Q3 1lr0980

By: Senators Pinsky, Kelley, Rosapepe, Augustine, Lam, Lee, Sydnor, and Washington

Introduced and read first time: January 22, 2021

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

### A BILL ENTITLED

### 1 AN ACT concerning

2

## Corporate Tax Fairness Act of 2021

3 FOR the purpose of requiring that certain sales of tangible personal property be included in the numerator of the sales factor used for apportioning a corporation's income to 4 5 the State under certain circumstances; requiring certain corporations to compute 6 Maryland taxable income using a certain method; authorizing certain corporations, 7 subject to regulations adopted by the Comptroller, to determine certain income using 8 a certain method; requiring, subject to regulations adopted by the Comptroller, 9 certain groups of corporations to file a combined income tax return reflecting the 10 aggregate income tax liability of all the members of the group; requiring the 11 Comptroller to adopt certain regulations; requiring certain regulations to be 12 consistent with certain regulations adopted by the Multistate Tax Commission; 13 altering the distribution of certain income tax revenue from corporations; requiring 14 the Comptroller to assess interest and penalties under certain circumstances; 15 defining certain terms; providing for the application of this Act; providing for the 16 construction of certain provisions of this Act; providing for a delayed effective date 17 for certain provisions of this Act; and generally relating to the Maryland income tax 18 on corporations.

19 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

20 Article – Tax – General

21 Section 2–613.1, 2–614, 10–402(d), and 10–811

22 Annotated Code of Maryland

23 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement)

24 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

25 Article – Education

26 Section 5–219(b)

27 Annotated Code of Maryland

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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in an appropriate manner.

1 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement) 2 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments. 3 Article – Education 4 Section 5-219(f)Annotated Code of Maryland 5 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement) 6 7 BY adding to 8 Article – Tax – General 9 Section 10-402.1 10 Annotated Code of Maryland (2016 Replacement Volume and 2020 Supplement) 11 12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 13 Article - Tax - General 14 15 10-402.16 (d) (1) (i) In this paragraph: 17 1. "manufacturing corporation" means a domestic or foreign 18 corporation which is primarily engaged in activities that, in accordance with the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), United States Manual, United States 19 20 Office of Management and Budget, 1997 Edition, would be included in Sector 11, 31, 32, or 2133; and 222. "manufacturing corporation" does not include a refiner, as 23 defined in § 10–101 of the Business Regulation Article. 24If a manufacturing corporation carries on its trade or business within and outside the State and the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the 25corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade 26 27 or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a single sales factor apportionment formula, by multiplying its Maryland modified income by 100% of the sales 28 29 factor. 30 In filing its tax return for each year, a manufacturing corporation (iii) 31 shall certify that the NAICS Code reported on its Maryland return is consistent with that 32reported to other government agencies. 33 If the Comptroller determines that a corporation has submitted 34 information that incorrectly classifies the corporation as a manufacturing corporation 35 under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the Comptroller shall reclassify the corporation

