$\begin{array}{c} \text{E3} \\ \text{CF HB 853} \end{array}$

By: Senator Muse

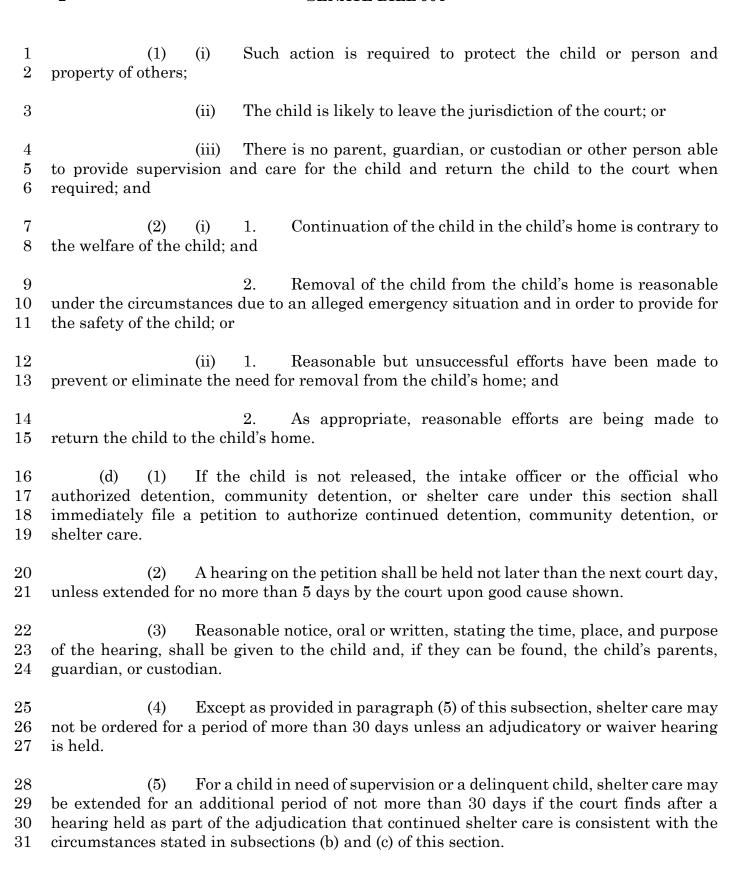
Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2017

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning					
2	Juvenile Law - Continued Detention - Minimum Age					
3 4 5	FOR the purpose of prohibiting the continued detention, beyond emergency detention, of a child under a certain age unless the child is alleged to have committed a certain crime of violence; and generally relating to juvenile law.					
6 7 8 9 10	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings Section 3–8A–15 Annotated Code of Maryland (2013 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)					
11 12	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:					
13	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings					
14	3–8A–15.					
15 16	(a) Only the court or an intake officer may authorize detention, community detention, or shelter care for a child who may be in need of supervision or delinquent.					
17 18	(b) If a child is taken into custody under this subtitle, the child may be placed in detention or community detention prior to a hearing if:					
19	(1) Such action is required to protect the child or others; or					
20	(2) The child is likely to leave the jurisdiction of the court.					
21 22	(c) A child taken into custody under this subtitle may be placed in emergency shelter care or community detention prior to a hearing if:					





32 (6) (i) An adjudicatory or waiver hearing shall be held no later than 30 days after the date a petition for detention or community detention is granted.

1 If a child is detained or placed in community detention after an 2 adjudicatory hearing, a disposition hearing shall be held no later than 14 days after the 3 adjudicatory hearing. 4 Detention or community detention time may be extended in 5 increments of not more than 14 days where the petition charges the child with a delinquent 6 act and where the court finds, after a subsequent hearing, that extended detention or 7 community detention is necessary either: 8 1. For the protection of the child; or 9 2. For the protection of the community. 10 **(E)** NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, 11 DETENTION MAY NOT BE CONTINUED BEYOND EMERGENCY DETENTION FOR A CHILD 12 UNDER THE AGE OF 13 YEARS UNLESS THE CHILD IS ALLEGED TO HAVE COMMITTED 13 A CRIME OF VIOLENCE AS DEFINED UNDER § 14–101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW 14 ARTICLE. 15 [(e)] **(F)** (1) Detention or community detention may not be continued beyond 16 emergency detention or community detention unless, upon an order of court after a hearing, 17 the court has found that one or more of the circumstances stated in subsection (b) of this 18 section exist. A court order under this paragraph shall: 19 (2)20 Contain a written determination of whether or not the criteria contained in subsection (c)(1) and (2) of this section have been met; and 2122 (ii) Specify which of the circumstances stated in subsection (b) of this 23section exist. If the court has not specifically prohibited community detention, 24 25the Department of Juvenile Services may release the child from detention into community detention and place the child in: 26 27 1. Shelter care; or 28 2. The custody of the child's parent, guardian, custodian, or 29 other person able to provide supervision and care for the child and to return the child to 30 court when required. 31 (ii) If a child who has been released by the Department of Juvenile Services or the court into community detention violates the conditions of community 3233 detention, and it is necessary to protect the child or others, an intake officer may authorize the detention of the child. 34

