# J00I00 Maryland Aviation Administration Maryland Department of Transportation

#### Operating Budget Data

(\$ in Thousands)

	FY 16 <u>Actual</u>	FY 17 Working	FY 18 Allowance	FY 17-18 <u>Change</u>	% Change Prior Year
Special Fund	\$192,047	\$187,283	\$193,871	\$6,588	3.5%
Adjustments	0	0	-160	-160	
Adjusted Special Fund	\$192,047	\$187,283	\$193,710	\$6,427	3.4%
Federal Fund	646	646	646	0	
Adjusted Federal Fund	\$646	\$646	\$646	\$0	0.0%
Adjusted Grand Total	\$192,692	\$187,929	\$194,356	\$6,427	3.4%

Note: Includes targeted reversions, deficiencies, and contingent reductions.

- The fiscal 2018 allowance increases by \$6.4 million in special funds, primarily due to increases for Maryland Transportation Authority Police reimbursement and a new curbside customer service contract.
- Personnel costs decline by approximately \$338,000, mainly due to position abolitions.

#### PAYGO Capital Budget Data

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	Fiscal 2016 <u>Actual</u>	Fisca <u>Legislative</u>	l 2017 <u>Working</u>	Fiscal 2018 Allowance
Special	\$126,271	\$114,986	\$125,901	\$101,087
Federal	\$20,827	\$5,478	\$8,299	\$5,517
Subtotal	<i>\$147,098</i>	\$120,464	\$134,200	\$106,604
Other funds	\$106,303	\$75,600	\$42,800	\$17,800
Total	\$253,401	\$196,064	\$177,000	\$124,404

Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

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- The fiscal 2017 pay-as-you-go (PAYGO) working appropriation (including nonbudgeted funds) decreases by \$19.1 million, primarily due to the completion of several projects.
- The fiscal 2018 PAYGO allowance (including nonbudgeted funds) is \$52.6 million less than the working appropriation, primarily due to the end of terminal improvement and runway safety projects.

Operating and PAYGO Personnel Data

	FY 16 <u>Actual</u>	FY 17 <u>Working</u>	FY 18 Allowance	FY 17-18 <u>Change</u>
Regular Operating Budget Positions	449.50	446.50	446.50	0.00
Regular PAYGO Budget Positions	<u>50.00</u>	<u>49.00</u>	<u>47.00</u>	<u>-2.00</u>
<b>Total Regular Positions</b>	499.50	495.50	493.50	-2.00
Operating Budget FTEs	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00
PAYGO Budget FTEs	0.00	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	0.00
Total FTEs	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00
<b>Total Personnel</b>	500.00	496.00	494.00	-2.00
Vacancy Data: Regular Positions				
Turnover and Necessary Vacancies, Exclu Positions	ading New	29.46	6.00%	
Positions and Percentage Vacant as of 1/1	/17	31.00	6.28%	

- The fiscal 2018 allowance for personnel declines by 2.0 positions, which were long-term vacancies and were abolished.
- The budgeted turnover rate in fiscal 2018 is 6.00%, requiring 29.46 vacancies. As of January 1, 2017, the department had 31.00 vacant positions, for a turnover rate of 6.28%

#### Analysis in Brief

#### **Major Trends**

**Total Passengers Increase:** Passenger traffic at the Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall Airport) was approximately 25.0 million passengers in calendar 2016, an increase of 4.9% from 2015.

**Passenger Market Share Grows:** BWI Marshall Airport increased its market share in calendar 2016 relative to Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (Reagan National Airport) and Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International Airport). At 35.6%, BWI Marshall Airport's market share is at its highest since at least calendar 2005.

Cost and Non-airline Revenue Per Enplaned Passenger Decline: BWI Marshall Airport's cost per enplaned passenger decreased to \$9.51 per passenger, while non-airline revenue also decreased slightly to \$9.85 per passenger. BWI Marshall Airport continues to remain well below the cost average for other regional airports — Reagan National Airport, Dulles International Airport, and Philadelphia International Airport.

*Financial Results:* In fiscal 2018, Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) revenues are expected to increase from fiscal 2017 levels by 1.15%. Operating expenditures increase by 3.43%, leading to a decline in net operating income of 7.94% in fiscal 2017.

