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HB 1181/95 - ECM

1996 Regular Session

(PRE-FILED)

6lr0192 CF 6lr0710

By: Chairman, Economic Matters Committee (Commission on Uniform State Laws)

Requested: August 1, 1995 Introduced and read first time: January 10, 1996 Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Uniform Commercial Code - Investment Securities - Revision of Title 8

3 FOR the purpose of revising, reorganizing, and clarifying the commercial laws of the

- State pertaining to investment securities; clarifying certain provisions concerning 4
- the direct holding system of investment securities; establishing rules concerning the 5
- 6 indirect holding system of investment securities; clarifying certainprovisions
- 7 concerning defenses raised by issuers of securities held directly against subsequent
- purchasers; clarifying the process of registration of transfer by the issuer or transfer 8
- 9 agent of a security held directly; revising the rules protecting purchasers of
- 10 securities held directly against adverse claims; clarifying certain provisions
- 11 concerning uncertificated securities; establishing the rights and property interest of
- 12 a person who holds a security through an intermediary; establishing certain financial
- 13 requirements for securities intermediaries; establishing rules for the creation and
- perfection of security interests in directly and indirectly held investment securities; 14
- repealing, amending, and adding certain definitions; and generally relating to 15
- 16 investment securities under the Uniform Commercial Code.

17 BY repealing

- 18 Article - Commercial Law
- 19 Section 8-101 through 8-408, inclusive, and the title "Title 8. Investment
- 20 Securities"
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

23 BY adding to

- 24 Article - Commercial Law
- 25 Section 8-101 through 8-511, inclusive, to be under the new title "Title 8.
- Investment Securities"; 9-115 and 9-116 26
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement) 28

29 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 30 Article - Commercial Law
- 31 Section 1-105(2), 1-206, 5-114(2), 9-103(6), 9-105(1)(h) and (i), (2), and (3),

1	9-106, 9-203(1), 9-30	(1), 9-302(1), 9-304	, 9-305, 9-306(1) through (3),
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2 9-309, 9-312(1) and (7), and 10-104

- 3 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 4 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

5 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

6 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 8-101 through 8-408, inclusive, and the title"Title 8.7 Investment Securities" of Article - Commercial Law of the Annotated Code of Maryland8 be repealed.

9 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 10 read as follows:

11 Article - Commercial Law

12 1-105.

2

13 (2) Where one of the following provisions of Titles 1 through 10 of this article 14 specifies the applicable law, that provision governs and a contrary agreement is effective 15 only to the extent permitted by the law (including the conflict of lawsrules) so specified:

16 Rights of creditors against sold goods. § 2-402.

- 17 Applicability of the title on leases. §§ 2A-105 and 2A-106.
- 18 Applicability of the title on bank deposits and collections. § 4-102.

19 Governing law in the title on funds transfers. § 4A-507.

20 Bulk transfers subject to the title on bulk transfers. § 6-102.

- 21 Applicability of the title on investment securities. [§ 8-106] § 8-110.
- 22 Perfection provisions of the title on secured transactions. § 9-103.
- 23 1-206.

(1) Except in the cases described in subsection (2) of this section a contract for
the sale of personal property is not enforceable by way of action or defense beyond [five
thousand dollars (\$5000)] \$5,000 in amount or value of remedy unless there is some
writing which indicates that a contract for sale has been made between the parties at a
defined or stated price, reasonably identifies the subject matter, and is signed by the party
against whom enforcement is sought or by his authorized agent.

30 (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to contracts for the sale of goods 31 (§ 2-201) nor of securities [(§ 8-319)] (§ 8-113) nor to security agreements (§ 9-203).

32 5-114.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed when documents appear on their face to comply with
the terms of a credit but a required document does not in fact conform to the warranties
made on negotiation or transfer of a document of title (§ 7-507) or of a certificated
security [(§ 8-306)] (§ 8-108) or is forged or fraudulent or there is fraud in the
transaction:

1 (a) The issuer must honor the draft or demand for payment if honor is

 $2\;$ demanded by a negotiating bank or other holder of the draft or demand which has taken

3 the draft or demand under the credit and under circumstances which would make it a

4 holder in due course (§ 3-302) and in an appropriate case would make ita person to

 $5\,$ whom a document of title has been duly negotiated (§ 7-502) or a bona fide purchaser of

6 a certificated security (§ 8-302); and

7 (b) In all other cases as against its customer, an issuer acting in good faith 8 may honor the draft or demand for payment despite notification from thecustomer of 9 fraud, forgery or other defect not apparent on the face of the documents but a court of 10 appropriate jurisdiction may enjoin such honor.

11 TITLE 8. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

12 SUBTITLE 1. SHORT TITLE AND GENERAL MATTERS.

13 8-101.

14 THIS TITLE SHALL BE KNOWN AND MAY BE CITED AS MARYLAND UNIFORM15 COMMERCIAL CODE - INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

16 8-102.

17 (A) IN THIS TITLE:

(1) "ADVERSE CLAIM" MEANS A CLAIM THAT A CLAIMANT HAS A
PROPERTY INTEREST IN A FINANCIAL ASSET AND THAT IT IS A VIOLATION OF THE
RIGHTS OF THE CLAIMANT FOR ANOTHER PERSON TO HOLD, TRANSFER, OR DEAL
WITH THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(2) "BEARER FORM", AS APPLIED TO A CERTIFICATED SECURITY,
MEANS A FORM IN WHICH THE SECURITY IS PAYABLE TO THE BEARER OF THE
SECURITY CERTIFICATE ACCORDING TO ITS TERMS BUT NOT BY REASON OF AN
INDORSEMENT.

26 (3) "BROKER" MEANS A PERSON DEFINED AS A BROKER OR DEALER
27 UNDER THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS, BUT WITHOUT EXCLUDING A BANK
28 ACTING IN THAT CAPACITY.

29 (4) "CERTIFICATED SECURITY" MEANS A SECURITY THAT IS30 REPRESENTED BY A CERTIFICATE.

31 (5) "CLEARING CORPORATION" MEANS:

32 (I) A PERSON THAT IS REGISTERED AS A "CLEARING AGENCY"33 UNDER THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS;

34 (II) A FEDERAL RESERVE BANK; OR

(III) ANY OTHER PERSON THAT PROVIDES CLEARANCE OR
SETTLEMENT SERVICES WITH RESPECT TO FINANCIAL ASSETS THAT WOULD
REQUIRE IT TO REGISTER AS A CLEARING AGENCY UNDER THE FEDERAL
SECURITIES LAWS BUT FOR AN EXCLUSION OR EXEMPTION FROM THE

REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT, IF ITS ACTIVITIES AS A CLEARING CORPORATION,
 INCLUDING PROMULGATION OF RULES, ARE SUBJECT TO REGULATION BY A
 FEDERAL OR STATE GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY.

4 (6) "COMMUNICATE" MEANS TO:

5 (I) SEND A SIGNED WRITING; OR

6 (II) TRANSMIT INFORMATION BY ANY MECHANISM AGREED UPON 7 BY THE PERSONS TRANSMITTING AND RECEIVING THE INFORMATION.