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	(iii) court of:	The Department of Juvenile Services shall promptly notify the
3 4	(i) of this paragraph; or	1. The release of a child from detention under subparagraph
5 6	of this paragraph.	2. The return to detention of a child under subparagraph (ii)
7 8 9	(iv) of this paragraph, the in petition to authorize cont	1. If a child is returned to detention under subparagraph (ii) ntake officer who authorized detention shall immediately file a sinued detention.
10 11 12	shall be held no later that the court on good cause s	2. A hearing on the petition to authorize continued detention n the next court day, unless extended for no more than 5 days by hown.
13 14 15	and purpose of the hearing parents, guardian, or cus	3. Reasonable notice, oral or written, stating the time, place, ag, shall be given to the child and, if they can be located, the child's todian.
16 17	[(f)] (G) (1) care if the court has foun	Shelter care may only be continued beyond emergency shelter d that:
18 19	(i) welfare of the child; and	Continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the
20 21	(ii) due to an alleged emerge	1. Removal of the child from the child's home is necessary ncy situation and in order to provide for the safety of the child; or
22 23	or eliminate the need for	2. Reasonable but unsuccessful efforts were made to prevent removal of the child from the home.
24 25 26	(2) (i) emergency, the court shareasonable.	If the court continues shelter care on the basis of an alleged all assess whether the absence of efforts to prevent removal was
27 28	(ii) was not reasonable, the c	If the court finds that the absence of efforts to prevent removal court shall make a written determination so stating.
29 30 31	` '	ourt shall make a determination as to whether reasonable efforts it possible to return the child to the child's home or whether the reasonable.

A child alleged to be delinquent may not be detained in a jail or other

[(g)] (H) A child alleged facility for the detention of adults.

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1	[(h)] (I)	(1)	A child alleged to be in need of supervision may not be placed in:		
2		(i)	Detention or community detention;		
3		(ii)	A State mental health facility; or		
4 5	applicable State li	(iii) censin	A shelter care facility that is not operating in compliance with g laws.		
6 7 8 9	(2) Subject to paragraph (1)(iii) of this subsection, a child alleged to be in need of supervision may be placed in shelter care facilities maintained or approved by the Social Services Administration or the Department of Juvenile Services or in a private home or shelter care facility approved by the court.				
10 11 12 13 14	shall jointly adopt	when regula	Secretary of Human Resources and the Secretary of Juvenile appropriate, with the Secretary of Health and Mental Hygiene tions to ensure that any child placed in shelter care pursuant to a bsection (d) of this section be provided appropriate services,		
15		(i)	Health care services;		
16		(ii)	Counseling services;		
17		(iii)	Education services;		
18		(iv)	Social work services; and		
19		(v)	Drug and alcohol abuse assessment or treatment services.		
20	(4)	In ad	dition to any other provision, the regulations shall require:		
21 22 23	days of placement	(i) of a ch	The Department of Juvenile Services to develop a plan within 45 aild in a shelter care facility to assess the child's treatment needs;		
$\frac{24}{25}$	counsel.	(ii)	The plan to be submitted to all parties to the petition and their		
26 27 28 29 30 31	[(i)] (J) The intake officer or the official who authorized detention, community detention, or shelter care under this subtitle shall immediately give written notice of the authorization for detention, community detention, or shelter care to the child's parent guardian, or custodian and to the court. The notice shall be accompanied by a statement of the reasons for taking the child into custody and placing him in detention, community detention, or shelter care. This notice may be combined with the notice required under				

subsection (d) of this section.

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- [(j)] (K) (1) If a child is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, the court or a juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child pending an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, reasonable protections for the safety of the alleged victim.
- 5 (2) If a victim has requested reasonable protections for safety, the court or juvenile intake officer shall consider including, as a condition of releasing the child pending an adjudicatory or disposition hearing, provisions regarding no contact with the alleged victim or the alleged victim's premises or place of employment.
- 9 [(k)] (L) If a child remains in a facility used for detention for the specific act for which the child has been adjudicated delinquent for more than 25 days after the court has 11 made a disposition on a petition under § 3–8A–19 of this subtitle, the Department of 12 Juvenile Services shall:
- 13 (1) On the first available court date after the 25th day that the child 14 remains in a facility used for detention, appear at a hearing before the court with the child 15 to explain the reasons for continued detention; and
- 16 (2) Every 25 days thereafter, appear at another hearing before the court with the child to explain the reasons for continued detention.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 19 October 1, 2017.