HOUSE BILL 233

M1 (4lr0314)

ENROLLED BILL

— Environment and Transportation/Education, Energy, and the Environment —

Introduced by Chair, Environment and Transportation Committee (By Request –
Critical Area Commission)

Read and Examined by Proofreaders:
Proofreader.
Proofreader.
Sealed with the Great Seal and presented to the Governor, for his approval this
day of at o'clock,M.
Speaker.
CHAPTER
AN ACT concerning
Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area Protection Program – Climate, Equity, and Administrative Provisions
FOR the purpose of altering the standards for membership on the Critical Area

FOR the purpose of altering the standards for membership on the Critical Area Commission; repealing a certain advisory committee on the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area Program; authorizing the Commission to adopt regulations governing the transfer of development rights, fee in lieu payments, the assessment of and adaption to climate change relevant to of the critical area for climate resiliency, enhancing resilience in the critical area, and environmental justice and equity initiatives; establishing certain considerations of climate change, climate resiliency, and equity as general principles and minimum elements of local programs; requiring a local program to give consideration to underserved communities when assessing the suitability of critical areas for certain recreation; requiring local jurisdictions to

consider climate change when approving growth allocation decisions; requiring the

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

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Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

Italics indicate opposite chamber/conference committee amendments.



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BY repealing

Commission to consider environmental impacts on underserved or overburdened communities when reviewing growth allocation map amendments; altering certain resource conservation area density standards and requirements; authorizing the purchase of transferable development rights for certain intrafamily transfers; authorizing a certain increase in lot coverage limits under certain circumstances; altering the process for performing the required local jurisdiction comprehensive reviews of critical area programs; establishing standards under which a critical area designation may be changed on proof of mistake and under which a zoning map amendment may be granted; authorizing the Commission to direct a local jurisdiction to correct a program deficiency; establishing a certain remedial process if a local jurisdiction fails to update its critical area program; repealing certain requirements on oil or natural gas production or exploration in the critical area; establishing a process for the preparation, distribution, review, refinement, and formal adoption of the periodic update of statewide base maps; and generally relating to the Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area Protection Program.

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16
    BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
17
           Article – Business Regulation
18
           Section 19-106(a)(1) and (5)
19
           Annotated Code of Maryland
20
           (2015 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
21
    BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
22
           Article – Environment
23
           Section 1-701(a)(1), (5), (7), and (8)
24
           Annotated Code of Maryland
25
           (2013 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
26
    BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
27
           Article – Natural Resources
28
           Section 8-1801, 8-1802(a), 8-1804(a)(1) and (c), 8-1805(b)(1) and (2) and (c),
29
                 8–1806(a) and (b)(1)(ii), (iii), (x), (xiv)4., (xv), and (xvi)6., 8–1808(a), (b), and
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                 (c)(1)(iii)3., 6., 8., 13., 14., and 15. and (4), 8–1808.1(c)(2) and (4)(vi) and (vii)
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                 and (e), 8-1808.2(f), 8-1808.3(b) and (f), 8-1808.10(b)(1), 8-1809(g) through
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                 (j) and (l) through (s), 8–1811(b)(2), 8–1812, 8–1813.1(d)(5), 8–1814(a) and (b)
33
                 8–1815(a)(2)(i)1. and (3)(ii), (b), and (e), and 8–1815.1(b) through (e)
34
           Annotated Code of Maryland
           (2023 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
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36
    BY adding to
37
           Article – Natural Resources
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           Section 8–1806(b)(1)(xvii), (xviii), and (xix), 8–1808(c)(1)(iii)16. through 19.,
39
                 8–1808.1(c)(4)(viii), 8–1809(h), (i), and (k), and 8–1810(e)
40
           Annotated Code of Maryland
41
           (2023 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
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1	Article – Natural Resources
2	Section 8–1806(c), 8–1809(k), and 8–1817
3	Annotated Code of Maryland
4	(2023 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)

5 Preamble

WHEREAS, Following extensive research and the issuance of a report by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that clearly demonstrated the alarming extent of degradation of the Chesapeake Bay, in significant part because of prominent land use and growth patterns, the Critical Area Commission was created in 1984 in order to preserve and restore water quality in the State, to maintain valued wildlife habitat, and to accommodate inevitable growth, and these same legislative concerns were addressed in 2002 when the protections of the Critical Area Program were expanded to include the Atlantic Coastal Bays and in 2008 with the comprehensive update to the Critical Area Program; and

WHEREAS, The critical area, which comprises approximately 11% of Maryland's land mass, includes the majority of the State's most ecologically fragile and valuable properties; and

WHEREAS, From its inception, partnership between State and local government has been a cornerstone of the Critical Area Program; and

WHEREAS, To date local critical area programs are operative in Baltimore City, 16 counties, and 47 other municipalities, and critical area issues directly impact at least seven State departments; and

WHEREAS, After nearly 40 years of operation, the Critical Area Program has effectively influenced thousands of land use decisions, addressed and minimized the adverse impacts of growth associated with hundreds of requests for growth allocation, and represented a comprehensive effort between the State and local governments to enforce a variety of water quality and habitat protection standards; and

WHEREAS, Despite these efforts, additional measures are necessary to enhance a cooperative land use and natural resource management program that will restore the quality and productivity of the Chesapeake Bay, the Atlantic Coastal Bays, their tidal tributaries, and associated land–based ecosystems; and

WHEREAS, As a member of the Maryland Commission on Climate Change, the Critical Area Commission is charged with recommending short and long-term strategies and initiatives to better mitigate, prepare for, and adapt to the consequences of climate change; and

WHEREAS, Particularly in light of the ongoing, accelerating decline of the State's water quality resources and the loss of valuable shoreline areas due to erosion, sea level rise, and climate change, the Critical Area Commission has a significant role in ensuring

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the adaptation of Maryland's tidal waters, developed shorelines, and their adjacent resource lands and wildlife habitats to the rapidly evolving climate realities; and

WHEREAS, To address the increasing effects on water quality from more frequent and higher—intensity storms, to adjust conservation programs and techniques to the shifting realities of species and habitats, and to accommodate appropriate levels and locations for growth within the critical area, improvements to the Critical Area Program are in order at this time; and

WHEREAS, It is in the interest of the citizens of Maryland that the Critical Area Commission ensure the equitable distribution of the environmental benefits and burdens of development, restoration, and mitigation within the critical area and, in doing so, the Commission must also ensure equitable representation and participation in its processes; now, therefore,

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 14 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

15 Article – Business Regulation

- 16 19–106.
- 17 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 18 (5) "Underrepresented community" means a community whose members 19 self-identify:
- 20 (i) as Black, African American, Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Pacific 21 Islander, Native American, Native Hawaiian, or Alaska Native; or
- 22 (ii) with one or more of the racial or ethnic groups listed in item (i) 23 of this paragraph.

24 Article – Environment

- $25 \quad 1-701.$
- 26 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 27 (5) "Environmental justice" means equal protection from environmental 28 and public health hazards for all people regardless of race, income, culture, and social 29 status.
- 30 (7) "Overburdened community" means any census tract for which three or 31 more of the following environmental health indicators are above the 75th percentile 32 statewide:

1		(i)	Particulate matter (PM) 2.5;
2		(ii)	Ozone;
3		(iii)	National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA) diesel PM;
4		(iv)	NATA cancer risk;
5		(v)	NATA respiratory hazard index;
6		(vi)	Traffic proximity;
7		(vii)	Lead paint indicator;
8		(viii)	National Priorities List Superfund site proximity;
9		(ix)	Risk Management Plan facility proximity;
10		(x)	Hazardous waste proximity;
11		(xi)	Wastewater discharge indicator;
12		(xii)	Proximity to a Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO);
13		(xiii)	Percent of the population lacking broadband coverage;
14		(xiv)	Asthma emergency room discharges;
15		(xv)	Myocardial infarction discharges;
16		(xvi)	Low-birth-weight infants;
17		(xvii)	Proximity to emitting power plants;
18		(xviii)	Proximity to a Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) facility;
19		(xix)	Proximity to a brownfields site;
20		(xx)	Proximity to mining operations; and
21		(xxi)	Proximity to a hazardous waste landfill.
22 23	(8) to the most recent		erserved community" means any census tract in which, according ensus Bureau Survey:
24		(i)	At least 25% of the residents qualify as low–income;

