HOUSE BILL 1163

E2 (7lr2015)

ENROLLED BILL

— Judiciary/Judicial Proceedings —

Introduced by Delegates A. Miller, Angel, Dumais, Frush, Gutierrez, Queen, and K. Young

Read and	Examined	by Proo	freaders:			
					Proofre	ader.
					Proofre	ader.
Sealed with the Great Seal and	presented	to the	Governor,	for his a	approval	this
day of	at			o'clock	,	M.
					Spea	aker.
	CHAPTER					
AN ACT concerning						
Criminal Procedure - Co	nditional (Amber's		e – Electro	nic Monit	oring	
FOR the purpose of requiring a certal a victim, electronic monitoric condition of pretrial release; a	ing that p	rovides	a certain '	victim not	ification	as a
to electronic monitoring that pretrial release under certs						
defendant to pay a certain fee		-		~		
under certain circumstances	•	_				_
violating certain release cond	itions rega	rding co	ntacting a 	certain vic t	im; <u>requ</u>	iring
a judicial officer to provide					-	_
certain reasonable protection	_	_			_	
include electronic monitorin	e that pr	ovides s	- certain v	rictim noti	tication	88 8

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

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Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

Italics indicate opposite chamber/conference committee amendments.



1	condition of probation; requiring that a certain victim impact statement identify a
2	request by a victim that a person be placed on electronic monitoring with certain
3	victim notification; requiring that the State Board of Victim Services include in a
4	certain pamphlet information on how a victim may request that a person be placed
5	on electronic monitoring with certain victim notification; defining a certain term; and
6	generally relating to conditions of release for victim protection.
7	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
8	Article – Criminal Procedure
9	Section $5-201$, $5-202$ (e), $5-213.1$, $6-220$ (b), $11-203$, $11-402$ (e)(6), $11-402$ (e)(6) and
10	11–914(9)
11	Annotated Code of Maryland
12	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
13	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
14	Article – Criminal Procedure
$\overline{15}$	Section 11–101(a), 11–104(b), 11–402(e)(1), and 11–914(1), (2), and (3)
16	Annotated Code of Maryland
17	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
	(2000 Replacement volume and 2010 Supplement)
18	BY adding to
19	Article – Criminal Procedure
20	Section 11–101(f) and 11–105
21	Annotated Code of Maryland
22	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
23	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
$\frac{1}{24}$	Article - Family Law
$\frac{1}{25}$	Section 4-509(a)
26	Annotated Code of Maryland
$\frac{27}{27}$	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
28	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
29	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
0.0	
30	Article – Criminal Procedure
31	5–201.
32	(a) In this section, "victim stay-away alert technology" has the
33	MEANING STATED IN § 11–101 OF THIS ARTICLE.
34	(B) (1) The court or a District Court commissioner shall consider including, as
35	a condition of pretrial release for a defendant, reasonable protections for the safety of the
36	alleged victim.

1	(2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court or
2	a District Court commissioner shall consider including, as a condition of pretrial release,
3	provisions regarding:
4	(I) no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's
5	premises or place of employment; AND
6	(II) ELECTRONIC MONITORING, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC
7	MONITORING WITH VICTIM STAY-AWAY ALERT TECHNOLOGY.
8	(b) (C) (1) In accordance with eligibility criteria, conditions, and procedures
9	required under the Maryland Rules, the court may require, as a condition of a defendant's
10	pretrial release, that the defendant be monitored by a private home detention monitoring
11	agency licensed under Title 20 of the Business Occupations and Professions Article.
12	(2) A defendant placed in private home detention under paragraph (1) of
13	this subsection shall pay directly to the private home detention monitoring agency the
14	agency's monitoring fee.
15	5–202.
16	(e) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of
17	a defendant charged with violating:
18	(i) the provisions of a temporary protective order described in §
19	4-505(a)(2)(i) of the Family Law Article or the provisions of a protective order described in
20	§ 4-506(d)(1) of the Family Law Article that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or
21	threatening to abuse a person eligible for relief; or
22	(ii) the provisions of an order for protection, as defined in § 4-508.1
23	of the Family Law Article, issued by a court of another state or of a Native American tribe
24	that order the defendant to refrain from abusing or threatening to abuse a person eligible
25	for relief, if the order is enforceable under § 4–508.1 of the Family Law Article.
26	(2) A judge may allow the pretrial release of a defendant described in
27	paragraph (1) of this subsection on:
28	(i) suitable bail;
29	(ii) any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the
30	defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
50	actorition with not nee of post a danger to an other person of the community, or
31 32	(iii) both bail and other conditions described under item (ii) of this paragraph.

1	(3) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is
2	presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4-216(f), the judge shall order the continued
3	detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any
4	condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not
5	flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial.
6	(4) (I) As a condition of pretrial release of a defendant

- 6 (4) (I) AS A CONDITION OF PRETRIAL RELEASE OF A DEFENDANT
 7 DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A JUDGE MAY ORDER THAT
 8 THE DEFENDANT:
- 12 **2.** EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
 13 PARAGRAPH, BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING THE FEE FOR ELECTRONIC
 14 MONITORING.
- 15 (H) IF A JUDGE DETERMINES THAT A DEFENDANT CANNOT
 16 AFFORD TO PAY THE FEE FOR ELECTRONIC MONITORING, A JUDGE MAY EXEMPT THE
 17 DEFENDANT WHOLLY OR PARTLY FROM THE FEE AND ORDER THAT THE FEE BE PAID
 18 BY THE SUPERVISING AUTHORITY.
- 19 5-213.1.
- 20 (a) A person charged with committing [a violation of Title 3, Subtitle 3 of the Criminal Law Article] A CRIME against a victim [who is a minor] may not violate a condition of pretrial or posttrial release prohibiting the person from contacting, harassing, or abusing the alleged victim or going in or near the alleged victim's residence or place of employment.
- 25 (b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor 26 and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days.
- 27 6 220.
- 28 (b) (1) When a defendant pleads guilty or nole contendere or is found guilty of a crime, a court may stay the entering of judgment, defer further proceedings, and place the defendant on probation subject to reasonable conditions if:
- 31 (i) the court finds that the best interests of the defendant and the 32 public welfare would be served; and
- 33 (ii) the defendant gives written consent after determination of guilt 34 or acceptance of a nolo contendere plea.

