N1, Q1 EMERGENCY BILL 1lr2809

By: Delegate Wilson

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2021

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Commercial Tenants – Personal Liability Clauses – Enforceability and Landlord Relief

4 FOR the purpose of providing that a certain personal liability clause in a commercial lease 5 or associated document is unenforceable under certain circumstances; prohibiting a 6 commercial landlord from attempting to enforce a personal liability clause that the 7 commercial landlord knows or reasonably should know is unenforceable under this 8 Act; authorizing a court to enter a certain judgment; providing that certain lawful 9 action by a commercial landlord may not be construed as a violation of certain provisions of this Act; requiring the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City and 10 11 the governing body of each county to grant a property tax refund to commercial 12 landlords for any county property taxes paid in a certain taxable year on the space 13 subject to a commercial lease; providing that a commercial landlord is eligible for a 14 certain tax refund under certain circumstances; authorizing a county to provide, by 15 law, for certain provisions necessary to carry out the requirement to issue a certain property tax refund; defining certain terms; making this Act an emergency measure; 16 providing for the termination of this Act; and generally relating to commercial leases 17 18 and associated documents.

19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 20 That:

- 21 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
 - (2) "Commercial landlord" means a landlord under a commercial lease.
 - (3) "Commercial lease" means a lease for building floor space, including any addenda or modifications to the lease, intended to be used by the tenant for a nonresidential use whether or not the lease expressly sets forth a use.
 - (4) "Commercial tenant" means a tenant under a commercial lease.

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- 1 (5) "COVID-19" means, interchangeably and collectively, the coronavirus 2 known as COVID-19 or 2019–nCoV and SARS-CoV-2 virus.
- 3 (6) "Personal liability clause" means a clause or provision in a commercial lease or an associated agreement that requires an individual who is not a commercial tenant under the commercial lease to become personally liable to the commercial landlord, in whole or in part, for fees or charges, including rent, taxes, utility fees, or fees for routine building maintenance, owed by the commercial tenant in the event of a default.
- 8 (b) A personal liability clause shall be unenforceable if:
- 9 (1) as a result of the issuance by the Governor on March 5, 2020, of the 10 proclamation declaring a state of emergency and the existence of a catastrophic health 11 emergency or any other proclamation issued under Title 14 of the Public Safety Article 12 relating to the outbreak of COVID-19, the commercial tenant was required to:
- 13 $\,$ (i) cease serving patrons food or beverage for on–premises 14 consumption; or
- 15 (ii) close to the public due to its status as a nonessential business or 16 a specific provision contained in an executive order or proclamation issued by the Governor; 17 and
- 18 (2) the default causing the individual to become wholly or partially 19 personally liable for such obligation occurred between March 23, 2020, and September 30, 2020, inclusive.
- 21 (c) (1) (i) A commercial landlord may not attempt to enforce a personal 22 liability clause that the commercial landlord knows or reasonably should know is 23 unenforceable under this section.
- 24 (ii) A court may enter a judgment against a commercial landlord for reasonable attorney's fees and court costs for a violation of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
 - (2) A commercial landlord's lawful action for nonpayment of rent, lawful termination of a tenancy established by a commercial lease, lawful refusal to renew or extend a commercial lease or associated agreement, or lawful reentry and repossession of the covered property may not be construed as a violation of this subsection.
- 31 (d) (1) The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City and the governing body 32 of each county shall grant, by law, a refund to commercial landlords for any county property 33 taxes paid in the taxable year beginning after June 30, 2020, but before July 1, 2021, 34 imposed on space subject to a commercial lease.

- 1 (2)To be eligible for the tax refund under paragraph (1) of this subsection, 2 a commercial landlord may not enforce or attempt to enforce a personal liability clause in 3 violation of subsection (c) of this section. 4 (3) A county may provide, by law, for: 5 (i) the amount of a property tax refund under this subsection;
- (iii) the period of time during which an individual may apply for a tax 8 refund, provided that a commercial landlord shall have at least 1 year to apply for the tax refund: and

the conditions to qualify for the tax refund:

10 (iv) any other provision necessary to carry out this subsection.

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SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety, has been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is enacted. It shall remain effective through September 30, 2023, and, at the end of September 30, 2023, this Act, with no further action required by the General Assembly, shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.