# HOUSE BILL 580

Q3 9lr1578 CF SB 412

### By: Delegates Valentino–Smith, Acevero, Chang, Corderman, Hettleman, Holmes, R. Lewis, Lierman, Reznik, and R. Watson

Introduced and read first time: February 4, 2019 Assigned to: Ways and Means

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Income Tax – Personal Exemption – Disabled Individuals

3 FOR the purpose of authorizing certain disabled individuals to deduct a certain amount as

4 a personal exemption under the Maryland income tax; providing for the application

5 of this Act; and generally relating to a deduction for personal exemptions under the

- 6 Maryland income tax.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Tax General
- 9 Section 10–211
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 13 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

- 13 I hat the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 14 Article Tax General
- 15 10-211.

16 (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, an individual may deduct an 17 exemption for:

- 18 (1) the taxpayer;
- 19 (2) the spouse of the taxpayer if:
- 20

(i) a joint return is not made by the taxpayer and the spouse; and

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1 (ii) the spouse, for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the 2 taxpayer begins, has no gross income and is not a dependent of another taxpayer; and

3 (3) each individual who is a dependent, as defined in § 152 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code, of the taxpayer for the taxable year.

5 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, whether or not a federal 6 return is filed, to determine Maryland taxable income, an individual other than a fiduciary 7 may deduct as an exemption:

8 (1) \$3,200 for each exemption that the individual may deduct under 9 subsection (a) of this section;

10 (2) an additional \$3,200 for each dependent, as defined in § 152 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code, who is at least 65 years old on the last day of the taxable year;

12 (3) an additional \$1,000 if the individual, on the last day of the taxable 13 year, is at least 65 years old; and

(4) an additional \$1,000 if the individual, on the last day of the taxable
year, [is a blind individual,] HAS A PERMANENT PHYSICAL DISABILITY, INCLUDING
BLINDNESS, as described in § 10–208(c) of this subtitle.

17 (c) (1) If an individual other than one described in paragraph (2) of this 18 subsection has federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year greater than \$100,000, 19 the amount allowed for each exemption under subsection (b)(1) or (2) of this section is 20 limited to:

(i) \$1,600 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year does
not exceed \$125,000;

(ii) \$800 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is
greater than \$125,000 but not greater than \$150,000; and

(iii) \$0 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is greater
than \$150,000.

(2) If a married couple filing a joint return or an individual described in §
2 of the Internal Revenue Code as a head of household or as a surviving spouse has federal
adjusted gross income for the taxable year greater than \$150,000, the amount allowed for
each exemption under subsection (b)(1) or (2) of this section is limited to:

31 (i) \$1,600 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year does
32 not exceed \$175,000;

(ii) \$800 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is
 greater than \$175,000 but not greater than \$200,000; and

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1(iii) \$0 if federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year is greater2than \$200,000.

3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 4 1, 2019, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018.