### HOUSE BILL 385

4lr0375

### By: **Delegate Rosenberg** Introduced and read first time: January 23, 2014 Assigned to: Judiciary Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted Read second time: March 4, 2014

CHAPTER \_\_\_\_\_

### 1 AN ACT concerning

## Privileged Communications – Dissemination of News or Information by Certain Persons

# FOR the purpose of applying certain provisions of law that protect privileged communications with members of the news media to a person who is, or has been, an independent contractor or agent of the news media <u>under certain</u> <u>circumstances</u>; and generally relating to privileged communications with the news media.

- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 11 Section 9–112
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 15 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

16

### Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings

- 17 9–112.
- 18 (a) In this section, "news media" means:
- 19 (1) Newspapers;

### EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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1		(2)	Magazines;
2		(3)	Journals;
3		(4)	Press associations;
4		(5)	News agencies;
5		(6)	Wire services;
6		(7)	Radio;
7		(8)	Television; and
8 9	(9) Any printed, photographic, mechanical, or electronic means of disseminating news and information to the public.		
10	(b)	The p	provisions of this section apply to any person who is, or has been:
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(1) Employed by the news media in any news gathering or news disseminating capacity; [or]		
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16$	(2) AN INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR <del>OR AGENT</del> OF THE NEWS MEDIA <u>ACTING WITHIN THE SCOPE OF A CONTRACT</u> IN ANY NEWS GATHERING OR NEWS DISSEMINATING CAPACITY <del>,</del> <del>INCLUDING A SELF-EMPLOYED</del> <del>JOURNALIST</del> ; OR		
17 18 19 20	[(2)] (3) Enrolled as a student in an institution of postsecondary education and engaged in any news gathering or news disseminating capacity recognized by the institution as a scholastic activity or in conjunction with an activity sponsored, funded, managed, or supervised by school staff or faculty.		
21 22 23	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, any judicial, legislative, or administrative body, or anybody that has the power to issue subpoenas may not compel any person described in subsection (b) of this section to disclose:		
24 25 26	(1) The source of any news or information procured by the person while employed by the news media or while enrolled as a student, whether or not the source has been promised confidentiality; or		
27 28 29 30	(2) Any news or information procured by the person while employed by the news media <u>OR WHILE ACTING AS AN INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR OF THE</u> <u>NEWS MEDIA</u> , in the course of pursuing a professional activity, or any news or information procured by the person while enrolled as a student, in the course of pursuing a scholastic activity or in conjunction with an activity sponsored, funded,		

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managed, or supervised by school staff or faculty, for communication to the public but 1  $\mathbf{2}$ which is not so communicated, in whole or in part, including: 3 (i) Notes; 4 **Outtakes**: (ii)  $\mathbf{5}$ (iii) Photographs or photographic negatives; 6 (iv) Video and sound tapes; 7 (v) Film; and 8 (vi) Other data, irrespective of its nature, not itself disseminated 9 in any manner to the public. A court may compel disclosure of news or information, if the court 10 (d) (1)11 finds that the party seeking news or information protected under subsection (c)(2) of 12this section has established by clear and convincing evidence that: 13The news or information is relevant to a significant legal (i) issue before any judicial, legislative, or administrative body, or anybody that has the 1415power to issue subpoenas; 16The news or information could not, with due diligence, be (ii) 17obtained by any alternate means; and 18 (iii) There is an overriding public interest in disclosure. 19(2)A court may not compel disclosure under this subsection of the 20source of any news or information protected under subsection (c)(1) of this section. 21If any person described in subsection (b) of this section disseminates a (e) 22source of any news or information, or any portion of the news or information procured 23while pursuing an activity described in subsection (b) of this section, the protection 24from compelled disclosure under this section is not waived by the person. SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 2526October 1, 2014.