E1 SB 496/24 – JPR

(PRE-FILED)

5lr0899 CF HB 445

By: Senator Kagan

Requested: September 19, 2024 Introduced and read first time: January 8, 2025 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: February 7, 2025

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Law – Interference With a Public Safety Answering Point – Penalties

FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from taking certain actions with the intent to
 interrupt or impair the functioning of a public safety answering point; prohibiting a
 person from taking certain actions that interrupt or impair the functioning of a
 public safety answering point; and generally relating to public safety answering
 points.

- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Criminal Law
- 10 Section 7–302(c) and (d)
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
- 13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 14 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 15 Article Criminal Law
- 16 7–302.
- 17 (c) (1) A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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1 access, attempt to access, cause to be accessed, or exceed the (i) $\mathbf{2}$ person's authorized access to all or part of a computer network, computer control language, 3 computer, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer database; 4 or $\mathbf{5}$ copy, attempt to copy, possess, or attempt to possess the contents (ii) 6 of all or part of a computer database accessed in violation of item (i) of this paragraph. 7 (2)A person may not commit an act prohibited by paragraph (1) of this 8 subsection with the intent to: 9 (i) cause the malfunction or interrupt the operation of all or any part 10 of a computer, computer network, computer control language, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer data; or 11 alter, damage, or destroy all or any part of data or a computer 12(ii) 13program stored, maintained, or produced by a computer, computer network, computer 14 software, computer system, computer service, or computer database. 15(3)A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization: 16 (i) possess, identify, or attempt to identify a valid access code; or 17(ii) publicize or distribute a valid access code to an unauthorized 18person. 19 A person may not commit an act prohibited under this subsection with (4)20the intent to interrupt or impair the functioning of: 21(i) the State government; 22a service, device, or system related to the production, (ii) 23transmission, delivery, or storage of electricity or natural gas in the State that is owned, operated, or controlled by a person other than a public service company, as defined in § 241–101 of the Public Utilities Article: 2526a service provided in the State by a public service company, as (iii) 27defined in § 1–101 of the Public Utilities Article; 28a health care facility, as defined in § 18-338.1 of the (iv) 29Health – General Article; or 30 a public school, as defined in § 1–101 of the Education Article. (v) 31 (5)(i) This paragraph does not apply to a person who has a bona fide 32scientific, educational, governmental, testing, news, or other similar justification for possessing ransomware. 33

1 (ii) A person may not knowingly possess ransomware with the intent 2 to use the ransomware for the purpose of introduction into the computer, computer 3 network, or computer system of another person without the authorization of the other 4 person.

5 (6) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT AN ACT PROHIBITED UNDER THIS 6 SUBSECTION WITH THE INTENT TO INTERRUPT OR IMPAIR THE FUNCTIONING OF A 7 PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1–301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY 8 ARTICLE.

9 (7) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT AN ACT PROHIBITED UNDER THIS 10 SUBSECTION THAT INTERRUPTS OR IMPAIRS THE FUNCTIONING OF A PUBLIC 11 SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1–301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY 12 ARTICLE.

13 (d) (1) A person who violates subsection (c)(1) of this section is guilty of a 14 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine 15 not exceeding \$1,000 or both.

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(2) A person who violates subsection (c)(2) or (3) of this section:

(i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
exceeding \$10,000 or both; or

(ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty
of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a
fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both.

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(3) A person who violates subsection (c)(4) of this section:

(i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
exceeding \$100,000 or both; or

(ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty
of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a
fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.

30 (4) A person who violates subsection (c)(5) of this section is guilty of a 31 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years or a fine 32 not exceeding \$5,000 or both.

1 (5) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(6) OF THIS SECTION IS 2 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT 3 EXCEEDING 5 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH.

4 (6) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(7) OF THIS SECTION IS 5 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT 6 EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$50,000 OR BOTH.

7 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 8 October 1, 2025.

Approved:

Governor.

President of the Senate.

Speaker of the House of Delegates.