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(PRE-FILED)

6lr0548 CF SB 70

By: **Delegate Saab** Requested: August 6, 2015 Introduced and read first time: January 13, 2016 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Duties of Guardian of the Person and Visitation Between Adult Child and Parent

4 FOR the purpose of altering the duties of a guardian of the person of a disabled person to $\mathbf{5}$ include the duty to enforce the disabled person's right to receive visitors and certain 6 communications; requiring a guardian of the person of a disabled person to inform 7 certain relatives of the disabled person if the disabled person dies or has been 8 hospitalized for a certain period; requiring a guardian of the person of a deceased 9 disabled person to inform certain relatives of the disabled person of any funeral 10 arrangements and the location of the disabled person's final resting place; 11 authorizing a certain adult child to file a petition to compel visitation with a certain 12parent; requiring the petition to be filed in a certain circuit court and to include 13 certain information; requiring the petitioner to personally serve on and mail to 14 certain individuals a copy of the petition; requiring the court to determine whether 15the proposed visitee has retained or plans to retain an attorney; authorizing the court 16to appoint an attorney for an unrepresented proposed visitee; requiring the court to 17appoint an independent investigator to conduct an investigation and report written 18 findings to the court; establishing the duties of the independent investigator; 19establishing that the report of the independent investigator is confidential and shall 20be made available only to certain individuals; authorizing the court to order that an 21investigation is not necessary or that a more limited investigation may be performed 22under certain circumstances; requiring the court to mail notice of the hearing on the 23petition to certain individuals; requiring the court to determine whether the 24proposed visitee has sufficient capacity to make a knowing and intelligent visitation 25decision; requiring the court to determine whether the proposed visitee would want 26visitation under certain circumstances; requiring the court to grant or denv 27visitation under certain circumstances; establishing that a certain determination 28regarding capacity is not admissible as evidence in any other legal proceeding; 29requiring the court to order each petitioner to pay the reasonable fees and expenses 30 of the independent investigator and any attorney appointed for the proposed visitee;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



authorizing the court to order another individual to pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the independent investigator and any attorney appointed for the proposed visitee under certain circumstances; establishing that the court has continuing jurisdiction to vacate or modify an order issued under this Act; defining certain terms; and generally relating to visitation and communications between certain family members.

- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 8 Article Estates and Trusts
- 9 Section 13–708(a)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 13 Article Estates and Trusts
- 14 Section 13–708(b)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 17 BY adding to
- 18 Article Estates and Trusts
- 19 Section 13–708.1
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 22 BY adding to
- 23 Article Family Law
- 24Section 15–101 through 15–104 to be under the new title "Title 15. Visitation25Between Adult Child and Parent"
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 28 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 29 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
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Article – Estates and Trusts

31 13–708.

32 (a) (1) The court may grant to a guardian of a person only those powers 33 necessary to provide for the demonstrated need of the disabled person.

(2) (i) The court may appoint a guardian of the person of a disabled
 person for the limited purpose of making one or more decisions related to the health care
 of that person.

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1 (ii) The court may appoint a guardian of the person of a disabled 2 person for a limited period of time if it appears probable that the disability will cease within 3 1 year of the appointment of the guardian.

4 (b) Subject to subsection (a) of this section, the rights, duties, and powers which 5 the court may order include, but are not limited to:

6 (1) The same rights, powers, and duties that a parent has with respect to 7 an unemancipated minor child, except that the guardian is not liable solely by reason of the 8 guardianship to third persons for any act of the disabled person;

9 (2) The right to custody of the disabled person and to establish his place of 10 abode within and without the State, provided there is court authorization for any change 11 in the classification of abode, except that no one may be committed to a mental facility 12 without an involuntary commitment proceeding as provided by law;

13 (3) The duty to provide for care, comfort, and maintenance, including 14 social, recreational, and friendship requirements, and, if appropriate, for training and 15 education of the disabled person;

16 (4) THE DUTY TO ENFORCE THE DISABLED PERSON'S RIGHT TO 17 RECEIVE VISITORS, TELEPHONE CALLS, PERSONAL MAIL, AND ELECTRONIC 18 COMMUNICATIONS;

19 **[**(4)**] (5)** The duty to take reasonable care of the clothing, furniture, 20 vehicles, and other personal effects of the disabled person, and, if other property requires 21 protection, the power to commence protective proceedings;

