By: Delegates Anderson, Carter, Cluster, Dumais, McDermott, Smigiel, Swain, and Vallario

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Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 28, 2014

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Procedure – Pretrial Release – Setting of Bond – Personal 3 Recognizance Charge by Summons

4 FOR the purpose of providing that a court or clerk's office that is in session or open on $\mathbf{5}$ a weekend or holiday for a certain purpose is not in session or open for any 6 other purpose or function; repealing a provision of law authorizing a District 7Court commissioner to set bond or commit persons to jail in default of bond or 8 release them on personal recognizance if circumstances warrant; repealing a 9 provision of law authorizing a District Court commissioner to generally perform 10 all the functions of committing magistrates as exercised by the justices of the peace prior to a certain date; requiring a defendant to be released on personal 11 recognizance under certain circumstances; providing that a person who is 12arrested shall be presented before a District Court commissioner for an initial 13 appearance within a certain amount of time after arrest, and if detained by the 14 commissioner shall be taken before a certain judicial officer without 15unnecessary delay and in no event later than a certain amount of time after 16 17arrest; requiring a police officer to submit a statement of charges to a District 18 Court commissioner, serve on the defendant a statement of charges and 19summons, and release the defendant under certain circumstances; prohibiting a 20District Court commissioner from issuing a summons for a defendant under certain circumstances; providing that a defendant may not be charged by 2122summons if a law enforcement officer makes a certain certification; requiring a 23certain law enforcement officer to file a certain affidavit with the court; 24requiring the clerk of the court to send a copy of a certain affidavit along with a

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	certain statement of charges to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center;
$\frac{1}{2}$	requiring the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center to analyze certain
$\frac{2}{3}$	documents and provide a certain annual report to the Governor and General
4	Assembly on or before a certain date; providing that a certain defendant may be
5	charged by citation under certain circumstances; requiring a District Court
6	commissioner to give certain advisements to a certain defendant at a certain
7	time; requiring a District Court commissioner to require a certain defendant to
8	sign a certain written acknowledgment; repealing certain provisions of law
9	requiring a District Court commissioner to consider including certain victim
10	protections as a condition of pretrial release for a certain defendant; providing
11	that certain forms shall provide that an applicant for a statement of charges
12	may request no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's residence
13	or place of employment; requiring a commissioner to include certain conditions
14	of no contact as part of a certain statement of charges and summons under
15	<u>certain circumstances; providing that if a certain defendant objects to certain no</u>
16	contact conditions, the court must schedule a hearing to make a certain
17	determination; repealing certain provisions of law prohibiting a District Court
18	commissioner from authorizing the pretrial release of certain defendants under
19	certain circumstances and authorizing a judge to release certain defendants
20	under certain circumstances; providing that a person who is arrested and not
21	released pursuant to a citation or summons shall be detained, with a certain
22	exception, and taken before a judge of the District Court or the circuit court
23	without unnecessary delay, and in no event later than a certain amount of time
24	after arrest; requiring the District Court to operate in session a certain number
25	of days a week for the purpose of making release determinations for arrested
26	persons; providing for the termination of this Act; and generally relating to
27	pretrial release <u>and charge by summons</u> .
28	<u>BY adding to</u>
29	<u>Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings</u>
30	Section $1-206$
31	<u>Annotated Code of Maryland</u>
32	(2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
33	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
34	Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
35	Section 2–607
36	Annotated Code of Maryland
37	(2013 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
38	BY adding to
39	Article – Criminal Procedure
40	Section 4–101.2, 4–101.3, and 5–202
41	Annotated Code of Maryland
42	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
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43 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\\ 3\\ \end{array}$	Article – Criminal Procedure Section $\frac{5-101}{5-201}$ Annotated Code of Maryland
4 5 6 7 8 9	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement) BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Criminal Procedure Section 5–202 Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
10 11 12 13 14	BY adding to Article – Criminal Procedure Section 5–202.1 Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
17	Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
18	<u>1–206.</u>
19 20 21 22	A COURT OR CLERK'S OFFICE THAT IS IN SESSION OR OPEN ON A WEEKEND OR HOLIDAY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING AN INITIAL APPEARANCE FOR AN ARRESTED PERSON IS NOT IN SESSION OR OPEN FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OR FUNCTION.
23	2-607.
$\begin{array}{c} 24\\ 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	(a) (1) The administrative judge of each district, with the approval of the Chief Judge of the District Court, may appoint the number of commissioners necessary to perform the functions of the office within each county.
27 28 29	(2) In multicounty districts, the administrative judge shall obtain the recommendation of the resident judge in each county as to the number of commissioners required in the county and as to the persons to be appointed.
$\begin{array}{c} 30\\ 31 \end{array}$	(b) (1) Commissioners shall be adult residents of the counties in which they serve, but they need not be lawyers.
32 33	(2) Each commissioner shall hold office at the pleasure of the Chief Judge of the District Court, and has the powers and duties prescribed by law.
$\frac{34}{35}$	(3) Except without additional compensation, unless otherwise fixed by law, an employee of the District Court, who is an adult, may be granted, in the same