#### **Issues**

Audit Reveals Noncompliance with Federal Noise Regulations: An audit by the Office of Legislative Audits released in October 2016 found that MAA did not fulfill certain Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) requirements related to its noise compatibility program, which resulted in \$4.6 million in expenditures not being reimbursed. MAA should comment on its failure to comply with FAA regulations and any plans to change how the noise compatibility program operates.

Noise Complaints Take Off: The FAA has recently begun implementing the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) in the area that includes BWI Marshall, Reagan National, Dulles International, and Richmond International airports and Andrews Air Force Base. Among other requirements, NextGen has narrowed the flight paths into and out of BWI Marshall, which has generated complaints from residents about increased noise and lower flying aircraft. MAA should comment on the status of a group examining possible changes and provide any updates on NextGen regulations.

Little Progress on Hotel Replacement: MAA has been without an on-site hotel since the lease with the hotel operator expired in November 2013. Since that time, the hotel building was demolished, a request for proposals did not receive bids, and the focus has shifted to developing a hotel in the terminal. MAA should comment on the status of the hotel project.

#### **Operating Budget Recommended Actions**

1. Concur with Governor's allowance.

#### **PAYGO Budget Recommended Actions**

1. Concur with Governor's allowance.

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### Maryland Aviation Administration Maryland Department of Transportation

#### **Budget Analysis**

#### **Program Description**

The Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) has responsibility for fostering, developing, and regulating aviation activity throughout the State. MAA is responsible for operating, maintaining, and developing the State-owned Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall Airport) as a major center of commercial air carrier service in the State and Martin State Airport (MTN) as a general aviation reliever facility and as a support facility for the Maryland Air National Guard and the Maryland State Police. MAA has identified the following key goals:

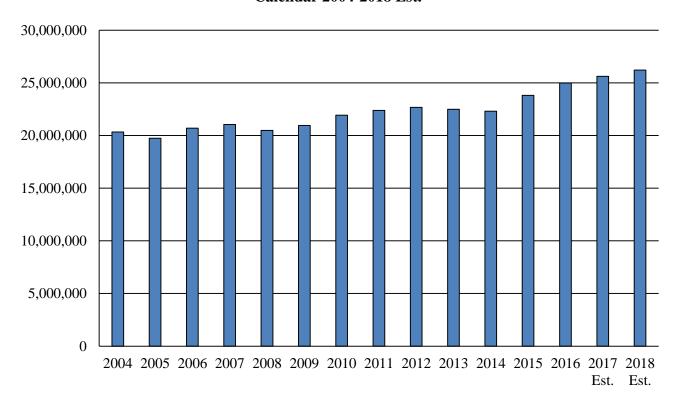
- keeping BWI Marshall Airport passengers, tenants, and facilities safe;
- operating BWI Marshall Airport efficiently and effectively;
- attracting, maintaining, and expanding air service; and
- providing exceptional service.

#### **Performance Analysis: Managing for Results**

#### 1. Total Passengers Increase

Passenger traffic at BWI Marshall Airport was approximately 25.0 million passengers in calendar 2016, an increase of 4.9% from calendar 2015. As shown in **Exhibit 1**, over the last two decades, passengers have increased from 20.3 million passengers in calendar 2004 to an anticipated 25.6 million in 2017. Since calendar 2008, BWI Marshall Airport has seen steady growth in passengers, despite the economic downturn. In calendar 2013 and 2014, the decline in passengers is largely attributable to the impact of the federal budget shutdown, sequestration, and the weak economy. It appears that that decline has been halted, with strong passenger growth expected through calendar 2018. Southwest Airlines remains the dominant airline at BWI Marshall Airport. For the 12-month period ending in November 2015, Southwest Airlines' share of passengers totaled 69.5%. The next largest carrier is Delta, which accounts for 7.6% of passengers.

Exhibit 1
Total Passengers at Baltimore/Washington International
Thurgood Marshall Airport
Calendar 2004-2018 Est.



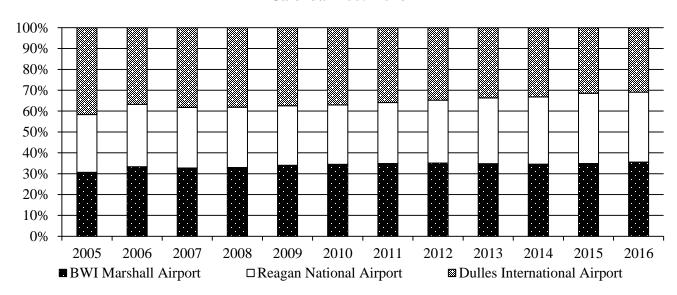
Source: Maryland Aviation Administration

#### 2. Passenger Market Share Grows

In order for BWI Marshall Airport to experience growth in business, it must remain competitive with other airports. In addition to competing with other airports nationally and internationally, BWI Marshall Airport must also compete for passengers closer to home in the Washington region due to the proximity of the Washington Dulles International Airport (Dulles International Airport) and, to a lesser extent, Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (Reagan National Airport).

