

MARYLAND STATE & DC AFL-CIO

HB 211- State Personnel - Collective Bargaining - Graduate Assistants and Postdoctoral Associates House Appropriations Committee January 21, 2025

SUPPORT

Donna S. Edwards President Maryland State and DC AFL-CIO

Chairman and members of the Committee, thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony in support of HB 211. My name is Donna S. Edwards, and I am the President of the Maryland State and District of Columbia AFL-CIO. On behalf of Maryland's 300,000 union members, I offer the following comments on granting collective bargaining rights to graduate assistants and postdoctoral associates at the University System of Maryland, Morgan State University, and St. Mary's College of Maryland.

HB 211 is enabling legislation allowing graduate assistants and postdoctoral associates at the University System of Maryland (USM) to exercise their rights to organize and vote for or against a union. The only obstacle between these workers and the same rights granted to thousands of their peers is Maryland's prohibitive law.

Collective bargaining for postdoctoral associates and graduate assistants is not new. Across the country, thousands of academic employees have formed unions. At least a hundred higher education facilities from Ivy League universities like Yale and Harvard to small private colleges like Goucher have collective bargaining agreements with their faculty and graduate assistants. In 2021, Maryland expanded unionization rights to community colleges across the state. As of today, there are 9 different higher education institutions with unionized faculty or part-time faculty in Maryland and that number will only grow over the next few years.¹

Graduate worker unions already exist at all of the universities within the Big-Ten Athletic Conference, with the exception of the University System of Maryland and the Ohio State University which still prohibit graduate collective bargaining by law.² These schools greatly benefit from unionization by attracting and retaining top talent across the board.

¹ See Appendix 2.

² See Appendix 1.

Graduate assistants are workers; they teach, assist with research, alleviate administrative work–all of which are essential to the mission, function and financial viability of a university. By their own testimony, UMS schools widely recognized how essential graduate assistants and postdoctoral associates are to the university's ability to secure millions of dollars in research funding and supporting ongoing research initiatives. The common law definition of employment is work which "generally requires that the employer have the right to control the employee's work, and that that work be performed in exchange for compensation."³ No amount of muddying the waters can ignore the fact that federal labor law, as first ruled by the National Labor Relations Board in 2016⁴, then reaffirmed by the Biden NLRB in 2021⁵ and again in 2023⁶, has emphatically decided that graduate assistants are workers.

The NLRB already dismissed arguments by universities that graduate assistants, "are primarily students and have a primarily educational, not economic, relationship with their university." stating, "We disagree. The Board has the statutory authority to treat student assistants as statutory employees, where they perform work, at the direction of the university, for which they are compensated. Statutory coverage [of the NLRA] is permitted by virtue of an employment relationship; it is not foreclosed by the existence of some other, additional relationship that the Act does not reach." Since then, the NLRB has gone even further in promoting higher education labor rights, ruling at the regional level that certain student athletes at private universities have an employee relationship and collective bargaining rights.⁷ There is nothing in federal law that prohibits graduate assistants, or any other higher education workers for that matter, from forming unions. This is especially true for higher education workers in the public sector who only need enabling language from their state or locality.

The "meet and confer" process, a USM-led compromise in 2012 to stonewall collective bargaining efforts, has failed. Shared governance, co-governance, and faculty senates are not substitutes for legal rights as workers. More than 60% of graduate workers at UMS have signed authorization cards to join UAW-the only way for university workers to collectively and effectively work with the higher education institutions to improve working conditions is by having the freedom to form and join a union of their choice. The legislature must stand aside to allow graduate assistants and postdoctoral associates to unionize. We urge a favorable report on HB 211.

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³ Trustees of Dartmouth College. Case 01-RC-325633. NLRB. (2023)

⁴ Columbia University, 364 NLRB No. 90 (2016)

⁵ Danielle Doublas-Gabriel. "Labor board withdraws rule to quash graduate students' right to organize as employees." Washington Post. March 2021.

