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## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

E2

## 2 Criminal Procedure – Expungement – Marijuana Possession

- FOR the purpose of authorizing a person to file a certain petition for expungement if the
  person was convicted of a certain crime involving the use or possession of less than
  10 grams of marijuana; excluding certain charges involving less than 10 grams of
  marijuana that arise from the same incident, transaction, or set of facts as another
  charge from a certain unit for the purposes of a certain petition for expungement;
  and generally relating to expungement of criminal records.
- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
   10 Article Criminal Procedure
- Article Criminal Procedure
- 11Section 10–105 and 10–10712Annotated Code of Marvland
- Annotated Code of Maryland
   (2008 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
   That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 16

# Article – Criminal Procedure

17 10–105.

(a) A person who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a
violation of the Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be imposed,
or who has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile offense, as a
substitute for a criminal charge may file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 of a police record, court record, or other record maintained by the State or a political 2 subdivision of the State if:

- 3 (1) the person is acquitted;
- 4 (2) the charge is otherwise dismissed;

5 (3) a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is charged 6 with a violation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 or § 3–211 7 of the Criminal Law Article;

8 (4) a nolle prosequi or nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or 9 alcohol treatment is entered;

10 (5) the court indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by marking 11 the criminal charge "stet" or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment 12 on the docket;

- 13 (6) the case is compromised under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 14 (7) the charge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of this
  15 article;
- 16 (8) the person:
- 17 (i) is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a crime18 of violence; and
- 19 (ii) is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;

20 (9) the person was convicted of a crime or found not criminally responsible 21 under any State or local law that prohibits:

- 22 (i) urination or defecation in a public place;
- 23 (ii) panhandling or soliciting money;
- 24 (iii) drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;
- (iv) obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a
   public conveyance;
- 27 (v) sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or doorways;
- 28 (vi) loitering;
- 29 (vii) vagrancy;

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1 (viii) riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or 2 exhibiting proof of payment; or

3 (ix) except for carrying or possessing an explosive, acid, concealed 4 weapon, or other dangerous article as provided in § 7–705(b)(6) of the Transportation 5 Article, any of the acts specified in § 7–705 of the Transportation Article; [or]

6 (10) the person was found not criminally responsible under any State or 7 local law that prohibits misdemeanor:

- 8 (i) trespass;
- 9 (ii) disturbing the peace; or
- 10
- (iii) telephone misuse; OR

# (11) THE PERSON WAS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA.

(a-1) A person's attorney or personal representative may file a petition, on behalf of
 the person, for expungement under this section if the person died before disposition of the
 charge by nolle prosequi or dismissal.

17 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a person 18 shall file a petition in the court in which the proceeding began.

19 (2) If the proceeding began in one court and was transferred to another 20 court, the person shall file the petition in the court to which the proceeding was transferred.

21 (3) (i) If the proceeding in a court of original jurisdiction was appealed 22 to a court exercising appellate jurisdiction, the person shall file the petition in the appellate 23 court.

24 (ii) The appellate court may remand the matter to the court of 25 original jurisdiction.

(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for
expungement based on an acquittal, a nolle prosequi, or a dismissal may not be filed within
3 years after the disposition, unless the petitioner files with the petition a written general
waiver and release of all the petitioner's tort claims arising from the charge.

30 (2) A petition for expungement based on a probation before judgment or a 31 stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment may not be filed earlier than 32 the later of:

1 (i) the date the petitioner was discharged from probation or the 2 requirements of obtaining drug or alcohol abuse treatment were completed; or

3 (ii) 3 years after the probation was granted or stet with the 4 requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment was entered on the docket.

5 (3) A petition for expungement based on a nolle prosequi with the 6 requirement of drug or alcohol treatment may not be filed until the completion of the 7 required treatment.

8 (4) A petition for expungement based on a full and unconditional pardon 9 by the Governor may not be filed later than 10 years after the pardon was signed by the 10 Governor.

11 (5) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for 12 expungement based on a stet or a compromise under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article 13 may not be filed within 3 years after the stet or compromise.

14 (6) A petition for expungement based on the conviction of a crime under 15 subsection (a)(9) of this section may not be filed within 3 years after the conviction or 16 satisfactory completion of the sentence, including probation, that was imposed for the 17 conviction, whichever is later.

18 (7) A petition for expungement based on a finding of not criminally 19 responsible under subsection (a)(9) or (10) of this section may not be filed within 3 years 20 after the finding of not criminally responsible was made by the court.

21 (8) A court may grant a petition for expungement at any time on a showing 22 of good cause.

23 (d) (1) The court shall have a copy of a petition for expungement served on the
24 State's Attorney.

25 (2) Unless the State's Attorney files an objection to the petition for 26 expungement within 30 days after the petition is served, the court shall pass an order 27 requiring the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.

28 (e) (1) If the State's Attorney files a timely objection to the petition, the court 29 shall hold a hearing.

30 (2) If the court at the hearing finds that the person is entitled to 31 expungement, the court shall order the expungement of all police records and court records 32 about the charge.

(3) If the court finds that the person is not entitled to expungement, the
 34 court shall deny the petition.

1 (4) The person is not entitled to expungement if:  $\mathbf{2}$ the petition is based on the entry of probation before judgment, (i) 3 a nolle prosequi, a stet, including a nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol 4 treatment or a stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment, a conviction for a crime specified in subsection (a)(9) of this section, a finding of not criminally  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 responsible, or the grant of a pardon by the Governor; and 7(ii) the person: 8 1. since the full and unconditional pardon, entry, finding of not criminally responsible, or conviction has been convicted of a crime other than a minor 9 10 traffic violation; or 2.11 is a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding. 12(f) Unless an order is stayed pending an appeal, within 60 days after entry of the 13order, every custodian of the police records and court records that are subject to the order 14of expungement shall advise in writing the court and the person who is seeking 15expungement of compliance with the order. 16 (1)The State's Attorney is a party to the proceeding. (g)17(2)A party aggrieved by the decision of the court is entitled to appellate 18 review as provided in the Courts Article. 19 10 - 107.20[In] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS (a) (1)SUBSECTION, IN this subtitle, if two or more charges [, other than one for a minor traffic 2122violation, arise from the same incident, transaction, or set of facts, they are considered to 23be a unit. 24(2)A charge for a minor traffic violation that arises from the same incident, 25transaction, or set of facts as a charge in the unit is not a part of the unit. 26(3) A CHARGE INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 27GRAMS OF MARIJUANA OR A CHARGE INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF DRUG 28PARAPHERNALIA RELATED TO LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA THAT ARISES 29FROM THE SAME INCIDENT, TRANSACTION, OR SET OF FACTS AS A CHARGE IN THE 30 UNIT IS NOT A PART OF THE UNIT. 31If a person is not entitled to expungement of one charge or conviction in (b) (1)

31 (b) (1) If a person is not entitled to expungement of one charge or conviction in 32 a unit, the person is not entitled to expungement of any other charge or conviction in the 33 unit.

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1 (2) The disposition of a charge for a minor traffic violation that arises from 2 the same incident, transaction, or set of facts as a charge in the unit does not affect any 3 right to expungement of a charge or conviction in the unit.

4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 5 October 1, 2015.