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## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

3lr1024 CF 3lr1023

By: Senators Madaleno, Kelley, Montgomery, and Robey

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2013

Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

## **Referendum Petitions**

FOR the purpose of altering the earliest date by which a nonemergency law may take effect; altering the date by which petitions to refer a law to referendum must be filed; requiring the Secretary of State to refer certain laws to referendum at certain elections if sufficient petitions are filed; altering the number of signatures required to refer a law to referendum; repealing provisions requiring that petitions containing a certain number of signatures be filed by certain dates; and submitting this amendment to the qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

- 11 BY proposing an amendment to the Maryland Constitution
- 12 Article XVI The Referendum
- 13 Section 2 and 3
- 14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 15 MARYLAND, (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses
- 16 concurring), That it be proposed that the Maryland Constitution read as follows:

## Article XVI – The Referendum

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(A) No law enacted by the General Assembly shall take effect until [the first day of June next after the session at which it may be passed,] 90 DAYS AFTER ITS PASSAGE, unless it contains a Section declaring such law an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety and is passed upon a yea and nay vote supported by three—fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly. [The effective date of a law other than an emergency law may be extended as provided in Section 3(b) hereof.] If [before said

first day of June WITHIN 60 DAYS OF PASSAGE OF A LAW OR PART OF A LAW CAPABLE OF REFERENDUM there shall have been filed with the Secretary of the State a petition to refer to a vote of the people [any] THE law or part of a law [capable of referendum, as in this Article provided, the same shall be referred by the Secretary of State to such vote, and shall not become a law or take effect until thirty days after its approval by a majority of the electors voting thereon at the [next ensuing] election held throughout the State for Members of the House of Representatives of the United States SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION. An emergency law shall remain in force notwithstanding such petition, but shall stand repealed thirty days after having been rejected by a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon. No measure changing the salary of any officer, or granting any franchise or special privilege, or creating any vested right or interest, shall be enacted as an emergency law. No law making any appropriation for maintaining the State Government, or for maintaining or aiding any public institution, not exceeding the next previous appropriation for the same purpose, shall be subject to rejection or repeal under this Section. The increase in any such appropriation for maintaining or aiding any public institution shall only take effect as in the case of other laws, and such increase or any part thereof specified in the petition, may be referred to a vote of the people upon petition.

- (B) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF SUFFICIENT REFERENDUM PETITIONS ARE FILED AGAINST AN ACT OR PART OF AN ACT, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL REFER THE ACT OR PART OF THE ACT TO REFERENDUM AT THE FIRST ELECTION FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES HELD AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THE ACT OR PART OF THE ACT.
- (2) IF SUFFICIENT REFERENDUM PETITIONS ARE FILED AGAINST AN ACT OR PART OF AN ACT THAT IS PASSED ON OR AFTER JUNE 1 BUT ON OR BEFORE THE DAY OF THE GENERAL ELECTION IN A YEAR IN WHICH MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES ARE ELECTED, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL REFER THE ACT OR PART OF THE ACT TO REFERENDUM AT THE SECOND ELECTION FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES HELD AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THE ACT OR PART OF THE ACT.

34 3.

(a) The referendum petition against an Act or part of an Act passed by the General Assembly, shall be sufficient if signed by [three] FIVE percent of the qualified voters of the State of Maryland, calculated [upon the whole number of votes cast for Governor at the last preceding Gubernatorial election] ON THE DATE THAT THE ACT OR PART OF THE ACT PASSED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, of whom not more than half are residents of Baltimore City, or of any one County. However, any Public Local Law for any one County or the City of Baltimore, shall be referred by the Secretary of

- State only to the people of the County or City of Baltimore, upon a referendum petition of ten percent of the qualified voters of the County or City of Baltimore, as the case may be, calculated [upon the whole number of votes cast respectively for Governor at the last preceding Gubernatorial election] **ON THE DATE THAT THE PUBLIC LOCAL** 
  - LAW PASSED THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

(b) [If more than one—third, but less than the full number of signatures required to complete any referendum petition against any law passed by the General Assembly, be filed with the Secretary of State before the first day of June, the time for the law to take effect and for filing the remainder of signatures to complete the petition shall be extended to the thirtieth day of the same month, with like effect.

If an Act is passed less than 45 days prior to June 1, it may not become effective sooner than 31 days after its passage. To bring this Act to referendum, the first one—third of the required number of signatures to a petition shall be submitted within 30 days after its passage. If the first one—third of the required number of signatures is submitted to the Secretary of State within 30 days after its passage, the time for the Act to take effect and for filing the remainder of the signatures to complete the petition shall be extended for an additional 30 days.

- (c)] In this Article, "pass" or "passed" means any final action upon any Act or part of an Act by both Houses of the General Assembly; and "enact" or "enacted" means approval of an Act or part of an Act by the Governor.
- [(d)](C) Signatures on a petition for referendum on an Act or part of an Act may be signed at any time after the Act or part of an Act is passed.
  - SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the General Assembly determines that the amendment to the Maryland Constitution proposed by this Act affects multiple jurisdictions and that the provisions of Article XIV, § 1 of the Maryland Constitution concerning local approval of constitutional amendments do not apply.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the aforegoing section proposed as an amendment to the Maryland Constitution shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the next general election to be held in November 2014 for their adoption or rejection pursuant to Article XIV of the Maryland Constitution. At that general election, the vote on this proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law. Immediately after the election, all returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against the proposed amendment, as directed by Article XIV of the Maryland Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with Article XIV.