1 manner, commissioner powers and duties in the county where the employee is 2 employed.

3 (c) (1) A commissioner shall receive applications and determine probable 4 cause for the issuance of charging documents.

 $\mathbf{5}$ (2)А commissioner shall advise arrested persons of their 6 constitutional rights, [set bond or commit persons to jail in default of bond or] release 7 them on personal recognizance if circumstances warrant, and conduct investigations 8 and inquiries into the circumstances of any matter presented to the commissioner in 9 order to determine if probable cause exists for the issuance of a charging document, warrant, or criminal summons [and, in general, perform all the functions of 10 committing magistrates as exercised by the justices of the peace prior to July 5, 1971]. 11

12 (3) There shall be in each county, at all times, one or more 13 commissioners available for the convenience of the public and police in obtaining 14 charging documents, warrants, or criminal summonses and to advise arrested persons 15 of their rights as required by law.

16 (4) A commissioner may exercise the powers of office in any county to 17 which the commissioner is assigned by the Chief Judge of the District Court or a 18 designee of the Chief Judge of the District Court.

19 (5) The Chief Judge of the District Court may authorize one or more 20 commissioners to perform the duties of a commissioner regarding persons arrested in 21 a county other than the county in which the commissioner resides and for which the 22 commissioner was appointed when the arrested persons are brought before the 23 commissioner by a peace officer of the jurisdiction in which that arrest was made.

24 (6) (i) An individual may file an application for a statement of 25 charges with a District Court commissioner.

26 (ii) On review of an application for a statement of charges, a
27 District Court commissioner may issue a summons or an arrest warrant.

(iii) A District Court commissioner may issue an arrest warrant
only on a finding that:

There is probable cause to believe that the defendant
 committed the offense charged in the charging document; and

32 2. A. The defendant previously has failed to respond
33 to a summons that has been personally served or a citation;

B. The whereabouts of the defendant are unknown and the issuance of a warrant is necessary to subject the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court;