As shown in **Exhibit 2**, BWI Marshall Airport increased its market share in calendar 2016 relative to Reagan National Airport and Dulles International Airport. At 35.6%, BWI Marshall Airport's market share is at its highest since at least calendar 2005. For the first time since calendar 2010, BWI Marshall Airport has increased its market share while both Reagan National Airport and Dulles International Airport lost market share.

#### Exhibit 2 Passenger Market Share Calendar 2005-2016



BWI Marshall Airport: Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport

Dulles International Airport: Washington Dulles International Airport Reagan National Airport: Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport

Source: Maryland Aviation Administration

#### 3. Cost and Non-airline Revenue Per Enplaned Passenger Decline

Two important financial calculations considered in regard to airports are the cost per enplaned passenger (CPE) and the non-airline revenue per enplaned passenger. Non-airline revenue includes parking, concessions, rental cars, and other revenue sources. In regard to the CPE, part of BWI Marshall Airport's success has been its ability to maintain low CPE rates, which attracts and retains low-cost carriers such as Southwest Airlines. At BWI Marshall Airport, like all airports, operating costs are passed on to airlines through building rent, landing fees, and other user charges. Therefore, both MAA and the airlines have an interest in keeping operating costs as low as possible.

As shown in **Exhibit 3**, BWI Marshall Airport's CPE decreased to \$9.51 per passenger, while non-airline revenue also decreased slightly to \$9.85 per passenger. The decline in non-airline revenue per passenger is related to the increase in the number of passengers using BWI Marshall Airport as a connecting airport; these passengers typically spend less at an airport. BWI Marshall Airport continues to remain well below the cost average for other regional airports — Reagan National Airport, Dulles International Airport, and Philadelphia International Airport. These lower costs per passenger make BWI Marshall Airport an attractive airport for airlines.

Exhibit 3 Cost and Non-airline Revenue Per Enplaned Passenger Fiscal 2011-2018 Est.

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Est. <u>2017</u>	Est. <u>2018</u>
Cost Per Enplaned Passenger								
BWI Marshall Airport	\$9.18	\$9.29	\$9.50	\$9.82	\$9.86	\$9.51	\$9.48	\$9.40
Regional Airports Average	14.83	15.91	17.38	16.86	16.93	17.59	18.04	18.02
Non-airline Revenue Per Enplaned Passer	nger							
BWI Marshall Airport	10.31	10.13	11.09	10.16	10.07	9.85	9.94	9.50
Regional Airports Average	10.8	10.88	12.04	12.82	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

BWI Marshall Airport: Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport

Source: Maryland Aviation Administration

#### 4. Financial Results

Unlike most other State agencies that rely solely on the State for all support, MAA receives operating revenues that help offset its expenditures. Its profitability determines how much the Transportation Trust Fund (TTF) must provide as a subsidy. Although MAA revenues have typically covered its operating expenses, MAA relies on the TTF or other non-MAA financing mechanisms to fund its capital program.

**Exhibit 4** shows MAA special fund revenues and expenditures. In fiscal 2018, revenues are expected to increase from fiscal 2017 levels by 1.15%. Operating expenditures increase by 3.43%, leading to a decline in net operating income of 7.94% in fiscal 2017.

It is important to note that in looking at MAA capital expenditures in a business manner, consideration should be given to the fact that capital expenditures are often paid for in a single year, or over multiple years, which decreases TTF expenditures for other purposes. Reimbursement from the airlines (through the Use and Lease Agreement) actually takes place over 5 to 20 years, meaning that revenues and capital expenditures may not match in a year-to-year comparison.