1 2	inaluda an a	(2) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, the conditions may
	meruut an o	tuer that the defendant.
3		(i) pay a fine or monetary penalty to the State or make restitution;
4	[or]	
5		(ii) participate in a rehabilitation program, the parks program, or a
6	voluntary h	ospital program; OR
7		(III) BE SUBJECT TO ELECTRONIC MONITORING, INCLUDING
8	ELECTRON	C MONITORING WITH VICTIM STAY-AWAY ALERT TECHNOLOGY AS
9	DEFINED IN	\$ 11-101 OF THIS ARTICLE.
0		(3) Before the court orders a fine, monetary penalty, or restitution, the
1	defendant is	entitled to notice and a hearing to determine the amount of the fine, monetary
2		estitution, what payment will be required, and how payment will be made.
	1 0	
13		(4) Any fine or monetary penalty imposed as a condition of probation shall
L4	be within th	e amount set by law for a violation resulting in conviction.
15		(5) As a condition of probation, the court may order a person to a term of
16	custodial co	nfinement or imprisonment.
.7	11–101.	
18	(a)	In this title the following words have the meanings indicated.
0	(E)	"VICTIM STAY-AWAY ALERT TECHNOLOGY" MEANS A SYSTEM OF
.9 20	(F)	C MONITORING THAT IS CAPABLE OF NOTIFYING A VICTIM IF THE
21		IT IS AT OR NEAR A LOCATION FROM WHICH THE DEFENDANT HAS BEEN
22		BY THE COURT TO STAY AWAY.
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23	11–104.	
24	(b)	On first contact with a victim or victim's representative, a law enforcement
25	` '	rict Court commissioner, or juvenile intake officer shall give the victim or the
26		resentative the pamphlet described in § 11–914(9)(i) of this title.
27	<u>11–105.</u>	
00	O NT 4	EINDING OF BRODADIE GAUGE AND BREODE WITE IGGIVANCE OF AN
28	·	FINDING OF PROBABLE CAUSE AND BEFORE THE ISSUANCE OF AN
29	AKKEST WA	ARRANT OR A SUMMONS, A JUDICIAL OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE TO AN

INDIVIDUAL FILING AN APPLICATION FOR A STATEMENT OF CHARGES UNDER

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1	MARYLAND RULE 4-211(B) AN OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST REASONABLE
2	PROTECTIONS FOR THE SAFETY OF AN ALLEGED VICTIM OR THE VICTIM'S FAMILY.
3	11-203.
4	As provided under § 5-201 of this article or § 3-8A-15 of the Courts Article, the
5	court, a juvenile intake officer, or a District Court commissioner shall consider:
6	(1) the safety of the alleged victim in setting conditions of:
7	(i) the pretrial release of a defendant; or
8 9	(ii) the prehearing release of a child respondent who is alleged to have committed a delinquent act; [and]
10	(2) a condition of no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's
11	premises or place of employment; AND
	processing of process of company and the
12	(3) A CONDITION THAT THE DEFENDANT BE PLACED ON ELECTRONIC
13	MONITORING, INCLUDING ELECTRONIC MONITORING WITH VICTIM STAY-AWAY
14	ALERT TECHNOLOGY.
15	11–402.
16	(e) A victim impact statement for a crime or delinquent act shall:
17	(1) identify the victim;
18 19 20 21 22	(6) identify any request by the victim to prohibit the defendant or child respondent from having contact with the victim as a condition of probation, parole, mandatory supervision, work release, or any other judicial or administrative release of the defendant or child respondent, INCLUDING A REQUEST FOR ELECTRONIC MONITORING OR ELECTRONIC MONITORING WITH VICTIM STAY-AWAY ALERT TECHNOLOGY; and
23	11–914.
24	Subject to the authority of the Executive Director, the Board shall:
25 26	(1) submit to the Governor an annual written report of its activities, including its administration of the Fund;
27	(2) monitor the service needs of victims;
28	(3) advise the Governor on the needs of victims;

1 2 3 4 5 6	(9) develop pamphlets to notify victims and victim's representatives of the rights, services, and procedures provided under Article 47 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights or State law [and], how to request information regarding an unsolved case, AND HOW TO REQUEST THAT AN OFFENDER BE PLACED ON ELECTRONIC MONITORING OR ELECTRONIC MONITORING WITH VICTIM STAY-AWAY ALERT TECHNOLOGY, including:
7 8 9	(i) one pamphlet relating to the MDEC system protocol registration process and the time before and after the filing of a charging document other than an indictment or information in circuit court; and
10 11	(ii) a second pamphlet relating to the time after the filing of an indictment or information in circuit court; and
12	Article - Family Law
13	4–509.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) A person who fails to comply with the relief granted in an interim protective order under § 4-504.1(e)(1), (2), (3), (4)(i), (7), or (8) of this subtitle, a temporary protective order under § 4-505(a)(2)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (viii) of this subtitle, or a final protective order under § 4-506(d)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5), or (f) of this subtitle is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject, for each offense, to: (1) for a first offense, a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or both; and (2) for a second or subsequent offense, a fine not exceeding \$2,500 or
22	imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or both.
23 24	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2017.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.