1	C. The defendant is in custody for another offense; or
$\frac{2}{3}$	D. There is probable cause to believe that the defendant poses a danger to another person or to the community.
4 5	(d) (1) The authority under this subsection applies only to a respondent who is an adult.
6 7 8	(2) A commissioner may issue an interim order for protection of a person eligible for relief in accordance with § $4-504.1$ of the Family Law Article or a petitioner in accordance with § $3-1503.1$ of this article.
$9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12$	(e) Notwithstanding the residence requirements set out in subsection (b) of this section, the Chief Judge of the District Court or a designee of the Chief Judge of the District Court may assign a commissioner of the District Court to serve temporarily in any county.
13	Article – Criminal Procedure
14	<u>4–101.2.</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23	 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN § 4–101 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION, A POLICE OFFICER SHALL SUBMIT A STATEMENT OF CHARGES TO A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARYLAND RULES, SERVE ON THE DEFENDANT A STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND SUMMONS IF THE COMMISSIONER DETERMINES THAT THE CHARGE OR CHARGES ARE SUPPORTED BY PROBABLE CAUSE, AND RELEASE THE DEFENDANT, IF THE MOST SERIOUS CHARGE WITH WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS CHARGED IS: (1) PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT FOR 18 MONTHS OR LESS; (2) OBSTRUCTING AND HINDERING;
$\frac{25}{26}$	(3) <u>TELEPHONE MISUSE UNDER § 3–804 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW</u> <u>ARTICLE</u> ;
27 28	(4) <u>INDECENT EXPOSURE UNDER § 11–107 OF THE CRIMINAL</u> LAWARTICLE;
29 30	(5) MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY WITH A VALUE OF AT LEAST \$1,000 UNDER § 6–301 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;

	6 HOUSE BILL 1186
$\frac{1}{2}$	(6) <u>POSSESSING OR ADMINISTERING A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS</u> SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
$egin{array}{c} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{array}$	(7) ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE UNDER § 3–203 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, PROVIDED THAT A CONDITION OF NO UNLAWFUL CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM IS INCLUDED IN THE SUMMONS.
6 7	(B) <u>A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER MAY NOT ISSUE A SUMMONS</u> FOR A DEFENDANT:
8	(1) WHO IS CHARGED WITH:
9 10	(1) <u>FOURTH DEGREE SEXUAL OFFENSE UNDER § 3–308 OF</u> <u>THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;</u>
$\begin{array}{c} 11\\ 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(II) <u>VIOLATION OF A CONDITION OF PLACEMENT IN A HOME</u> DETENTION PROGRAM UNDER § 3–409(A) OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(III) FAILURE TO SURRENDER AFTER FORFEITURE OF BAIL OR RECOGNIZANCE UNDER § 5–211 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE;
$\frac{16}{17}$	<u>(iv) harboring a fugitive under § 9-402 of the</u> <u>Criminal Law Article;</u>
$\frac{18}{19}$	(V) HARBORING AN ESCAPED INMATE UNDER § 9–403 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
20 21 22	(VI) <u>COMMISSION OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR SEXUAL</u> OFFENSE AFTER ADMINISTERING A DRUG TO THE VICTIM UNDER § 5–624 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\frac{23}{24}$	(VII) <u>WILLFULLY EXPOSING OTHERS TO INFECTIOUS DISEASE</u> <u>UNDER § 18–601 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE;</u>
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(VIII) ABDUCTION OF A CHILD YOUNGER THAN 16 YEARS OLD BY A RELATIVE OUTSIDE THE STATE FOR 30 DAYS OR LESS UNDER § 9–305 OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE; OR
$\frac{28}{29}$	(IX) MALICIOUS BURNING OF PERSONAL PROPERTY IN THE SECOND DEGREE UNDER § 6–105 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
30 31	(2) <u>WHO IS ON PAROLE OR SUPERVISED PROBATION FOR A</u> <u>CRIMINAL OFFENSE;</u>