⁶ Jeremy Bauer-Wolf. "NLRB: Duke University doctoral students can vote to unionize." Higher Ed Dive. July 13, 2023.

⁷ Trustees of Dartmouth College. Case 01-RC-325633. NLRB. (2023)

Appendix 1: Comparison of Graduate Labor Bargaining Rights in the Big Ten Conference

| Big Ten University | Graduate Assistant Union Name | Union Recognition Status | Note |
|---|---|---|--|
| University of Michigan | Graduate Employees' Organization (GEO), AFT Local 3551 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1975. |
| Michigan State University | Graduate Employees Union (GEU), AFT Local 6196 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 2001. |
| Rutgers University–New Brunswick | Rutgers AAUP, AFT | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1972. |
| University of Illinois Urbana–Champaign | Graduate Employees' Organization (GEO), AFT/IFT Local 6300 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 2003. |
| University of Iowa | Campaign to Organize Graduate Students (COGS), UE Local 896 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1996. |
| University of Minnesota, Twin Cities | University of Minnesota Graduate Labor Union (UMN-GLU), UE Local 1105 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 2023. They voted 2487 to 70 in favor of unionization. |
| Northwestern University | Northwestern University Graduate Workers (NUGW), UE Local 1122 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 2023. They voted 1644 to 114 in favor of unionization. |
| University of Oregon | University of Oregon Student Workers Union (UOSW) | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1976. |
| University of California Los Angeles (UCLA) | University of California System, UAW Local 4811 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1999, 2008, 2019, and 2021. |
| University of Southern California (USC) | Graduate Student Workers Organizing Committee (GSWOC-UAW USC) | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionzed since 2023. They voted 1599 to 122 in favor of unionization. |
| University of Washington | UAW Local 4121 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 2004. |
| University of Wisconsin–Madison | Teaching Assistants' Association (TAA), AFT Local 3220 | Already recognized & bargaining. | Graduate workers have been unionized since 1969. |
| University of Nebraska–Lincoln | "Unionize UNL" | Currently organizing and have the right to collectively bargain by law. | Holding regular meetings and rallies to build support among graduate workers. |
| Purdue University | Graduate Rights and Our Wellbeing (GROW) | Currently organizing and have the right to collectively bargain by law. | Holding regular meetings and rallies to build support among graduate workers. |
| Indiana University Bloomington | Indiana Grad Workers Coalition, UE | Currently organizing and have the right to collectively bargain by law. | Already delivered 1300 cards (more than majority) to the University President and are asking for an election. |

| Pennsylvania State University | Coalition of Graduate Employees (CGE) | Currently organizing and have the right to | On February 9, 2018, the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board ruled that graduate employees are public employees. |
|--|--|--|--|
| University of Maryland, College Park | Graduate Labor United (GLU), UAW | | More than 60% of graduate workers have signed authorization cards as of Nov. 2024. |
| Ohio State University | No Current Campaign | | Ohio Revised Code Chapter 4117.01 (c)(11) prohibits graduate assistant unionization. |

Appendix 2: The State of Faculty & Part Time Faculty Collective Bargaining in Maryland's Higher Education Institutions⁸

| Maryland University | Faculty Union Name | Part-Time Faculty Union Name |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Anne Arundel Community College | SEIU | SEIU 500 |
| Frederick Community College | AFT-MD | AFT-MD |
| Goucher College | SEIU 500 | SEIU 500 |
| Harford Community College | MSEA | MSEA |
| Howard Community College | AFT-MD | SEIU |
| Maryland Institute College of Art | SEIU 500 | SEIU 500 |
| McDaniel College | SEIU 500 | SEIU 500 |
| Montgomery College | AFT-MD | SEIU 500 |
| Wor-Wic Community College | MSEA | MSEA |

⁸ We are aware of workers at other community colleges that are currently signing cards to form and join unions in the coming year.