[(5)] (6) If a guardian of the estate of the disabled person has not been appointed, the right to commence proceedings to compel performance by any person of his duty to support the disabled person, and to apply the estate to the support, care, and education of the disabled person, except that the guardian of the person may not obtain funds from the estate for room and board that the guardian, his spouse, parent, or child provide without a court order approving the charge, and the duty to exercise care to conserve any excess estate for the needs of the disabled person;

[(6)] (7) If a guardian of the estate has been appointed, the duty to control the custody and care of the disabled person, to receive reasonable sums for room and board provided to the disabled person, and to account to the guardian of the estate for funds expended, and the right to ask the guardian of the estate to expend the estate in payment of third persons for care and maintenance of the disabled person;

[(7)] (8) The duty to file an annual or biannual report with the court indicating the present place of residence and health status of the ward, the guardian's plan for preserving and maintaining the future well-being of the ward, and the need for continuance or cessation of the guardianship or for any alteration in the powers of the

guardian. The court shall renew the appointment of the guardian if it is satisfied that the 1 $\mathbf{2}$ grounds for the original appointment stated in § 13–705(b) of this subtitle continue to exist. 3 If the court believes such grounds may not exist, it shall hold a hearing, similar to that 4 provided for in § 13–705 of this subtitle, at which the guardian shall be required to prove that such grounds exist. If the court does not make these findings, it shall order the $\mathbf{5}$ discontinuance of the guardianship of the person. If the guardian declines to participate in 6 7 the hearing, the court may appoint another guardian to replace him pursuant to the priorities in \S 13–707(a) of this subtitle; and 8

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[(8)] (9) The power to give necessary consent or approval for:

10 (i) Medical or other professional care, counsel, treatment, or service, 11 including admission to a hospital or nursing home or transfer from one medical facility to 12 another;

13 (ii) Withholding medical or other professional care, counsel, 14 treatment, or service; and

15 (iii) Withdrawing medical or other professional care, counsel, 16 treatment, or service.

17 **13–708.1**.

18 (A) A GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON OF A DISABLED PERSON SHALL, AS SOON 19 AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE, INFORM THE DISABLED PERSON'S SPOUSE, ADULT 20 CHILDREN, ADULT GRANDCHILDREN, PARENTS, AND SIBLINGS IF THE DISABLED 21 PERSON DIES OR HAS BEEN HOSPITALIZED IN A HOSPITAL, AS DEFINED IN § 19–301 22 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE, FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST 3 DAYS.

(B) IN THE CASE OF THE DEATH OF THE DISABLED PERSON, THE GUARDIAN
SHALL, AS SOON AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE, INFORM THE DISABLED PERSON'S
SPOUSE, ADULT CHILDREN, ADULT GRANDCHILDREN, PARENTS, AND SIBLINGS OF
ANY FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS AND THE LOCATION OF THE DISABLED PERSON'S
FINAL RESTING PLACE.

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Article – Family Law

- 29 TITLE 15. VISITATION BETWEEN ADULT CHILD AND PARENT.
- 30 **15–101.**

31 (A) IN THIS TITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 32 INDICATED.

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1 (B) "ADULT CHILD" MEANS AN ADULT WHO IS THE BIOLOGICAL CHILD OF A 2 PROPOSED VISITEE OR WHO IS THE CHILD OF A PROPOSED VISITEE THROUGH 3 ADOPTION, THROUGH THE MARRIAGE OR FORMER MARRIAGE OF THE PROPOSED 4 VISITEE TO THE ADULT CHILD'S BIOLOGICAL PARENT, OR BY A JUDGMENT OF 5 PARENTAGE ENTERED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION.

6 (C) "PROPOSED VISITEE" MEANS A PARENT OF AN ADULT CHILD FOR WHOM 7 A VISITATION DECISION IS SOUGHT.

8 (D) "VISITATION" MEANS ANY IN-PERSON MEETING, OR ANY TELEPHONIC, 9 MAIL, OR ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION, BETWEEN A PROPOSED VISITEE AND THE 10 PROPOSED VISITEE'S ADULT CHILD.

11 (E) "VISITATION DECISION" MEANS A DECISION REGARDING VISITATION 12 BETWEEN A PROPOSED VISITEE AND AN ADULT CHILD, INCLUDING:

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(1) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF ANY VISITATION; AND

14(2)IF APPROVED, THE SPECIFICS OF THE VISITATION, INCLUDING15THE TIME, PLACE, AND MANNER OF THE VISITATION.