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- 6 1 (ii) At least 50% of the residents identify as nonwhite; or 2 At least 15% of the residents have limited English proficiency. (iii) Article - Natural Resources 3 4 8-1801.5 (a) The General Assembly finds and declares that: 6 (1) The Chesapeake and the Atlantic Coastal Bays and their tributaries 7 are natural resources of great significance to the State and the nation, and their beauty, 8 their ecological value, and their economic impact all reach far beyond any one local 9 jurisdiction: 10 (2)The shoreline and adjacent lands, particularly the buffer areas, 11 constitute a valuable, fragile, and sensitive part of this estuarine system, where human 12activity can have a particularly immediate and adverse impact on water quality and 13 natural habitats: 14 The capacity of these shoreline and adjacent lands to withstand (3)15 continuing demands, INCLUDING CLIMATE CHANGE, without further degradation to 16 water quality and natural habitats is limited; 17 **(4)** Human activity is harmful in these shoreline areas, where the new 18 development of nonwater-dependent structures AND USES or an increase in lot coverage 19 is presumed to be contrary to the purpose of this subtitle, because these activities may 20 cause OR AMPLIFY adverse impacts, of both an immediate and a long-term nature, to the 21Chesapeake and the Atlantic Coastal Bays, and thus it is necessary \(\frac{1}{2}\) wherever possible \(\frac{1}{2}\) to 22maintain a buffer of at least 100 feet landward from the mean high water line of tidal 23waters, tributary streams, and tidal wetlands; 24 National studies have documented that the quality and productivity of the waters of the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries have declined due to the cumulative 2526 effects of human activity that have caused increased levels of pollutants, nutrients, and 27 toxics in the Bay system and declines in more protective land uses such as forestland and 28 agricultural land in the Bay region; 29 Those portions of the Chesapeake and the Atlantic Coastal Bays and 30
 - their tributaries within Maryland are particularly stressed by the continuing population growth and development activity concentrated in the Baltimore–Washington metropolitan corridor and along the Atlantic Coast;
- 33 The quality of life for the citizens of Maryland is enhanced through the 34 restoration of the quality and productivity of the waters of the Chesapeake and the Atlantic

1 Coastal Bays[,] and their tributaries IN A MANNER IN WHICH BURDENS AND BENEFITS 2 ARE DISTRIBUTED EQUITABLY;

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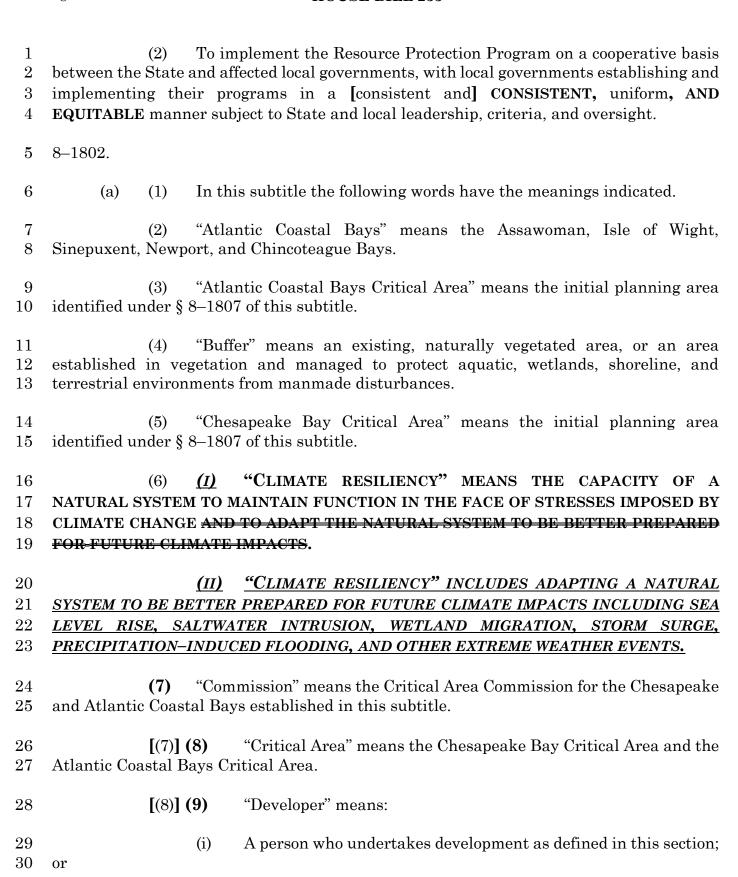
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- (8) The restoration of the Chesapeake and the Atlantic Coastal Bays and their tributaries is dependent, in part, on minimizing further adverse impacts to the water quality and natural habitats of the shoreline and adjacent lands, AND ENHANCING THE RESILIENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES IN THE CRITICAL AREA, particularly in the buffer;
- 8 (9) The cumulative impact of current development and of each new 9 development activity in the buffer is inimical to these purposes, and it is therefore 10 imperative that State law protect irreplaceable State buffer resources from unpermitted 11 activity; [and]
- 12 (10) There is a critical and substantial State interest for the benefit of 13 current and future generations in fostering more sensitive development and more effective 14 enforcement in a consistent and uniform manner along shoreline areas of the Chesapeake 15 and the Atlantic Coastal Bays and their tributaries so as to minimize damage to water 16 quality and natural habitats;
- 17 (11) THERE IS A CRITICAL AND SUBSTANTIAL STATE INTEREST IN 18 DEVELOPING POLICIES AND STRATEGIES TO BETTER MITIGATE, PREPARE FOR, AND 19 ADAPT TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF CLIMATE CHANGE ALONG THE STATE'S 20 SHORELINES, **INCLUDING SEA** LEVEL RISE. **STORM** SURGE, 21PRECIPITATION-INDUCED FLOODING, AND OTHER EXTREME WEATHER EVENTS AND 22 TO ENHANCE THE RESILIENCE OF THE STATE'S SHORELINES BY IDENTIFYING, 23RESTORING, CREATING, AND CONSERVING EXISTING NATURAL AND NATURE-BASED 24FEATURES;
- 25 (12) THERE IS A CRITICAL AND SUBSTANTIAL STATE INTEREST IN
 26 ENSURING THE EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF THE BENEFITS AND BURDENS OF
 27 DEVELOPMENT, RESTORATION, MITIGATION, AND CONSERVATION ALONG THE
 28 STATE'S SHORELINES AND IN ENSURING EQUITABLE REPRESENTATION AND
 29 PARTICIPATION IN THESE PROCESSES; AND
- 30 (13) THE INCLUSION OF INCENTIVE-BASED PROGRAMS TO ENSURE 31 DEVELOPMENT IS COMPATIBLE WITH PROJECTED CLIMATE IMPACTS AND COASTAL 32 HAZARDS IS VITAL TO THE STATE'S GOAL OF ADDRESSING CLIMATE RESILIENCY.
 - (b) It is the purpose of the General Assembly in enacting this subtitle:
- 34 (1) To establish a Resource Protection Program for the Chesapeake and the 35 Atlantic Coastal Bays and their tributaries by fostering more sensitive development 36 activity for certain shoreline areas so as to minimize damage to water quality and natural 37 habitats; and



31 (ii) A person who undertakes development activities as defined in 32 the criteria of the Commission.

[(9)] (10) "Development" means any activity that materially affects the condition or use of dry land, land under water, or any structure.
[(10)] (11) (i) "Dwelling unit" means a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for at least one person, including permanent provisions for sanitation, cooking, eating, sleeping, and other activities routinely associated with daily life.
(ii) "Dwelling unit" includes a living quarters for a domestic or other employee or tenant, an in-law or accessory apartment, a guest house, or a caretaker residence.
(12) "Environmental justice" has the meaning stated in § $1-701$ of the Environment Article.
(13) (1) "EQUITY" MEANS PROMOTION OF JUSTICE, IMPARTIALITY, AND FAIRNESS WITHIN THE PROCEDURES, PROCESSES, AND DISTRIBUTION OF RESOURCES BY INSTITUTIONS OR SYSTEMS.
(II) "EQUITY" INCLUDES CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL BURDENS AND BENEFITS, IDENTIFICATION OF IMPACTS AND MITIGATION OPPORTUNITIES, INCREASED REPRESENTATION IN PUBLIC PARTICIPATION, AND PROVISIONS FOR PUBLIC ACCESS TO WATERWAYS.
[(11)] (14) "Growth allocation" means the number of acres of land in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area that a local jurisdiction may use to create new intensely developed areas and new limited development areas.
[(12)] (15) "Includes" means includes or including by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.
[(13)] (16) (i) "Intensely developed area" means an area of at least 20 acres or the entire upland portion of the critical area within a municipal corporation, whichever is less, where:
1. Residential, commercial, institutional, or industrial developed land uses predominate; and
2. A relatively small amount of natural habitat occurs.
(ii) "Intensely developed area" includes:

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units per acre;

