HOUSE BILL 70

E14lr1276 HB 744/23 – JUD CF 4lr1277 (PRE-FILED) By: Delegate Hill Requested: October 30, 2023 Introduced and read first time: January 10, 2024 Assigned to: Judiciary A BILL ENTITLED AN ACT concerning Criminal Law – Interference With a Public Safety Answering Point – Penalties FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from taking certain actions with the intent to interrupt or impair the functioning of a public safety answering point; prohibiting a person from taking certain actions that interrupt or impair the functioning of a public safety answering point; and generally relating to public safety answering points. BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Criminal Law Section 7-302(c) and (d) Annotated Code of Maryland (2021 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement) SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: Article - Criminal Law 7 - 302. (c) (1) A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization: access, attempt to access, cause to be accessed, or exceed the

person's authorized access to all or part of a computer network, computer control language,

computer, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer database;

of all or part of a computer database accessed in violation of item (i) of this paragraph.

copy, attempt to copy, possess, or attempt to possess the contents



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person.

1 A person may not commit an act prohibited by paragraph (1) of this 2 subsection with the intent to: 3 (i) cause the malfunction or interrupt the operation of all or any part 4 of a computer, computer network, computer control language, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer data; or 5 6 (ii) alter, damage, or destroy all or any part of data or a computer 7 program stored, maintained, or produced by a computer, computer network, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer database. 8 9 (3)A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization: (i) 10 possess, identify, or attempt to identify a valid access code; or publicize or distribute a valid access code to an unauthorized 11 (ii) 12 person. 13 A person may not commit an act prohibited under this subsection with the intent to interrupt or impair the functioning of: 14 15 (i) the State government; 16 a service, device, or system related to the production, (ii) 17 transmission, delivery, or storage of electricity or natural gas in the State that is owned, operated, or controlled by a person other than a public service company, as defined in § 18 1–101 of the Public Utilities Article: 19 20 a service provided in the State by a public service company, as (iii) 21defined in § 1–101 of the Public Utilities Article; 22 a health care facility, as defined in § 18–338.1 of the Health – General Article: or 23 24 a public school, as defined in § 1–101 of the Education Article. (v) 25(5)(i) This paragraph does not apply to a person who has a bona fide scientific, educational, governmental, testing, news, or other similar justification for 26 27 possessing ransomware. 28A person may not knowingly possess ransomware with the intent (ii) 29 to use the ransomware for the purpose of introduction into the computer, computer 30 network, or computer system of another person without the authorization of the other

- 1 SUBSECTION WITH THE INTENT TO INTERRUPT OR IMPAIR THE FUNCTIONING OF A
- 2 PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1–301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY
- 3 ARTICLE.
- 4 (7) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT AN ACT PROHIBITED UNDER THIS
- 5 SUBSECTION THAT INTERRUPTS OR IMPAIRS THE FUNCTIONING OF A PUBLIC
- 6 SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1-301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY
- 7 ARTICLE.
- 8 (d) (1) A person who violates subsection (c)(1) of this section is guilty of a 9 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine
- 10 not exceeding \$1,000 or both.
- 11 (2) A person who violates subsection (c)(2) or (3) of this section:
- 12 (i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
- of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
- 14 exceeding \$10,000 or both; or
- 15 (ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty
- of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a
- 17 fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both.
- 18 (3) A person who violates subsection (c)(4) of this section:
- 19 (i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
- 20 of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
- 21 exceeding \$100,000 or both; or
- 22 (ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty
- 23 of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a
- 24 fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
- 25 (4) A person who violates subsection (c)(5) of this section is guilty of a
- 26 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years or a fine
- 27 not exceeding \$5,000 or both.
- 28 (5) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(6) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 29 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT
- 30 EXCEEDING 5 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH.
- 31 (6) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(7) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 32 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT
- 33 EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$50,000 OR BOTH.

- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect $\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$
- October 1, 2024.