HOUSE BILL 1279

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By: Delegates Johnson, Pena–Melnyk, Acevero, Arikan, Hill, Kelly, Kerr, Kipke, Krebs, R. Lewis, Parrott, Saab, Shetty, Szeliga, and Valderrama

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2020 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Pharmacists – Refills of Prescriptions – Dispensing Requirements

- FOR the purpose of requiring that a certain refill be dispensed in a certain commercially
 available package under certain circumstances if a prescription cannot be dispensed
 or sold in a certain quantity; and generally relating to pharmacists and dispensing
- 6 requirements.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Health Occupations
- 9 Section 12–506
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2014 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
- 12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 13 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 14

Article – Health Occupations

- 15 12–506.
- 16 (a) A pharmacist may refill a prescription for a drug or device for which the refill 17 has not been authorized if:
- 18 (1) The pharmacist:

19 (i) Attempts to obtain an authorization from the authorized 20 prescriber; and

- 21
- (ii) Is not able readily to obtain the authorization;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1	(2) The refill of the prescription is not for a controlled dangerous substance;
2	(3) The drug or device is essential to the maintenance of life;
$\frac{3}{4}$	(4) (i) The drug or device is essential to the continuation of therapy in chronic conditions; and
$5 \\ 6 \\ 7$	(ii) In the pharmacist's professional judgment, the interruption of the therapy reasonably might produce an undesirable health consequence, be detrimental to the patient's welfare, or cause physical or mental discomfort;
8	(5) The pharmacist:
9 10 11	(i) Enters on the back of the prescription or on another appropriate uniformly maintained, readily retrievable record, such as a medication record, the date and the quantity of the drug or device dispensed; and
12	(ii) Signs or initials the record; and
13 14	(6) The pharmacist notifies the authorized prescriber of the refill of the prescription within 72 hours of dispensing the drug or device.
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\\ 17\end{array}$	(b) If a pharmacist refills a prescription under subsection (a) of this section, the pharmacist may provide only 1 refill of the prescription and the refill quantity dispensed [shall]:
18 19	(1) SHALL be in conformity with the prescriber's directions for use [and may]; AND
20	(2) (I) MAY not exceed a 14-day supply or unit of use; OR
$21 \\ 22 \\ 23$	(II) IF THE PRESCRIPTION CANNOT BE DISPENSED OR SOLD IN A 14-DAY OR LESS SUPPLY OR UNIT OF USE, SHALL BE IN THE SMALLEST COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE PACKAGE.
$\begin{array}{c} 24\\ 25\\ 26\end{array}$	(c) If the federal or a state government declares a state of emergency, a pharmacist working in Maryland may refill a prescription for a drug for which the refill has not been authorized if:
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	(1) As a result of the emergency, the pharmacist is unable to obtain an authorization from the authorized prescriber;
29	(2) The refill of the prescription is not for a controlled dangerous substance;
$\begin{array}{c} 30\\ 31 \end{array}$	(3) The quantity dispensed does not exceed a 30–day supply or unit of use; and

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1 (4) The pharmacist notifies the authorized prescriber of the refill of the 2 prescription within 7 days of dispensing the drug.

3 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 4 October 1, 2020.