# **Department of Legislative Services**

Maryland General Assembly 2019 Session

## FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

Senate Bill 620 Judicial Proceedings (Senator Carter)

#### Family Law - Child Support - Custody and Visitation

This bill requires the court, in any case in which the court determines child support and there is no court order awarding custody and visitation of the child, to advise the parties of resources available to assist them in establishing custody and visitation. Likewise, in any case in which the Child Support Administration (CSA) establishes a child support obligation and there is no court order awarding custody and visitation of the child, CSA must advise the parties of available resources.

#### **Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** The bill does not materially impact the workload of the Judiciary. CSA can handle the bill's requirements using existing resources. No material impact on revenues.

Local Effect: The bill does not materially impact the workload of the circuit courts.

Small Business Effect: None.

## Analysis

**Current Law:** In a proceeding to establish or modify child support, whether *pendente lite* or permanent, the court is required to use the child support guidelines. The basic child support obligation is established in accordance with a schedule provided in statute. There is a rebuttable presumption that the amount of child support that would result from the application of the guidelines is the correct amount of support to be awarded. The presumption may be rebutted by evidence that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case. The current schedule uses the combined monthly adjusted actual income of both parents and the number of children for whom support is required to determine the basic child support obligation.

Courts are not specifically required in statute to consider custody and visitation in any case in which the court determines child support. However, for purposes of determining the proper amount of support, a court must analyze whether the parents have "shared physical custody," as defined in statutory provisions relating to child support. "Shared physical custody" means that each parent keeps the children overnight for more than 35% of the year and that both parents contribute to the expenses of the child or children in addition to the payment of child support. The court may base a child support award on shared physical custody solely on the amount of visitation awarded and regardless of whether joint custody has been granted.

Statutory provisions also establish a process by which a child support obligation may be established by CSA through an affidavit of support if a party is receiving child support enforcement services from CSA under federal law, the paternity of the child has been established, and a support conference has been conducted that resulted in an agreement by the parties. CSA must set the support obligation amount in accordance with the child support guidelines established in statute. An executed affidavit of support constitutes a legal finding of a support obligation, subject to the right of a party to rescind or challenge the affidavit, as specified.

Additional Comments: Although the bill references the Child Support *Enforcement* Administration, Chapter 205 of 2017 renamed the administration as the Child Support Administration.

## **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** SB 1095 of 2017, a similar bill, received a hearing in the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee, but no further action was taken. HB 259 of 2016, a similar bill, passed the House as amended and was heard in the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee, but no further action was taken. HB 1192 of 2015, a similar bill, was referred to the House Rules and Executive Nominations Committee, but no further action was taken. HB 1301 of 2014, another similar bill, passed the House and received a favorable with amendments report from the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee, but no further action was taken.

Cross File: None.

**Information Source(s):** Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts); Department of Human Services; Department of Legislative Services

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