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4lr2111 CF 4lr2154

exercising

By: **Senators Gladden, Currie, and Miller** Introduced and read first time: January 29, 2014 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2	Juvenile Law – Transfer of Cases to Juvenile Court
3	FOR the purpose of repealing a provision of law that prohibits a court
4	criminal jurisdiction in a case involving a child to transfer the ca

- criminal jurisdiction in a case involving a child to transfer the case to the
 juvenile court under certain circumstances; making certain conforming changes;
 and generally relating to juvenile law and the transfer of cases to the juvenile
 court.
- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Criminal Procedure
- 10 Section 4–202, 4–202.1, and 4–202.2
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2013 Supplement)

13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

- **Article Criminal Procedure**
- 16 4–202.

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- 17 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 18 (2) "Victim" has the meaning stated in § 11–104 of this article.
- 19 (3) "Victim's representative" has the meaning stated in § 11–104 of 20 this article.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$	(b) [Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a] A court exercising criminal jurisdiction in a case involving a child may transfer the case to the juvenile court before trial or before a plea is entered under Maryland Rule 4–242 if:
4 5	(1) the accused child was at least 14 but not 18 years of age when the alleged crime was committed;
$6 \\ 7$	(2) the alleged crime is excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under § $3-8A-03(d)(1)$, (4), or (5) of the Courts Article; and
$\frac{8}{9}$	(3) the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that a transfer of its jurisdiction is in the interest of the child or society.
10 11	[(c) The court may not transfer a case to the juvenile court under subsection (b) of this section if:
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 13 \end{array}$	(1) the child previously has been transferred to juvenile court and adjudicated delinquent;
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(2) the child was convicted in an unrelated case excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under § $3-8A-03(d)(1)$ or (4) of the Courts Article; or
$\frac{16}{17}$	(3) the alleged crime is murder in the first degree and the accused child was 16 or 17 years of age when the alleged crime was committed.]
18 19	[(d)] (C) In determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under subsection (b) of this section, the court shall consider:
20	(1) the age of the child;
21	(2) the mental and physical condition of the child;
$\frac{22}{23}$	(3) the amenability of the child to treatment in an institution, facility, or program available to delinquent children;
24	(4) the nature of the alleged crime; and
25	(5) the public safety.
26 27 28	[(e)] (D) In making a determination under this section, the court may order that a study be made concerning the child, the family of the child, the environment of the child, and other matters concerning the disposition of the case.
29 20	[(f)] (E) The court shall make a transfer determination within 10 days after the data of a transfer bearing

29 [(f)] (E) The court sh30 the date of a transfer hearing.

1 [(g)] (F) If the court transfers its jurisdiction under this section, the court 2 may order the child held for an adjudicatory hearing under the regular procedure of 3 the juvenile court.

4 [(h)] (G) (1) Pending a determination under this section to transfer its 5 jurisdiction, the court may order a child to be held in a secure juvenile facility.

6 (2) A hearing on a motion requesting that a child be held in a juvenile 7 facility pending a transfer determination shall be held not later than the next court 8 day, unless extended by the court for good cause shown.

9 [(i)] (H) (1) A victim or victim's representative shall be given notice of 10 the transfer hearing as provided under § 11–104 of this article.

11 (2) (i) A victim or a victim's representative may submit a victim 12 impact statement to the court as provided in § 11–402 of this article.

(ii) This paragraph does not preclude a victim or victim's
representative who has not filed a notification request form under § 11–104 of this
article from submitting a victim impact statement to the court.

16 (iii) The court shall consider a victim impact statement in 17 determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under this section.

18 [(j)] (I) At a bail review or preliminary hearing before the District Court 19 involving a child whose case is eligible for transfer under subsection (b) of this section, 20 the District Court may order that a study be made under the provisions of subsection 21 [(e)] (D) of this section, or that the child be held in a secure juvenile facility under the 22 provisions of subsection [(h)] (G) of this section, regardless of whether the District 23 Court has criminal jurisdiction over the case.

24 4-202.1.

