HOUSE BILL 962

M15lr 2529

By: Delegate McMillan

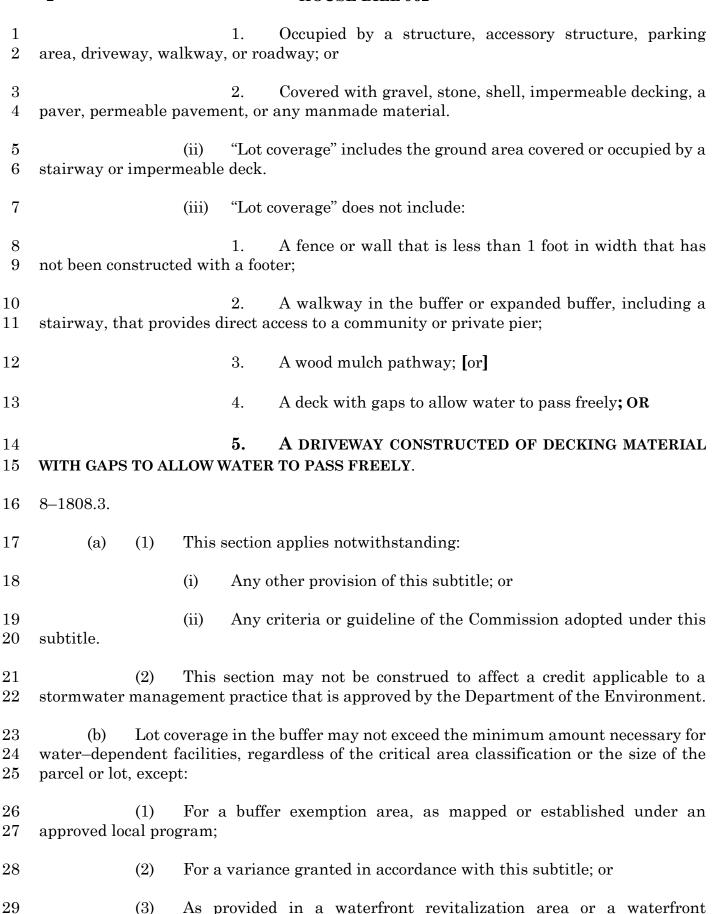
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Introduced and read first time: February 13, 2015 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning
2 3	Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area – Lot Coverage – Exclusion for Driveways Constructed of Decking Material
4 5 6 7 8	FOR the purpose of altering the definition of "lot coverage" for purposes of certain provisions of law relating to the Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area to exclude driveways constructed of certain decking material from certain requirements; and generally relating to the Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area.
9 10 11 12 13	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Natural Resources Section 8–1802(a)(17) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
14 15 16 17 18	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Natural Resources Section 8–1808.3 Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)
19 20	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
21	Article - Natural Resources
22	8–1802.
23 24	(a) (17) (i) "Lot coverage" means the percentage of a total lot or parcel that is:





industrial area under a local program.

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- 1 (c) This section controls over any other requirement concerning lot coverage 2 limitations in limited development areas and resource conservation areas in the critical 3 area.
- 4 (d) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection for stormwater runoff, 5 lot coverage is limited to 15% of a parcel or lot.
- 6 (2) If a parcel or lot one—half acre or less in size existed on or before 7 December 1, 1985 in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or on or before June 1, 2002 in the 8 Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area, then lot coverage is limited to 25% of the parcel or lot.
- 9 (3) If a parcel or lot greater than one—half acre and less than one acre in size existed on or before December 1, 1985 in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or on or before June 1, 2002 in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area, then lot coverage is limited to 15% of the parcel or lot.
- 13 (4) Unless otherwise restricted by a local jurisdiction, lot coverage in a 14 subdivision approved after December 1, 1985 in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or after 15 June 1, 2002 in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area may not exceed 15%. However, the 16 total lot coverage on an individual lot one acre or less in size may exceed 15%.
- 17 (e) This section does not apply to a trailer park that was in residential use on or 18 before December 1, 1985 in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or on or before June 1, 2002 in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area.
- 20 (f) A local jurisdiction may allow a property owner to exceed the lot coverage 21 limits provided in subsection (d)(2) and (3) of this section if the following conditions exist:
- 22 (1) Lot coverage associated with new development activities on the 23 property has been minimized;
- 24 (2) For a lot or parcel one—half acre or less in size, total lot coverage does 25 not exceed lot coverage limits in subsection (d)(2) of this section by more than 25% or 500 26 square feet, whichever is greater;
- 27 (3) For a lot or parcel greater than one—half acre and less than one acre in size, total lot coverage does not exceed lot coverage limits in subsection (d)(3) of this section or 5,445 square feet, whichever is greater;
- 30 (4) Water quality impacts associated with runoff from new development 31 activities that contribute to lot coverage can be and have been minimized through site 32 design considerations or use of best management practices approved by the local 33 jurisdiction to improve water quality; and
- 34 (5) The property owner performs on—site mitigation as required by the local jurisdiction to offset potential adverse water quality impacts from the new development

- activities that contribute to lot coverage, or the property owner pays a fee to the local jurisdiction in lieu of performing the on-site mitigation.
- 3 (g) All fees collected by a local jurisdiction under subsection (f)(5) of this section 4 must be used to fund projects that improve water quality within the critical area consistent 5 with the jurisdiction's local critical area protection program.
- 6 (h) (1) In this subsection, "legally developed" means that all physical 7 improvements to a property:
- 8 (i) Existed before Commission approval of a local program; or
- 9 (ii) Were properly permitted in accordance with the local program 10 and impervious surface policies in effect at the time of construction.
- 11 (2) (i) A lot or parcel legally developed as of July 1, 2008 may be considered legally nonconforming for purposes of lot coverage requirements.
- 13 (ii) For the purpose of increasing lot coverage on a lot or parcel under 14 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the lot coverage limitations under this section may not 15 be construed to apply to a development activity for which:
- 16 1. A building permit was issued before July 1, 2008; and
- 17 2. Construction was initiated and an inspection was 18 performed before July 1, 2009.
- 19 (i) A local jurisdiction may grant a variance from the provisions of this section in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle, regulations adopted by the Commission concerning variances as part of local program development set forth in COMAR 27.01.11, and notification of project applications set forth in COMAR 27.03.01.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2015.