

BY: Judicial Proceedings Committee

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 334
(Third Reading File Bill)

AMENDMENT NO. 1

On page 1, in line 10, after the semicolon insert “authorizing certain protective orders issued by courts of other states and Indian tribes to be entered in the Maryland Interagency Law Enforcement System and accessed by any judge or law enforcement agency or officer;”; and after line 11, insert:

“BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article 88B - Department of State Police
Section 7A
Annotated Code of Maryland
(1995 Replacement Volume)”.

AMENDMENT NO. 2

On page 1, after line 18, insert:

“Article 88B - Department of State Police

7A.

(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

(2) “Civil child support warrant” means any of the following, when issued for the enforcement of a child support order:

(i) An arrest warrant;

(Over)

(ii) A bench warrant;

(iii) A body attachment issued by a circuit court; or

(iv) A warrant for failure to appear.

(3) “Civil protective order” means:

(i) An ex parte order issued under § 4-505 of the Family Law Article; [or]

(ii) A protective order issued under § 4-506 of the Family Law Article; OR

(III) A PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED BY A COURT OF ANOTHER STATE OR AN INDIAN TRIBE THAT HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OR A CIRCUIT COURT UNDER § 4-508.1 OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE.

(4) “System” means the Maryland Interagency Law Enforcement System.

(b) The Department shall:

(1) Cooperate with local child support enforcement offices and law enforcement agencies to receive, accept, and incorporate civil child support warrants in the System; and

(2) Cooperate with the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Chief Clerk of the District Court of Maryland, and the clerks of the circuit courts to receive, accept, and incorporate civil protective orders in the System.

(c) (1) Any judge or any law enforcement agency or officer may access the System to determine the status of any outstanding civil child support warrant issued by a court of the State.

(2) Any judge or any law enforcement agency or officer may access the System to determine the status of any outstanding civil protective order issued by a court of the State OR ISSUED BY A COURT OF ANOTHER STATE OR AN INDIAN TRIBE AND FILED WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OR A CIRCUIT COURT.

(d) (1) Local child support enforcement offices and appropriate local law enforcement agencies shall be responsible for entry, maintenance, and prompt validation of civil child support

warrants in the System in accordance with procedures adopted by the Department.

(2) The clerks of the courts and appropriate local law enforcement agencies shall be responsible for entry, maintenance, and prompt validation of civil protective orders in the System in accordance with procedures adopted by the Department.

Article - Family Law”.