1	(3) WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF AN OUTSTANDING ARREST WARRANT;
2	(4) WHO WAS ARRESTED ON ANOTHER OCCASION WITHIN THE 72
3	HOURS PRECEDING THE APPEARANCE BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER;
4	(5) WHO HAS FAILED TO APPEAR AS ORDERED BY A COURT IN A
5	CRIMINAL, NONTRAFFIC CASE WITHIN THE 2 YEARS PRECEDING THE
6	APPEARANCE BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER;
7	(6) WHO IS CHARGED WITH VIOLATING:
8	(I) THE PROVISIONS OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER
9	DESCRIBED IN § 4-505(A)(2)(I) OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE OR THE
10	PROVISIONS OF A PROTECTIVE ORDER DESCRIBED IN § 4-506(D)(1) OF THE
11	FAMILY LAW ARTICLE THAT ORDER THE DEFENDANT TO REFRAIN FROM
12	ABUSING OR THREATENING TO ABUSE A PERSON ELIGIBLE FOR RELIEF;
13	(II) THE PROVISIONS OF AN ORDER FOR PROTECTION, AS
13 14	DEFINED IN § 4–508.1 OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE, ISSUED BY A COURT OF
15	ANOTHER STATE OR OF A NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBE THAT ORDER THE
16	DEFENDANT TO REFRAIN FROM ABUSING OR THREATENING TO ABUSE A PERSON
17	ELIGIBLE FOR RELIEF, IF THE ORDER IS ENFORCEABLE UNDER § 4-508.1 OF
18	THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE; OR
19	(III) THE PROVISIONS OF A TEMPORARY PEACE ORDER OR
20	FINAL PEACE ORDER ISSUED UNDER TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 15 OF THE COURTS
21	ARTICLE; OR
22	(7) WHO IS REGISTERED AS A SEX OFFENDER UNDER TITLE 11,
23	SUBTITLE 7 OF THIS ARTICLE.
24	(C) (1) A DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE CHARGED BY SUMMONS IF A LAW
25	ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CERTIFIES BY AFFIDAVIT AND ARTICULATES UNDER
26	OATH SPECIFIC FACTS TO SUPPORT THE CONTENTION THAT THE DEFENDANT:
27	(I) IS A FLIGHT RISK;
28	(II) POSES A CREDIBLE PUBLIC SAFETY RISK; OR
29	(III) IS A THREAT TO SELF OR TO OTHERS.

1	(2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO PROCEEDS BY
$2 \\ 3$	AFFIDAVIT UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL FILE THE
Э	AFFIDAVIT WITH THE COURT.
4	(3) THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL SEND A COPY OF EACH
5	AFFIDAVIT FILED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION ALONG WITH THE CORRESPONDING
6	STATEMENT OF CHARGES TO THE MARYLAND STATISTICAL ANALYSIS CENTER.
7	(4) ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1 OF EACH YEAR BEGINNING IN 2015,
8	<u>the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center shall analyze the</u>
9	AFFIDAVITS AND STATEMENTS OF CHARGES SUBMITTED UNDER THIS
10	SUBSECTION DURING THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR AND PROVIDE A SUMMARY
11	REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND, IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 2–1246 OF THE
12	STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY INDICATING THE
$\frac{13}{14}$	NUMBER OF INSTANCES IN WHICH AFFIDAVITS WERE SUBMITTED DURING THE PERIOD CATEGORIZED BY:
14	TERIOD CATEGORIZED DI.
15	$(I) \qquad JURISDICTION;$
16	(II) <u>TYPE OF CHARGE;</u>
17	(III) RACE OF THE DEFENDANT; AND
17	(III) RACE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
18	(IV) GENDER OF THE DEFENDANT.
19	(D) A DEFENDANT WHO MAY BE CHARGED BY SUMMONS UNDER THIS
20	SECTION MAY BE CHARGED INSTEAD BY CITATION UNDER § 4-101 OF THIS
21	SUBTITLE, IF A DETAILED STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE IS INCLUDED WITH
22	THE CITATION.
23	<u>4–101.3.</u>
.	
24	(A) BEFORE A DEFENDANT WHO IS CHARGED BY SUMMONS UNDER §
25 26	<u>4–101.2 OF THIS SUBTITLE IS RELEASED FROM CUSTODY, A DISTRICT COURT</u> COMMISSIONER SHALL:
20	COMMISSIONER SHALL:
27	(1) EXPLAIN THE CHARGES AGAINST THE DEFENDANT TO THE
28	DEFENDANT;
0.0	
29	(2) ADVISE THE DEFENDANT OF THE DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO
30	COUNSEL AND THE IMPORTANCE OF OBTAINING COUNSEL;
31	(3) ADVISE THE DEFENDANT OF THE REQUIREMENT TO APPEAR
32	FOR TRIAL AS NOTIFIED; AND

