D3 5lr2272

By: Senators Zirkin and Raskin

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2015

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Civil Actions - Hydraulic Fracturing Liability Act

3 FOR the purpose of providing that a certain permittee is strictly liable for any injury, death, 4 or loss to person or property caused by the hydraulic fracturing activities of the 5 permittee; establishing that compliance with certain standards, laws, and permit 6 conditions is not a defense to a certain action; establishing a certain rebuttable 7 presumption in an action brought by a plaintiff who resides within a certain 8 presumptive impact area; providing that certain permittees shall be presumed to be jointly and severally liable for any injury, death, or loss to person or property alleged 9 by a certain plaintiff, under certain circumstances; providing that a permittee has 10 11 the burden of proof to rebut a certain presumption; voiding a provision of a certain 12 contract or agreement that attempts or purports to waive certain rights or reduce 13 certain liability as against public policy; providing for the treatment of certain 14 information relating to a chemical constituent used in hydraulic fracturing for the 15 purposes of a certain action; authorizing a certain plaintiff to recover certain 16 economic and noneconomic damages; requiring a court to make a certain award 17 under certain circumstances; altering the amount of certain insurance coverage a 18 certain permittee is required to maintain; extending the length of time a certain 19 permittee must maintain certain insurance coverage; defining certain terms; and 20 generally relating to civil actions arising from hydraulic fracturing activities.

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Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings

Section 3–2101 through 3–2107 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 21. Hydraulic

Fracturing Liability Act"

25 Annotated Code of Maryland

26 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)

27 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article – Environment

29 Section 14–111(a)(6) and (7) and (b)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



$1\\2$	Annotated Code of Maryland (2014 Replacement Volume)
3 4	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
5	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings
6	SUBTITLE 21. HYDRAULIC FRACTURING LIABILITY ACT.
7	3–2101.
8 9	(A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
10 11 12 13 14 15	(B) "HYDRAULIC FRACTURING" MEANS A DRILLING TECHNIQUE THAT EXPANDS EXISTING FRACTURES OR CREATES NEW FRACTURES IN ROCK BY INJECTING FLUIDS, OFTEN A MIXTURE OF WATER AND CHEMICALS, SAND, OR OTHER SUBSTANCES, AND OFTEN UNDER PRESSURE, INTO OR UNDERNEATH THE SURFACE OF THE ROCK FOR PURPOSES THAT INCLUDE WELL DRILLING AND THE EXPLORATION OR PRODUCTION OF NATURAL GAS.
16 17	(C) "HYDRAULIC FRACTURING ACTIVITY" MEANS THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES RELATED TO HYDRAULIC FRACTURING:
18	(1) WELL DRILLING;
19	(2) THE EXPLORATION OR PRODUCTION OF NATURAL GAS; AND
20	(3) THE STORAGE, TREATMENT, OR TRANSPORT OF ANY:
21	(I) NATURAL GAS PRODUCED BY HYDRAULIC FRACTURING;
22 23	(II) CHEMICAL COMPONENT USED IN HYDRAULIC FRACTURING; OR
24 25	(III) WASTE FROM HYDRAULIC FRACTURING, INCLUDING PRODUCED WATERS.
26 27	(D) (1) "NATURAL GAS" MEANS ANY HYDROCARBON OR NONHYDROCARBON GAS THAT IS PRODUCED FROM A NATURAL RESERVOIR.
28	(2) "NATURAL GAS" INCLUDES:

- **CARBON DIOXIDE;** 1 (I)2(II)CASINGHEAD GAS; (III) HELIUM; 3 (IV) HYDROGEN; 4 (V) HYDROGEN SULFIDE; AND 5 (VI) NITROGEN. 6 7 "PERMITTEE" MEANS A PERSON THAT HOLDS A PERMIT ISSUED UNDER 8 § 14–104 OF THE ENVIRONMENT ARTICLE FOR NATURAL GAS EXPLORATION OR 9 PRODUCTION. 10 3-2102. 11 A PERMITTEE IS STRICTLY LIABLE FOR ANY INJURY, DEATH, OR LOSS TO 12PERSON OR PROPERTY THAT IS CAUSED BY THE HYDRAULIC FRACTURING 13 ACTIVITIES OF THE PERMITTEE. 14 IT IS NOT A DEFENSE TO AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE THAT THE HYDRAULIC FRACTURING ACTIVITIES OF THE PERMITTEE WERE IN COMPLIANCE 15 16 WITH: 17 **(1)** INDUSTRY STANDARDS; 18 **(2)** STATE OR FEDERAL LAW; OR **(3)** 19 THE CONDITIONS OF ANY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE PERMITTEE BY 20 A STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCY. 3-2103.21 22(A) IN AN ACTION BROUGHT BY A PLAINTIFF WHO RESIDES WITHIN THE PRESUMPTIVE IMPACT AREA DESCRIBED IN § 14-110.1 OF THE ENVIRONMENT 23ARTICLE, THERE IS A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION THAT THE HYDRAULIC 2425FRACTURING ACTIVITIES OF THE PERMITTEE ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF ANY INJURY, DEATH, OR LOSS TO PERSON OR PROPERTY ALLEGED BY THE PLAINTIFF. 26
- 27 (B) IF THE PLAINTIFF RESIDES IN THE PRESUMPTIVE IMPACT AREA OF WELLBORES BELONGING TO TWO OR MORE PERMITTEES, EACH PERMITTEE SHALL

- 1 BE PRESUMED UNDER THIS SECTION TO BE JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY LIABLE FOR
- 2 ANY INJURY, DEATH, OR LOSS TO PERSON OR PROPERTY ALLEGED BY THE
- 3 PLAINTIFF.
- 4 (C) THE PERMITTEE HAS THE BURDEN OF PROOF TO REBUT A
- 5 PRESUMPTION ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS SECTION.
- 6 **3–2104.**
- 7 A PROVISION IN ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT THAT ATTEMPTS OR
- 8 PURPORTS TO WAIVE THE RIGHT TO BRING AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBTITLE OR
- 9 REDUCE ANY LIABILITY SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBTITLE IS VOID AS AGAINST PUBLIC
- 10 **POLICY.**
- 11 **3–2105.**
- FOR THE PURPOSE OF AN ACTION BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE,
- 13 INFORMATION RELATING TO ANY CHEMICAL CONSTITUENT USED IN HYDRAULIC
- 14 FRACTURING IS:
- 15 (1) NOT PROTECTED AS A TRADE SECRET;
- 16 (2) DISCOVERABLE; AND
- 17 (3) ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE.
- 18 **3–2106.**
- 19 (A) IN AN ACTION BROUGHT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE, A PLAINTIFF MAY
- 20 RECOVER ANY ECONOMIC OR NONECONOMIC DAMAGES THAT WERE PROXIMATELY
- 21 CAUSED BY THE HYDRAULIC FRACTURING ACTIVITIES OF A PERMITTEE.
- 22 (B) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT AN ACT OR OMISSION OF A PERMITTEE
- 23 CONSTITUTES GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR RECKLESS, WILLFUL, OR WANTON
- 24 MISCONDUCT, OR THAT THE PERMITTEE ACTED IN VIOLATION OF STATE OR
- 25 FEDERAL LAW, THE COURT SHALL AWARD A PLAINTIFF AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
- 26 THREE TIMES ANY AWARD MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION.
- 27 **3–2107.**
- 28 This subtitle may be cited as the Hydraulic Fracturing Liability
- 29 **ACT.**

## Article - Environment

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- 3 (a) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, every holder of a permit to drill for gas or oil shall:
  - (6) Obtain and keep in effect comprehensive general liability insurance coverage in an amount not less than [\$300,000] **\$1,000,000** for each person and [\$500,000] **\$3,000,000** for each occurrence or accident to pay damages for injury to persons or damage to property caused by sudden accidental occurrences arising from, or in support of, the activities authorized by a permit issued under § 14–104 of this subtitle, including the costs and expenses incurred in the investigation, defense, or settlement of claims;
- 11 (7) Obtain and keep in effect environmental pollution liability insurance in 12 an amount not less than [\$1,000,000] **\$5,000,000** per loss for bodily injury and property 13 damage to persons and natural resource damage, including the costs of cleanup and 14 remediation, caused by the sudden or nonsudden release of pollutants arising from, or in 15 support of, the activities authorized by a permit issued under § 14–104 of this subtitle, 16 including the costs and expenses incurred in the investigation, defense, or settlement of 17 claims;
- 18 (b) The environmental pollution liability insurance required under subsection 19 (a)(7) of this section shall be maintained for [5] 21 years after the Department determines 20 that:
- 21 (1) The gas or oil well has been properly sealed and plugged; and
- 22 (2) The site has been reclaimed.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2015.