8 (7) "ENTITLEMENT HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON IDENTIFIED IN THE
9 RECORDS OF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AS THE PERSON HAVING A SECURITY
10 ENTITLEMENT AGAINST THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY. IF A PERSON ACQUIRES A
11 SECURITY ENTITLEMENT BY VIRTUE OF § 8-501(B)(2) OR (3) OF THIS TITLE, THAT
12 PERSON IS THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

13 (8) "ENTITLEMENT ORDER" MEANS A NOTIFICATION COMMUNICATED
14 TO A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY DIRECTING TRANSFER OR REDEMPTION OF A
15 FINANCIAL ASSET TO WHICH THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER HAS A SECURITY
16 ENTITLEMENT.

17 (9) (I) "FINANCIAL ASSET", EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN §18 8-103 OF THIS SUBTITLE, MEANS:

19 1. A SECURITY;

2. AN OBLIGATION OF A PERSON OR A SHARE,
 PARTICIPATION, OR OTHER INTEREST IN A PERSON OR IN PROPERTY OR AN
 ENTERPRISE OF A PERSON, WHICH IS, OR IS OF A TYPE, DEALT IN OR TRADED ON
 FINANCIAL MARKETS, OR WHICH IS RECOGNIZED IN ANY AREA IN WHICH IT IS
 ISSUED OR DEALT IN AS A MEDIUM FOR INVESTMENT; OR

3. ANY PROPERTY THAT IS HELD BY A SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY FOR ANOTHER PERSON IN A SECURITIES ACCOUNT IF THE
 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS EXPRESSLY AGREED WITH THE OTHER PERSON
 THAT THE PROPERTY IS TO BE TREATED AS A FINANCIAL ASSET UNDER THIS TITLE.

(II) AS CONTEXT REQUIRES, THE TERM MEANS EITHER THE
INTEREST ITSELF OR THE MEANS BY WHICH A PERSON'S CLAIM TO IT IS EVIDENCED,
INCLUDING A CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, A SECURITY
CERTIFICATE, OR A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT.

(10) "GOOD FAITH", FOR PURPOSES OF THE OBLIGATION OF GOOD
FAITH IN THE PERFORMANCE OR ENFORCEMENT OF CONTRACTS OR DUTIES
WITHIN THIS TITLE, MEANS HONESTY IN FACT AND THE OBSERVANCE OF
REASONABLE COMMERCIAL STANDARDS OF FAIR DEALING.

(11) "INDORSEMENT" MEANS A SIGNATURE THAT ALONE OR
ACCOMPANIED BY OTHER WORDS IS MADE ON A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IN
REGISTERED FORM OR ON A SEPARATE DOCUMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF
ASSIGNING, TRANSFERRING, OR REDEEMING THE SECURITY OR GRANTING A
POWER TO ASSIGN, TRANSFER, OR REDEEM IT.

(12) "INSTRUCTION" MEANS A NOTIFICATION COMMUNICATED TO THE
 ISSUER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY WHICH DIRECTS THAT THE TRANSFER
 OF THE SECURITY BE REGISTERED OR THAT THE SECURITY BE REDEEMED.

4 (13) "REGISTERED FORM", AS APPLIED TO A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, 5 MEANS A FORM IN WHICH:

6 (I) THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE SPECIFIES A PERSON ENTITLED 7 TO THE SECURITY; AND

8 (II) A TRANSFER OF THE SECURITY MAY BE REGISTERED UPON
9 BOOKS MAINTAINED FOR THAT PURPOSE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE ISSUER, OR THE
10 SECURITY CERTIFICATE SO STATES.

11 (14) "SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY" MEANS:

12 (I) A CLEARING CORPORATION; OR

(II) A PERSON, INCLUDING A BANK OR BROKER, THAT IN THE
ORDINARY COURSE OF ITS BUSINESS MAINTAINS SECURITIES ACCOUNTS FOR
OTHERS AND IS ACTING IN THAT CAPACITY.

16 (15) "SECURITY", EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 8-103 OF THIS
17 SUBTITLE, MEANS AN OBLIGATION OF AN ISSUER OR A SHARE, PARTICIPATION, OR
18 OTHER INTEREST IN AN ISSUER OR IN PROPERTY OR AN ENTERPRISE OF AN ISSUER:

(I) WHICH IS REPRESENTED BY A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IN
 BEARER OR REGISTERED FORM, OR THE TRANSFER OF WHICH MAY BE REGISTERED
 UPON BOOKS MAINTAINED FOR THAT PURPOSE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE ISSUER;

(II) WHICH IS ONE OF A CLASS OR SERIES OR BY ITS TERMS IS
 DIVISIBLE INTO A CLASS OR SERIES OF SHARES, PARTICIPATIONS, INTERESTS, OR
 OBLIGATIONS; AND

25 (III) WHICH:

1. IS, OR IS OF A TYPE, DEALT IN OR TRADED ON27 SECURITIES EXCHANGES OR SECURITIES MARKETS; OR

28 2. IS A MEDIUM FOR INVESTMENT AND BY ITS TERMS
29 EXPRESSLY PROVIDES THAT IT IS A SECURITY GOVERNED BY THIS TITLE.

30 (16) "SECURITY CERTIFICATE" MEANS A CERTIFICATE REPRESENTING A31 SECURITY.

32 (17) "SECURITY ENTITLEMENT" MEANS THE RIGHTS AND PROPERTY
 33 INTEREST OF AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER WITH RESPECT TO A FINANCIAL ASSET
 34 SPECIFIED IN SUBTITLE 5 OF THIS TITLE.

35 (18) "UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY" MEANS A SECURITY THAT IS NOT36 REPRESENTED BY A CERTIFICATE.

37 (B) OTHER DEFINITIONS APPLYING TO THIS TITLE AND THE SECTIONS IN38 THIS TITLE IN WHICH THEY APPEAR ARE:

1 APPROPRIATE PERSON § 8-107 2 CONTROL § 8-106 3 DELIVERY § 8-301 4 INVESTMENT COMPANY SECURITY § 8-103 5 ISSUER § 8-201 6 OVERISSUE § 8-210 7 PROTECTED PURCHASER § 8-303 8 SECURITIES ACCOUNT § 8-501

9 (C) IN ADDITION, TITLE 1 CONTAINS GENERAL DEFINITIONS AND PRINCIPLES 10 OF CONSTRUCTION AND INTERPRETATION APPLICABLE THROUGHOUT THIS TITLE.

(D) THE CHARACTERIZATION OF A PERSON, BUSINESS, OR TRANSACTION
 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS TITLE DOES NOT DETERMINE THE CHARACTERIZATION OF
 THE PERSON, BUSINESS, OR TRANSACTION FOR PURPOSES OF ANY OTHER LAW,
 REGULATION, OR RULE.

15 8-103.

16 (A) A SHARE OR SIMILAR EQUITY INTEREST ISSUED BY A CORPORATION,17 BUSINESS TRUST, JOINT STOCK COMPANY, OR SIMILAR ENTITY IS A SECURITY.

(B) AN "INVESTMENT COMPANY SECURITY" IS A SECURITY. "INVESTMENT
(COMPANY SECURITY" MEANS A SHARE OR SIMILAR EQUITY INTEREST ISSUED BY
AN ENTITY THAT IS REGISTERED AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE
FEDERAL INVESTMENT COMPANY LAWS, AN INTEREST IN A UNIT INVESTMENT
TRUST THAT IS SO REGISTERED, OR A FACE-AMOUNT CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY A
FACE-AMOUNT CERTIFICATE COMPANY THAT IS SO REGISTERED. INVESTMENT
COMPANY SECURITY DOES NOT INCLUDE AN INSURANCE POLICY OR ENDOWMENT
POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT ISSUED BY AN INSURANCE COMPANY.

