# **SENATE BILL 508**

1lr2175 CF HB 584

## By: Senator Peters

Introduced and read first time: January 20, 2021 Assigned to: Finance

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: February 26, 2021

CHAPTER \_\_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

### $\mathbf{2}$

## **Public Utilities - Net Energy Metering**

FOR the purpose of increasing the maximum generation capacity of an electric generating system that may be used by an eligible customer-generator for net metering; prohibiting the Public Service Commission from prohibiting the construction or operation of multiple net metered solar generating facilities located on certain contiguous lots solely because the capacity of the combined net metering systems exceeds a certain limit under certain circumstances; and generally relating to the net metering of electric generating systems.

- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 11 Article Public Utilities
- 12 Section 7–306(a)(1), (4), (7), and (8) and (b) through (f)
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement)
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Public Utilities
- 17 Section 7–306(g)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 21 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



	2 SENATE BILL 508
1	Article – Public Utilities
2	7–306.
3	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
$4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7$	(4) "Eligible customer-generator" means a customer that owns and operates, leases and operates, or contracts with a third party that owns and operates a biomass, micro combined heat and power, solar, fuel cell, wind, or closed conduit hydro electric generating facility that:
8	(i) is located on the customer's premises or contiguous property;
9 10	(ii) is interconnected and operated in parallel with an electric company's transmission and distribution facilities; and
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(iii) is intended primarily to offset all or part of the customer's own electricity requirements.
$13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16$	(7) "Net energy metering" means measurement of the difference between the electricity that is supplied by an electric company and the electricity that is generated by an eligible customer-generator and fed back to the electric grid over the eligible customer-generator's billing period.
17 18 19 20	(8) "Net excess generation" means the amount of the electricity generated by an eligible customer-generator that is in excess of the electricity consumed by the eligible customer-generator and that results in a negative kilowatt-hour reading at the end of the eligible customer-generator's billing cycle.
21 22 23 24 25	(b) The General Assembly finds and declares that a program to provide net energy metering for eligible customer-generators is a means to encourage private investment in renewable energy resources, stimulate in-State economic growth, enhance continued diversification of the State's energy resource mix, and reduce costs of interconnection and administration.
26 27 28	(c) An electric company serving an eligible customer–generator shall ensure that the meter installed for net energy metering is capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions.
29 30 31 32	(d) The Commission shall require electric utilities to develop a standard contract or tariff for net energy metering and make it available to eligible customer-generators on a first-come, first-served basis until the rated generating capacity owned and operated by eligible customer-generators in the State reaches 1,500 megawatts.
$33 \\ 34 \\ 35$	(e) (1) A net energy metering contract or tariff shall be identical, in energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges, to the contract or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer–generator.

1 (2)A net energy metering contract or tariff may not include charges (i)  $\mathbf{2}$ that would raise the eligible customer-generator's minimum monthly charge above that of 3 customers of the rate class to which the eligible customer-generator would otherwise be 4 assigned.  $\mathbf{5}$ (ii) Charges prohibited by this paragraph include new or additional 6 demand charges, standby charges, customer charges, and minimum monthly charges. 7 The electric company shall calculate net energy metering in accordance (f) (1)8 with this subsection. 9 (2)Net energy produced or consumed on a regular basis shall be measured in accordance with standard metering practices. 10 11 (3)If electricity supplied by the grid exceeds electricity generated by the 12eligible customer-generator during a month, the eligible customer-generator shall be billed for the net energy supplied in accordance with subsection (e) of this section. 1314(4)If electricity generated by the eligible customer–generator exceeds the 15electricity supplied by the grid, the eligible customer-generator shall be billed only 16customer charges for that month in accordance with subsection (e) of this section. 17 (5)(i) An eligible customer-generator under paragraph (4) of this 18 subsection may accrue net excess generation for a period: 19 not to exceed 12 months: and 1. 20that ends with the billing cycle that is complete 2. immediately prior to the end of April of each year. 2122(ii) The electric company shall carry forward net excess generation 23until: 241. the eligible customer-generator's consumption of electricity from the grid eliminates the net excess generation; or 25262.the accrual period under subparagraph (i) of this 27paragraph expires. 28(iii) The dollar value of net excess generation shall be equal to 1. the generation or commodity portion of the rate that the eligible customer-generator would 2930 have been charged by the electric company averaged over the previous 12-month period 31ending with the billing cycle that is complete immediately prior to the end of April

32 multiplied by the number of kilowatt–hours of net excess generation.