Exhibit 4
Special Fund Revenues and Expenditures
Fiscal 2015-2018

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	Working Appropriation 2017	Allowance 2018	\$ Change 2017-2018	% Change 2017-2018
<b>Operating Revenues</b>						
Flight Activities	\$60,882	\$62,671	\$65,977	\$68,708	\$2,731	4.14%
Rent and User Fees	65,225	68,738	68,004	70,318	2,314	3.40%
Concessions	85,449	83,203	83,366	86,169	2,803	3.36%
Other Revenues	2,078	6,954	8,731	3,515	-5,216	-59.74%
Martin State Airport	8,484	8,427	8,312	8,367	55	0.66%
Revenues Subtotal	\$222,118	\$229,993	\$234,390	\$237,077	\$2,687	1.15%
Operating Expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$187,314	\$192,047	\$187,283	\$193,710	\$6,427	3.43%
<b>Net Operating Income</b>	\$34,804	\$37,946	\$47,107	\$43,367	-\$3,740	-7.94%
Capital Expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$91,491	\$126,271	\$125,901	\$101,087	-\$24,814	-19.71%
Net Income/Loss	-\$56,687	-\$88,325	-\$78,794	-\$57,720	\$21,074	26.75%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes special funds only.

Source: Maryland Aviation Administration

#### **Fiscal 2017 Actions**

#### **Section 20 Position Abolitions**

MAA reduced its workforce by 2.0 positions as part of the Section 20 position abolitions included in the fiscal 2017 budget. The abolitions reduced long-term vacancies; MAA does not anticipate any impact from the abolitions.

#### **Proposed Budget**

As shown in **Exhibit 5**, the fiscal 2018 allowance increases by \$6.4 million in special funds, or 3.4%. Federal funds are unchanged.

# Exhibit 5 Proposed Budget MDOT Maryland Aviation Administration (\$ in Thousands)

How Much It Grows:	Special Fund	Federal Fund	Total			
Fiscal 2016 Actual	\$192,047	\$646	\$192,692			
Fiscal 2017 Working Appropriation	187,283	646	187,929			
Fiscal 2018 Allowance	<u>193,710</u>	<u>646</u>	<u>194,356</u>			
Fiscal 2017-2018 Amount Change	\$6,427	\$0	\$6,427			
Fiscal 2017-2018 Percent Change	3.4%		3.4%			
Where It Goes:						
Personnel Expenses						
Workers' compensation premium assessment				\$302		
Law enforcement officer pension system				117		
Increments and other compensation				72		
Social Security contributions				23		
Overtime earnings				-46		
Turnover adjustments				-50		
Employee retirement system contributions net of	of pension adjus	stment		-65		
Abolished/transferred positions				-327		
Employee and retiree health insurance				-366		
Other personnel changes				2		
Other Changes						
Maryland Transportation Authority police reim	bursement			2,058		
Curbside customer service contract				2,000		
Mechanical systems repair and maintenance				1,277		
Electricity				912		
Janitorial services				640		
Advertising and legal publishing				450		
IT security assessment				380		
Miscellaneous supplies				350		
Airport vegetation control				332		
Airport lighting	Airport lighting					
Deicing fluid recovery	Deicing fluid recovery					
Sanitary sewer repair and maintenance						
Environmental protection				124		
Lease management website				115		
Miscellaneous maintenance and repair				100		
Insurance coverage paid to State Treasurer				-112		
Shuttle bus gas and oil						

#### J00I00 - MDOT - Maryland Aviation Administration

#### Where It Goes:

Fuel/Natural gas	-341
Ground transportation	-358
Certificate of participation payments	-1,151
Other	-140
Total	\$6,427

IT: information technology

Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

#### **Across-the-board Reductions**

The fiscal 2018 budget bill includes a \$54.5 million (all funds) across-the-board contingent reduction for a supplemental pension payment. Annual payments are mandated for fiscal 2017 through 2020 if the Unassigned General Fund balance exceeds a certain amount at the close of the fiscal year. This agency's share of these reductions is \$160,497 in special funds. This action is tied to a provision in the Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2017.

#### **Maryland Transportation Authority Reimbursement**

The Maryland Transportation Authority (MDTA) Police provides public safety services at BWI Marshall Airport. Due to increased personnel costs related to the recent collective bargaining agreement between MDTA Police and the State, MAA's fiscal 2018 costs increase by \$2.1 million. However, the agency projects a \$1.7 million budget amendment in fiscal 2017 for MDTA security, which will reduce the increase to about \$0.4 million.

#### **Curbside Customer Service Contract**

One of the largest additions in MAA's fiscal 2018 allowance is \$2.0 million for a curbside customer service contract. MAA will contract with a vendor to provide curbside management services and traffic control services. BWI Marshall terminal traffic currently experiences severe congestion and gridlock, which leads to public safety and customer service issues. The service is expected to improve terminal access, enhance customer service, and improve public safety.