(C) AN INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP OR LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY IS NOT
A SECURITY UNLESS IT IS DEALT IN OR TRADED ON SECURITIES EXCHANGES OR IN
SECURITIES MARKETS, ITS TERMS EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT IT IS A SECURITY
GOVERNED BY THIS TITLE, OR IT IS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY SECURITY.
HOWEVER, AN INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP OR LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY IS A
FINANCIAL ASSET IF IT IS HELD IN A SECURITIES ACCOUNT.

(D) A WRITING THAT IS A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IS GOVERNED BY THIS
TITLE AND NOT BY TITLE 3 OF THIS ARTICLE, EVEN THOUGH IT ALSO MEETS THE
REQUIREMENTS OF THAT TITLE. HOWEVER, A NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT
GOVERNED BY TITLE 3 OF THIS ARTICLE IS A FINANCIAL ASSET IF IT IS HELD IN A
SECURITIES ACCOUNT.

37 (E) AN OPTION OR SIMILAR OBLIGATION ISSUED BY A CLEARING
38 CORPORATION TO ITS PARTICIPANTS IS NOT A SECURITY, BUT IS A FINANCIAL
39 ASSET.

40 (F) A COMMODITY CONTRACT, AS DEFINED IN § 9-115 OF THIS ARTICLE, IS 41 NOT A SECURITY OR A FINANCIAL ASSET.

42 8-104.

(A) A PERSON ACQUIRES A SECURITY OR AN INTEREST IN A SECURITY,
 UNDER THIS TITLE, IF:

3 (1) THE PERSON IS A PURCHASER TO WHOM A SECURITY IS DELIVERED4 IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-301 OF THIS TITLE; OR

5 (2) THE PERSON ACQUIRES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT TO THE 6 SECURITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-501 OF THIS TITLE.

7 (B) A PERSON ACQUIRES A FINANCIAL ASSET, OTHER THAN A SECURITY, OR
8 AN INTEREST IN A FINANCIAL ASSET, UNDER THIS TITLE, IF THE PERSON ACQUIRES
9 A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT TO THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(C) A PERSON WHO ACQUIRES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT TO A SECURITY OR
 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET HAS THE RIGHTS SPECIFIED IN SUBTITLE 5 OF THIS TITLE,
 BUT IS A PURCHASER OF ANY SECURITY, SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, OR OTHER
 FINANCIAL ASSET HELD BY THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ONLY TO THE EXTENT
 PROVIDED IN § 8-503 OF THIS TITLE.

(D) UNLESS THE CONTEXT SHOWS THAT A DIFFERENT MEANING IS
(D) UNLESS THE CONTEXT SHOWS THAT A DIFFERENT MEANING IS
INTENDED, A PERSON WHO IS REQUIRED BY OTHER LAW, REGULATION, RULE, OR
AGREEMENT TO TRANSFER, DELIVER, PRESENT, SURRENDER, EXCHANGE, OR
OTHERWISE PUT IN THE POSSESSION OF ANOTHER PERSON A SECURITY OR
FINANCIAL ASSET SATISFIES THAT REQUIREMENT BY CAUSING THE OTHER PERSON
TO ACQUIRE AN INTEREST IN THE SECURITY OR FINANCIAL ASSET IN ACCORDANCE
WITH SUBSECTION (A) OR (B) OF THIS SECTION.

22 8-105.

23 (A) A PERSON HAS NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM IF:

24 (1) THE PERSON KNOWS OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM;

(2) THE PERSON IS AWARE OF FACTS SUFFICIENT TO INDICATE THAT
THERE IS A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY THAT THE ADVERSE CLAIM EXISTS AND
DELIBERATELY AVOIDS INFORMATION THAT WOULD ESTABLISH THE EXISTENCE
OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM; OR

29 (3) THE PERSON HAS A DUTY, IMPOSED BY STATUTE OR REGULATION,
30 TO INVESTIGATE WHETHER AN ADVERSE CLAIM EXISTS, AND THE INVESTIGATION
31 SO REQUIRED WOULD ESTABLISH THE EXISTENCE OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM.

(B) HAVING KNOWLEDGE THAT A FINANCIAL ASSET OR INTEREST IN A
FINANCIAL ASSET IS OR HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED BY A REPRESENTATIVE IMPOSES
NO DUTY OF INQUIRY INTO THE RIGHTFULNESS OF A TRANSACTION AND IS NOT
NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM. HOWEVER, A PERSON WHO KNOWS THAT A
REPRESENTATIVE HAS TRANSFERRED A FINANCIAL ASSET OR INTEREST IN A
FINANCIAL ASSET IN A TRANSACTION THAT IS, OR WHOSE PROCEEDS ARE BEING
USED, FOR THE INDIVIDUAL BENEFIT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OR OTHERWISE IN
BREACH OF DUTY HAS NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM.

40 (C) AN ACT OR EVENT THAT CREATES A RIGHT TO IMMEDIATE41 PERFORMANCE OF THE PRINCIPAL OBLIGATION REPRESENTED BY A SECURITY

8

CERTIFICATE OR SETS A DATE ON OR AFTER WHICH THE CERTIFICATE IS TO BE
 PRESENTED OR SURRENDERED FOR REDEMPTION OR EXCHANGE DOES NOT ITSELF
 CONSTITUTE NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A TRANSFER
 MORE THAN:

5 (1) 1 YEAR AFTER A DATE SET FOR PRESENTMENT OR SURRENDER FOR 6 REDEMPTION OR EXCHANGE; OR

7 (2) 6 MONTHS AFTER A DATE SET FOR PAYMENT OF MONEY AGAINST
8 PRESENTATION OR SURRENDER OF THE CERTIFICATE, IF MONEY WAS AVAILABLE
9 FOR PAYMENT ON THAT DATE.

10 (D) A PURCHASER OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY HAS NOTICE OF AN11 ADVERSE CLAIM IF THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE:

(1) WHETHER IN BEARER OR REGISTERED FORM, HAS BEEN INDORSED
"FOR COLLECTION" OR "FOR SURRENDER" OR FOR SOME OTHER PURPOSE NOT
INVOLVING TRANSFER; OR

(2) IS IN BEARER FORM AND HAS ON IT AN UNAMBIGUOUS STATEMENT
THAT IT IS THE PROPERTY OF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE TRANSFEROR, BUT THE
MERE WRITING OF A NAME ON THE CERTIFICATE IS NOT SUCH A STATEMENT.

18 (E) FILING OF A FINANCING STATEMENT UNDER TITLE 9 OF THIS ARTICLE IS19 NOT NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM TO A FINANCIAL ASSET.

20 8-106.

21 (A) A PURCHASER HAS "CONTROL" OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IN
22 BEARER FORM IF THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY IS DELIVERED TO THE PURCHASER.