An area with a housing density of at least four dwelling

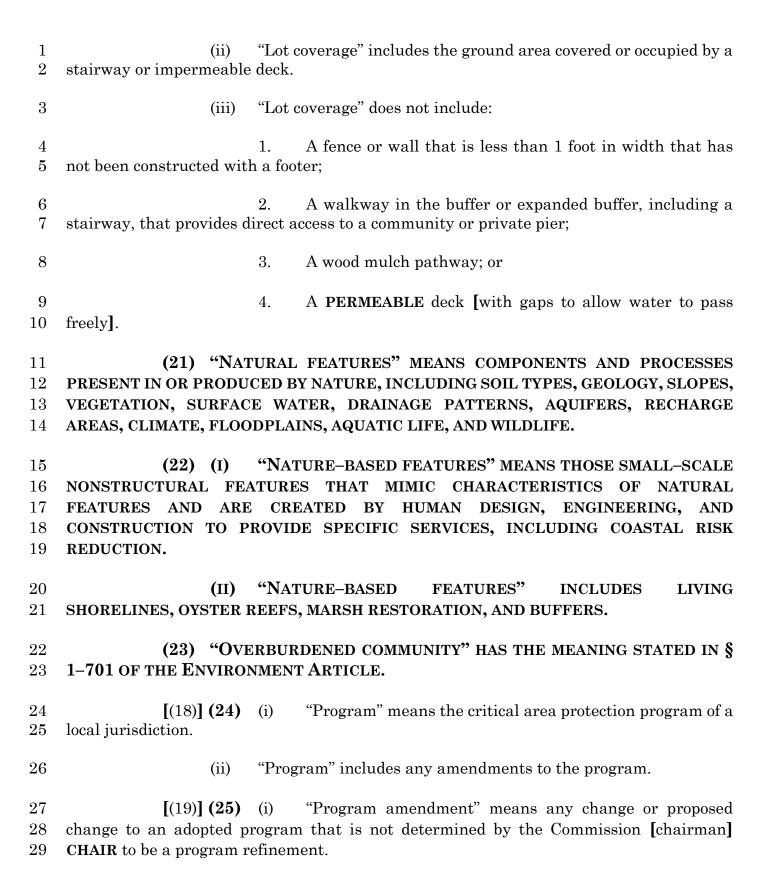
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$\frac{1}{2}$	2. An area with public water and sewer systems with a housing density of more than three dwelling units per acre; or
3 4 5	3. A commercial marina redesignated by a local jurisdiction from a resource conservation area or limited development area to an intensely developed area through a mapping correction that occurred before January 1, 2006.
6 7 8 9	[(14)] (17) "Land classification" means the designation of land in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area in accordance with the criteria adopted by the Commission as an intensely developed area or district, a limited development area or district, or a resource conservation area or district.
10	[(15)] (18) (i) "Limited development area" means an area:
11 12	1. That is developed in low or moderate intensity uses and contains areas of natural plant and animal habitat; and
13 14	2. Where the quality of runoff has not been substantially altered or impaired.
15	(ii) "Limited development area" includes an area:
16 17	1. With a housing density ranging from one dwelling unit per five acres up to four dwelling units per acre;
18	2. With a public water or sewer system;
19 20	3. That is not dominated by agricultural land, wetland forests, barren land, surface water, or open space; or
21 22	4. That is less than 20 acres and otherwise qualifies as ar intensely developed area under paragraph [(13)] (16) of this subsection.
23 24 25	[(16)] (19) "Local jurisdiction" means a county, or a municipal corporation with planning and zoning powers, in which any part of the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area, as defined in this subtitle, is located.
26 27	[(17)] (20) (i) "Lot coverage" means the percentage of a total lot or parce that is:
28 29	1. Occupied by a structure, accessory structure, parking area, driveway, walkway, or roadway; or

Covered with gravel, stone, shell, [impermeable] decking,

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a paver, permeable pavement, or any manmade material.



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1 2 3	(ii) not consistent with the program.	_	gram amendment" includes a change to a zoning map that is d for using the growth allocation contained in an adopted
4 5 6 7 8	result in a use of land or Bays Critical Area in a	ogram water i mann	"Program refinement" means any change or proposed that the Commission [chairman] CHAIR determines will in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or the Atlantic Coastal er consistent with the adopted program, or that will not and or water in the critical area.
9	(ii)	"Prog	gram refinement" may include:
10 11	law;	1.	A change to an adopted program that results from State
12 13	processes and procedures	2. s;	A change to an adopted program that affects local
14 15	existing provision; and	3.	A change to a local ordinance or code that clarifies an
16 17 18	is clearly consistent wit Commission.	4. th the	A minor change to an element of an adopted program that provisions of this subtitle and all of the criteria of the
19 20 21 22	-	by a S	"Project approval" means the approval of development, State or local government agency, in the Chesapeake Bay bastal Bays Critical Area by the appropriate local approval
23	(ii)	"Proje	ect approval" includes:
24 25	and site plans;	1.	Approval of PRELIMINARY AND FINAL subdivision plats
26		2.	Inclusion of areas within floating zones;
27 28	use permits; and	3.	Issuance of variances, special exceptions, and conditional
29		4.	Approval of rezoning.
30	(iii)	"Proje	ect approval" does not include building permits.

1 2 3	(28) "RESILIENCY" MEANS THE ABILITY TO ADAPT TO CHANGING CONDITIONS AND WITHSTAND AND RAPIDLY RECOVER FROM DISRUPTION DUE TO EMERGENCIES.
4 5	[(22)] (28) (i) "Resource conservation area" means an area that is characterized by:
6 7	1. Nature dominated environments, such as wetlands, surface water, forests, and open space; and
8 9	2. Resource—based activities, such as agriculture, forestry, fisheries, or aquaculture.
10 11	(ii) "Resource conservation area" includes an area with a housing density of less than one dwelling per five acres.
12 13 14	[(23)] (39) (29) "Tributary stream" means a perennial stream or an intermittent stream within the critical area that has been identified by site inspection or in accordance with local program procedures approved by the Commission.
15 16	(31) (30) "Underrepresented community" has the meaning stated in § 19–106 of the Business Regulation Article.
17 18	(32) (31) "Underserved community" has the meaning stated in § 1–701 of the Environment Article.
19	8–1804.
20 21	(a) (1) The Commission consists of 29 voting members who REFLECT THE DIVERSITY OF THE STATE AND are appointed by the Governor, as follows:
22 23	(i) A full-time [chairman] CHAIR, appointed with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor;
24 25 26 27 28 29	(ii) 13 individuals, appointed with the advice and consent of the Senate, each of whom is a resident and an elected or appointed official of a local jurisdiction. At least 1 of these 13 individuals must be an elected or appointed official of a municipality. These individuals shall serve on the Commission only while they hold local office. Each shall be selected from certain counties or from municipalities within the counties as follows, and only after the Governor has consulted with elected county and municipal officials:
30	1. 1 from each of Baltimore City and Anne Arundel,

2. 1 from Harford County or Cecil County;

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Baltimore, and Prince George's counties;

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1	3. 1 from Kent County or Queen Anne's County;
2	4. 1 from Caroline County;
3	5. 1 from Talbot County or Dorchester County;
4	6. 1 from Wicomico County or Somerset County;
5 6	7. 2 from Calvert County, Charles County, or St. Mary's County, both of whom may not be from the same county; and
7 8 9	8. 2 from Worcester County, 1 of whom shall be a resident of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed and the other of whom shall be a resident of the Atlantic Coastal Bays Watershed;
10 11 12 13 14 15	(iii) 8 individuals, appointed with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall represent diverse interests, INCLUDING UNDERREPRESENTED COMMUNITIES , and among whom shall be a resident from each of the 5 counties that are listed and from which an appointment has not been made under item (ii) of this paragraph and 3 of the 8 members appointed under this item shall be at large members, 1 of whom shall be a private citizen and resident of the Atlantic Coastal Bays Watershed; and
16 17 18	(iv) The Secretaries of Agriculture, Commerce, Housing and Community Development, the Environment, Transportation, Natural Resources, and Planning, ex officio, or the designee of the Secretaries.
19 20	(c) Except for the [chairman] CHAIR and ex officio State officers or their representatives:
21	(1) The term of a member is 4 years;
22 23	(2) The terms of members are staggered as required by the terms provided for members of the Commission on July 1, 1984;
$\frac{24}{25}$	(3) At the end of a term, a member continues to serve until a successor is appointed and qualifies;
26 27	(4) A member who is appointed after a term is begun serves for the rest of the term and until a successor is appointed and qualifies;
28	(5) A member may serve no more than 2 terms; and
29 30 31 32	(6) Any member of the Commission appointed by the Governor who shall fail to attend at least 60% of the meetings of the Commission during any period of 12 consecutive months shall be considered to have resigned, and the [chairman] CHAIR shall forward the member's name to the Governor, not later than January 15 of the year following