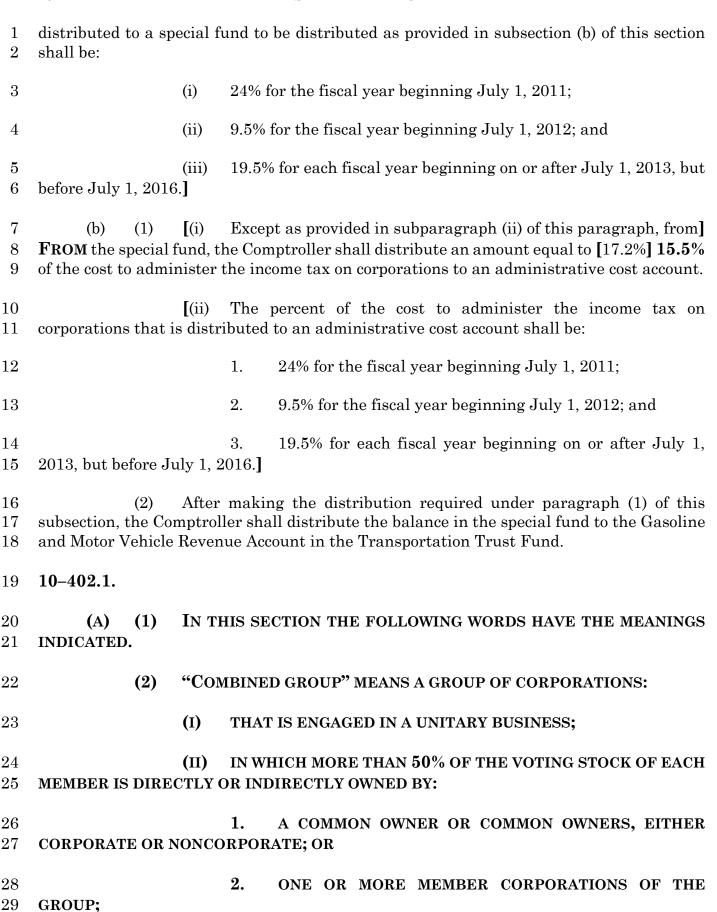
1	(2) Except as provided in paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subsection:
2 3 4 5	(i) for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, but before January 1, 2019, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3–factor apportionment fraction:
6 7	1. the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, the payroll factor, and 3 times the sales factor; and
8	2. the denominator of which is 5;
9 10 11	(ii) for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2018, but before January 1, 2020, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3–factor apportionment fraction:
13 14	1. the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, the payroll factor, and 4 times the sales factor; and
15	2. the denominator of which is 6;
16 17 18	(iii) for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2019, but before January 1, 2021, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3–factor apportionment fraction:
20 21	1. the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, the payroll factor, and 5 times the sales factor; and
22	2. the denominator of which is 7;
23 24 25 26	(iv) for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2020, but before January 1, 2022, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3–factor apportionment fraction:
27 28	1. the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, the payroll factor, and 6 times the sales factor; and
29	2. the denominator of which is 8; and
30 31 32 33	(v) for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2021, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a single sales factor apportionment formula, by multiplying its

- 1 Maryland modified income by 100% of the sales factor. 2 Each year a worldwide headquartered company that filed a 3 federal corporate income tax return for the taxable year may elect to calculate its Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in 4 the State using a 3-factor apportionment fraction: 5 6 the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, 7 the payroll factor, and twice the sales factor; and 8 2. the denominator of which is 4. 9 To determine under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph the Maryland modified income of a corporation or group of corporations that is a worldwide 10 headquartered company that filed a federal corporate income tax return for the taxable 11 year, gross income from intangible investments, including dividends, interest, royalties, 12 13 and capital gains from the sale of intangible property, shall be included in the calculation of the numerator based on the average of the property and payroll factors. 14 15 (4) The property factor under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection shall include: 16 17 (i) rented and owned real property; and 18 (ii) tangible personal property located in the State and used in the trade or business. 19 20 **(5) (I)** SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE SALES FACTOR UNDER PARAGRAPH (1), (2), 2122 OR (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION IF:
- 23 1. THE PROPERTY IS DELIVERED OR SHIPPED TO A
  24 PURCHASER WITHIN THE STATE, REGARDLESS OF THE FREE ON BOARD (F.O.B.)
  25 POINT OR OTHER CONDITIONS OF THE SALE; OR
- 26 2. THE PROPERTY IS SHIPPED FROM AN OFFICE, A STORE, A WAREHOUSE, A FACTORY, OR ANY OTHER PLACE OF STORAGE IN THE STATE AND THE CORPORATION IS NOT TAXABLE IN THE STATE OF THE PURCHASER.
- 29 (II) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS 30 PARAGRAPH, A CORPORATION IS TAXABLE IN A STATE IF:
- 1. IN THAT STATE THE CORPORATION IS SUBJECT TO A
  NET INCOME TAX, FRANCHISE TAX MEASURED BY NET INCOME, FRANCHISE TAX FOR
  THE PRIVILEGE OF DOING BUSINESS, OR CORPORATE STOCK TAX; OR

- 1 2. THAT STATE HAS JURISDICTION TO SUBJECT THE 2 TAXPAYER TO A NET INCOME TAX, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER, IN FACT, THE STATE 3 IMPOSES A TAX. 4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 5 6 Article - Education 7 5-219. 8 There is The Blueprint for Maryland's Future Fund. (b) 9 (f) The Fund consists of: 10 (1)Revenue distributed to the Fund under §§ 2-605.1, 2-613.1, and 11 2–1303 of the Tax – General Article; 12 (2) Money appropriated in the State budget for the Fund; and 13 Any other money from any other source accepted for the benefit of the (3) 14 Fund. Article - Tax - General 15 16 2-613.1.17 After making the distribution required under § 2-613 of this subtitle, of the remaining income tax revenue from corporations, the Comptroller shall distribute: 18 19 [6%] **5.5**% to the Higher Education Investment Fund established under (1) 20 § 15–106.6 of the Education Article; and 21[9.15% to the General Fund] 7.6% TO THE BLUEPRINT FOR MARYLAND'S FUTURE FUND ESTABLISHED UNDER § 5-219 OF THE EDUCATION 2223 ARTICLE. 242-614.25 Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, after AFTER
- 26 making the distributions required under §§ 2–613 and 2–613.1 of this subtitle, the Comptroller shall distribute monthly [17.2%] 15.5% of the remaining income tax revenue from corporations to a special fund to be distributed as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

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[(2) The percent of the remaining income tax revenue from corporations



- 1 (III) THE MEMBERS OF WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO THE INCOME TAX
  2 OR WOULD BE SUBJECT TO THE INCOME TAX IF DOING BUSINESS IN THE STATE; AND
- 3 (IV) CONSISTING OF ANY OTHER MEMBERS UNDER THE 4 CIRCUMSTANCES AND TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY 5 THE COMPTROLLER TO PREVENT THE AVOIDANCE OF TAX OR TO REFLECT CLEARLY 6 THE INCOME OF ANY MEMBER OF THE COMBINED GROUP FOR ANY PERIOD.
- 7 (3) "COMBINED RETURN" MEANS A TAX RETURN FOR THE COMBINED 8 GROUP CONTAINING INFORMATION AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION OR OTHERWISE 9 REQUIRED BY THE COMPTROLLER.
- 10 (4) "UNITARY BUSINESS" MEANS A SINGLE ECONOMIC ENTERPRISE
  11 THAT IS MADE EITHER OF SEPARATE PARTS OF A SINGLE BUSINESS ENTITY OR OF A
  12 COMMONLY CONTROLLED GROUP OF BUSINESS ENTITIES THAT ARE SUFFICIENTLY
  13 INTERDEPENDENT, INTEGRATED, AND INTERRELATED THROUGH THEIR ACTIVITIES
  14 SO AS TO PROVIDE MUTUAL BENEFIT THAT PRODUCES A SHARING OR EXCHANGE OF
  15 VALUE AMONG THEM AND A SIGNIFICANT FLOW OF VALUE TO THE SEPARATE PARTS.
- 16 (B) (1) THE TERM "UNITARY BUSINESS" SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO THE 17 BROADEST EXTENT ALLOWED UNDER THE U.S. CONSTITUTION.
- 18 A BUSINESS CONDUCTED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY ONE 19 CORPORATION IS A UNITARY BUSINESS WITH RESPECT TO THAT PORTION OF A 20 BUSINESS CONDUCTED BY ANOTHER CORPORATION THROUGH ITS DIRECT OR 21INDIRECT INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP IF THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION 22 (A)(4) OF THIS SECTION ARE SATISFIED, INCLUDING IF THERE IS SYNERGY AND AN 23EXCHANGE AND FLOW OF VALUE BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF THE BUSINESS AND 24THE TWO CORPORATIONS ARE MEMBERS OF THE SAME COMMONLY CONTROLLED 25 GROUP.
- 26 (3) A BUSINESS CONDUCTED BY A PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE TREATED
  27 AS CONDUCTED BY ITS PARTNERS, WHETHER DIRECTLY HELD OR INDIRECTLY HELD
  28 THROUGH A SERIES OF PARTNERSHIPS, TO THE EXTENT OF THE PARTNER'S
  29 DISTRIBUTIVE SHARE OF THE PARTNERSHIP'S INCOME, REGARDLESS OF THE
  30 PERCENTAGE OF THE PARTNER'S OWNERSHIP INTEREST OR ITS DISTRIBUTIVE OR
  31 ANY OTHER SHARE OF PARTNERSHIP INCOME.
- 32 (C) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY AND SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS
  33 ADOPTED BY THE COMPTROLLER, FOR ALL TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER
  34 DECEMBER 31, 2021, A CORPORATION ENGAGED IN A UNITARY BUSINESS SHALL
  35 FILE A COMBINED RETURN, REPORTING AND PAYING TAX ON WORLDWIDE TAXABLE
  36 INCOME AS A COMBINED GROUP, REFLECTING THE AGGREGATE INCOME TAX
  37 LIABILITY OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP THAT ARE ENGAGED IN A

### 1 UNITARY BUSINESS.

- 2 (2) THE TAXABLE INCOME OF A CORPORATION REQUIRED TO FILE
- 3 UNDER § 10-811(A)(2) OF THIS TITLE IS EQUAL TO THE COMBINED GROUP'S
- 4 MARYLAND MODIFIED INCOME AS ADJUSTED UNDER SUBSECTION (D)(3) OF THIS
- 5 SECTION.
- 6 (D) (1) THE MARYLAND MODIFIED INCOME OF THE COMBINED GROUP 7 EQUALS THE PRODUCT OF:
- 8 (I) THE COMBINED GROUP'S APPORTIONABLE MARYLAND
- 9 MODIFIED INCOME, AS DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION
- 10 AND ADJUSTED UNDER PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION; AND
- 11 (II) THE COMBINED GROUP'S MARYLAND APPORTIONMENT
- 12 FACTOR, AS DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 13 (2) (I) SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPHS (II) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS
- 14 PARAGRAPH, THE APPORTIONABLE MARYLAND MODIFIED INCOME OF THE
- 15 COMBINED GROUP EQUALS THE SUM OF THE CORPORATION AND EACH MEMBER'S
- 16 MARYLAND MODIFIED INCOME.
- 17 (II) 1. SUBJECT TO SUBSUBPARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS
- 18 SUBPARAGRAPH, FOR ANY MEMBER INCORPORATED IN THE UNITED STATES OR
- 19 INCLUDED IN A CONSOLIDATED FEDERAL CORPORATE INCOME TAX RETURN, THE
- 20 INCOME TO BE INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL APPORTIONABLE INCOME OF THE
- 21 COMBINED GROUP IS THE MARYLAND MODIFIED INCOME AS CALCULATED UNDER §
- 22 **10–304** OF THIS TITLE.
- 23 2. The income of each member shall be
- 24 CALCULATED ON A SEPARATE RETURN BASIS AS IF THE MEMBER WERE NOT
- 25 CONSOLIDATED FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES.
- 26 (III) 1. FOR ANY MEMBER NOT INCLUDED UNDER
- 27 SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE INCOME TO BE INCLUDED IN THE
- 28 TOTAL INCOME OF THE COMBINED GROUP IS DETERMINED AS PROVIDED UNDER
- 29 THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.
- 30 2. A PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT SHALL BE PREPARED
- 31 FOR EACH FOREIGN BRANCH OR CORPORATION IN THE CURRENCY IN WHICH THE
- 32 BOOKS OF ACCOUNT OF THE BRANCH OR CORPORATION ARE REGULARLY
- 33 MAINTAINED.
- 3. THE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT SHALL BE

- 1 ADJUSTED TO CONFORM TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AS
- 2 ADOPTED BY THE UNITED STATES FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD
- 3 FOR THE PREPARATION OF THE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENTS, EXCEPT AS
- 4 MODIFIED BY REGULATION.
- 5 4. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY REGULATION,
- 6 THE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT OF EACH MEMBER OF THE COMBINED GROUP,
- 7 AND THE APPORTIONMENT FACTORS RELATED TO EACH STATEMENT, WHETHER
- 8 United States or foreign, shall be translated into the currency in
- 9 WHICH THE PARENT COMPANY MAINTAINS ITS BOOKS AND RECORDS.
- 10 5. INCOME APPORTIONED TO THIS STATE SHALL BE
- 11 EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS.
- 12 (IV) IF A UNITARY BUSINESS INCLUDES INCOME FROM A
- 13 PARTNERSHIP, THE INCOME TO BE INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL INCOME OF THE
- 14 COMBINED GROUP EQUALS THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT DISTRIBUTIVE SHARE OF
- 15 THE PARTNERSHIP'S UNITARY BUSINESS INCOME ALLOCATED TO ANY MEMBER OF
- 16 THE COMBINED GROUP.
- 17 (3) THE COMBINED GROUP'S APPORTIONABLE MARYLAND MODIFIED
- 18 INCOME SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ELIMINATE INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS AS
- 19 DETERMINED UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
- 20 (4) (I) SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE
- 21 COMBINED GROUP'S MARYLAND APPORTIONMENT FACTOR IS A FRACTION:
- 22 1. THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE SUM OF THE
- 23 CORPORATION'S AND EACH MEMBER'S MARYLAND FACTORS UNDER § 10-402 OF
- 24 THIS SUBTITLE; AND
- 25 2. THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE SUM OF THE
- 26 CORPORATION'S AND EACH MEMBER'S FACTORS UNDER § 10-402 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 27 (II) THE APPORTIONMENT FACTORS OF PASS-THROUGH
- 28 ENTITY MEMBERS ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR UNDER ITEM (I)1 OF THIS
- 29 PARAGRAPH AND THE DENOMINATOR UNDER ITEM (I)2 OF THIS PARAGRAPH TO THE
- 30 EXTENT OF THE CORPORATION'S DIRECT AND INDIRECT DISTRIBUTIVE SHARE OF
- 31 THAT ENTITY.
- 32 (E) (1) SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE COMPTROLLER, A
- 33 CORPORATION THAT IS PART OF A COMBINED GROUP MAY ELECT TO DETERMINE ITS
- 34 INCOME DERIVED FROM OR ATTRIBUTABLE TO TRADE OR BUSINESS IN THE STATE
- 35 USING THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION.

- 1 (2) UNDER THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD, THE COMBINED GROUP FOR
- 2 PURPOSES OF THE COMBINED REPORTING METHOD REQUIRED UNDER THIS
- 3 SECTION SHALL INCLUDE ONLY THE FOLLOWING AFFILIATED ENTITIES:
- 4 (I) CORPORATIONS THAT ARE INCORPORATED IN THE UNITED
- 5 STATES, EXCLUDING CORPORATIONS MAKING AN ELECTION UNDER §§ 931
- 6 THROUGH 936 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;
- 7 (II) DOMESTIC INTERNATIONAL SALES CORPORATIONS, AS
- 8 DESCRIBED IN §§ 991 THROUGH 994 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;
- 9 (III) ANY CORPORATION OTHER THAN A BANK, REGARDLESS OF
- 10 THE PLACE WHERE IT IS INCORPORATED, IF THE AVERAGE OF THE CORPORATION'S
- 11 PROPERTY, PAYROLL, AND SALES FACTORS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES IS 20% OR
- 12 **MORE**;
- 13 (IV) EXPORT TRADE CORPORATIONS, AS DESCRIBED IN §§ 970
- 14 AND 971 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE:
- 15 (V) A FOREIGN CORPORATION DERIVING GAIN OR LOSS FROM
- 16 DISPOSITION OF AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES TO THE
- 17 EXTENT RECOGNIZED UNDER § 897 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; AND
- 18 (VI) UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES AND TO THE EXTENT
- 19 PROVIDED BY REGULATIONS THAT THE COMPTROLLER ADOPTS:
- 20 1. A CORPORATION NOT DESCRIBED IN ITEMS (I)
- 21 THROUGH (V) OF THIS PARAGRAPH TO THE EXTENT OF THE CORPORATION'S INCOME
- 22 DERIVED FROM OR ATTRIBUTABLE TO SOURCES WITHIN THE UNITED STATES AND
- 23 THE CORPORATION'S FACTORS ASSIGNABLE TO A LOCATION WITHIN THE UNITED
- 24 STATES; OR
- 25 2. AN AFFILIATED CORPORATION THAT IS A
- 26 CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATION, AS DEFINED IN § 957 OF THE INTERNAL
- 27 REVENUE CODE.
- 28 (3) The use of the water's edge method is subject to the
- 29 TERMS AND CONDITIONS THAT THE COMPTROLLER REQUIRES BY REGULATION,
- 30 INCLUDING ANY CONDITIONS THAT ARE NECESSARY OR APPROPRIATE TO PREVENT
- 31 THE AVOIDANCE OF TAX OR TO REFLECT CLEARLY THE INCOME FOR ANY PERIOD.
- 32 (F) (1) (I) AN ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD IN
- 33 ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION IS EFFECTIVE ONLY IF MADE

- 1 ON A TIMELY FILED, ORIGINAL RETURN FOR A TAX YEAR BY EVERY MEMBER OF THE
- 2 UNITARY BUSINESS.
- 3 (II) THE COMPTROLLER SHALL DEVELOP REGULATIONS
- 4 GOVERNING THE IMPACT, IF ANY, ON THE SCOPE OR APPLICATION OF AN ELECTION
- 5 TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD, INCLUDING TERMINATION OR DEEMED
- 6 ELECTION, RESULTING FROM A CHANGE IN THE COMPOSITION OF THE UNITARY
- 7 BUSINESS, THE COMBINED GROUP, THE TAXPAYER MEMBERS, OR ANY OTHER
- 8 SIMILAR CHANGE.
- 9 (2) AN ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD SHALL
- 10 CONSTITUTE CONSENT TO THE REASONABLE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS AND
- 11 TAKING OF DEPOSITIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARYLAND RULES.
- 12 (3) AT THE DISCRETION OF THE COMPTROLLER, AN ELECTION TO
- 13 USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD MAY BE DISREGARDED IN PART OR IN WHOLE, AND
- 14 THE INCOME AND APPORTIONMENT FACTORS OF ANY MEMBER OF THE TAXPAYER'S
- 15 UNITARY GROUP MAY BE INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED REPORT WITHOUT REGARD
- 16 TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, IF ANY MEMBER OF THE UNITARY GROUP
- 17 FAILS TO COMPLY WITH ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION OR IF A PERSON
- 18 OTHERWISE NOT INCLUDED IN THE WATER'S EDGE COMBINED GROUP WAS AVAILED
- 19 OF A SUBSTANTIAL OBJECTIVE OF AVOIDING STATE INCOME TAX.
- 20 (4) (I) SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPHS (II) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS
- 21 PARAGRAPH, AN ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD IS BINDING FOR
- 22 AND APPLICABLE TO THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE ELECTION IS MADE AND ALL
- 23 TAXABLE YEARS THEREAFTER FOR A PERIOD OF 10 YEARS.
- 24 (II) AN ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD MAY BE
- 25 WITHDRAWN OR REINSTITUTED AFTER WITHDRAWAL, BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF
- 26 THE 10-YEAR PERIOD, ONLY ON WRITTEN REQUEST FOR REASONABLE CAUSE AND
- 27 ONLY WITH THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE COMPTROLLER.
- 28 (III) IF THE COMPTROLLER GRANTS A WITHDRAWAL OF THE
- 29 ELECTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE COMPTROLLER
- 30 SHALL IMPOSE REASONABLE CONDITIONS AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT THE EVASION
- 31 OF TAX OR TO CLEARLY REFLECT INCOME FOR THE ELECTION PERIOD BEFORE OR
- 32 AFTER THE WITHDRAWAL.
- 33 (IV) 1. SUBJECT TO SUBSUBPARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS
- 34 SUBPARAGRAPH, ON THE EXPIRATION OF THE 10-YEAR PERIOD, A TAXPAYER MAY
- 35 WITHDRAW FROM THE ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD.
  - 2. THE WITHDRAWAL SHALL BE MADE IN WRITING

- 1 WITHIN 1 YEAR BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE ELECTION AND IS BINDING FOR A
- 2 PERIOD OF 10 YEARS, SUBJECT TO THE SAME CONDITIONS AS APPLIED TO THE
- 3 ORIGINAL ELECTION.
- 4 3. IF NO WITHDRAWAL IS PROPERLY MADE UNDER THIS
- 5 SUBPARAGRAPH, THE ELECTION TO USE THE WATER'S EDGE METHOD SHALL
- 6 REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR AN ADDITIONAL 10-YEAR PERIOD, SUBJECT TO THE SAME
- 7 CONDITIONS AS APPLIED TO THE ORIGINAL ELECTION.
- 8 (G) (1) THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS THAT ARE
- 9 NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TO CARRY OUT THIS SECTION.
- 10 (2) THE REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE COMPTROLLER SHALL BE
- 11 CONSISTENT WITH THE "PRINCIPLES FOR DETERMINING THE EXISTENCE OF A
- 12 UNITARY BUSINESS" (REG. IV.1.(B)) OF THE MODEL GENERAL ALLOCATION AND
- 13 Apportionment Regulations, as adopted by the Multistate Tax
- 14 COMMISSION.
- 15 10-811.
- 16 (A) (1) [Each member of] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY AND SUBJECT TO
- 17 REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE COMPTROLLER, an affiliated group of corporations
- 18 [shall file a separate income tax return] ENGAGED IN A UNITARY BUSINESS SHALL FILE
- 19 A COMBINED INCOME TAX RETURN REFLECTING THE AGGREGATE INCOME TAX
- 20 LIABILITY OF ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE AFFILIATED GROUP THAT ARE ENGAGED IN
- 21 A UNITARY BUSINESS.
- 22 (2) THE RETURN REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS
- 23 SUBSECTION SHALL INCLUDE THE INCOME AND APPORTIONMENT FACTORS
- 24 DETERMINED UNDER § 10-402.1(D) AND (E) OF THIS TITLE, AND ANY OTHER
- 25 INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE COMPTROLLER, FOR ALL MEMBERS OF THE
- 26 COMBINED GROUP WHEREVER LOCATED OR DOING BUSINESS.
- 27 (3) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
- 28 PARAGRAPH, THE COMBINED RETURN SHALL BE FILED UNDER THE NAME AND
- 29 FEDERAL EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF THE PARENT CORPORATION IF
- 30 THE PARENT IS A MEMBER OF THE COMBINED GROUP.
- 31 (II) IF THERE IS NO PARENT CORPORATION OR IF THE PARENT
- 32 IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE COMBINED GROUP, THE MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED
- 33 GROUP SHALL CHOOSE A MEMBER TO FILE THE RETURN.
- 34 (III) THE FILING MEMBER UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OR (II) OF
- 35 THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL CONTINUE TO FILE THE COMBINED RETURN UNLESS THE

- $1\,\,$  FILING MEMBER IS NO LONGER THE PARENT CORPORATION OR NO LONGER A
- 2 MEMBER OF THE COMBINED GROUP.
- 3 (4) THE RETURN SHALL BE SIGNED BY A RESPONSIBLE OFFICER OF 4 THE FILING MEMBER ON BEHALF OF THE COMBINED GROUP MEMBERS.
- 5 (5) MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP ARE JOINTLY AND 6 SEVERALLY LIABLE FOR THE TAX LIABILITY OF THE COMBINED GROUP INCLUDED 7 IN THE COMBINED RETURN.
- 8 (B) (1) THE COMPTROLLER MAY, BY REGULATION, REQUIRE THAT THE
  9 COMBINED RETURN INCLUDE THE INCOME AND ASSOCIATED APPORTIONMENT
  10 FACTORS OF ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED REPORT BUT
  11 THAT ARE MEMBERS OF A UNITARY BUSINESS IN ORDER TO REFLECT PROPER
  12 APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME OF THE ENTIRE UNITARY BUSINESS.
- 13 (2) IF THE COMPTROLLER DETERMINES THAT THE REPORTED
  14 INCOME OR LOSS OF A TAXPAYER ENGAGED IN A UNITARY BUSINESS WITH A MEMBER
  15 NOT INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED GROUP REPRESENTS AN AVOIDANCE OR EVASION
  16 OF TAX, THE COMPTROLLER MAY, ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS, REQUIRE THAT ALL
  17 OR PART OF THE INCOME AND ASSOCIATED APPORTIONMENT FACTORS OF THE
  18 MEMBER BE INCLUDED IN THE TAXPAYER'S COMBINED RETURN.

# 19 (3) THE COMPTROLLER MAY REQUIRE:

- 20 (I) THE EXCLUSION OF ONE OR MORE FACTORS, THE 21 INCLUSION OF ONE OR MORE ADDITIONAL FACTORS, OR THE EMPLOYMENT OF ANY 22 OTHER METHOD THAT WILL FAIRLY REPRESENT THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS IN THIS 23 STATE; OR
- (II) THE EMPLOYMENT OF ANY OTHER METHOD TO EFFECTUATE
  A PROPER REFLECTION OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF INCOME SUBJECT TO
  APPORTIONMENT AND AN EQUITABLE ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE
  COMBINED GROUP'S OR ITS MEMBERS' INCOME.
- 28 (C) THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS THAT ARE 29 NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TO CARRY OUT THIS SECTION.
- SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2020, but before January 1, 2022, notwithstanding §§ 13–602 and 13–702 of the Tax General Article, the Comptroller shall assess interest and penalties under §§ 13–602 and 13–702 of the Tax General Article if a corporation pays estimated income tax for the taxable year in an amount less than 90% of the tax required to be shown on the corporation's income tax return for the taxable year.

- SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 1 of this Act shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020.
- SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 2 of this Act shall take effect July 1, 2022, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021.
- 6 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, except as provided in Section 5 of this Act, this Act shall take effect July 1, 2021.