(B) A PURCHASER HAS "CONTROL" OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IN
REGISTERED FORM IF THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY IS DELIVERED TO THE
PURCHASER, AND:

26 (1) THE CERTIFICATE IS INDORSED TO THE PURCHASER OR IN BLANK27 BY AN EFFECTIVE INDORSEMENT; OR

28 (2) THE CERTIFICATE IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF THE
29 PURCHASER, UPON ORIGINAL ISSUE OR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER BY THE
30 ISSUER.

31 (C) A PURCHASER HAS "CONTROL" OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY IF:

32 (1) THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY IS DELIVERED TO THE33 PURCHASER; OR

34 (2) THE ISSUER HAS AGREED THAT IT WILL COMPLY WITH
 35 INSTRUCTIONS ORIGINATED BY THE PURCHASER WITHOUT FURTHER CONSENT BY
 36 THE REGISTERED OWNER.

37 (D) A PURCHASER HAS "CONTROL" OF A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT IF:

38 (1) THE PURCHASER BECOMES THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER; OR

(2) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS AGREED THAT IT WILL
 COMPLY WITH ENTITLEMENT ORDERS ORIGINATED BY THE PURCHASER WITHOUT
 FURTHER CONSENT BY THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

4 (E) IF AN INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT IS GRANTED BY THE
5 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER TO THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S OWN SECURITIES
6 INTERMEDIARY, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS CONTROL.

7 (F) A PURCHASER WHO HAS SATISFIED THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION
8 (C)(2) OR (D)(2) OF THIS SECTION HAS CONTROL EVEN IF THE REGISTERED OWNER
9 IN THE CASE OF SUBSECTION (C)(2) OF THIS SECTION OR THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER
10 IN THE CASE OF SUBSECTION (D)(2) OF THIS SECTION RETAINS THE RIGHT TO MAKE
11 SUBSTITUTIONS FOR THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY OR SECURITY ENTITLEMENT,
12 TO ORIGINATE INSTRUCTIONS OR ENTITLEMENT ORDERS TO THE ISSUER OR
13 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY, OR OTHERWISE TO DEAL WITH THE UNCERTIFICATED
14 SECURITY OR SECURITY ENTITLEMENT.

(G) (1) AN ISSUER OR A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY MAY NOT ENTER INTO
AN AGREEMENT OF THE KIND DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (C)(2) OR (D)(2) OF THIS
SECTION WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE REGISTERED OWNER OR ENTITLEMENT
HOLDER, BUT AN ISSUER OR A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY IS NOT REQUIRED TO
ENTER INTO SUCH AN AGREEMENT EVEN THOUGH THE REGISTERED OWNER OR
ENTITLEMENT HOLDER SO DIRECTS.

(2) AN ISSUER OR SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THAT HAS ENTERED
 INTO SUCH AN AGREEMENT IS NOT REQUIRED TO CONFIRM THE EXISTENCE OF THE
 AGREEMENT TO ANOTHER PARTY UNLESS REQUESTED TO DO SO BY THE
 REGISTERED OWNER OR ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

25 8-107.

26 (A) "APPROPRIATE PERSON" MEANS:

27 (1) WITH RESPECT TO AN INDORSEMENT, THE PERSON SPECIFIED BY A
28 SECURITY CERTIFICATE OR BY AN EFFECTIVE SPECIAL INDORSEMENT TO BE
29 ENTITLED TO THE SECURITY;

30 (2) WITH RESPECT TO AN INSTRUCTION, THE REGISTERED OWNER OF31 AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY;

32 (3) WITH RESPECT TO AN ENTITLEMENT ORDER, THE ENTITLEMENT33 HOLDER;

34 (4) IF THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN PARAGRAPH (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS
35 SUBSECTION IS DECEASED, THE DESIGNATED PERSON'S SUCCESSOR TAKING UNDER
36 OTHER LAW OR THE DESIGNATED PERSON'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE ACTING
37 FOR THE ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT; OR

(5) IF THE PERSON DESIGNATED IN PARAGRAPH (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS
SUBSECTION LACKS CAPACITY, THE DESIGNATED PERSON'S GUARDIAN,
CONSERVATOR, OR OTHER SIMILAR REPRESENTATIVE WHO HAS POWER UNDER
OTHER LAW TO TRANSFER THE SECURITY OR FINANCIAL ASSET.

1 (B) AN INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS 2 EFFECTIVE IF:

3 (1) IT IS MADE BY THE APPROPRIATE PERSON;

4 (2) IT IS MADE BY A PERSON WHO HAS POWER UNDER THE LAW OF
5 AGENCY TO TRANSFER THE SECURITY OR FINANCIAL ASSET ON BEHALF OF THE
6 APPROPRIATE PERSON, INCLUDING, IN THE CASE OF AN INSTRUCTION OR
7 ENTITLEMENT ORDER, A PERSON WHO HAS CONTROL UNDER § 8-106(C)(2) OR (D)(2)
8 OF THIS SUBTITLE; OR

9 (3) THE APPROPRIATE PERSON HAS RATIFIED IT OR IS OTHERWISE10 PRECLUDED FROM ASSERTING ITS INEFFECTIVENESS.

11 (C) AN INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR ENTITLEMENT ORDER MADE BY A12 REPRESENTATIVE IS EFFECTIVE EVEN IF:

(1) THE REPRESENTATIVE HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH A
 (2) CONTROLLING INSTRUMENT OR WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE HAVING
 (3) JURISDICTION OF THE REPRESENTATIVE RELATIONSHIP, INCLUDING ANY LAW
 (4) REQUIRING THE REPRESENTATIVE TO OBTAIN COURT APPROVAL OF THE
 (5) TRANSACTION; OR

(2) THE REPRESENTATIVE'S ACTION IN MAKING THE INDORSEMENT,
 INSTRUCTION, OR ENTITLEMENT ORDER OR USING THE PROCEEDS OF THE
 TRANSACTION IS OTHERWISE A BREACH OF DUTY.

(D) IF A SECURITY IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF OR SPECIALLY INDORSED
TO A PERSON DESCRIBED AS A REPRESENTATIVE, OR IF A SECURITIES ACCOUNT IS
MAINTAINED IN THE NAME OF A PERSON DESCRIBED AS A REPRESENTATIVE, AN
INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR ENTITLEMENT ORDER MADE BY THE PERSON IS
EFFECTIVE EVEN THOUGH THE PERSON IS NO LONGER SERVING IN THE DESCRIBED
CAPACITY.

(E) EFFECTIVENESS OF AN INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR ENTITLEMENT
ORDER IS DETERMINED AS OF THE DATE THE INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR
ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS MADE, AND AN INDORSEMENT, INSTRUCTION, OR
ENTITLEMENT ORDER DOES NOT BECOME INEFFECTIVE BY REASON OF ANY LATER
CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES.

32 8-108.

(A) A PERSON WHO TRANSFERS A CERTIFICATED SECURITY TO A
PURCHASER FOR VALUE WARRANTS TO THE PURCHASER, AND AN INDORSER, IF
THE TRANSFER IS BY INDORSEMENT, WARRANTS TO ANY SUBSEQUENT PURCHASER,
THAT:

37 (1) THE CERTIFICATE IS GENUINE AND HAS NOT BEEN MATERIALLY38 ALTERED;

39 (2) THE TRANSFEROR OR INDORSER DOES NOT KNOW OF ANY FACT40 THAT MIGHT IMPAIR THE VALIDITY OF THE SECURITY;

11
1 (3) THERE IS NO ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE SECURITY;
2 (4) THE TRANSFER DOES NOT VIOLATE ANY RESTRICTION ON3 TRANSFER;
 4 (5) IF THE TRANSFER IS BY INDORSEMENT, THE INDORSEMENT IS MADE 5 BY AN APPROPRIATE PERSON, OR IF THE INDORSEMENT IS BY AN AGENT, THE 6 AGENT HAS ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE 7 PERSON; AND
8 (6) THE TRANSFER IS OTHERWISE EFFECTIVE AND RIGHTFUL.
 (B) A PERSON WHO ORIGINATES AN INSTRUCTION FOR REGISTRATION OF 10 TRANSFER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY TO A PURCHASER FOR VALUE 11 WARRANTS TO THE PURCHASER THAT:
 (1) THE INSTRUCTION IS MADE BY AN APPROPRIATE PERSON, OR IF THE INSTRUCTION IS BY AN AGENT, THE AGENT HAS ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE PERSON;
15 (2) THE SECURITY IS VALID;
16 (3) THERE IS NO ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE SECURITY; AND
17 (4) AT THE TIME THE INSTRUCTION IS PRESENTED TO THE ISSUER:
18(I) THE PURCHASER WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE REGISTRATION19 OF TRANSFER;
 (II) THE TRANSFER WILL BE REGISTERED BY THE ISSUER FREE FROM ALL LIENS, SECURITY INTERESTS, RESTRICTIONS, AND CLAIMS OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN THE INSTRUCTION;
23 (III) THE TRANSFER WILL NOT VIOLATE ANY RESTRICTION ON 24 TRANSFER; AND
25(IV) THE REQUESTED TRANSFER WILL OTHERWISE BE EFFECTIVE26 AND RIGHTFUL.
 27 (C) A PERSON WHO TRANSFERS AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY TO A 28 PURCHASER FOR VALUE AND DOES NOT ORIGINATE AN INSTRUCTION IN 29 CONNECTION WITH THE TRANSFER WARRANTS THAT:
30 (1) THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY IS VALID;
31 (2) THERE IS NO ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE SECURITY;
 32 (3) THE TRANSFER DOES NOT VIOLATE ANY RESTRICTION ON 33 TRANSFER; AND
34 (4) THE TRANSFER IS OTHERWISE EFFECTIVE AND RIGHTFUL.
35 (D) A PERSON WHO INDORSES A SECURITY CERTIFICATE WARRANTS TO THE 36 ISSUER THAT:

1

(1) THERE IS NO ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE SECURITY; AND

2 (2) THE INDORSEMENT IS EFFECTIVE.

3 (E) A PERSON WHO ORIGINATES AN INSTRUCTION FOR REGISTRATION OF 4 TRANSFER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY WARRANTS TO THE ISSUER THAT:

5 (1) THE INSTRUCTION IS EFFECTIVE; AND

6 (2) AT THE TIME THE INSTRUCTION IS PRESENTED TO THE ISSUER THE 7 PURCHASER WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER.

8 (F) A PERSON WHO PRESENTS A CERTIFICATED SECURITY FOR
9 REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR FOR PAYMENT OR EXCHANGE WARRANTS TO THE
10 ISSUER THAT THE PERSON IS ENTITLED TO THE REGISTRATION, PAYMENT, OR
11 EXCHANGE, BUT A PURCHASER FOR VALUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE OF ADVERSE
12 CLAIMS TO WHOM TRANSFER IS REGISTERED WARRANTS ONLY THAT THE PERSON
13 HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY UNAUTHORIZED SIGNATURE IN A NECESSARY
14 INDORSEMENT.

(G) IF A PERSON ACTS AS AGENT OF ANOTHER IN DELIVERING A
(CRTIFICATED SECURITY TO A PURCHASER, THE IDENTITY OF THE PRINCIPAL WAS
KNOWN TO THE PERSON TO WHOM THE CERTIFICATE WAS DELIVERED, AND THE
CERTIFICATE DELIVERED BY THE AGENT WAS RECEIVED BY THE AGENT FROM THE
PRINCIPAL OR RECEIVED BY THE AGENT FROM ANOTHER PERSON AT THE
DIRECTION OF THE PRINCIPAL, THE PERSON DELIVERING THE SECURITY
CERTIFICATE WARRANTS ONLY THAT THE DELIVERING PERSON HAS AUTHORITY
TO ACT FOR THE PRINCIPAL AND DOES NOT KNOW OF ANY ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE
CERTIFICATED SECURITY.

(H) A SECURED PARTY WHO REDELIVERS A SECURITY CERTIFICATE
RECEIVED, OR AFTER PAYMENT AND ON ORDER OF THE DEBTOR DELIVERS THE
SECURITY CERTIFICATE TO ANOTHER PERSON, MAKES ONLY THE WARRANTIES OF
AN AGENT UNDER SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS SECTION.

(I) (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (G) OF THIS
SECTION, A BROKER ACTING FOR A CUSTOMER MAKES TO THE ISSUER AND A
PURCHASER THE WARRANTIES PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (A) THROUGH (F) OF
THIS SECTION.

(2) A BROKER THAT DELIVERS A SECURITY CERTIFICATE TO ITS
CUSTOMER, OR CAUSES ITS CUSTOMER TO BE REGISTERED AS THE OWNER OF AN
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, MAKES TO THE CUSTOMER THE WARRANTIES
PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (A) OR (B) OF THIS SECTION, AND HAS THE RIGHTS AND
PRIVILEGES OF A PURCHASER UNDER THIS SECTION.

37 (3) THE WARRANTIES OF AND IN FAVOR OF THE BROKER ACTING AS AN
38 AGENT ARE IN ADDITION TO APPLICABLE WARRANTIES GIVEN BY AND IN FAVOR OF
39 THE CUSTOMER.

40 8-109.

(A) A PERSON WHO ORIGINATES AN ENTITLEMENT ORDER TO A SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY WARRANTS TO THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THAT:

3 (1) THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS MADE BY AN APPROPRIATE PERSON,
4 OR IF THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS BY AN AGENT, THE AGENT HAS ACTUAL
5 AUTHORITY TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE PERSON; AND

6 (2) THERE IS NO ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE SECURITY ENTITLEMENT.

7 (B) A PERSON WHO DELIVERS A SECURITY CERTIFICATE TO A SECURITIES
8 INTERMEDIARY FOR CREDIT TO A SECURITIES ACCOUNT OR ORIGINATES AN
9 INSTRUCTION WITH RESPECT TO AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY DIRECTING THAT
10 THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY BE CREDITED TO A SECURITIES ACCOUNT MAKES
11 TO THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THE WARRANTIES SPECIFIED IN § 8-108(A) OR
12 (B) OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(C) IF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY DELIVERS A SECURITY CERTIFICATE TO
 ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER OR CAUSES ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER TO BE
 REGISTERED AS THE OWNER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY MAKES TO THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER THE WARRANTIES
 SPECIFIED IN § 8-108(A) OR (B) OF THIS SUBTITLE.

18 8-110.

19 (A) THE LOCAL LAW OF THE ISSUER'S JURISDICTION, AS SPECIFIED IN20 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, GOVERNS:

21 (1) THE VALIDITY OF A SECURITY;

22 (2) THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF THE ISSUER WITH RESPECT TO23 REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER;

24 (3) THE EFFECTIVENESS OF REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER BY THE 25 ISSUER;

26 (4) WHETHER THE ISSUER OWES ANY DUTIES TO AN ADVERSE27 CLAIMANT TO A SECURITY; AND

(5) WHETHER AN ADVERSE CLAIM CAN BE ASSERTED AGAINST A
PERSON TO WHOM TRANSFER OF A CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY
IS REGISTERED OR A PERSON WHO OBTAINS CONTROL OF AN UNCERTIFICATED
SECURITY.

32 (B) THE LOCAL LAW OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION, AS
 33 SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION, GOVERNS:

34 (1) ACQUISITION OF A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT FROM THE SECURITIES35 INTERMEDIARY;

36 (2) THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
 37 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER ARISING OUT OF A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT;

38 (3) WHETHER THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY OWES ANY DUTIES TO39 AN ADVERSE CLAIMANT TO A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT; AND

(4) WHETHER AN ADVERSE CLAIM CAN BE ASSERTED AGAINST A
 PERSON WHO ACQUIRES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT FROM THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY OR A PERSON WHO PURCHASES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT OR
 INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT FROM AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

5 (C) THE LOCAL LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH A SECURITY
6 CERTIFICATE IS LOCATED AT THE TIME OF DELIVERY GOVERNS WHETHER AN
7 ADVERSE CLAIM CAN BE ASSERTED AGAINST A PERSON TO WHOM THE SECURITY
8 CERTIFICATE IS DELIVERED.

9 (D) (1) "ISSUER'S JURISDICTION" MEANS THE JURISDICTION UNDER WHICH
10 THE ISSUER OF THE SECURITY IS ORGANIZED OR, IF PERMITTED BY THE LAW OF
11 THAT JURISDICTION, THE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION SPECIFIED BY THE
12 ISSUER.

(2) AN ISSUER ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAW OF THIS STATE MAY
 SPECIFY THE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION AS THE LAW GOVERNING THE
 MATTERS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (A)(2) THROUGH (5) OF THIS SECTION.

16 (E) THE FOLLOWING RULES DETERMINE A "SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S17 JURISDICTION" FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:

18 (1) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
19 ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER SPECIFIES THAT THE AGREEMENT IS GOVERNED BY THE
20 LAW OF A PARTICULAR JURISDICTION, THAT JURISDICTION IS THE SECURITIES
21 INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION.

(2) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER DOES NOT SPECIFY THE GOVERNING LAW AS PROVIDED
IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, BUT EXPRESSLY SPECIFIES THAT THE
SECURITIES ACCOUNT IS MAINTAINED AT AN OFFICE IN A PARTICULAR
JURISDICTION, THAT JURISDICTION IS THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S
JURISDICTION.

(3) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER DOES NOT SPECIFY A JURISDICTION AS PROVIDED IN
PARAGRAPH (1) OR (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S
JURISDICTION IS THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH IS LOCATED THE OFFICE IDENTIFIED
IN AN ACCOUNT STATEMENT AS THE OFFICE SERVING THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S
ACCOUNT.

(4) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDER DOES NOT SPECIFY A JURISDICTION AS PROVIDED IN
PARAGRAPH (1) OR (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION AND AN ACCOUNT STATEMENT DOES
NOT IDENTIFY AN OFFICE SERVING THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S ACCOUNT AS
PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION IS THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH IS LOCATED THE
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY.

41 (F) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION IS NOT DETERMINED BY
42 THE PHYSICAL LOCATION OF CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING FINANCIAL ASSETS, OR
43 BY THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH IS ORGANIZED THE ISSUER OF THE FINANCIAL

ASSET WITH RESPECT TO WHICH AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER HAS A SECURITY
 ENTITLEMENT, OR BY THE LOCATION OF FACILITIES FOR DATA PROCESSING OR
 OTHER RECORD KEEPING CONCERNING THE ACCOUNT.

4 8-111.

A RULE ADOPTED BY A CLEARING CORPORATION GOVERNING RIGHTS AND
OBLIGATIONS AMONG THE CLEARING CORPORATION AND ITS PARTICIPANTS IN THE
CLEARING CORPORATION IS EFFECTIVE EVEN IF THE RULE CONFLICTS WITH THIS
TITLE AND AFFECTS ANOTHER PARTY WHO DOES NOT CONSENT TO THE RULE.

9 8-112.

(A) THE INTEREST OF A DEBTOR IN A CERTIFICATED SECURITY MAY BE
 REACHED BY A CREDITOR ONLY BY ACTUAL SEIZURE OF THE SECURITY
 CERTIFICATE BY THE OFFICER MAKING THE ATTACHMENT OR LEVY, EXCEPT AS
 OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, A
 CERTIFICATED SECURITY FOR WHICH THE CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN SURRENDERED
 TO THE ISSUER MAY BE REACHED BY A CREDITOR BY LEGAL PROCESS UPON THE
 ISSUER.

17 (B) THE INTEREST OF A DEBTOR IN AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY MAY BE
18 REACHED BY A CREDITOR ONLY BY LEGAL PROCESS UPON THE ISSUER AT THE
19 ISSUER'S CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE
20 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.

(C) THE INTEREST OF A DEBTOR IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT MAY BE
 REACHED BY A CREDITOR ONLY BY LEGAL PROCESS UPON THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY WITH WHOM THE DEBTOR'S SECURITIES ACCOUNT IS MAINTAINED,
 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.

(D) THE INTEREST OF A DEBTOR IN A CERTIFICATED SECURITY FOR WHICH
THE CERTIFICATE IS IN THE POSSESSION OF A SECURED PARTY, OR IN AN
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A SECURED PARTY, OR
A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT MAINTAINED IN THE NAME OF A SECURED PARTY, MAY
BE REACHED BY A CREDITOR BY LEGAL PROCESS UPON THE SECURED PARTY.

(E) A CREDITOR WHOSE DEBTOR IS THE OWNER OF A CERTIFICATED
SECURITY, UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, OR SECURITY ENTITLEMENT IS ENTITLED
TO AID FROM A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, BY INJUNCTION OR
OTHERWISE, IN REACHING THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY, UNCERTIFICATED
SECURITY, OR SECURITY ENTITLEMENT OR IN SATISFYING THE CLAIM BY MEANS
ALLOWED AT LAW OR IN EQUITY IN REGARD TO PROPERTY THAT CANNOT READILY
BE REACHED BY OTHER LEGAL PROCESS.

37 8-113.

A CONTRACT OR MODIFICATION OF A CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OR PURCHASE
OF A SECURITY IS ENFORCEABLE WHETHER OR NOT THERE IS A WRITING SIGNED
OR RECORD AUTHENTICATED BY A PARTY AGAINST WHOM ENFORCEMENT IS
SOUGHT, EVEN IF THE CONTRACT OR MODIFICATION IS NOT CAPABLE OF
PERFORMANCE WITHIN 1 YEAR OF ITS MAKING.

1 8-114.

2 THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY IN AN ACTION ON A CERTIFICATED SECURITY 3 AGAINST THE ISSUER:

4 (1) UNLESS SPECIFICALLY DENIED IN THE PLEADINGS, EACH
5 SIGNATURE ON A SECURITY CERTIFICATE OR IN A NECESSARY INDORSEMENT IS
6 ADMITTED.