- 1 the nonattendance with the statement of the nonattendance, and the Governor shall 2appoint a successor for the remainder of the term. If the member has been unable to attend 3 meetings as required by this subtitle for reasons satisfactory to the Governor, the Governor 4 may waive the resignation if the reasons are made public. 5 8-1805.6 The [chairman] CHAIR with the approval of the Commission shall (b) (1) 7 appoint an Executive Director for the Commission. 8 (2)The Executive Director serves at the pleasure of the [chairman] CHAIR 9 and is entitled to the salary provided in the State budget. 10 (c) The Attorney General shall designate an assistant Attorney General to advise 11 and represent the [chairman] CHAIR and the Commission. 12 8-1806.13 The Commission has all powers necessary for carrying out the purposes of this subtitle, including the following: 14 15 In accordance with Title 2, Subtitle 5 (Joint Committee on (1) 16 Administrative, Executive and Legislative Review) and Title 10, Subtitle 1 (Administrative 17 Procedure Act) of the State Government Article, to adopt and amend regulations as authorized under this subtitle for the administration and enforcement of the State and local 18 19 programs; 20 (2)To conduct hearings in connection with policies, proposed programs, 21and proposed regulations or amendments to regulations; AND To contract for consultant or other services [; and 22(3) 23To establish an advisory committee, composed of members of the 24Commission and local citizens and local stakeholder groups, to make recommendations to 25 the Commission with respect to Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area programs]. 26 (b) Regulations adopted or amended under subsection (a)(1) of this section shall: 27 Establish comprehensive standards and procedures for: (1)
 - (x) Development in the critical area, with respect to:

(ii)

(iii)

activities on the buffer:

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[Buffer exemption areas] MODIFIED BUFFER AREAS;

Impacts of [shore erosion control] SHORELINE STABILIZATION

1		1.	Clearing, grading, and construction activity;
2 3	features;	2.	Clustering to promote conservation of natural site
4		3.	THE TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS;
5		4.	Flexibility for redevelopment;
6		[4.] 5	5. Stormwater management;
7		[5.] 6	3. Application of the 10% pollutant reduction rule;
8		[6.] 7	7. Forest and developed woodlands protections;
9		[7.] 8	3. Clearing of natural vegetation;
10		[8.] 9	Lot coverage standards;
11 12	consolidation; and	[9.] 1	10. Commission review of local provisions for lot
13 14 15	calculations of density, fo natural vegetation, and le		nd developed woodlands protections, limitations on clearing
16 17	(xiv) with respect to:	Direc	ctives for local program development and implementation,
18 19	FEE IN LIEU FUNDS;	4.	Reporting requirements, INCLUDING ACCOUNTING OF
20 21	(xv) surface mining in the crit		onsultation with the Department of the Environment, rea; [and]
22	(xvi)	The a	application for and processing of a variance, with respect to:
23		6.	Notice of a variance decision; [and]
24 25 26 27	CLIMATE-RELATED CH	ANGE IPITA	ESSING AND ADAPTING THE CRITICAL AREA TO IS INCLUDING SEA LEVEL RISE, WETLAND MIGRATION, ATTION INDUCED FLOODING, AND OTHER EXTREME ATE RESILIENCY:

1 2 3	(XVIII) ENHANCING THE RESILIENCE OF THE CRITICAL AREA BY PROTECTING, CREATING, AND RESTORING NATURAL AND NATURE-BASED FEATURES; AND
4	(XIX) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AND EQUITY INITIATIVES THAT:
5 6	1. Address disparate impacts of development; and
7 8	2. Ensure the benefits of development, restoration, mitigation, and conservation are shared equitably; and
9 10	[(c) The members of the Commission who reside in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Watershed shall serve on any committee established under subsection (a)(4) of this section.]
11	8–1808.
12 13 14	(a) (1) It is the intent of this subtitle that each local jurisdiction shall have primary responsibility for developing and implementing a program, subject to review and approval by the Commission.
15 16 17	(2) [(i) The Governor shall include in the budget a sum of money to be used for grants to reimburse local jurisdictions for the reasonable costs of developing a program under this section.
18 19 20	(ii) Each local jurisdiction shall submit to the Governor a detailed request for funds that are equivalent to the additional costs incurred in developing the program under this section.
21 22 23	(iii) The Governor shall include in the fiscal year 2003 budget a sum of money to be used for grants to reimburse local jurisdictions in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area for the reasonable costs of developing a program under this section.
24 25 26 27 28	(3)] The Governor shall include in the budget annually a sum of money to be used for grants to assist local jurisdictions with the reasonable costs of implementing AND UPDATING a program under this section. Each local jurisdiction shall submit to the Governor by May 1 of each year a detailed request for funds to assist in the implementation AND UPDATING of a program under this section.
29 30 31 32 33	(3) (I) FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR, THE GOVERNOR SHALL INCLUDE IN THE ANNUAL BUDGET BILL AN APPROPRIATION TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO ASSIST LOCAL JURISDICTIONS TO INCORPORATE CLIMATE RESILIENCY AND EQUITABLE PLANNING AND EQUITY PROVISIONS REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (C)(1)(III) 16 AND 17 OF THIS SECTION INTO AN UPDATED LOCAL PROGRAM.

1 2 3	(II) BY MAY 1 OF EACH YEAR, A LOCAL JURISDICTION SHALL SUBMIT TO THE COMMISSION A DETAILED REQUEST FOR FUNDING UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.
4 5	(III) ON THE REQUEST OF A LOCAL JURISDICTION, THE CHAIR MAY EXTEND THE DEADLINE UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
6 7	(b) A program shall consist of those elements which are necessary or appropriate TO :
8 9 10	(1) [To minimize] MINIMIZE adverse impacts on water quality that result from pollutants that are discharged from structures or conveyances or that have run off from surrounding lands;
11	(2) [To conserve] CONSERVE fish, wildlife, and plant habitat; [and]
12 13 14 15 16	(3) [To establish] ESTABLISH land use policies for development in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area which accommodate growth and also address the fact that, even if pollution is controlled, the number, movement, and activities of persons in that area can create adverse environmental impacts;
17 18 19	(4) REDUCE VULNERABILITY TO THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE AND INCORPORATE MEASURES TO IMPROVE THE <u>CLIMATE</u> RESILIENCY OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND ATLANTIC COASTAL BAYS AND ITS TRIBUTARIES; AND
20 21 22	(5) Ensure an equitable distribution of the burdens and benefits of development, mitigation, restoration, conservation, and adaptation to climate change within the critical area.
23 24	(c) (1) (iii) At a minimum, a program shall contain all of the following elements, including:
25 26	3. As necessary, new or amended provisions of the jurisdiction's:
27	A. Subdivision regulations;
28	B. Comprehensive or master plan;
29 30	C. [Zoning ordinances] ORDINANCES or regulations THAT AFFECT DEVELOPMENT IN THE CRITICAL AREA ;
31	D. Provisions relating to enforcement; and

- E. Provisions as appropriate relating to [grandfathering of]
 development [at the time] RIGHTS THAT PREDATE the program [is] AS adopted or
 approved by the Commission, including provisions for bringing lands into conformance with
 the Program as required under item 12 of this subparagraph;
- 6. Establishment of buffer areas along shorelines within which agriculture will be permitted only if **AN AGRICULTURAL** best management [practices are] **PRACTICE IS** used, provided that structures or any other use of land which is necessary for adjacent agriculture shall also be permitted in any buffer area;
- 9 8. [Designation] **ASSESSMENT AND MAPPING** of shoreline 10 areas, if any, that are suitable for parks, hiking, biking, wildlife refuges, scenic drives, 11 public access or assembly, and water-related recreation such as boat slips, piers, and 12 beaches, **WITH CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES**;
- 13. Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, provisions for granting a variance to the local jurisdiction's critical area program, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission concerning variances set forth in [COMAR 27.01.11] **COMAR 27.01.12**;
- 17. Penalty provisions establishing that, in addition to any other penalty applicable under State or local law, each person who violates a provision of this subtitle or of a program, including a contractor, property owner, or any other person who committed, assisted, authorized, or participated in the violation is subject to a fine not exceeding \$10,000; [and]
- 22 15. Administrative enforcement procedures in accordance 23 with due process principles, including notice and an opportunity to be heard, and 24 establishing that:
- A. Each violation of this subtitle or of a regulation, rule, order, program, or other requirement adopted under the authority of this subtitle constitutes a separate offense;
- B. Each calendar day that a violation continues constitutes a separate offense;
- 30 C. For each offense, a person shall be subject to separate 31 fines, orders, sanctions, and other penalties;
- D. Civil penalties for continuing violations shall accrue without a requirement for an additional assessment, notice, or opportunity for hearing for each separate offense;

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OVERBURDENED COMMUNITIES; AND

1 On consideration of all the factors included under this Ε. 2 subsection and any other factors in the local jurisdiction's approved program, the local 3 jurisdiction shall impose the amount of the penalty; F. 4 Satisfaction of all conditions specified under paragraph (4) of this subsection shall be a condition precedent to the issuance of any permit, approval, 5 variance, or special exception for the affected property; and 6 7 G. Unless an extension of time is appropriate because of 8 adverse planting conditions, within 90 days of the issuance of a permit, approval, variance, or special exception for the affected property, any additional mitigation required as a 9 10 condition of approval for the permit, approval, variance, or special exception shall be 11 completed: **16.** 12 **PROVISIONS FOR:** 13 Α. IDENTIFYING AREAS VULNERABLE TO CLIMATE 14 CHANGE; 15 В. MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION MEASURES THAT 16 ADDRESS SEA LEVEL RISE, STORM SURGE, PRECIPITATION-INDUCED FLOODING, 17 OTHER EXTREME WEATHER EVENTS, MIGRATING WETLANDS, AND COASTAL 18 FORESTS; AND C. ENHANCING THE CLIMATE RESILIENCY OF THE 19 20 CRITICAL AREA BY IDENTIFYING, RESTORING, AND CREATING AND CONSERVING 21EXISTING AND PROJECTED FUTURE NATURAL AND NATURE-BASED FEATURES; 22**17.** PROVISIONS FOR: 23 Α. IDENTIFYING UNDERSERVED AND OVERBURDENED 24COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE CRITICAL AREA; В. 25 MEASURES TO **ENSURE** THE **EQUITABLE** DISTRIBUTION OF THE BENEFITS AND BURDENS OF DEVELOPMENT, RESTORATION, 2627 AND MITIGATION WITHIN THE CRITICAL AREA; AND 28 C. ENSURING EQUITY IN THE PUBLIC PARTICIPATION 29 PROCESS; 30 18. PROVISIONS TO ENSURE PUBLIC ACCESS TO THE

WATER, SHORELINE, AND OTHER NATURAL AREAS FOR UNDERSERVED OR

$\frac{1}{2}$	19. METHODS TO ENSURE EFFECTIVE ALLOCATION, ACCOUNTING, AND REPORTING OF FEE IN LIEU FUNDS.
3 4 5	(4) A local jurisdiction may not issue a permit, approval, variance, or special exception THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE VIOLATION , unless the person seeking the permit, approval, variance, or special exception has:
6 7	(i) Fully paid all administrative, civil, and criminal penalties imposed under paragraph (1)(iii)15 of this subsection;
8 9 10	(ii) Prepared a restoration or mitigation plan, approved by the local jurisdiction, to abate impacts to water quality or natural resources as a result of the violation; and
11 12	(iii) Performed the abatement measures in the approved plan in accordance with the local critical area program.
13	8–1808.1.
14 15	(c) (2) When locating new intensely developed or limited development areas, local jurisdictions shall use the following standards:
16 17	(i) Locate a new intensely developed area in a limited development area or adjacent to an existing intensely developed area;
18 19	(ii) Locate a new limited development area adjacent to an existing limited development area or an intensely developed area;
20 21 22	(iii) Locate a new limited development area or an intensely developed area in a manner that minimizes impacts to a habitat protection area as defined in COMAR 27.01.09, and in an area and manner that optimizes benefits to water quality;
23 24 25 26 27	(iv) Locate a new intensely developed area or a limited development area in a resource conservation area at least 300 feet beyond the landward edge of tidal wetlands or tidal waters, unless the local jurisdiction proposes, and the Commission approves, alternative measures for enhancement of water quality and habitat that provide greater benefits to the resources;
28 29 30	(v) Locate new intensely developed areas and limited development areas in a manner that minimizes their impacts to the defined land uses of the resource conservation area;
31	(vi) LOCATE NEW INTENSELY DEVELOPED AREAS AND LIMITED

DEVELOPMENT AREAS OUTSIDE OF AREAS VULNERABLE TO CLIMATE CHANGE

UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION PROPOSES AND THE COMMISSION APPROVES:

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1 2 3	1. Areas identified by the local jurisdiction as vulnerable to climate change as required under § 8–1808(c)(1)(iii)16 of this subtitle; and
4	2. MEASURES THAT:
5 6	A. ASSESS CLIMATE RESILIENCY AND VULNERABILITY;
7 8 9	B. Incorporate siting, design, construction, and other natural features to significantly enhance <u>climate</u> resiliency and reduce vulnerability;
10 11 12	(VII) Except as provided in item [(viii)] (IX) of this paragraph, no more than one—half of the expansion allocated in the criteria of the Commission may be located in resource conservation areas;
13 14 15 16 17	[(vii)] (VIII) New intensely developed or limited development areas involving the use of growth allocation shall conform to all criteria of the Commission and shall be designated on the comprehensive zoning map submitted by the local jurisdiction as part of its application to the Commission for program approval or at a later date in compliance with § 8–1809(g) of this subtitle; and
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	[(viii)] (IX) In Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties, if the county is unable to utilize a portion of the growth allocated to the county in items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph within or adjacent to existing intensely developed or limited development areas as demonstrated in the local plan approved by the Commission, then that portion of the allocated expansion which cannot be so located may be located in the resource conservation area in addition to the expansion allocated in item [(vi)] (VII) of this paragraph. A developer shall be required to cluster any development in an area of expansion authorized under this paragraph.
27 28	(4) In reviewing map amendments or refinements involving the use of growth allocation, the Commission shall consider the following factors:
29 30 31	(vi) Environmental impacts associated with wastewater and stormwater management practices and wastewater and stormwater discharges to tidal waters, tidal wetlands, and tributary streams; [and]
32	(vii) Environmental impacts associated with location in a coastal

32 (vii) Environmental impacts associated with location in a coastal 33 hazard area or an increased risk of severe flooding attributable to the proposed 34 development; AND

$\frac{1}{2}$	(VIII) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ON UNDERSERVED OR OVERBURDENED COMMUNITIES.
3 4 5	(e) (1) Except as authorized under paragraph (2) of this subsection, in calculating the 1–in–20 acre density of development that is permitted on a parcel located within the resource conservation area, a local jurisdiction:
6	(i) Shall count each dwelling unit; and
7 8	(ii) May permit the area of any private wetlands located on the property to be included, under the following conditions:
9 10 11	1. [The density of development on the upland portion of the parcel may not exceed one dwelling unit per 8 acres] ONLY WHEN USING TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS; and
12 13 14	2. The area of private wetlands shall be [estimated on the basis of vegetative information as designated on the State wetlands maps] FIELD DELINEATED WHEN CERTIFYING DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS FOR TRANSFER.
15 16 17 18	(2) (i) Within a resource conservation area, a local jurisdiction may consider one additional dwelling unit per lot or parcel as part of a primary dwelling unit for the purpose of the density calculation under this subsection if the additional dwelling unit:
19 20	1. Does not require a variance to any critical area development standards; and
21 22	
23 24	[B.] II. Does not exceed 900 square feet in total enclosed area; and \underline{OR}
25 26	[C.] III. Is served by the same sewage disposal system as the primary dwelling unit; or
27 28	[2. A.] B.I. Is located within the primary dwelling unit; $\underline{\Theta R} \ \underline{AND}$
29 30 31	[B.] II. By its construction, does not increase the amount of lot coverage already attributed to the primary dwelling unit BY GREATER THAN 900 SQUARE FEET; and

(2)

$1\\2$	[C.] III. Is served by the same sewage disposal system as the primary dwelling unit.
3 4 5	(ii) The provisions of this paragraph may not be construed to require a local jurisdiction to consider an additional dwelling unit as part of a primary dwelling unit for the purpose of the density calculation under this subsection.
6 7 8	(iii) An additional dwelling unit meeting all the criteria under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph that is separate from the primary dwelling unit may not be subdivided or conveyed separately from the primary dwelling unit.
9	(3) [The provisions of this subsection:
10	(i) Apply to density calculations only; and
11 12 13 14	(ii) May not be construed to authorize a local jurisdiction to grant a variance, unless the variance is granted in accordance with the requirements of § 8–1808(d) of this subtitle] AN ADDITIONAL DWELLING UNIT THAT EXCEEDS 900 SQUARE FEET SHALL COUNT TOWARDS THE DENSITY CALCULATION.
15	8–1808.2.
16	(f) (1) As a condition of approval, a local jurisdiction shall require that:
17 18 19	(i) Any deed for a lot that is created by a bona fide intrafamily transfer shall contain a covenant stating that the lot is created subject to the provisions of this section; and
20 21 22 23	(ii) A lot created by a bona fide intrafamily transfer may not be conveyed subsequently to any person other than a member of the owner's immediate family, except under procedures established pursuant to subsection (g) of this section OR THROUGH THE PURCHASE OF A TRANSFERABLE DEVELOPMENT RIGHT .
24 25	(2) This subsection does not prevent the conveyance of the lot to a third party as security for a mortgage or deed of trust.
26	8–1808.3.
27 28 29	(b) Lot coverage in the buffer may not exceed the minimum amount necessary for water-dependent [facilities] USES, regardless of the critical area classification or the size of the parcel or lot, except:
30 31	(1) For a [buffer exemption area] MODIFIED BUFFER AREA, as mapped or established under an approved local program;

For a variance granted in accordance with this subtitle; or

As provided in a waterfront revitalization area or a waterfront 1 2 industrial area under a local program. 3 (f) A local jurisdiction may allow a property owner to exceed the lot coverage 4 limits provided in subsection (d)(2) and (3) of this section if the following conditions exist: 5 Lot coverage associated with new development activities on the (1) 6 property has been minimized; 7 For a lot or parcel one-half acre or less in size, total lot coverage does 8 not exceed lot coverage limits in subsection (d)(2) of this section by more than 25% or 500 9 square feet, whichever is greater; 10 For a lot or parcel greater than one-half acre and less than one acre in (3)11 size, total lot coverage does not exceed lot coverage limits in subsection (d)(3) of this section 12 or 5,445 square feet, whichever is greater; 13 Water quality impacts associated with runoff from new development **(4)** activities that contribute to lot coverage can be and have been minimized through site 14 15 design considerations or use of best management practices approved by the local jurisdiction to improve water quality; [and] 16 17 The property owner performs on-site mitigation as required by the local (5)18 jurisdiction to offset potential adverse water quality impacts from the new development 19 activities that contribute to lot coverage, or the property owner pays a fee to the local 20 jurisdiction in lieu of performing the on-site mitigation; AND 21**(6)** FOR DEVELOPMENT THAT USES PERVIOUS MATERIALS THAT 22HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION AS PART OF A LOCAL PROGRAM, THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED IN ITEMS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION MAY BE EXCEEDED 23BY UP TO 500 SQUARE FEET. 24258-1808.10. 26(b) (1) Except as provided under subsection (c) of this section, the minimum 27 buffer shall be:

200 feet LANDWARD from tidal waters or a tidal wetland; and

100 feet LANDWARD from a tributary stream.

31 (g) Each local jurisdiction shall [review]:

(i)

(ii)

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29

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8-1809.

- 1 **(1) REVIEW** its entire program and propose any necessary amendments to 2 its entire program, including local zoning maps, at least every [6 years. Each local 3 jurisdiction shall send] **10** YEARS; AND
- 4 **(2) SEND** in writing to the Commission, within 60 days after the 5 completion of its review, the following information:
- 6 **[**(1)**]** (I) A statement certifying that the required review has been 7 accomplished;
- 8 **[**(2)**] (II)** Any necessary requests for program amendments, program 9 refinements, or other matters that the local jurisdiction wishes the Commission to consider;
- 10 [(3)] (III) An updated resource inventory; and
- [(4)] (IV) A statement quantifying acreages within each land classification, the growth allocation used, and the growth allocation remaining.
- (H) ON REQUEST OF A LOCAL JURISDICTION AND FOR GOOD CAUSE, THE
 COMMISSION MAY SHALL EXTEND THE DEADLINE UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS
 SECTION FOR THAT LOCAL JURISDICTION BY NOT MORE THAN TWO 6-MONTH
 EXTENSIONS 1 YEAR.
- (I) A ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2028, A LOCAL JURISDICTION THAT DOES
 NOT MEET THE DEADLINE UNDER SUBSECTION (G)(1) OF THIS SECTION OR AFTER
 THE EXPIRATION OF ANY EXTENSION GRANTED UNDER SUBSECTION (H) OF THIS
 SECTION MAY NOT PROPOSE AN AMENDMENT OR REFINEMENT UNDER SUBSECTION
 (J) OF THIS SECTION.
- [(h)] (J) (1) As often as necessary but not more than 4 times per calendar year, each local jurisdiction may propose program amendments and program refinements to its adopted program.
- 25 (2) **[**(i) Except for program amendments or program refinements developed during program review under subsection (g) of this section, a zoning map amendment may be granted by a local approving authority only on proof of a mistake in the existing zoning.
- 29 (ii) The requirement in paragraph (2)(i) of this subsection that a 30 zoning map amendment may be granted only on proof of a mistake does not apply to 31 proposed changes to a zoning map that:
- 32 1. Are wholly consistent with the land classifications in the 33 adopted program; or

- 1 2. Propose the use of a part of the remaining growth
- 2 allocation in accordance with the adopted program] A CHANGE TO A CRITICAL AREA
- 3 DESIGNATION MAY BE GRANTED BY A LOCAL APPROVING AUTHORITY ON PROOF OF
- 4 MISTAKE IF THE PROPOSED CRITICAL AREA CLASSIFICATION:
- 5 (I) CONFORMS TO THE STATE CRITICAL AREA MAPPING
- 6 CRITERIA;
- 7 (II) 1. IS BASED ON LAND USES OR NATURAL FEATURES IN
- 8 EXISTENCE AS OF DECEMBER 1, 1985; OR
- 9 2. FOR AREAS INCLUDED IN THE CRITICAL AREA DUE TO
- 10 REMAPPING, IS BASED ON LAND USES OR NATURAL FEATURES IN EXISTENCE AT THE
- 11 TIME OF THE REMAPPING; AND
- 12 (III) FOLLOWS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION'S DOCUMENTED
- 13 MAPPING METHODOLOGY FOR CRITICAL AREA CLASSIFICATIONS AT THE TIME OF
- 14 ORIGINAL PROGRAM ADOPTION; AND
- 15 (IV) IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES, POLICIES, AND GOALS
- 16 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND ALL CRITERIA OF THE COMMISSION.
- 17 (K) A ZONING MAP AMENDMENT MAY BE GRANTED IF THE ZONING MAP
- 18 **AMENDMENT:**
- 19 (1) IS WHOLLY CONSISTENT WITH THE LAND CLASSIFICATIONS IN
- 20 THE ADOPTED PROGRAM;
- 21 (2) Proposes the use of a part of the remaining growth
- 22 ALLOCATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ADOPTED PROGRAM; OR
- 23 (3) PROPOSES TO CHANGE THE LAND CLASSIFICATION FROM EITHER
- 24 AN INTENSELY DEVELOPED AREA TO A LIMITED DEVELOPMENT AREA OR A
- 25 RESOURCE CONSERVATION AREA, OR A LIMITED DEVELOPMENT AREA TO A
- 26 RESOURCE CONSERVATION AREA.
- 27 [(i)] (L) A program may not be amended except with the approval of the
- 28 Commission.
- [(j)] (M) The Commission shall approve programs and program amendments
- 30 that meet:
- 31 (1) The standards set forth in § 8–1808(b)(1) through [(3)] (4) of this
- 32 subtitle; and

1	(2) The criteria adopted by the Commission under § 8–1808 of this subtitle.
2 3 4	[(k) Copies of each approved program, as the program is amended or refined from time to time, shall be maintained by the local jurisdiction and the Commission in a form available for public inspection.]
5 6	[(l)] (N) (1) If the Commission determines that an adopted program contains a clear mistake, omission, or conflict with the criteria or law, the Commission may:
7	(i) Notify the local jurisdiction of the specific deficiency; and
8	(ii) [Request] DIRECT that the jurisdiction submit a proposed program amendment or program refinement to correct the deficiency.
10 11 12 13	(2) Within 90 days after being notified of any deficiency under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the local jurisdiction shall submit to the Commission, as program amendments or program refinements, any proposed changes that are necessary to correct those deficiencies.
14 15 16	(3) Local project approvals granted under a part of a program that the Commission has determined to be deficient shall be null and void after notice of the deficiency.
17 18 19	[(m)] (O) (1) The Commission may adopt regulations that prescribe the procedures and information requirements for program amendments and program refinements.
20 21 22	(2) In the absence of regulations under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a local jurisdiction may propose changes to adopted programs. Within 10 working days of receiving a proposal under this paragraph, the Commission shall:
23 24	(i) [Mail a notification to] NOTIFY IN WRITING the local jurisdiction that the proposal has been accepted for processing; or
25	(ii) Return the proposal as incomplete.
26 27 28 29	[(n)] (P) A local jurisdiction may specify whether it intends a proposed change to be a program amendment or program refinement. However, the Commission shall treat a proposed change as a program amendment unless the [chairman] CHAIR determines that the proposed change is a program refinement.
30 31 32	[(o)] (Q) (1) (I) For proposed program amendments, a Commission panel shall hold a public hearing in the local jurisdiction, and the Commission shall act on the proposed program amendment within 130 days of the Commission's acceptance of the