16 **15–102.**

17 (A) AN ADULT CHILD MAY FILE A PETITION TO COMPEL VISITATION WITH A 18 PROPOSED VISITEE.

19 **(B)** THE PETITION SHALL BE FILED IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE 20 COUNTY IN WHICH THE PROPOSED VISITEE IS DOMICILED OR IS TEMPORARILY 21 LIVING.

22 (C) THE PETITION SHALL STATE, TO THE EXTENT KNOWN TO THE 23 PETITIONER:

24 (1) THE CONDITION OF THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S HEALTH;

25 (2) THE PROPOSED VISITATION THAT IS SOUGHT;

26(3) THE EFFORTS MADE TO OBTAIN VISITATION WITH THE PROPOSED27 VISITEE;

28 (4) WHETHER THERE IS ANY DEFICIT IN THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S 29 MENTAL FUNCTIONS THAT AFFECTS THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S ABILITY TO RESPOND

1 KNOWINGLY AND INTELLIGENTLY TO QUESTIONS ABOUT THE PROPOSED 2 VISITATION; AND

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(5) THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF:

4 (I) THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S SPOUSE, ADULT CHILDREN, 5 ADULT GRANDCHILDREN, PARENTS, AND SIBLINGS; AND

6 (II) IF A GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON HAS BEEN APPOINTED FOR 7 THE PROPOSED VISITEE, THE GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON.

8 (D) THE PETITIONER SHALL:

9 (1) PERSONALLY SERVE A COPY OF THE PETITION ON THE PROPOSED
10 VISITEE AND THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S ATTORNEY AND GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON,
11 IF ANY; AND

12 (2) MAIL A COPY OF THE PETITION TO THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S 13 SPOUSE AND RELATIVES LISTED IN THE PETITION, AT THE ADDRESSES STATED IN 14 THE PETITION.

15 **15–103.**

16 (A) (1) ON THE FILING OF A PETITION UNDER THIS TITLE, THE COURT 17 SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPOSED VISITEE HAS RETAINED OR PLANS TO 18 RETAIN AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT THE PROPOSED VISITEE.

19(2) THE COURT MAY APPOINT AN ATTORNEY FOR AN20UNREPRESENTED PROPOSED VISITEE.

21 (B) THE COURT SHALL APPOINT AN INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATOR TO 22 CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION AND REPORT WRITTEN FINDINGS TO THE COURT.

- 23 (C) THE INVESTIGATOR SHALL:
- **24** (1) INTERVIEW:
- 25 (I) THE PROPOSED VISITEE;
- 26 (II) THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON, IF 27 ANY;
- 28 (III) EACH PETITIONER;

1 (IV) THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S SPOUSE; $\mathbf{2}$ **(**V**)** THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S ADULT CHILDREN AND PARENTS; 3 AND (VI) TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S 4 $\mathbf{5}$ **NEIGHBORS AND, IF KNOWN, CLOSE FRIENDS;** 6 (2) INFORM THE PROPOSED VISITEE OF THE CONTENTS OF THE 7 **PETITION:** 8 (3) DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPOSED VISITEE HAS THE 9 CAPACITY TO CONSENT TO THE REQUESTED VISITATION; AND 10(4) DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPOSED VISITEE DESIRES THE 11 **PROPOSED VISITATION.** 12 **(**D**)** AT LEAST 5 DAYS BEFORE THE HEARING ON THE PETITION, THE 13**INVESTIGATOR SHALL:** 14(1) FILE A WRITTEN REPORT OF THE INVESTIGATOR'S FINDINGS WITH 15THE COURT; AND 16 (2) MAIL A COPY OF THE REPORT TO: 17**(I)** THE PETITIONER AND THE PETITIONER'S ATTORNEY, IF 18ANY; 19 THE PROPOSED VISITEE, AND THE PROPOSED VISITEE'S **(II)** 20ATTORNEY AND GUARDIAN OF THE PERSON, IF ANY; 21(III) THE SPOUSE, ADULT CHILDREN, AND PARENTS OF THE 22PROPOSED VISITEE, UNLESS THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE MAILING WILL 23**RESULT IN HARM TO THE PROPOSED VISITEE; AND** 24(IV) ANY OTHER INDIVIDUALS THAT THE COURT ORDERS. 25THE REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND **(E)** SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE ONLY TO THE PARTIES, THE INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED 2627IN SUBSECTION (D)(2) OF THIS SECTION, INDIVIDUALS GIVEN NOTICE OF THE PETITION WHO HAVE REQUESTED THE REPORT OR WHO HAVE APPEARED IN THE 28

29 PROCEEDING, THEIR ATTORNEYS, AND THE COURT.

1 (F) IF AN INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATOR HAS PERFORMED AN 2 INVESTIGATION WITHIN THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS AND FURNISHED A REPORT OF 3 THE INVESTIGATION TO THE COURT, THE COURT MAY ORDER, ON GOOD CAUSE 4 SHOWN, THAT ANOTHER INVESTIGATION IS NOT NECESSARY OR THAT A MORE 5 LIMITED INVESTIGATION MAY BE PERFORMED.