7 (2) IF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF A SIGNATURE IS PUT IN ISSUE, THE
8 BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING EFFECTIVENESS IS ON THE PARTY CLAIMING UNDER
9 THE SIGNATURE, BUT THE SIGNATURE IS PRESUMED TO BE GENUINE OR
10 AUTHORIZED.

(3) IF SIGNATURES ON A SECURITY CERTIFICATE ARE ADMITTED OR
 ESTABLISHED, PRODUCTION OF THE CERTIFICATE ENTITLES A HOLDER TO
 RECOVER ON IT UNLESS THE DEFENDANT ESTABLISHES A DEFENSE OR A DEFECT
 GOING TO THE VALIDITY OF THE SECURITY.

(4) IF IT IS SHOWN THAT A DEFENSE OR DEFECT EXISTS, THE PLAINTIFF
HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING THAT THE PLAINTIFF OR SOME PERSON UNDER
WHOM THE PLAINTIFF CLAIMS IS A PERSON AGAINST WHOM THE DEFENSE OR
DEFECT CANNOT BE ASSERTED.

19 8-115.

A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THAT HAS TRANSFERRED A FINANCIAL ASSET
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN EFFECTIVE ENTITLEMENT ORDER, OR A BROKER OR
OTHER AGENT OR BAILEE THAT HAS DEALT WITH A FINANCIAL ASSET AT THE
DIRECTION OF ITS CUSTOMER OR PRINCIPAL, IS NOT LIABLE TO A PERSON HAVING
AN ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE FINANCIAL ASSET, UNLESS THE SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY, OR BROKER OR OTHER AGENT OR BAILEE:

(1) TOOK THE ACTION AFTER IT HAD BEEN SERVED WITH AN
INJUNCTION, RESTRAINING ORDER, OR OTHER LEGAL PROCESS ENJOINING IT FROM
DOING SO, ISSUED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, AND HAD A
REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO ACT ON THE INJUNCTION, RESTRAINING ORDER,
OR OTHER LEGAL PROCESS; OR

31 (2) ACTED IN COLLUSION WITH THE WRONGDOER IN VIOLATING THE32 RIGHTS OF THE ADVERSE CLAIMANT; OR

33 (3) IN THE CASE OF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE THAT HAS BEEN STOLEN,34 ACTED WITH NOTICE OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM.

35 8-116.

36 (A) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THAT RECEIVES A FINANCIAL ASSET AND
37 ESTABLISHES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT TO THE FINANCIAL ASSET IN FAVOR OF AN
38 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER IS A PURCHASER FOR VALUE OF THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

39 (B) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY THAT ACQUIRES A SECURITY40 ENTITLEMENT TO A FINANCIAL ASSET FROM ANOTHER SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY

17

ACQUIRES THE SECURITY ENTITLEMENT FOR VALUE IF THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY ACQUIRING THE SECURITY ENTITLEMENT ESTABLISHES A
 SECURITY ENTITLEMENT TO THE FINANCIAL ASSET IN FAVOR OF AN ENTITLEMENT
 HOLDER.

5 SUBTITLE 2. ISSUE AND ISSUER.

6 8-201.

7 (A) WITH RESPECT TO AN OBLIGATION ON OR A DEFENSE TO A SECURITY, AN 8 "ISSUER" INCLUDES A PERSON THAT:

9 (1) PLACES OR AUTHORIZES THE PLACING OF ITS NAME ON A SECURITY
10 CERTIFICATE, OTHER THAN AS AUTHENTICATING TRUSTEE, REGISTRAR, TRANSFER
11 AGENT, OR THE LIKE, TO EVIDENCE A SHARE, PARTICIPATION, OR OTHER INTEREST
12 IN ITS PROPERTY OR IN AN ENTERPRISE, OR TO EVIDENCE ITS DUTY TO PERFORM
13 AN OBLIGATION REPRESENTED BY THE CERTIFICATE;

14 (2) CREATES A SHARE, PARTICIPATION, OR OTHER INTEREST IN ITS
15 PROPERTY OR IN AN ENTERPRISE, OR UNDERTAKES AN OBLIGATION, THAT IS AN
16 UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY;

17 (3) DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY CREATES A FRACTIONAL INTEREST IN
18 ITS RIGHTS OR PROPERTY, IF THE FRACTIONAL INTEREST IS REPRESENTED BY A
19 SECURITY CERTIFICATE; OR

20 (4) BECOMES RESPONSIBLE FOR, OR IN PLACE OF, ANOTHER PERSON 21 DESCRIBED AS AN ISSUER IN THIS SECTION.

(B) WITH RESPECT TO AN OBLIGATION ON OR DEFENSE TO A SECURITY, A
GUARANTOR IS AN ISSUER TO THE EXTENT OF ITS GUARANTY, WHETHER OR NOT
ITS OBLIGATION IS NOTED ON A SECURITY CERTIFICATE.

25 (C) WITH RESPECT TO A REGISTRATION OF A TRANSFER, ISSUER MEANS A
 26 PERSON ON WHOSE BEHALF TRANSFER BOOKS ARE MAINTAINED.

27 8-202.

(A) (1) EVEN AGAINST A PURCHASER FOR VALUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE,
THE TERMS OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY INCLUDE TERMS STATED ON THE
CERTIFICATE AND TERMS MADE PART OF THE SECURITY BY REFERENCE ON THE
CERTIFICATE TO ANOTHER INSTRUMENT, INDENTURE, OR DOCUMENT OR TO A
CONSTITUTION, STATUTE, ORDINANCE, RULE, REGULATION, ORDER, OR THE LIKE,
TO THE EXTENT THE TERMS REFERRED TO DO NOT CONFLICT WITH TERMS STATED
ON THE CERTIFICATE.

(2) A REFERENCE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT OF ITSELF
(36) CHARGE A PURCHASER FOR VALUE WITH NOTICE OF A DEFECT GOING TO THE
(37) VALIDITY OF THE SECURITY, EVEN IF THE CERTIFICATE EXPRESSLY STATES THATA
(38) PERSON ACCEPTING IT ADMITS NOTICE.

39 (3) THE TERMS OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY INCLUDE THOSE40 STATED IN ANY INSTRUMENT, INDENTURE, OR DOCUMENT OR IN A CONSTITUTION,

1 STATUTE, ORDINANCE, RULE, REGULATION, ORDER, OR THE LIKE, IN ACCORDANCE 2 WITH WHICH THE SECURITY IS ISSUED.

3 (B) THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY IF AN ISSUER ASSERTS THAT A SECURITY4 IS NOT VALID:

5 (1) A SECURITY OTHER THAN ONE ISSUED BY A GOVERNMENT OR
6 GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION, AGENCY, OR INSTRUMENTALITY, EVEN THOUGH
7 ISSUED WITH A DEFECT GOING TO ITS VALIDITY, IS VALID IN THE HANDS OF A
8 PURCHASER FOR VALUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE PARTICULAR DEFECT
9 UNLESS THE DEFECT INVOLVES A VIOLATION OF A CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION. IN
10 THAT CASE, THE SECURITY IS VALID IN THE HANDS OF A PURCHASER FOR VALUE
11 AND WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE DEFECT, OTHER THAN ONE WHO TAKES BY
12 ORIGINAL ISSUE.