#### Pay-as-you-go Capital Program

#### **Program Description**

The MAA capital program provides for the development and maintenance of facilities at BWI Marshall Airport and MTN. MAA undertakes projects that meet the demands of commercial and general aviation for both passenger and cargo activities at BWI Marshall Airport. At MTN, facilities improvements and rehabilitation activities such as runway and taxiway improvements, building and system renovations, and various maintenance projects are implemented.

#### Fiscal 2017 to 2022 Consolidated Transportation Program

The MAA total capital program from fiscal 2017 to 2022 totals \$437.9 million, a decrease of \$201.3 million compared to the fiscal 2016 to 2021 *Consolidated Transportation Program* (CTP). Funding for projects in the fiscal 2017 to 2022 CTP is largely devoted to terminal improvements and minor system preservation projects.

#### Fiscal 2018 Capital Allowance

**Exhibit 6** shows the fiscal 2018 capital allowance for MAA by project and program along with estimated total project costs and six-year funding included in the CTP. The International Concourse Extension accounts for nearly half of the fiscal 2018 capital program.

# Exhibit 6 Maryland Aviation Administration PAYGO Capital Allowance Fiscal 2018 (\$ in Thousands)

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<b>Project Description</b>	<u>2018</u>	Total <u>Cost</u>	Six-year <u>Total</u>
<b>Projects</b> Anne Arundel	International Concourse Extension at BWI Marshall Airport	\$56,679	\$115,046	\$95,887
Anne Arundel	D/E Connector at BWI Marshall Airport	0	132,285	24,722
Anne Arundel	Runway Safety Area, Standards and Pavement Improvements (Phase 4) at BWI Marshall Airport	0	121,143	20,592
Anne Arundel	Consolidated Rental Car Facility Shuttle Bus Fleet Replacement <sup>1</sup>	16,000	16,000	16,000
Anne Arundel	International Checked Baggage Inspection System at BWI Marshall Airport	0	22,269	8,768

J00I00 - MDOT - Maryland Aviation Administration

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<b>Project Description</b>	<u>2018</u>	Total <u>Cost</u>	Six-year <u>Total</u>
Anne Arundel	Runway Safety Area, Standards and Pavement Improvements (Phase 2) at BWI Marshall Airport	0	72,394	6,737
Anne Arundel	Residential Sound Insulation Program <sup>1,3</sup>	940	5,636	5,636
Anne Arundel	Loading Bridge Replacement Program at BWI Marshall Airport	0	13,792	5,498
Anne Arundel	Aircraft Maintenance Facility Infrastructure at BWI Marshall Airport <sup>2</sup>	4,000	5,000	5,000
Anne Arundel	Environmental Assessment at BWI Marshall Airport	1,642	3,140	3,079
Anne Arundel	Runway Safety Area, Standards and Pavement Improvements (Phase 3) at BWI Marshall Airport	0	147,548	2,191
Baltimore County	Environmental Assessment at Martin State Airport	713	2,551	1,090
Anne Arundel	Parking Revenue Control System at	0	8,791	500
Subtotal – Projects	BWI Marshall Airport	\$79,974	\$665,595	\$195,700
<b>Programs</b> Statewide	System Preservation and Minor Projects	\$37,900	n/a	\$204,900
Statewide  Subtotal – Program  Total – Projects an		6,500 <i>\$44,400</i> <i>\$124,374</i>	n/a <b>\$665,595</b>	37,300 \$242,200 \$437,900

BWI Marshall Airport: Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport PAYGO: pay-as-you-go

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation, 2017-2022 Consolidated Transportation Program

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Projects added to the construction program in this *Consolidated Transportation Program*.

