## **HOUSE BILL 914**

E2 6lr2360

By: Delegate Carter Delegates Carter, Anderson, Morales, Adams, Barron, Branch, Carozza, Conaway, Dumais, Folden, Fraser-Hidalgo, Glass, Hayes, Moon, B. Robinson, Rosenberg, Smith, Sydnor, Vallario, Vaughn, Waldstreicher, Walker, M. Washington, West, and C. Wilson

Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2016

Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 16, 2016

CHAPTER
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- 1 AN ACT concerning
- 2 Criminal Procedure Expungement Acquittal, Dismissal, and Nolle Prosequi
- 3 FOR the purpose of providing that a person who has been charged with the commission of a certain crime is entitled to automatic expungement of certain records under certain 4 5 circumstances; requiring a certain court to take certain actions within a certain time 6 after a certain disposition; requiring the Criminal Justice Information System 7 Central Repository, a booking facility, and a certain law enforcement unit to take 8 certain actions within a certain period of time after receipt of a certain notice; 9 providing that a certain police or court record may not be expunged by obliteration during a certain time; requiring that certain records be removed to a certain area 10 during a certain time; authorizing a certain person entitled to expungement to take 11 certain actions if a court, a law enforcement unit, a booking facility, or the Central 12 Repository fails to expunge a police or court record in accordance with this Act: 13 providing that a person who is entitled to expungement under this Act a certain 14 15 provision of law based on an acquittal, a dismissal, a nolle prosegui, or a nolle 16 prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol treatment may not be required to 17 pay any fee or costs in connection with the expungement; making conforming 18 <del>changes;</del> and generally relating to expungement.
  - BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 20 Article Criminal Procedure
- 21 Section 10-105

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## EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)				
3 4 5 6 7	BY adding to Article – Criminal Procedure Section 10–105.1 10–105(h) Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)				
8 9	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:				
10	Article – Criminal Procedure				
11	10–105.				
12 13 14 15 16 17	(a) A person who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a violation of the Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be imposed, or who has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile offense, as a substitute for a criminal charge may file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police record, court record, or other record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of the State if:				
18	(1) [the person is acquitted;				
19	(2) the charge is otherwise dismissed;				
20 21 22	(3)] a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is charged with a violation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 or § 3–211 of the Criminal Law Article;				
23 24	[(4)] (2) a [nolle prosequi or] nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol treatment is entered;				
25 26 27	[(5)] (3) the court indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by marking the criminal charge "stet" or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment on the docket;				
28 29	[(6)] (4) the case is compromised under § 3-207 of the Criminal Law Article;				
30 31	<del>[(7)] (5)</del> the charge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of this article;				
32	<del>[(8)] (6)</del> the person:				

$\frac{1}{2}$	of violence; and	<del>(1)</del>	is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a crime
	or violetice, and		
3		<del>(ii)</del>	is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;
4	<del>[(9)] (</del>		the person was convicted of a crime or found not criminally
5	responsible under a	<del>any St</del>	ate or local law that prohibits:
6		<del>(i)</del>	urination or defecation in a public place;
7		<del>(ii)</del>	panhandling or soliciting money;
8		<del>(iii)</del>	drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;
9 10	<del>public conveyance;</del>	<del>(iv)</del>	obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a
10	<del>public conveyance,</del>		
11		<del>(v)</del>	sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or doorways;
12		<del>(vi)</del>	<del>loitering;</del>
13		<del>(vii)</del>	<del>vagrancy;</del>
14 15	exhibiting proof of		riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or ent; or
16 17	was an ar athan	dan aa	except for earrying or possessing an explosive, acid, concealed
17 18			rous article as provided in § 7–705(b)(6) of the Transportation recified in § 7–705 of the Transportation Article;
19	<del>[(10)]</del>	(8)	the person was found not criminally responsible under any State
$\frac{13}{20}$	or local law that pr		
21		<del>(i)</del>	<del>trespass;</del>
22		<del>(ii)</del>	disturbing the peace; or
23		<del>(iii)</del>	telephone misuse; or
24	<del>[(11)]</del>	<del>(9)</del>	the person was convicted of a crime and the act on which the
25	conviction was bas	<del>ed is n</del>	<del>o longer a crime.</del>
26	(9-1) A ner	<del>on's 2</del>	ttorney or personal representative may file a petition, on behalf of
$\frac{20}{27}$	the person, for exp	<del>ungen</del>	nent under this section if the person died before disposition of the
28	charge by nolle pro		

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1	(b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a person
2	shall file a petition in the court in which the proceeding began.
3 4 5	(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, if the proceeding began in one court and was transferred to another court, the person shall file the petition in the court to which the proceeding was transferred.
6 7 8	(ii) If the proceeding began in one court and was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 or § 4–202.2 of this article, the person shall file the petition in the court of original jurisdiction from which the order of transfer was entered.
9 10 11	(3) (i) If the proceeding in a court of original jurisdiction was appealed to a court exercising appellate jurisdiction, the person shall file the petition in the appellate court.
12 13	(ii) The appellate court may remand the matter to the court of original jurisdiction.
14	(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a petition for
15	expungement based on an acquittal, a nolle prosequi, or a dismissal may not be filed within
16	3 years after the disposition, unless the petitioner files with the petition a written general
17	waiver and release of all the petitioner's tort claims arising from the charge.
18 19 20	(2)] A petition for expungement based on a probation before judgment or a stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment may not be filed earlier than the later of:
21	(i) the date the petitioner was discharged from probation or the
22	requirements of obtaining drug or alcohol abuse treatment were completed; or
23	(ii) 3 years after the probation was granted or stet with the
$\frac{24}{24}$	requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment was entered on the docket.
25	(3) (2) A petition for expungement based on a nolle prosequi with the
26	requirement of drug or alcohol treatment may not be filed until the completion of the
27	required treatment.
28	[(4)] (3) A petition for expungement based on a full and unconditional
29	pardon by the Governor may not be filed later than 10 years after the pardon was signed
30	by the Governor.

[(5)] (4) Except as provided in paragraph [(2)] (1) of this subsection, a petition for expungement based on a stet or a compromise under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article may not be filed within 3 years after the stet or compromise.

1 2 3	[(6)] (5) A petition for expungement based on the conviction of a crime under subsection [(a)(9)] (A)(7) of this section may not be filed within 3 years after the conviction or satisfactory completion of the sentence, including probation, that was imposed
4	for the conviction, whichever is later.
5	[(7)] (6) A petition for expungement based on a finding of not criminally
6 7	responsible under subsection-[(a)(9) or (10)] (A)(7) OR (8) of this section may not be filed within 3 years after the finding of not criminally responsible was made by the court.
8 9	[(8)] (7) A court may grant a petition for expungement at any time on a showing of good cause.
10 11	(d) (1) The court shall have a copy of a petition for expungement served on the State's Attorney.
12 13 14	(2) Unless the State's Attorney files an objection to the petition for expungement within 30 days after the petition is served, the court shall pass an order requiring the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.
15 16	(e) (1) If the State's Attorney files a timely objection to the petition, the court shall hold a hearing.
17 18 19	(2) If the court at the hearing finds that the person is entitled to expungement, the court shall order the expungement of all police records and court records about the charge.
20 21	(3) If the court finds that the person is not entitled to expungement, the court shall deny the petition.
22	(4) The person is not entitled to expungement if:
23 24 25 26	(i) the petition is based on the entry of probation before judgment, except a probation before judgment for a crime where the act on which the conviction is based is no longer a crime, and the person within 3 years of the entry of the probation before judgment has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or a crime where
<ul><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	the act on which the conviction is based is no longer a crime; or  (ii) the person is a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding.
29 30 31 32	(f) Unless an order is stayed pending an appeal, within 60 days after entry of the order, every custodian of the police records and court records that are subject to the order of expungement shall advise in writing the court and the person who is seeking expungement of compliance with the order.

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SHALL:

1	(2) A party aggrieved by the decision of the court is entitled to appellate
2	review as provided in the Courts Article.
3	<del>10–105.1.</del>
4	(A) UNLESS THE STATE OBJECTS AND SHOWS CAUSE WHY A RECORD
5	SHOULD NOT BE EXPUNGED, A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH THE
6	COMMISSION OF A CRIME, INCLUDING A VIOLATION OF THE TRANSPORTATION
7	ARTICLE FOR WHICH A TERM OF IMPRISONMENT MAY BE IMPOSED, OR WHO HAS
8	BEEN CHARGED WITH A CIVIL OFFENSE OR AN INFRACTION, EXCEPT A JUVENILE
9	OFFENSE, AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A CRIMINAL CHARGE, IS ENTITLED TO AUTOMATIC
0	EXPUNGEMENT OF ALL POLICE RECORDS, COURT RECORDS, AND OTHER RECORDS
1	MAINTAINED BY THE STATE OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE RELATING
2	TO THE MATTER IF:
13	(1) THE PERSON IS ACQUITTED;
4	(2) THE CHARGE IS DISMISSED; OR
5	(3) A NOLLE PROSEQUI OTHER THAN A NOLLE PROSEQUI WITH THE
6	REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL TREATMENT IS ENTERED.
<b>7</b>	(B) WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER A DISPOSITION OF A CHARGE UNDER
18	SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT WITH JURISDICTION OVER THE
19	MATTER SHALL:
	(1) CHARGE DELIGENTED FOR AND EXPLINED FACE COURT DECORD
20	(1) SEARCH DILIGENTLY FOR AND EXPUNGE EACH COURT RECORD
21	ABOUT THE CHARGE; AND
22	(2) SEND A NOTICE OF EXPUNGEMENT CONTAINING ALL RELEVANT
23	FACTS ABOUT THE EXPUNGEMENT AND UNDERLYING CHARGE TO:
24	(I) THE CENTRAL REPOSITORY;
	· *
25	(H) EACH BOOKING FACILITY OR LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT
26	THAT THE COURT BELIEVES MAY HAVE A POLICE RECORD ABOUT THE ARREST,
27	CONFINEMENT, OR CHARGE; AND
28	(HI) THE PERSON ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT.
29	(C) WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE NOTICE, THE CENTRAL
30	REPOSITORY, A BOOKING FACILITY, AND ANY OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT

1	(1) SEARCH DILIGENTLY FOR AND EXPUNGE EACH POLICE AND
2	COURT RECORD ABOUT THE ARREST, CONFINEMENT, OR CHARGING OF THE
3	PERSON; AND
4	(2) ADVISE IN WRITING THE PERSON ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT O
5	COMPLIANCE WITH THE ORDER.
6	(D) (1) A POLICE OR COURT RECORD EXPUNGED UNDER THIS SECTION
7	MAY NOT BE EXPUNGED BY OBLITERATION UNTIL 3 YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF
8	EXPUNGEMENT.
9	(2) During the 3-year period described in paragraph (1) of
0	THIS SUBSECTION, THE RECORDS SHALL BE REMOVED TO A SEPARATE SECURE ARE
1	TO WHICH PERSONS WHO DO NOT HAVE A LEGITIMATE REASON FOR ACCESS AR
2	DENIED ACCESS.
13	(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, A LEGITIMATE REASON FOR
4	ACCESSING THE RECORDS INCLUDES USING THE RECORDS FOR PURPOSES OF
15	PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO THE ARREST OR CHARGE.
6	(E) IF A COURT, A LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT, A BOOKING FACILITY, OR THE
7	CENTRAL REPOSITORY FAILS TO EXPUNGE A POLICE OR COURT RECORD A
18	REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OR (C) OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSON ENTITLES
9	TO EXPUNGEMENT MAY:
20	(1) SEEK REDRESS BY MEANS OF ANY APPROPRIATE LEGAL REMEDY
21	<del>AND</del>
22	(2) RECOVER COURT COSTS.
23	(F) A PERSON WHO IS ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION
24	MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO PAY ANY FEE OR COSTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE
25	EXPUNGEMENT.
26	(H) A PERSON WHO IS ENTITLED TO EXPUNGEMENT UNDER THIS SECTION
27	BASED ON AN ACQUITTAL, A DISMISSAL, A NOLLE PROSEQUI, OR A NOLLE PROSEQU
28	WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF DRUG OR ALCOHOL TREATMENT MAY NOT BY

30 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 31 October 1, 2016.

REQUIRED TO PAY ANY FEE OR COSTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXPUNGEMENT.

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