## **SENATE BILL 508**

1 2. For customers served by an electricity supplier, the dollar 2 value of the net excess generation shall be equal to the generation or commodity rate that 3 the customer would have been charged by the electricity supplier multiplied by the number 4 of kilowatt-hours of net excess generation.

5 (6) (i) On or before 30 days after the billing cycle that is complete 6 immediately prior to the end of April of each year, the electric company shall pay each 7 eligible customer-generator for the dollar value of any accrued net excess generation 8 remaining at the end of the previous 12-month period ending with the billing cycle that is 9 complete immediately prior to the end of April.

10 (ii) Within 15 days after the date the eligible customer-generator 11 closes the eligible customer-generator's account, the electric company shall pay the eligible 12 customer-generator for the dollar value of any accrued net excess generation remaining at 13 the time the eligible customer-generator closes the account.

14 (7) (i) Notwithstanding paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection, an 15 eligible customer-generator served by an electric cooperative that serves a population of 16 less than 250,000 in its distribution territory may choose to be paid for the dollar value of 17 net excess generation remaining at the end of each month instead of at the end of the 18 accrual period specified under paragraph (5)(i) of this subsection.

19 (ii) If an eligible customer–generator chooses to be paid for the dollar 20 value of net excess generation remaining at the end of each month:

211.the customer-generator may accrue net excess generation22on a monthly basis;

23 2. the dollar value of the net excess generation shall be equal 24 to the generation or commodity portion of the rate that the eligible customer-generator 25 would have been charged by the electric company for the previous month; and

3. on or before 30 days after the end of each month, the
electric cooperative shall pay the eligible customer-generator for the dollar value of net
excess generation remaining at the end of the previous month.

(2) An electric generating system used by an eligible customer-generator
 for net metering shall meet all applicable safety and performance standards established by
 the National Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and
 Underwriters Laboratories.

4

 <sup>(</sup>g) (1) The EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (6) OF THIS
 SUBSECTION, THE generating capacity of an electric generating system used by an eligible
 customer-generator for net metering may not exceed [2] 5 megawatts.

**SENATE BILL 508** 

1 (3) The Commission may adopt by regulation additional control and testing 2 requirements for eligible customer-generators that the Commission determines are 3 necessary to protect public safety and system reliability.

4 (4) An electric company may not require an eligible customer-generator 5 whose electric generating system meets the standards of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this 6 subsection to:

7

(i) install additional controls;

- 8 (ii) perform or pay for additional tests; or
- 9 (iii) purchase additional liability insurance.

10 (5) An eligible customer-generator or the eligible customer-generator's 11 assignee shall own and have title to all renewable energy attributes or renewable energy 12 credits associated with any electricity produced by its electric generating system.

13 (6) THE COMMISSION MAY NOT PROHIBIT THE CONSTRUCTION OR 14 OPERATION OF MULTIPLE NET METERED SOLAR ENERGY GENERATING FACILITIES 15 LOCATED ON SEPARATE CONTIGUOUS LOTS THAT ARE OWNED BY A LOCAL 16 GOVERNMENT SOLELY BECAUSE THE CAPACITY OF THE COMBINED NET METERING 17 SYSTEMS EXCEEDS THE LIMIT ESTABLISHED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 18 SUBSECTION, IF:

19(I)THENETMETEREDSOLARENERGYGENERATING20FACILITIES ARE INTENDED TO BE USED SOLELY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE LOCAL21GOVERNMENT;

22(II)THE TOTAL CAPACITY OF THE NET METERED SOLAR ENERGY23GENERATING FACILITIES ON THE CONTIGUOUS LOTS DOES NOT EXCEED 524MEGAWATTS;

25 (III) <u>THE CONTIGUOUS LOTS WERE NOT SUBDIVIDED FOR THE</u>
 26 <u>PURPOSE OF CIRCUMVENTING THE LIMIT ESTABLISHED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF</u>
 27 <u>THIS SUBSECTION; AND</u>

28(IV)THE UTILITY SERVING THE NET METERED SOLAR ENERGY29GENERATING FACILITIES IS NOT AN ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE OR MUNICIPAL30ELECTRIC UTILITY.

31 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 32 October 1, 2021.