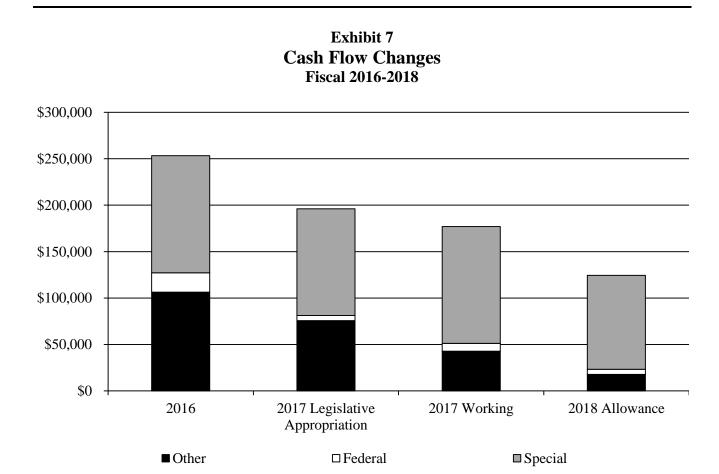
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Project added to the development and evaluation program in this *Consolidated Transportation Program*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This project was previously called the Homeowner Assistance Program.

#### Fiscal 2017 and 2018 Cash Flow Analysis

**Exhibit 7** shows that the fiscal 2017 working appropriation increased by \$13.7 million (not including nonbudgeted funds) compared to the legislative appropriation. Including nonbudgeted funds, the working appropriation decreased by \$19.1 million. The reduction is primarily due to the early completion of several projects.

The fiscal 2018 allowance (including nonbudgeted funds) is \$52.6 million less than the working appropriation, primarily due to the end of terminal improvement and runway safety projects. The other funding category is primarily made up of passenger facility charges; beginning in fiscal 2018, that revenue will be used to reimburse the TTF for the financing of the D/E Connector and the International Concourse E Extension projects.



Source: Maryland Department of Transportation, 2017-2022 Consolidated Transportation Program

#### 1. Audit Reveals Noncompliance with Federal Noise Regulations

An audit by the Office of Legislative Audits released in October 2016 found that MAA did not fulfill certain Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) requirements related to its noise compatibility program, which resulted in \$4.6 million in expenditures not being reimbursed.

The noise compatibility program provides funding for residential sound insulation projects and for the purchase of properties in areas exposed to significant noise. MAA ended the noise program in calendar 2012 because it found it difficult to comply with FAA's reimbursement requirements. Between calendar 2003 and 2012, MAA spent \$5.7 million on sound insulation projects; it did not get reimbursed for the \$4.6 million federal portion of the spending. MAA believed that \$2.7 million of the federal portion was not eligible for reimbursement because projects were done outside of the allowed airport perimeter, or because documentation could not be found identifying the properties involved.

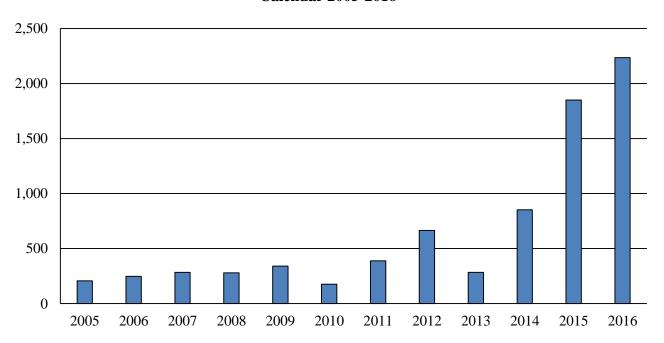
FAA denied reimbursement for the remainder because MAA did not perform required noise testing before and after construction. Until calendar 2012, FAA did reimburse airports for noise mitigation work without noise testing being performed before and after the work. MAA continued performing noise mitigation projects, and were instead reimbursed using the TTF, which in turn was fully recovered from airlines – a typical practice for capital projects at BWI Marshall. MAA should comment on its failure to comply with FAA regulations and any plans to change how the noise compatibility program operates.

#### 2. Noise Complaints Take Off

The FAA has recently begun implementing the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) in the area that includes BWI Marshall Airport, Reagan National Airport, Dulles International Airport, Richmond International Airport, and Andrews Air Force Base. Among other requirements, NextGen has changed the flight paths into and out of BWI Marshall Airport, which has generated complaints from residents about increased noise and lower flying aircraft. While the number of flights has not dramatically increased, a larger number of people are experiencing the noise impact of BWI Marshall Airport take offs and landings.

**Exhibit 8** shows the number of annual complaints about noise. The smaller spikes in calendar 2012 and 2014 are related to runway closures. The increase in calendar 2015 to 1,850 complaints is partially due to a runway closure and partially due to NextGen changes, while the increase to 2,235 complaints in calendar 2016 is primarily due to NextGen changes.

#### Exhibit 8 Noise Complaints at BWI Marshall Calendar 2005-2016



Note: 2016 is through Nov. 18, 2016.

Source: Maryland Aviation Administration

Since the NextGen rules were implemented and noise complaints increased, FAA advised MAA to create a group of community and industry representatives to develop recommendations for changes. The process could take two to three years. MAA should comment on the status of the group and provide any updates on NextGen regulations.

#### 3. Little Progress on Hotel Replacement

MAA has been without an on-site hotel since the lease with the hotel operator expired in November 2013. Since that time, the hotel building was demolished, a request for proposals did not receive bids, and the focus has shifted to developing a hotel in the terminal.

MAA notes that the in-terminal location has become common in the industry, with recent successful developments at Dallas/Fort Worth, Detroit, Orlando, and Denver airports. The in-terminal location is seen as providing a higher level of customer service to BWI Marshall Airport travelers. MAA is still in the early stages of development for this project, and is not yet able to estimate an opening date for a new hotel. **MAA should comment on the status of the hotel project.** 

### **Operating Budget Recommended Actions**

1. Concur with Governor's allowance.

### PAYGO Budget Recommended Actions

1. Concur with Governor's allowance.

# Appendix 1 Current and Prior Year Budgets MDOT – Maryland Aviation Administration (\$ in Thousands)

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special <u>Fund</u>	Federal <u>Fund</u>	Reimb. <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal 2016					
Legislative Appropriation	\$0	\$185,766	\$646	\$0	\$186,411
Deficiency Appropriation	0	0	0	0	0
Budget Amendments	0	6,281	0	0	6,281
Reversions and Cancellations	0	0	0	0	0
Actual Expenditures	\$0	\$192,047	\$646	<b>\$0</b>	\$192,692
Fiscal 2017					
Legislative Appropriation	\$0	\$186,198	\$646	\$0	\$186,843
Cost Containment	0	0	0	0	0
Budget Amendments	0	1,085	0	0	1,085
Working Appropriation	<b>\$0</b>	\$187,283	\$646	<b>\$0</b>	\$187,929

MDOT: Maryland Department of Transportation

Note: Does not include targeted reversions, deficiencies, and contingent reductions. Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

#### **Fiscal 2016**

The Maryland Aviation Administration finished fiscal 2016 approximately \$6.3 million above its legislative appropriation. Special funds increased by \$5.5 million for ground maintenance due to unanticipated levels of snow, by \$491,999 for a salary schedule adjustment, and by \$244,998 to correct budgeting errors in the allocation for Office of Administrative Hearing and workers compensation charges.

The federal fund appropriation of \$645,500 was unchanged.

#### **Fiscal 2017**

The fiscal 2017 working appropriation is approximately \$1.1 million higher than the legislative appropriation. Amendments increased the appropriation by \$462,267 for the allocation of the statewide salary increments and by \$623,061 for salary increases that were part of law enforcement collective bargaining agreements.

## Appendix 2 Audit Findings

Audit Period for Last Audit:	August 1, 2011 – June 30, 2015
Issue Date:	October 2016
Number of Findings:	4
Number of Repeat Findings:	1
% of Repeat Findings:	25%
Rating: (if applicable)	n/a

- **Finding 1:** The Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) did not comply with requirements of a federal noise compatibility program and, as a result, \$4.6 million in related expenditures were not reimbursed with federal funds.
- **Finding 2:** MAA did not have adequate procedures to ensure that all collections, which totaled \$141 million during fiscal 2015, were deposited and that deposits were made timely.
- **Finding 3:** Proper internal controls were not established to ensure independent approvals for purchasing and disbursement transactions.
- **Finding 4:** MAA did not competitively procure vehicle and equipment maintenance services or use a statewide contract when available.

<sup>\*</sup>Bold denotes item repeated in full or part from preceding audit report.

