

Article - Family Law

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§7–105.

In granting a decree of absolute divorce, the court shall change the name of a party to either the name given the party at birth or any other former name the party wishes to use if:

- (1) the party took a new name on marriage and no longer wishes to use it;
- (2) the party asks for the change of name; and
- (3) the purpose of the party is not illegal, fraudulent, or immoral.

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