist, provided that:		
4 5	(i) The starter dosage complies with the labeling requirements of $\S 12-505$ of this title;		
6	(ii) No charge is made for the starter dosage; and		
7 8	(iii) The dentist, physician, or podiatrist enters an appropriate record on the patient's chart.		
9 10	(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, "starter dosage" means an amount of drug or device sufficient to begin therapy:		
11	(i) Of short duration of 72 hours or less; or		
12 13	(ii) Prior to obtaining a larger quantity of the drug or device to complete the therapy.		
14 15	(G) (1) THIS TITLE DOES NOT PROHIBIT A LICENSED DENTIST FROM PERSONALLY PREPARING AND DISPENSING:		
16	(I) A PRESCRIPTION-STRENGTH:		
17	1. HOME FLUORIDE PRODUCT;		
18	2. DENTIN/ENAMEL REMINERALIZING PRODUCT; OR		
19	3. ANTIMICROBIAL RINSE; OR		
20 21 22	(II) A FULL COURSE TREATMENT OF ANTIBIOTICS FOR INFECTION CONTROL TO A PATIENT WHO IS RECEIVING THE DENTAL CARE PROBONO IF THERE IS NO CHARGE FOR THE ANTIBIOTICS.		
23 24 25	(2) A DENTIST WHO DISPENSES A PRODUCT OR DRUG UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL ENTER AN APPROPRIATE RECORD ON THE PATIENT'S CHART.		
26 27	[(g)] (H) This title does not prohibit a dentist, physician, or podiatrist from dispensing a prescription drug or device in the course of treating a patient:		

medical cases reimbursable through workers' compensation insurance;

At a medical facility or clinic that specializes in the treatment of

1	(2)	At a medical facility or clinic that is operated on a nonprofit basis;
2 3	(3) higher education;	At a health center that operates on a campus of an institution of or
4 5	(4) State or local heal	At a public health facility, a medical facility under contract with a th department, or a facility funded with public funds.
6	[(h)] (I)	This title does not limit the right of a general merchant to sell:
7	(1)	Any nonprescription drug or device;
8	(2)	Any commonly used household or domestic remedy; or
9	(3) otherwise.	Any farm remedy or ingredient for a spraying solution, in bulk or
11 12 13	[(i)] (J) provisions of this shall:	A dentist, physician, or podiatrist who fails to comply with the section governing the dispensing of prescription drugs or devices
14	(1)	Have the dispensing permit revoked; and
15 16	(2) board.	Be subject to disciplinary actions by the appropriate licensing
17 18	SECTION 2 October 1, 2013.	2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect