Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2021 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

House Bill 672 Judiciary

(Delegate Attar)

Department of Juvenile Services – Juvenile Offense Database

This bill requires the Department of Juvenile Services (DJS), in coordination with the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), to develop, maintain, regularly update, and publish a searchable database of all offenses involving juveniles on its website. The database must include specified information regarding the offense, but may not include specified identifying information regarding a juvenile. The bill establishes that provisions of law regarding the confidentiality of police and court records concerning a child do not prohibit the publication of, or access to or use of, the information described in the bill for purposes of the database.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: General fund expenditures increase by \$1.0 million in FY 2022 for staff and programming costs. Future years reflect annualization and ongoing programming costs. Revenues are not affected.

(in dollars)	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
GF Expenditure	1,040,700	918,200	938,000	962,200	987,000
Net Effect	(\$1,040,700)	(\$918,200)	(\$938,000)	(\$962,200)	(\$987,000)

Note:() = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate increase; (-) = indeterminate decrease

Local Effect: It is assumed that local governments can respond to potential requests for information regarding juvenile offenses as necessary for the database using existing resources.

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Bill Summary: The database must include (1) a description of the offense; (2) the date of the offense; (3) the location of the offense; (4) a general description of any judicial or other action taken in relation to a juvenile alleged to have committed the offense, including whether the juvenile was referred to a diversion or treatment program; and (5) any prior offenses committed by the juvenile.

The database may not include any identifying information regarding a juvenile, including the juvenile's name, age or age group, race, address, or any known aliases.

Current Law: In general, police records and court records concerning a child are confidential, and their contents may not be divulged, by subpoena or otherwise, except by court order upon a showing of good cause or in certain circumstances relating to notification of a local superintendent or nonpublic school principal upon the arrest of a child for specified offenses.

Numerous exceptions and permissible uses of a child's police and/or court record are specified in statute. For example, the general prohibition does not restrict access to and the confidential use of police records by DJS or in the investigation and prosecution of the child by any law enforcement agency.

State Expenditures: General fund expenditures increase by \$1.0 million in fiscal 2022 for DJS staff and database development costs for DJS and the Judiciary.

Department of Juvenile Services

DJS advises that its programing staff are fully subscribed with other projects and cannot absorb the workload anticipated with the creation and maintenance of this database with existing resources. DJS notes that incorporating information about diversion, which may occur at the local level without otherwise necessitating DJS involvement, is a notable factor in the magnitude of anticipated costs as is the need to carefully ensure that the data it receives from multiple agencies can be properly incorporated into a database without including identifying information about juveniles. Finally, although the term "juvenile" is not defined in statute (or the bill), for purposes of the DJS estimate, it is assumed that the database will include all incidents involving individuals younger than age 18 regardless of whether the offense is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

Accordingly, general fund expenditures increase by \$956,147 in fiscal 2022, which accounts for the bill's October 1, 2021 effective date. This estimate reflects the cost of hiring six analysts (one in each DJS region) and two centrally located functional analysts

to manage the database. It includes salaries, fringe benefits, one-time start-up costs, and ongoing operating expenses, including one-time programming costs of \$400,000.

Positions	8
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	\$511,497
Computer Programming Costs	400,000
Operating Expenses	44,650
Total FY 2022 DJS State Expenditures	\$956,147

Future year expenditures reflect full salaries with annual increases and employee turnover and ongoing operating expenses, including \$250,000 in annual costs for computer programming.

Judiciary

The Judiciary also anticipates one-time programming costs of \$84,540 in fiscal 2022 and annual costs of approximately \$13,000 to interface with the database created by DJS. Although AOC is to coordinate with DJS in the development of the database, the AOC estimate assumes that DJS is primarily responsible for developing and maintaining the database, including the security necessary to maintain database integrity.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Designated Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts); Department of Juvenile Services; Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 10, 2021 rh/aad

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