(a) In this section, "child" means a defendant who is under the age of 18
years and whose case is eligible for transfer under the provisions of § 4-202(b)(1) and
(2) [and (c)] of this subtitle.

28 (b)

If a child remains in custody for any reason after a bail review hearing:

(1) in the case of a child charged with a felony that is not within the
 jurisdiction of the District Court, the District Court shall:

(i) clearly indicate on the case file and in computer records that
 the case involves a detained child; and

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1 2	(ii) set a preliminary hearing to be held within 15 days after the bail review hearing; or
$\frac{3}{4}$	(2) in the case of a child charged with a crime in the District Court, the District Court:
5 6	(i) shall clearly indicate on the case file and in computer records that the case involves a detained child;
7 8	(ii) shall set a transfer hearing under § 4–202 of this subtitle to be held within 30 days after the filing of the charging document;
9 10	(iii) may order that a study be made under § 4–202 of this subtitle; and
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(iv) shall require that prompt notice be given to counsel for the child, or, if the child is not represented by counsel, to the Office of the Public Defender.
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14\\15\end{array}$	(c) On receipt of a District Court case file that indicates that the case involves a child who was detained after a bail review hearing under subsection (b) of this section, a circuit court:
$16 \\ 17 \\ 18$	(1) unless previously set by the District Court under subsection (b)(2) of this section, shall set a transfer hearing under § $4-202$ of this subtitle to be held within 30 days after the filing of the charging document in the circuit court;
$19 \\ 20 \\ 21$	(2) unless previously ordered by the District Court under subsection (b)(2) of this section, may order that a study be made under § $4-202$ of this subtitle; and
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	(3) shall require that prompt notice be given to counsel for the child, or, if the child is not represented by counsel, to the Office of the Public Defender.
24	4–202.2.
$\frac{25}{26}$	(a) At sentencing, a court exercising criminal jurisdiction in a case involving a child shall determine whether to transfer jurisdiction to the juvenile court if:
$27 \\ 28 \\ 29$	(1) as a result of trial or a plea entered under Maryland Rule 4–242, all charges that excluded jurisdiction from the juvenile court under § 3–8A–03(d)(1) or (4) of the Courts Article do not result in a finding of guilty; and
$\begin{array}{c} 30\\ 31 \end{array}$	(2) [(i) pretrial transfer was prohibited under § $4-202(c)(3)$ of this subtitle; or
$\frac{32}{33}$	(ii)] the court did not transfer jurisdiction after a hearing under $ 4-202(b) $ of this subtitle.

In determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under subsection (a) of 1 (b) $\mathbf{2}$ this section, the court shall consider: 3 (1)the age of the child; 4 (2)the mental and physical condition of the child; $\mathbf{5}$ the amenability of the child to treatment in an institution, facility, (3)6 or program available to delinquent children; 7(4)the nature of the child's acts as proven in the trial or admitted to in 8 a plea entered under Maryland Rule 4–242; and 9 public safety. (5)10 (c) The court may not consider transferring jurisdiction to the juvenile court under this section if [: 11 12(1), under the terms of a plea agreement entered under Maryland Rule 4–243, the child agrees that jurisdiction is not to be transferred [; or 1314(2)pretrial transfer was prohibited under § 4-202(c)(1) or (2) of this subtitle]. 1516 (d) (1)A victim or victim's representative shall be given notice of the transfer hearing as provided under § 11–104 of this article. 1718 (2)A victim or victim's representative may submit a victim (i) 19impact statement to the court as provided in § 11–402 of this article. 20(ii) This paragraph does not preclude a victim or victim's 21representative who has not filed a notification request form under § 11–104 of this 22article from submitting a victim impact statement to the court. 23The court shall consider a victim impact statement in (iii) 24determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under this section. If the court transfers its jurisdiction to the juvenile court, the court 25(e) (1)26shall conduct a disposition under the regular procedures of the juvenile court. 27The record of the hearing and of the disposition shall be (2)28transferred to the juvenile court, subject to § 3-8A-27 of the Courts Article. 29SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 30 October 1, 2014.