6 **15–104.**

7 (A) THE COURT SHALL MAIL NOTICE OF THE HEARING ON A PETITION 8 UNDER THIS TITLE TO EACH INDIVIDUAL LISTED IN § 15–103(D)(2) OF THIS TITLE.

9 (B) IN RULING ON THE PETITION, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER 10 THE PROPOSED VISITEE HAS SUFFICIENT CAPACITY TO MAKE A KNOWING AND 11 INTELLIGENT VISITATION DECISION.

12 (C) THE COURT SHALL GRANT REASONABLE VISITATION IF:

13(1) THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED VISITEE HAS14SUFFICIENT CAPACITY TO MAKE A KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT VISITATION15DECISION; AND

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(2) THE PROPOSED VISITEE EXPRESSES A DESIRE FOR VISITATION.

17 (D) (1) IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED VISITEE LACKS 18 THE CAPACITY TO MAKE A KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT VISITATION DECISION, THE 19 COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPOSED VISITEE WOULD WANT 20 VISITATION WITH THE PETITIONER.

21 (2) IN DETERMINING WHETHER THE PROPOSED VISITEE WOULD 22 WANT VISITATION, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER:

23(I) THE HISTORY OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE24PROPOSED VISITEE AND THE PETITIONER;

25 (II) ANY STATEMENTS MADE BY THE PROPOSED VISITEE 26 EXPRESSING A DESIRE TO HAVE VISITATION WITH THE PETITIONER;

27(III) ANY POWER OF ATTORNEY OR OTHER DOCUMENT THAT28EXPRESSES AN OPINION ON VISITATION WITH THE PETITIONER; AND

29 (IV) THE REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATOR UNDER 30 § 15–103 OF THIS TITLE. 1(3)IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED VISITEE WOULD2WANT VISITATION AND THAT THE VISITATION IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE3PROPOSED VISITEE, THE COURT SHALL GRANT REASONABLE VISITATION.

4 (E) THE COURT MAY NOT GRANT VISITATION IF:

5 (1) THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED VISITEE HAS 6 SUFFICIENT CAPACITY TO MAKE A KNOWING AND INTELLIGENT VISITATION 7 DECISION; AND

8 (2) THE PROPOSED VISITEE EXPRESSES THAT THE PROPOSED 9 VISITEE DOES NOT DESIRE VISITATION.

10 **(F)** A DETERMINATION BY THE COURT REGARDING CAPACITY UNDER THIS 11 TITLE IS NOT ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDING.

12 (G) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, 13 THE COURT SHALL ORDER EACH PETITIONER TO PAY THE REASONABLE FEES AND 14 EXPENSES OF THE INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATOR AND ANY ATTORNEY APPOINTED 15 UNDER § 15–103 OF THIS TITLE.

16 (2) ON REQUEST OF A PETITIONER, THE COURT MAY ORDER 17 ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL TO PAY THE REASONABLE COSTS AND EXPENSES OF THE 18 INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATOR AND ANY ATTORNEY APPOINTED UNDER § 15–103 OF 19 THIS TITLE IF:

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(I) THE COURT FINDS THAT:

211. THE INDIVIDUAL HAD CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF A22PROPOSED VISITEE AND DENIED AN ADULT CHILD ACCESS TO THE PROPOSED23VISITEE FOR THE PURPOSE OF VISITATION; AND

24 **2.** THE DENIAL WAS IN BAD FAITH OR WITHOUT 25 SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION; AND

26(II) THE INDIVIDUAL IS GIVEN NOTICE OF AND A REASONABLE27OPPORTUNITY TO RESPOND TO THE REQUEST.

28 (H) THE COURT HAS CONTINUING JURISDICTION TO VACATE OR MODIFY AN 29 ORDER ISSUED UNDER THIS SECTION.

30 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 31 October 1, 2016.