## Appendix 3 Object/Fund Difference Report MDOT – Maryland Aviation Administration

FY 17 FY 16 FY 18 Working FY 17 - FY 18 Percent Object/Fund Actual **Appropriation** Allowance **Amount Change** Change **Positions** 449.50 446.50 446.50 0.00 0% 01 Regular 02 Contractual 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.00 0% **Total Positions** 450.00 447.00 447.00 0.00 0% **Objects** 01 Salaries and Wages \$ 44,293,240 \$ 43,306,138 \$ 43,128,558 -\$ 177,580 -0.4% Technical and Spec. Fees 1,854,801 2,102,878 2,097,050 -5,828 -0.3% Communication 1,517,775 -64,279 03 1,225,807 1,453,496 -4.2% 04 Travel 336,039 242,969 242,969 0% 0 Fuel and Utilities 14,029,646 15,045,237 573,825 4.0% 06 14,471,412 07 Motor Vehicles 2,904,142 3.260,309 2,917,361 -342,948 -10.5% 08 Contractual Services 83,280,927 85,399,118 92,307,025 6,907,907 8.1% 09 Supplies and Materials 7,364,812 6,764,925 7,114,925 350,000 5.2% 10 Equipment – Replacement 313,565 0 0 0 0.0% Equipment – Additional 134,123 0 0 0 0.0% 11 Grants, Subsidies, and Contributions 984,991 970,572 984,081 13,509 1.4% Fixed Charges 19,473,215 -1,192,923 -6.2% 13 19,256,806 18,063,883 14 Land and Structures 16,496,942 10,635,840 11,161,864 526,024 4.9% **Total Objects** \$ 192,692,250 \$ 187,928,742 \$ 194,516,449 \$ 6,587,707 3.5% **Funds** Special Fund \$ 192,046,750 \$ 187,283,242 \$ 193,870,949 \$ 6,587,707 3.5% 05 Federal Fund 645,500 645,500 645,500 0 0%

\$ 187,928,742

\$ 194,516,449

\$ 6,587,707

3.5%

\$ 192,692,250

MDOT: Maryland Department of Transportation

**Total Funds** 

Analysis of the FY 2018 Maryland Executive Budget, 2017

Note: Does not include targeted reversions, deficiencies, and contingent reductions.

## Appendix 4 Fiscal Summary MDOT – Maryland Aviation Administration

	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18		FY 17 - FY 18
Program/Unit	<u>Actual</u>	Wrk Approp	<b>Allowance</b>	<b>Change</b>	% Change
2021 BWI Marshall Airport	\$ 184,421,431	\$ 179,968,711	\$ 186,643,091	\$ 6,674,380	3.7%
2022 Martin State Airport	7,877,954	7,496,525	7,415,342	-81,183	-1.1%
2023 Regional Air Development	392,865	463,506	458,016	-5,490	-1.2%
2030 Facilities and Capital Equipment	145,408,632	133,700,000	106,604,000	-27,096,000	-20.3%
1270 Parking Revenue Control System	1,689,175	500,000	0	-500,000	-100.0%
Total Expenditures	\$ 339,790,057	\$ 322,128,742	\$ 301,120,449	-\$ 21,008,293	-6.5%
Special Fund	\$ 318,317,683	\$ 313,184,242	\$ 294,957,949	-\$ 18,226,293	-5.8%
Federal Fund	21,472,374	8,944,500	6,162,500	-2,782,000	-31.1%
<b>Total Appropriations</b>	\$ 339,790,057	\$ 322,128,742	\$ 301,120,449	-\$ 21,008,293	-6.5%

BWI Marshall Airport: Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport MDOT: Maryland Department of Transportation

Note: Does not include targeted reversions, deficiencies, and contingent reductions.

## Appendix 5 Budget Amendments for Fiscal 2017

#### Maryland Department of Transportation Maryland Aviation Administration – Operating

<b>Status</b>	<b>Amendment</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>Justification</u>
Approved	\$462,267	Special	Provide funding for increments.
Approved	623,061	Special	Funds for the SLEOLA portion of the fiscal 2017 collective bargaining agreement.
	\$1,085,328	Subtotal	
Projected	\$1,700,000	Special	Increase for security at BWI Marshall Airport, provided by Maryland Transportation Authority police.
	\$1,700,000	Subtotal	
	2,785,328	Total	

BWI Marshall Airport: Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport SLEOLA: State Law Enforcement Officers Labor Alliance

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation

# Appendix 6 Budget Amendments for Fiscal 2017 Maryland Department of Transportation Maryland Aviation Administration – Capital

<b>Status</b>	<b>Amendment</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>Justification</u>
Approved	\$43,199	Special	Provide funding for increments.
	<i>\$43,199</i>	Subtotal	
Pending	\$10,871,761	Special	Amend the working appropriation to reflect the fiscal 2017 to 2022
	2,821,000	Federal	Consolidated Transportation Program.
	\$13,692,761	Subtotal	
	\$13,735,960	Total	

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation