SENATE BILL 117

J1

(PRE-FILED)

4lr0938 CF HB 96

By: **Senator Bailey** Requested: October 12, 2023 Introduced and read first time: January 10, 2024 Assigned to: Finance

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Health – Newborn Screening Program – Krabbe Leukodystrophy

- FOR the purpose of requiring that the Maryland Department of Health's newborn
 screening system include screening for Krabbe leukodystrophy; and generally
 relating to newborn screening.
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 7 Article Health General
- 8 Section 13–111
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (2023 Replacement Volume)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 13

Article – Health – General

14 13–111.

15 (a) The Department shall establish a coordinated statewide system for screening 16 all newborn infants in the State for certain hereditary and congenital disorders associated 17 with severe problems of health or development, except when the parent or guardian of the 18 newborn infant objects.

19 (b) Except as provided in § 13–112 of this subtitle, the Department's public health 20 laboratory is the sole laboratory authorized to perform tests on specimens from newborn 21 infants collected to screen for hereditary and congenital disorders as determined under 22 subsection (d)(2) of this section.

23 (c) The system for newborn screening shall include:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (1)Laboratory testing and the reporting of test results; [and] $\mathbf{2}$ (2)Follow-up activities to facilitate the rapid identification and treatment 3 of an affected child; AND SCREENING FOR KRABBE LEUKODYSTROPHY. (3) 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (d) In consultation with the State Advisory Council on Hereditary and Congenital 6 Disorders, the Department shall: 7 (1)Establish protocols for a health care provider to obtain and deliver test 8 specimens to the Department's public health laboratory; 9 (2)Determine the screening tests that the Department's public health 10 laboratory is required to perform; 11 (3)Maintain a coordinated statewide system for newborn screening that 12carries out the purpose described in subsection (c) of this section that includes: 13Communicating the results of screening tests to the health care (i) 14provider of the newborn infant; 15Locating newborn infants with abnormal test results; (ii) 16 (iiii) Sharing newborn screening information between hospitals, 17health care providers, treatment centers, and laboratory personnel; 18 and (iv) Delivering needed clinical. diagnostic. treatment 19information to health care providers, parents, and caregivers; and 20(v) Notifying parents and guardians of newborn infants that 21laboratories other than the Department's public health laboratory are authorized to 22perform postscreening confirmatory or diagnostic tests on newborn infants for hereditary and congenital disorders; and 2324Adopt regulations that set forth the standards and requirements for (4)25newborn screening for hereditary and congenital disorders that are required under this 26subtitle, including: 27(i) Performing newborn screening tests; 28(ii) Coordinating the reporting, follow-up, and treatment activities with parents, caregivers, and health care providers; and 2930 (iii) Establishing fees for newborn screening that do not exceed an amount sufficient to cover the administrative, laboratory, and follow-up costs associated 31

SENATE BILL 117

2

SENATE BILL 117

1 with the performance of screening tests under this subtitle.

2 (e) (1) (i) Subject to the approval of the Secretary and the Advisory Council 3 under subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph and notwithstanding any other provision of law, 4 the Department shall screen for each core condition listed in the U.S. Department of Health 5 and Human Services' Recommended Uniform Screening Panel.

6 (ii) On or after January 1, 2023, the Secretary and the Advisory 7 Council shall determine whether to approve the inclusion of a condition in the system for 8 newborn screening within 1 year after the addition of the condition to the Recommended 9 Uniform Screening Panel.

10 (iii) If the Secretary or Advisory Council does not approve the 11 inclusion of a core condition in the system for newborn screening under subparagraph (i) of 12 this paragraph:

13 1. Within 1 year after the addition of the condition to the 14 Recommended Uniform Screening Panel, the Department shall publicly post and submit to 15 the General Assembly, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government Article, a 16 report that includes, as applicable, the Secretary's justification for not approving the 17 inclusion and the final vote of the Advisory Council regarding the inclusion of the condition; 18 and

192.Each year after the initial disapproval, the Advisory20Council shall:

A. Review the medical literature published on the condition since the initial evaluation and determine whether substantive updates have occurred that would merit formal reevaluation of the inclusion of the condition; and

B. If the Advisory Council upholds its disapproval of the
condition, publicly publish and submit to the General Assembly, in accordance with §
2–1257 of the State Government Article, a report on the reason for the disapproval.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the Secretary of Health
 and Human Services issues federal recommendations on critical congenital heart disease
 screening of newborns, the Department shall adopt the federal screening recommendations.

30 (f) If the Secretary and the Advisory Council approve the inclusion of a condition 31 in the system for the newborn screening under subsection (e) of this section, the 32 Department shall implement testing for the condition within 1 year after the date of the 33 approval.

34 (g) (1) The Secretary shall pay all fees collected under the provisions of this 35 subtitle to the Comptroller.

36

(2) The Comptroller shall distribute the fees to the Newborn Screening

1 Program Fund established under § 13–113 of this subtitle.

2 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 3 October 1, 2024.