- proposal UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION REQUESTS, AND THE CHAIR APPROVES, 1 2 AN EXTENSION. 3 (II)[If] UNLESS THE LOCAL JURISDICTION REQUESTS, AND THE 4 CHAIR APPROVES, AN EXTENSION, IF action by the Commission is not taken within 130 5 days, the proposed program amendment is deemed approved. 6 The Commission shall determine if the proposed amendment is (2)7 consistent with the purposes, policies, goals, and the provisions of this subtitle, and all criteria of the Commission. 8 9 (3)In accordance with the Commission's determination in paragraph (2) of 10 this subsection, the Commission shall: 11 (i) Approve the proposed program amendment and notify the local 12 jurisdiction: 13 (ii) Deny the proposed program amendment; 14 (iii) Approve the proposed program amendment subject to one or 15 more conditions; or 16 Return the proposed program amendment to the local (iv) 17 jurisdiction with a list of the changes to be made. 18 **(4)** If the Commission approves a proposed program amendment subject to 19 one or more conditions under item (3)(iii) of this subsection, the local jurisdiction shall 20notify the Commission within 60 days of its intent to adopt the conditions. 21The local jurisdiction shall incorporate the approved program amendment and any required conditions into the adopted program within 120 days of 2223receiving notice from the Commission that the program amendment has been approved. 24[(p)] (R) Proposed program refinements shall be determined as provided (1) in this subsection. 2526 (2)Within 30 days of the Commission's acceptance of a proposal to (i) 27 change an adopted program, the [chairman] CHAIR, on behalf of the Commission, may 28 determine that the proposed change is a program refinement. [Immediately upon making 29 a determination under this paragraph, the chairman
- 30 (II) THE CHAIR shall notify the Commission of that determination 31 AT THE NEXT MEETING OR A SUBSEQUENT MEETING IF THE LOCAL JURISDICTION 32 REQUESTS, AND THE CHAIR APPROVES, AN EXTENSION.

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- 1 [(ii)] **(III)** If a proposed change that was specifically submitted as a 2 program refinement is not acted on by the [chairman] CHAIR within the 30-day period, 3 the Commission shall notify the appropriate local jurisdiction that the proposed change has 4 been deemed to be a program amendment. 5 (3)The Commission may vote to override the [chairman's] CHAIR'S 6 determination only at the first Commission meeting where a quorum is present following 7 the [chairman's determination] CHAIR'S NOTIFICATION TO THE COMMISSION. 8 If the [chairman's] CHAIR'S determination is overridden, the (ii) 9 proposed change is deemed a program amendment, which shall be decided by the 10 Commission in accordance with the procedures for program amendments provided in this 11 section, except that the Commission shall act on the program amendment within [60] 90 12 days after a vote to override the [chairman] CHAIR. 13 (iii) If the [chairman's] CHAIR'S determination is not overridden, 14 within 10 working days after the opportunity to override the [chairman's] CHAIR'S decision 15 under item (i) of this paragraph, the [chairman, on behalf of the Commission,] CHAIR shall: 16 Determine if the program refinement is consistent with 1. 17 the purposes, policies, goals, and provisions of this subtitle, and all criteria of the 18 Commission: and 19 Approve the proposed program refinement and 2. A. 20 notify the local jurisdiction; 21Deny the program refinement; В. 22 C. Approve the proposed program refinement subject to one 23 or more conditions: or 24 D. Return the proposed program refinement back to the local 25 jurisdiction with a list of the changes to be made. 26 If the [Commission] CHAIR approves a proposed program
- 29 (4) A local jurisdiction shall incorporate an approved program refinement 30 and any required conditions into its adopted program within 120 days of receiving notice 31 from the [chairman] CHAIR that the program refinement has been approved.

refinement subject to one or more conditions under item (iii)3 of this paragraph, the local

jurisdiction shall notify the Commission within 60 days of its intent to adopt the conditions.

[(q)] (S) (1) (i) As necessary, a local jurisdiction may combine any or all proposed program amendments or program refinements required for a specific project approval into a single request to the Commission for program amendment, program refinement, or both.

- 1 (ii) The Commission shall ensure that any requests received in 2 accordance with this paragraph are consistent with the purposes, policies, goals, and 3 provisions of this subtitle, and all criteria of the Commission.
- 4 (2) A project for which a local jurisdiction requests growth allocation may 5 be submitted as a proposed program amendment, program refinement, or both.
- 6 (3) Approval by the Commission of a program amendment, program 7 refinement, or both does not affect the Commission's authority to receive notice of or 8 intervene in a project approval that was not specifically approved by the Commission as 9 part of its approval of a program amendment or program refinement.
- 10 **[**(r)**] (T)** Within 6 months after the adoption of amended criteria, a local jurisdiction shall send to the Commission:
- 12 (1) Proposed program amendments or program refinements that address 13 the amended criteria; or
- 14 (2) A statement describing how the adopted program conforms to the amended criteria and certifying that the adopted program is consistent with the amended criteria.
- [(s)] (U) If the Commission adopts a regulation concerning the use of the growth allocation, any use of the growth allocation must be in accordance with that regulation for the change to be considered a program refinement.
- 20 8–1810.
- 21 **(E)** IF A LOCAL JURISDICTION HAS FAILED TO UPDATE AN ADOPTED 22 PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8–1809(G) OF THIS SUBTITLE:
- 23 (1) THE LOCAL JURISDICTION SHALL ADOPT AN UPDATE TO THE LOCAL PROGRAM WITHIN 1 YEAR OF NOTICE FROM THE COMMISSION; OR
- 25 (2) (1) THE COMMISSION MAY UPDATE THE LOCAL PROGRAM IF A
 26 LOCAL JURISDICTION FAILS TO UPDATE AN ADOPTED PROGRAM AFTER THE
 27 DEADLINE UNDER § 8–1809(G)(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE OR AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF
 28 AN EXTENSION GRANTED UNDER § 8–1809(H) OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE COMMISSION
 29 SHALL MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO NOTIFY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION THAT ITS
 30 PROGRAM NEEDS TO BE UPDATED BY AT LEAST 4 DOCUMENTED NOTIFICATION
- 31 ATTEMPTS OVER A 3-YEAR PERIOD.

- 1 (2) (I) SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE
 2 LOCAL JURISDICTION SHALL ADOPT AN UPDATE TO THE PROGRAM WITHIN 2 YEARS
 3 OF THE LAST NOTICE FROM THE COMMISSION.
- 4 (II) THE COMMISSION MAY UPDATE THE PROGRAM IF THE 5 LOCAL JURISDICTION FAILS TO UPDATE ITS PROGRAM WITHIN THE 2-YEAR PERIOD.
- 6 8–1811.
- 7 From the date designated by the Commission in approving or adopting (b) 8 a program, an applicant for project approval or the local agency authorized to grant project 9 approval on an application in any of the identified classes shall send to the Commission in 10 accordance with the regulations and any other instructions of the Commission, a copy of 11 every pending or new application for approval that is in any of the identified classes. Before 12 the close of the fifth business day after receipt of a copy of an application from [the applicant 13 or the local approving authority, the Commission shall send written notice of receipt to the applicant and to the local approving authority. A failure of the Commission to send a timely 14 notice shall render paragraph (3) of this subsection inapplicable as to that application. 15
- 16 8–1812.
- 17 After the Commission has approved or adopted a program, the [chairman] 18 CHAIR of the Commission has standing and the right and authority to initiate or intervene 19 in any administrative, judicial, or other original proceeding or appeal in this State 20 concerning a project approval in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area or the Atlantic Coastal 21Bays Critical Area. The [chairman] CHAIR may exercise this intervention authority 22 without first obtaining approval from the Commission, but the [chairman] CHAIR shall 23 send prompt written notice of any intervention or initiation of action under this section to 24each member of the Commission. The [chairman] CHAIR shall withdraw the intervention 25or action initiated if, within 35 days after the date of the [chairman's] CHAIR'S notice, at 26least 13 members indicate disapproval of the action, either in writing addressed to the 27 [chairman] CHAIR or by vote at a meeting of the Commission. A member representing the 28 local jurisdiction affected by the [chairman's] CHAIR'S intervention or action may request 29 a meeting of the Commission to vote on the [chairman's] CHAIR'S intervention or action.
- 30 (b) Except as stated in this subtitle, the [chairman] CHAIR is subject to general laws and rules of procedure that govern the time within and manner in which the authority granted in subsection (a) of this section may be exercised.
- 33 (c) The [chairman] CHAIR may appeal an action or decision even if the 34 [chairman] CHAIR was not a party to or is not specifically aggrieved by the action or 35 decision.
- 36 8-1813.1.

