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By: Delegate Cardin

Introduced and read first time: February 27, 2019 Assigned to: Rules and Executive Nominations

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Public Health - Death Certificates - Completion and Cause of Death Report

- FOR the purpose of authorizing a physician designated by the State Anatomy Board to complete a death certificate under certain circumstances; requiring a certain physician to enter certain information in a certain section of a death certificate; requiring the State Anatomy Board, under certain circumstances, to send to the Secretary of Health a report of the cause of death for entry on a certain death certificate; and generally relating to death certificates.
- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Health General
- 11 Section 4–212
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2015 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)
- 14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 15 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 16 Article Health General
- 17 4–212.
- 18 (a) This section does not apply to a fetal death.
- 19 (b) (1) A certificate of death regardless of age of decedent shall be filled out 20 and signed by:
- 21 (i) The medical examiner, if the medical examiner takes charge of 22 the body; or
- 23 (ii) If the medical examiner does not take charge of the body, the

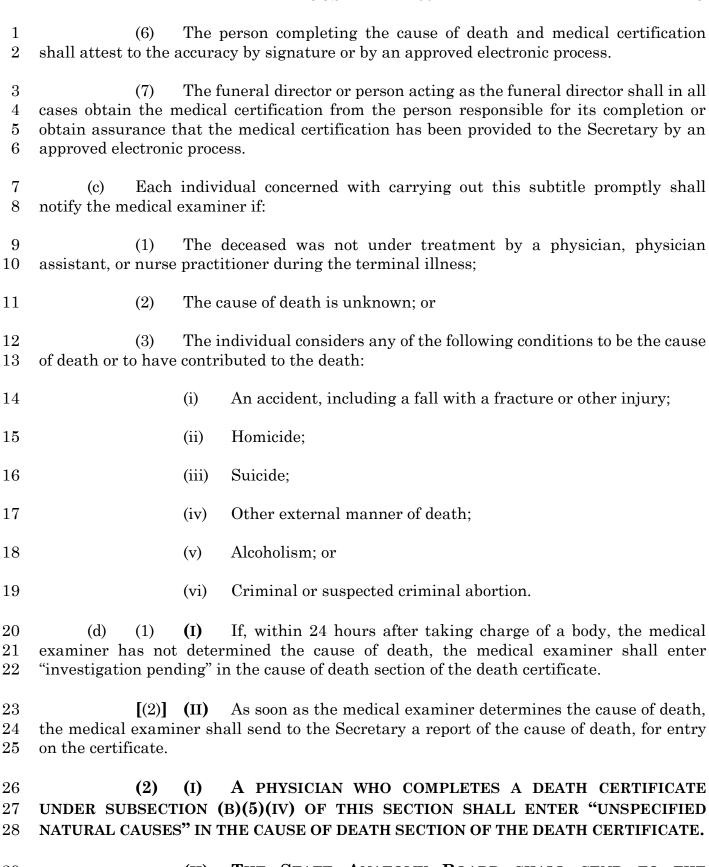


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SUBSECTION.

1 physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner who last attended the deceased. 2 The medical examiner, physician, physician assistant, or nurse 3 practitioner shall fill in only the following information on the certificate of death: 4 (i) The name of the deceased: 5 The cause of death and medical certification; (ii) The date and hour of death; and 6 (iii) 7 (iv) The place where death occurred. 8 (3)Any other information that is required on the certificate of death 9 regardless of age of decedent shall be filled in: 10 (i) By the person who has charge of the body; or 11 If the State Anatomy Board has charge of the body, by the person (ii) 12 who last had charge of the body before it was sent to the State Anatomy Board. 13 The medical certification shall be completed within 24 hours after 14 receipt of the death certificate by the physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner 15 in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death, except 16 when inquiry is required by the medical examiner. 17 In the absence or inability of the attending physician, physician (5)18 assistant, or nurse practitioner or with the attending physician's, physician assistant's, or 19 nurse practitioner's approval, the certificate may be completed by: 20(i) The attending physician's associate; 21 (ii) The chief medical officer or designee of the institution in which 22death occurred; [or] 23 (iii) The physician who performed an autopsy upon the decedent, 24provided the individual has access to the medical history of the case and death is due to natural causes; OR 25 26 (IV) A PHYSICIAN DESIGNATED BY THE STATE ANATOMY 27 BOARD, ONLY IF WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER THE STATE ANATOMY BOARD TAKES 28 CHARGE OF THE BODY, THE STATE ANATOMY BOARD HAS FAILED AFTER A GOOD 29FAITH EFFORT TO MAKE CONTACT WITH ANY OF THE INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED IN ITEMS (I), (II), OR (III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS 30



(II) THE STATE ANATOMY BOARD SHALL SEND TO THE SECRETARY A REPORT OF THE CAUSE OF DEATH FOR ENTRY ON A DEATH CERTIFICATE COMPLETED UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(5)(IV) OF THIS SECTION IF THE

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STATE ANATOMY BOARD RECEIVES INFORMATION ABOUT THE CAUSE OF DEATH FROM AN INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B)(4) OR (5)(I), (II), OR (III) OF

3 THIS SECTION.

- 4 (e) (1) A physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner who fills out a 5 certificate of death shall give it or transmit it by approved electronic media, including 6 facsimile, to the mortician within 24 hours after the death occurred.
- 7 (2) A medical examiner who fills out a certificate of death shall give it or 8 transmit it by approved electronic media, including facsimile, to the mortician within 24 9 hours after the medical examiner took charge of the body.
  - (f) (1) If a death occurs on a common carrier in the United States and the body is removed from the carrier in this State, the death shall be registered in this State, and the place where it is first removed shall be considered the place of death. When a death occurs on a common carrier while in international waters or air space or in a foreign country or its air space and the body is first removed from the carrier in this State, the death shall be registered in this State, but the certificate shall show the actual place of death insofar as can be determined.
- 17 (2) The individual in charge or the owner of the common carrier or a designee shall file a certificate of death within 24 hours after the body is removed from the carrier.
- 20 (3) If the death occurred under any of the conditions or circumstances set 21 forth in subsection (c) of this section, the medical examiner shall be notified.
- 22 (g) A mortician who obtains a certificate of death under this section shall file the 23 certificate within 72 hours after the death.
- 24 (h) (1) Except as authorized under this subtitle, an individual who has a duty 25 to fill out and sign a certificate of death may not execute more than one certificate for a 26 death.
- 27 (2) The attending physician, the physician assistant, the nurse practitioner, or a medical examiner who takes charge of a body may file a replacement death certificate if a correction that the physician, the physician assistant, the nurse practitioner, or medical examiner authorizes cannot be entered legibly on the original certificate.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2019.