# SENATE BILL 33

 $E_5$ 3lr1005 SB 774/22 - JPR**CF HB 47** (PRE-FILED)

**Bv: Senator Carter** 

Requested: November 20, 2022

Introduced and read first time: January 11, 2023

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

### 2 Correctional Services - Medical Parole - Life Imprisonment

- 3 FOR the purpose of repealing provisions relating to gubernatorial approval of a decision of 4 the Maryland Parole Commission to grant medical parole to an inmate serving a
- 5 term of life imprisonment; and generally relating to medical parole.
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 7 Article – Correctional Services
- 8 Section 7–309
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 11
- 12 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

#### Article - Correctional Services 13

- 14 7 - 309.
- 15 This section applies to any inmate who is sentenced to a term of incarceration 16 for which all sentences being served, including any life sentence, are with the possibility of
- 17 parole.
- 18 An inmate who is so chronically debilitated or incapacitated by a medical or 19 mental health condition, disease, or syndrome as to be physically incapable of presenting a
- 20 danger to society may be released on medical parole at any time during the term of that
- 21inmate's sentence, without regard to the eligibility standards specified in § 7–301 of this 22 subtitle.

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(c) (1) A request for a medical parole under this section may be filed with the

1	Maryland Parole Commission by:		
2		(i)	the inmate seeking the medical parole;
3		(ii)	an attorney;
4		(iii)	a prison official or employee;
5		(iv)	a medical professional;
6		(v)	a family member; or
7		(vi)	any other person.
8 9	(2) The request shall be in writing and shall articulate the grounds that support the appropriateness of granting the medical parole.		
10	(d) Follo	owing r	eview of the request, the Commission may:
11 12	(1) safety and take no		the request to be inconsistent with the best interests of public er action; or
13 14	(2) information for fo	-	est that department or local correctional facility personnel provide onsideration of parole release.
15 16	(e) The information to be considered by the Commission before granting medical parole shall, at a minimum, include:		
17 18	(1) inmate under con	(i) tract w	a recommendation by the medical professional treating the ith the Department or local correctional facility; or
19 20 21	(ii) if requested by an individual identified in subsection (c)(1) of this section, one medical evaluation conducted at no cost to the inmate by a medical professional who is independent from the Division of Correction or local correctional facility;		
22	(2)	the i	nmate's medical information, including:
23		(i)	a description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome;
24 25	condition, disease	(ii) e, or syr	a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the adrome;
26 27	Karnofsky Perfor	(iii) mance	a description of the inmate's physical incapacity and score on the Scale Index or similar classification of physical impairment; and
28		(iv)	a mental health evaluation, where relevant;

- 1 (3) discharge information, including: 2 (i) availability of treatment or professional services within the 3 community; family support within the community; and 4 (ii) 5 housing availability, including hospital or hospice care; and (iii) 6 (4) case management information, including: 7 (i) the circumstances of the current offense; 8 institutional history; (ii) 9 (iii) pending charges, sentences in other jurisdictions, and any other 10 detainers; and 11 criminal history information. (iv) (f) 12 The Commission may require as a condition of release on medical parole that: 13 the parolee agree to placement for a definite or indefinite period of time 14 in a hospital or hospice or other housing accommodation suitable to the parolee's medical condition, including the family home of the parolee, as specified by the Commission or the 15 16 supervising agent; and 17 the parolee forward authentic copies of applicable medical records to 18 indicate that the particular medical condition giving rise to the release continues to exist. 19 (g) (1)If the Commission has reason to believe that a parolee is no longer so 20 debilitated or incapacitated as to be physically incapable of presenting a danger to society, 21the parolee shall be returned to the custody of the Division of Correction or the local correctional facility from which the inmate was released. 2223 (2)A parole hearing for a parolee returned to custody shall be held 24to consider whether the parolee remains incapacitated and shall be heard promptly. 25 (ii) A parolee returned to custody under this subsection shall be 26 maintained in custody, if the incapacitation is found to no longer exist. 27 An inmate whose medical parole is revoked for lack of continued 28 incapacitation may be considered for parole in accordance with the eligibility requirements 29specified in § 7–301 of this subtitle.
- 30 (h) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, provisions of law relating to 31 victim notification and opportunity to be heard shall apply to proceedings relating to

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- 1 medical parole.
- 2 (2) In cases of imminent death, time limits relating to victim notification 3 and opportunity to be heard may be reduced or waived in the discretion of the Commission.
- 4 **[**(i) (1) If the Commission decides to grant medical parole to an inmate 5 sentenced to life imprisonment, the decision shall be transmitted to the Governor.
- 6 (2) The Governor may disapprove the decision by written transmittal to 7 the Commission.
- 8 (3) If the Governor does not disapprove the decision within 180 days after 9 receipt of the written transmittal, the decision becomes effective.]
- 10 **[(j)] (I)** The Commission shall issue regulations to implement the provisions of 11 this section.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2023.