- 1 (d) A local jurisdiction may include in the jurisdiction's local critical area 2 protection program, to be approved by the Commission, an alternative buffer provision for 3 the development of a planned unit development in accordance with the planned unit 4 development's Step III approval, provided that:
- 5 (5) At least 75% of the dwelling units in the planned unit development comply with the buffer requirements in COMAR 27.01.09.01 and no dwelling unit has a buffer of less than 50 feet **LANDWARD** from existing or proposed tidal waters, tidal wetlands, or tributary streams.
- 9 8–1814.
- 10 After 760 days have elapsed from the date upon which criteria adopted by the 11 Commission become effective, any State or local agency that proposes development which 12 has not been subject to project approval by the local jurisdiction under an approved program, including buildings, treatment plants, roads, railroads, and airports, in the 13 Chesapeake Bay Critical Area AND ATLANTIC COASTAL BAYS CRITICAL AREA shall, 14 15 before the State or local agency begins the development, receive the approval of the 16 Commission in accordance with procedures or exceptions set forth in regulations adopted 17 by the Commission using the standards set forth in § 8-1808(b)(1) through (3) of this 18 subtitle. These regulations shall be adopted on or before September 1, 1987, and only after 19 consultation with affected State and local agencies.
- 20 (b) The Secretary AND THE SECRETARY OF THE ENVIRONMENT shall consult 21 with the Commission in making consistency determinations under the Federal Coastal 22 Zone Management Program.
- 23 8-1815.
- 24 (a) (2) (i) A person who violates a provision of an order, permit, plan, local program, this subtitle, or regulations adopted, approved, or issued under the authority of this subtitle shall be:
- 27 1. Subject to prosecution or suit in circuit court or District 28 Court by the [chairman] CHAIR or local authorities, who may invoke the sanctions and 29 remedies afforded by State or local law;
- 30 (3) A local authority may request:
- 31 (ii) That the [chairman] CHAIR refer an enforcement action to the 32 Attorney General.
- 33 (b) Whenever the [chairman] CHAIR has reason to believe that a local jurisdiction 34 is failing to enforce the requirements of a program applicable to a particular development, 35 the [chairman] CHAIR shall serve notice upon the local enforcement authorities. If within 36 30 days after service of the notice, the local authorities have failed to initiate an action to

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remedy or punish the violation, the [chairman] CHAIR may refer the matter to the Attorney General.

- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a development in the CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREA OR ATLANTIC COASTAL BAYS Critical Area is proceeding in violation of approved project plans and threatens to immediately and irreparably degrade the quality of tidal waters or fish, wildlife, or plant habitat, the Attorney General, upon request of the [chairman] CHAIR, may bring an action to restrain the violation and, as appropriate, to compel restoration of any land or water areas affected by the development.
- 10 8–1815.1.
- 11 (b) If a person cuts or clears or plans to cut or clear trees within the Chesapeake
 12 Bay Critical Area or Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area in violation of an approved local
 13 critical area program or of regulations adopted by the Commission, the [chairman] CHAIR
 14 may bring an action, or the local jurisdiction may bring an action or request that the
 15 [chairman] CHAIR of the Commission refer the matter to the Attorney General to bring an
 16 action:
- 17 (1) To require the person to replant trees where the cutting or clearing occurred in accordance with a plan prepared by the State Forester, a registered professional forester, or a registered landscape architect;
- 20 (2) To restrain the planned violation; or
- 21 (3) For damages:
- 22 (i) To be assessed by a circuit court in an amount equal to the 23 estimated cost of replanting trees; and
- 24 (ii) To be paid to the Department by the person found to have 25 violated the provisions of this subsection.
- (c) If the [chairman] CHAIR of the Commission has reason to believe that the local jurisdiction is failing to enforce the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, the [chairman] CHAIR shall refer the matter to the Attorney General as provided under § 8–1815(b) of this subtitle.
- 30 (d) On the [chairman] CHAIR of the Commission's referral of an alleged violation 31 under subsection (c) of this section to the Attorney General, the Attorney General may 32 invoke the remedies available to the local jurisdiction under subsection (b) of this section 33 in any court of competent jurisdiction in which the local jurisdiction would be authorized to 34 prosecute or sue.

- 1 (e) On the request of a local jurisdiction or the [chairman] CHAIR of the 2 Commission, the State Forester, a registered professional forester, or a registered 3 landscape architect may prepare, oversee, and approve the final implementation of a plan 4 to:
- 5 (1) Replant trees in any part of the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area where 6 trees in the Chesapeake Bay Critical Area are cut or cleared in violation of subsection (b) 7 of this section; and
- 8 (2) Replant trees in any part of the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area 9 where trees in the Atlantic Coastal Bays Critical Area are cut or cleared in violation of 10 subsection (b) of this section.
- 11 **[**8–1817.
- 12 (a) By January 1, 1994, the Commission shall adopt criteria that assure the 13 protection of land and water resources in the Critical Area and that shall apply throughout 14 the Critical Area for:
- 15 (1) Production of oil or natural gas on lands or waters leased by the State; 16 and
- 17 (2) Exploration or production of oil or natural gas on any lands in the 18 Critical Area.
- 19 (b) (1) In addition to other applicable provisions of law, an applicant for any 20 production or exploratory drilling that will occur on, in, under, or through the Critical Area, 21 including wells drilled outside the Critical Area by a method known as slant drilling that 22 will pass through the Critical Area, shall complete and submit with the application an 23 environmental impact study that addresses the potential for any adverse environmental 24 effects on the Critical Area as a result of the drilling.
- 25 (2) (i) The Department shall forward a copy of the permit application 26 and the environmental impact study referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection to the 27 Commission for its review and comment.
- 28 (ii) The Department shall consider and comment in writing on the 29 objections and concerns of the Commission before issuing a permit under this subsection.]
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That on completion of the statewide base map project, as specified under Section 3 of Chapter 119 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2008, the process for updating the map shall proceed as follows:
- 33 (1) in accordance with the following requirements and conditions, the 34 Critical Area Commission, with the assistance of the Department of Natural Resources and 35 the Department of the Environment, shall prepare an update to the statewide base map at

- 1 appropriate intervals, but not less than every 8 years, that includes a State-determined
- 2 shoreline and landward boundary of tidal wetlands and a digitally generated, georeferenced
- 3 1,000-foot critical area boundary, as appropriate for integration into a Geographic
- 4 Information System, under the following standards:
- 5 (i) the best available imagery of comparable scale shall be used to 6 identify the shoreline and landward boundary of tidal wetlands as part of the map update;
- 7 (ii) the boundary shall be accurate to a scale of 1:1200; and
- 8 (iii) the mapped shoreline and landward boundary of tidal wetlands 9 may not be construed to represent an official wetland delineation or to change in any way 10 any statutory provision under Title 16 of the Environment Article, any regulatory provision 11 under Title 26, Subtitle 24 of the Code of Maryland Regulations, or any other provision 12 related to a project–specific wetland delineation that may be necessary and appropriate;
- 13 (2) a local jurisdiction shall formally adopt its updated critical area map
 14 based on the statewide base map within 6 months of its receipt from the Department of
 15 Natural Resources and the Commission and may request an extension of time for an
 16 additional 6 months if evidence of reasonable progress has been made and is satisfactory
 17 to the Commission;
- 18 (3) the Commission, with the assistance of each local jurisdiction, shall:
- 19 (i) designate unclassified areas that were not within the original critical area boundary in accordance with the mapping standards set forth under COMAR 27.01.02.03 through 27.01.02.05 and COMAR 27.01.11.05; and
- 22 (ii) identify areas where there appear to be inconsistencies between 23 the statewide base map and the local jurisdiction's critical area map;
- 24 (4) a local jurisdiction shall apply the updated State-determined shoreline 25 and landward boundary of tidal wetlands and a digitally generated, georeferenced 26 1,000-foot critical area boundary once it is officially transferred from the Department of 27 Natural Resources and the Commission and shall apply the updates notwithstanding any 28 local approval process; and
- 29 (5) each local jurisdiction shall ensure that, where applicable, each project submittal uses the updated digitally generated, georeferenced critical area boundary.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

32 (a) The Department of Natural Resources shall notify the Department of 33 Legislative Services in writing on the date of official completion of the statewide base map 34 project, as required under Section 3 of Chapter 119 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 35 2008.

(b) Section 2 of this Act shall take effect 7 days after the Department of Natural Resources provides notice of the official completion of the statewide base map project under subsection (a) of this section.
SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, except as provided in Section 3 of this Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 2024.
Approved:
Governor.
Speaker of the House of Delegates.
President of the Senate.