### RB31 University of Maryland Baltimore County University System of Maryland

## Capital Budget Summary

#### State-owned Capital Improvement Program (\$ in Millions)

	Prior	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Beyond
Projects	Auth.	Request	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	CIP

Interdisciplinary Life							
Sciences Building	\$10.100	\$2.640	\$10.000	\$41.504	\$65.398	\$0.000	\$0.000
Total	\$10.100	\$2.640	\$10.000	\$41.504	\$65.398	\$0.000	\$0.000

	Prior	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Beyond
Fund Source	Auth.	Request	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	CIP

GO Bonds	\$10.100	\$2.640	\$10.000	\$41.504	\$65.398	\$0.000	\$0.000
Total	\$10.100	\$2.640	\$10.000	\$41.504	\$65.398	\$0.000	\$0.000

CIP: Capital Improvement Program

## Summary of Recommended Bond Actions

1. Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Building

Approve continued funding of the design for the Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Building.

2. SECTION 2 – University of Maryland Baltimore County – New Performing Arts and Humanities Facility

Approve the de-authorization of \$1 million.

3. SECTION 2 – University of Maryland Baltimore County – New Performing Arts and Humanities Facility

Approve the de-authorization of \$1 million.

For further information contact: Sara J. Baker

## **Budget** Overview

#### **Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Building**

The Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Building will address a shortage of teaching space to support science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) programs and provide interdisciplinary research space supporting life sciences and graduate education. Additionally, it will address deficiencies in research support facilities including animal research space.

The 2014 *Capital Improvement Plan* (CIP) deferred funding for the project for one year from fiscal 2016 to 2017 and programmed \$4.3 million to initiate design in fiscal 2017, as shown in **Exhibit 1**. The General Assembly accelerated the project by two years in 2014 by authorizing \$4.1 million to begin design and included language expressing the intent that construction funds would be authorized in the Maryland Consolidated Capital Bond Loan of 2016 and 2017. The 2015 CIP programmed \$6.0 million in fiscal 2016 to continue design and \$8.3 million in fiscal 2017 to complete design and begin construction. In fiscal 2015, the General Assembly pre-authorized \$53.0 million and \$43.0 million for construction in fiscal 2018 and 2019, respectively. While the 2016 CIP programs \$2.6 million in fiscal 2017 to complete design, funding for construction was deferred to fiscal 2018 with \$105.1 million for construction split funded over three years from fiscal 2018 to 2020. The total cost of the project increased \$3.9 million since the 2015 CIP from \$125.7 million to \$129.6 million due to deferring construction of the project by one year and extending construction from two to three years.

Exhibit 1 Changes in Funding Timeline Fiscal 2015-2020					
<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
		\$4.3	\$5.5	\$56.9	]
\$4.1	Intent for	constuction	funding		
4.1	\$6.0	8.3	30.0	77.3	]
4.1	6.0	8.3	53.0	43.0	
4.1	6.0	2.6	10.0	41.5	\$65.4
	2015 \$4.1 4.1 4.1	Fise   2015 2016   \$4.1 Intent for   4.1 \$6.0   4.1 6.0   4.1 6.0   Design Construct a	Changes in Funding Fiscal 2015-20   2015 2016 2017   \$4.3 \$4.3 \$4.3   \$4.1 Intent for constuction \$4.3   4.1 \$6.0 <b>8.3</b> 4.1 6.0 <b>2.6</b>	Changes in Funding Timelin Fiscal 2015-2020   2015 2016 2017 2018   \$4.3 \$5.5   \$4.1 Intent for constuction funding   4.1 \$6.0 <b>8.3</b> 30.0   4.1 6.0 <b>8.3</b> 53.0   4.1 6.0 2.6 10.0	Changes in Funding Timeline Fiscal 2015-2020   2015 2016 2017 2018 2019   \$4.3 \$5.5 \$56.9   \$4.1 Intent for constuction funding 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 11.5   Design Design Construct and Equip Design Des

GA: General Assembly

Source: Capital Improvement Program; Department of Legislative Services

Analysis of the FY 2017 Maryland Executive Budget, 2016

#### **RB31** – USM – University of Maryland Baltimore County

The University of Maryland Baltimore County (UMBC) relies on active learning instructional methods in STEM disciplines in which students work in small groups to solve problems and develop ideas and principles needed for a deeper understanding of the material. These classrooms are configured differently from the traditional instructional spaces and incorporate more technology. UMBC has two active-learning classrooms that are used all day during the week. Additional active-learning classrooms are needed in order to accommodate the enrollment growth in STEM programs, and multi-disciplinary teaching laboratories are needed to support courses taught in the active-learning classrooms to provide hands-on experiments in a wet laboratory setting. Overall, between fall 2011 and 2014, undergraduate and graduate STEM enrollment grew 29.3% leading to a shortage of classroom and teaching laboratories.

There is a shortage of interdisciplinary research space supporting life sciences and graduate education resulting in UMBC not being unable to grow research programs and limiting its ability to compete for research grant and contract funding. Currently, life science research laboratory space is located in various buildings throughout campus and is fully occupied. Furthermore, there are no research laboratories designed to support interdisciplinary research.

The animal research facilities are insufficient to perform animal procedures and lack dedicated quarantine rooms. The animal facilities are currently located in two locations: (1) 2,361 net assignable square feet (NASF) in the Biological Sciences building that was designed more than 30 years ago; and (2) 1,976 NASF in Sondheim Hall, a general classroom building not designed for this purpose. The facilities have poor ventilation and inadequate humidity control leading to odor and the presence of allergens. An insufficient number of procedure spaces results in the animals being transported to the principal investigator's laboratory for routine procedures. The lack of quarantine rooms puts all animals in the facility at risk of being infected. If one animal becomes infected, this results in the need to treat all of the animals to prevent the spread of infections, which is expensive and time-consuming. In addition, animal research protocols involving the use of biological agents that are infectious to humans cannot be performed. The existing facility in the Biological Sciences building is at full capacity and can only accommodate six researchers. Furthermore, existing facilities cannot be retrofitted to gain the Association for Assessment and Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care accreditation, thereby affecting UMBC's ability to obtain funding for animal-based research.

Overall, the CIP will provide 131,000 gross square feet/70,857 NASF of space, which includes 17,721 NASF and 6,701 NASF of classroom and teaching laboratory space, respectively; 27,859 NASF of research laboratory space; and 10,726 NASF of office space. In addition, 6,072 NASF is provided for animal facilities.

## **Operating Budget Impact Statement**

# Executive's Operating Budget Impact Statement – State-owned Projects (\$ in Millions)

FY 2017   FY 2018   FY 2019   FY 2020   FY 2021
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Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Bu	ilding				
Estimated Operating Cost	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.686	\$3.006
Estimated Staffing	0	0	0	1	3
Total Operating Impact					
Estimated Operating Cost	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.686	\$3.006
Estimated Staffing	0	0	0	1	3

## **GO Bond Recommended Actions**

- 1. Approve \$2.6 million in general obligation bonds to continue design of the Interdisciplinary Life Sciences Building.
- 2. Approve the de-authorization of \$1 million in general obligation bonds to construct and equip the new Performing Arts and Humanities Facility.
- 3. Approve the de-authorization of \$1 million in general obligation bonds to construct the new Performing Arts and Humanities Facility.