1	(4) EXPLAIN THAT A BENCH WARRANT WILL BE ISSUED FOR THE
2	DEFENDANT IF THE DEFENDANT DOES NOT APPEAR FOR TRIAL.
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3	(B) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO SIGN A
4	WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF THE ADVICE GIVEN UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF
5	THIS SECTION.
6	5-101.
7	(a) This section shall be liberally construed to carry out the purpose of
8	relying on criminal sanctions instead of financial loss to ensure the appearance of a
9	defendant in a criminal case before verdict or pending a new trial.
10	(b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, if, from all the
11	circumstances, the court believes that a minor or adult defendant in a criminal case
12	will appear as required for trial before verdict or pending trial, the defendant may be
13	released on personal recognizance.
14	(2) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION AND § 5–202
15	OF THIS TITLE, A DEFENDANT SHALL BE RELEASED ON PERSONAL
16	RECOGNIZANCE IF:
17	(I) THE MOST SERIOUS CRIME WITH WHICH THE
18	DEFENDANT IS CHARGED IS:
19	1. PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT FOR 1 YEAR OR
20	LESS;
21	2. OBSTRUCTING AND HINDERING;
4 1	
22	3. A VIOLATION INVOLVING PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
23	under § 5–701 of the Criminal Law Article;
24	4. TELEPHONE MISUSE UNDER § 3-804 OF THE
25	CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
26	5. INDECENT EXPOSURE UNDER § 11–107 OF THE
27	CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
28	6. MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY WITH A
$\frac{20}{29}$	VALUE OF AT LEAST \$1,000 UNDER § 6-301 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\frac{25}{30}$	$\frac{\partial R}{\partial R}$
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	10 HOUSE BILL 1186
$rac{1}{2}$	7. POSSESSING OR ADMINISTERING A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; AND
$\frac{3}{4}$	(II) THE DEFENDANT HAS NEVER PREVIOUSLY FAILED TO APPEAR AS ORDERED BY A COURT.
$5\\6$	[(2)] (3) A failure to appear as required by personal recognizance is subject to the penalties provided in § 5–211 of this title.
$7 \\ 8$	(c) A defendant may not be released on personal recognizance if the defendant is charged with:
9 10	(1) a crime listed in § 5–202(d) of this title after having been convicted of a crime listed in § 5–202(d) of this title; or
11	(2) a crime punishable by life imprisonment without parole.
12	<u>5–201.</u>
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14\\15\end{array}$	(a) (1) <u>The court [or a District Court commissioner] shall consider</u> <u>including, as a condition of pretrial release for a defendant, reasonable protections for</u> <u>the safety of the alleged victim.</u>
16 17 18 19	(2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court [or a District Court commissioner] shall consider including, as a condition of pretrial release, provisions regarding no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's premises or place of employment.
20 21 22 23 24	(b) (1) In accordance with eligibility criteria, conditions, and procedures required under the Maryland Rules, the court may require, as a condition of a defendant's pretrial release, that the defendant be monitored by a private home detention monitoring agency licensed under Title 20 of the Business Occupations and Professions Article.
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(2) <u>A defendant placed in private home detention under paragraph (1)</u> of this subsection shall pay directly to the private home detention monitoring agency the agency's monitoring fee.
28 29 30 31 32	(C) THE FORMS FOR AN APPLICATION FOR A STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND A CONFIDENTIAL SUPPLEMENT TO AN APPLICATION FOR STATEMENT OF CHARGES SHALL PROVIDE THAT AN APPLICANT FOR A STATEMENT OF CHARGES MAY REQUEST NO CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM OR THE ALLEGED VICTIM'S RESIDENCE OR PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT.
$\frac{33}{34}$	(D) WHEN A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER IS REQUIRED TO CHARGE A DEFENDANT BY SUMMONS UNDER § 4–101.2 OF THIS ARTICLE AND A

NO CONTACT REQUEST IS MADE, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE EXPRESS

CONDITIONS OF NO CONTACT WITH THE ALLEGED VICTIM AND THE ALLEGED

VICTIM'S RESIDENCE AND PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT AS PART OF THE STATEMENT

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 $\mathbf{2}$ 3

4	OF CHARGES AND SUMMONS.
5	(E) IF A DEFENDANT OBJECTS TO CONDITIONS OF NO CONTACT
6	IMPOSED BY A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF
7	THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL SCHEDULE A HEARING TO DETERMINE IF THE
8	CONDITIONS OF THE STATEMENT OF CHARGES AND SUMMONS SHALL BE
9	CONTINUED, MODIFIED, OR ELIMINATED.
10	[5-202.
11	(a) A District Court commissioner may not authorize pretrial release for a
$\frac{12}{13}$	defendant charged with escaping from a correctional facility or any other place of confinement in the State.
14	(b) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial
$\frac{15}{16}$	release of a defendant charged as a drug kingpin under § 5–613 of the Criminal Law Article.
17	(2) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged
$\frac{18}{19}$	as a drug kingpin on suitable bail and on any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the
20	community.
21	(3) There is a rebuttable presumption that, if released, a defendant
22	charged as a drug kingpin will flee and pose a danger to another person or the
23	community.
24	(c) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial
25	release of a defendant charged with a crime of violence if the defendant has been
26	previously convicted:
27	(i) in this State of a crime of violence; or
28	(ii) in any other jurisdiction of a crime that would be a crime of
29	violence if committed in this State.
30	(2) (i) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant
31	described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
32	1. suitable bail;
იი	2 any other conditions that will reasonably answer that

33 any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that 2. the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or 34

3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 1 $\mathbf{2}$ of this subparagraph. 3 (ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this 4 subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither $\mathbf{5}$ 6 suitable bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure 7that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community 8 before the trial. 9 (3)There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in 10 paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the 11 community. 12(d) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial (1)13release of a defendant charged with committing one of the following crimes while the defendant was released on bail or personal recognizance for a pending prior charge of 1415committing one of the following crimes: 16 aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the first degree (i) 17under § 6–102 of the Criminal Law Article; 18 (ii) arson in the second degree or attempting, aiding, counseling, 19or procuring arson in the second degree under § 6–103 of the Criminal Law Article; 20(iii) burglary in the first degree under § 6–202 of the Criminal Law Article; 2122(iv) burglary in the second degree under § 6–203 of the Criminal 23Law Article; 24burglary in the third degree under § 6-204 of the Criminal (v) 25Law Article; 26(vi) causing abuse to a child under § 3-601 or § 3-602 of the 27Criminal Law Article; 28a crime that relates to a destructive device under § 4-503 of (vii) 29the Criminal Law Article: 30 (viii) a crime that relates to a controlled dangerous substance 31 under §§ 5–602 through 5–609 or § 5–612 or § 5–613 of the Criminal Law Article; 32manslaughter by vehicle or vessel under § 2-209 of the (ix) 33 Criminal Law Article; and

1	(x) a crime of violence.
$2 \\ 3 \\ 4$	(2) A defendant under this subsection remains ineligible to give bail or be released on recognizance on the subsequent charge until all prior charges have finally been determined by the courts.
5 6 7 8	(3) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on suitable bail and on any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community.
9 10 11	(4) There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community if released before final determination of the prior charge.
$\frac{12}{13}$	(e) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with violating:
$14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17$	(i) the provisions of a temporary protective order described in § $4-505(a)(2)(i)$ of the Family Law Article or the provisions of a protective order described in § $4-506(d)(1)$ of the Family Law Article that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse a person eligible for relief; or
18 19 20 21 22	(ii) the provisions of an order for protection, as defined in § $4-508.1$ of the Family Law Article, issued by a court of another state or of a Native American tribe that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse a person eligible for relief, if the order is enforceable under § $4-508.1$ of the Family Law Article.
$\frac{23}{24}$	(2) A judge may allow the pretrial release of a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
25	(i) suitable bail;
$\frac{26}{27}$	(ii) any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
$\begin{array}{c} 28\\ 29 \end{array}$	(iii) both bail and other conditions described under item (ii) of this paragraph.
$30 \\ 31 \\ 32 \\ 33 \\ 34 \\ 35$	(3) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule $4-216(f)$, the judge shall order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial

35 trial.

$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	(f) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with one of the following crimes if the defendant has previously been convicted of one of the following crimes:
4 5	(i) wearing, carrying, or transporting a handgun under § 4–203 of the Criminal Law Article;
6 7	(ii) use of a handgun or an antique firearm in commission of a crime under § 4–204 of the Criminal Law Article;
8 9	(iii) violating prohibitions relating to assault pistols under § 4–303 of the Criminal Law Article;
10 11	(iv) use of a machine gun in a crime of violence under § 4–404 of the Criminal Law Article;
$\frac{12}{13}$	(v) use of a machine gun for an aggressive purpose under § 4–405 of the Criminal Law Article;
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(vi) use of a weapon as a separate crime under § 5–621 of the Criminal Law Article;
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(vii) possession of a regulated firearm under § 5–133 of the Public Safety Article;
18 19	(viii) transporting a regulated firearm for unlawful sale or trafficking under § 5–140 of the Public Safety Article; or
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(ix) possession of a rifle or shotgun by a person with a mental disorder under § 5–205 of the Public Safety Article.
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	(2) (i) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
24	1. suitable bail;
$\frac{25}{26}$	2. any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of this subparagraph.
29 30 31 32	(ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure

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that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the communitybefore the trial.

3 (3) There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in 4 paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the 5 community.

- 6 (g) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial 7 release of a defendant who is registered under Title 11, Subtitle 7 of this article.
- 8 (2) (i) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant 9 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
- 10 1. suitable bail;

any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that
the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or

13 3. both bail and other conditions described under item 214 of this subparagraph.

15 (ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this 16 subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall 17 order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither 18 suitable bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure 19 that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community 20 before the trial.

(3) There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in
paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the
community.]

24 5-202.1. <u>5-202.</u>

25(A)A PERSON WHO IS ARRESTED SHALL BE PRESENTED BEFORE A26DISTRICT-COURT COMMISSIONER FOR AN INITIAL APPEARANCE WITHIN 2427HOURS AFTER-ARREST, AND IF DETAINED BY THE COMMISSIONER AND NOT28RELEASED PURSUANT TO A CITATION OR SUMMONS SHALL BE:

29(1)DETAINED, UNLESS A DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER HAS30DETERMINED THAT PROBABLE CAUSE IS LACKING; AND

31 (2) TAKEN BEFORE A JUDICIAL OFFICER JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT
 32 COURT OR CIRCUIT COURT WITHOUT UNNECESSARY DELAY AND IN NO EVENT
 33 LATER THAN 48 HOURS AFTER ARREST.

1(B)THE DISTRICT COURT SHALL OPERATE IN SESSION 6 DAYS A WEEK2FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING RELEASE DETERMINATIONS FOR ARRESTED3PERSONS.

- 4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 5 October June 1, 2014. It shall remain effective for a period of 3 years and 1 month and,
- 6 at the end of June 30, 2017, with no further action required by the General Assembly,
- 7 this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.

Approved:

Governor.

Speaker of the House of Delegates.

President of the Senate.