(2) PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION APPLIES TO AN ISSUER THAT
 IS A GOVERNMENT OR GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION, AGENCY, OR
 INSTRUMENTALITY ONLY IF THERE HAS BEEN SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH
 THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS GOVERNING THE ISSUE OR THE ISSUER HAS RECEIVED
 A SUBSTANTIAL CONSIDERATION FOR THE ISSUE AS A WHOLE OR FOR THE
 PARTICULAR SECURITY AND A STATED PURPOSE OF THE ISSUE IS ONE FOR WHICH
 THE ISSUER HAS POWER TO BORROW MONEY OR ISSUE THE SECURITY.

20 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 8-205 OF THIS SUBTITLE, LACK OF
21 GENUINENESS OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IS A COMPLETE DEFENSE, EVEN
22 AGAINST A PURCHASER FOR VALUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE.

(D) ALL OTHER DEFENSES OF THE ISSUER OF A SECURITY, INCLUDING
NONDELIVERY AND CONDITIONAL DELIVERY OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, ARE
INEFFECTIVE AGAINST A PURCHASER FOR VALUE WHO HAS TAKEN THE
CERTIFICATED SECURITY WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE PARTICULAR DEFENSE.

(E) THIS SECTION DOES NOT AFFECT THE RIGHT OF A PARTY TO CANCEL A
CONTRACT FOR A SECURITY "WHEN, AS AND IF ISSUED" OR "WHEN DISTRIBUTED"
IN THE EVENT OF A MATERIAL CHANGE IN THE CHARACTER OF THE SECURITY
THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE CONTRACT OR IN THE PLAN OR ARRANGEMENT IN
ACCORDANCE WITH WHICH THE SECURITY IS TO BE ISSUED OR DISTRIBUTED.

(F) IF A SECURITY IS HELD BY A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AGAINST
WHOM AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER HAS A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT WITH RESPECT
TO THE SECURITY, THE ISSUER MAY NOT ASSERT ANY DEFENSE THAT THE ISSUER
COULD NOT ASSERT IF THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER HELD THE SECURITY DIRECTLY.

36 8-203.

AFTER AN ACT OR EVENT, OTHER THAN A CALL THAT HAS BEEN REVOKED,
CREATING A RIGHT TO IMMEDIATE PERFORMANCE OF THE PRINCIPAL OBLIGATION
REPRESENTED BY A CERTIFICATED SECURITY OR SETTING A DATE ON OR AFTER
WHICH THE SECURITY IS TO BE PRESENTED OR SURRENDERED FOR REDEMPTION
OR EXCHANGE, A PURCHASER IS CHARGED WITH NOTICE OF ANY DEFECT IN ITS
ISSUE OR DEFENSE OF THE ISSUER, IF THE ACT OR EVENT:

(1) REQUIRES THE PAYMENT OF MONEY, THE DELIVERY OF A
 CERTIFICATED SECURITY, THE REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OF AN
 UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, OR ANY OF THEM ON PRESENTATION OR SURRENDER
 OF THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE, THE MONEY OR SECURITY IS AVAILABLE ON THE
 DATE SET FOR PAYMENT OR EXCHANGE, AND THE PURCHASER TAKES THE
 SECURITY MORE THAN 1 YEAR AFTER THAT DATE; OR

7 (2) IS NOT COVERED BY PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SECTION AND THE
8 PURCHASER TAKES THE SECURITY MORE THAN 2 YEARS AFTER THE DATE SET FOR
9 SURRENDER OR PRESENTATION OR THE DATE ON WHICH PERFORMANCE BECAME
10 DUE.

11 8-204.

A RESTRICTION ON TRANSFER OF A SECURITY IMPOSED BY THE ISSUER, EVEN
 IF OTHERWISE LAWFUL, IS INEFFECTIVE AGAINST A PERSON WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE
 OF THE RESTRICTION UNLESS:

15 (1) THE SECURITY IS CERTIFICATED AND THE RESTRICTION IS NOTED16 CONSPICUOUSLY ON THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE; OR

17 (2) THE SECURITY IS UNCERTIFICATED AND THE REGISTERED OWNER18 HAS BEEN NOTIFIED OF THE RESTRICTION.

19 8-205.

AN UNAUTHORIZED SIGNATURE PLACED ON A SECURITY CERTIFICATE
BEFORE OR IN THE COURSE OF ISSUE IS INEFFECTIVE, BUT THE SIGNATURE IS
EFFECTIVE IN FAVOR OF A PURCHASER FOR VALUE OF THE CERTIFICATED
SECURITY IF THE PURCHASER IS WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE LACK OF AUTHORITY
AND THE SIGNING HAS BEEN DONE BY:

(1) AN AUTHENTICATING TRUSTEE, REGISTRAR, TRANSFER AGENT, OR
OTHER PERSON ENTRUSTED BY THE ISSUER WITH THE SIGNING OF THE SECURITY
CERTIFICATE OR OF SIMILAR SECURITY CERTIFICATES, OR THE IMMEDIATE
PREPARATION FOR SIGNING OF ANY OF THEM; OR

(2) AN EMPLOYEE OF THE ISSUER, OR OF ANY OF THE PERSONS LISTED
 IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SECTION, ENTRUSTED WITH RESPONSIBLE HANDLING OF
 THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE.

32 8-206.

33 (A) IF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE CONTAINS THE SIGNATURES NECESSARY TO
34 ITS ISSUE OR TRANSFER BUT IS INCOMPLETE IN ANY OTHER RESPECT:

(1) ANY PERSON MAY COMPLETE IT BY FILLING IN THE BLANKS ASAUTHORIZED; AND

37 (2) EVEN IF THE BLANKS ARE INCORRECTLY FILLED IN, THE SECURITY
38 CERTIFICATE AS COMPLETED IS ENFORCEABLE BY A PURCHASER WHO TOOK IT FOR
39 VALUE AND WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE INCORRECTNESS.

(B) A COMPLETE SECURITY CERTIFICATE THAT HAS BEEN IMPROPERLY
 ALTERED, EVEN IF FRAUDULENTLY, REMAINS ENFORCEABLE, BUT ONLY
 ACCORDING TO ITS ORIGINAL TERMS.

4 8-207.

5 (A) BEFORE DUE PRESENTMENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OF A
6 CERTIFICATED SECURITY IN REGISTERED FORM OR OF AN INSTRUCTION
7 REQUESTING REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY,
8 THE ISSUER OR INDENTURE TRUSTEE MAY TREAT THE REGISTERED OWNER AS THE
9 PERSON EXCLUSIVELY ENTITLED TO VOTE, RECEIVE NOTIFICATIONS, AND
10 OTHERWISE EXERCISE ALL THE RIGHTS AND POWERS OF AN OWNER.

(B) THIS TITLE DOES NOT AFFECT THE LIABILITY OF THE REGISTERED
 OWNER OF A SECURITY FOR A CALL, ASSESSMENT, OR THE LIKE.

13 8-208.

(A) A PERSON SIGNING A SECURITY CERTIFICATE AS AUTHENTICATING
TRUSTEE, REGISTRAR, TRANSFER AGENT, OR THE LIKE, WARRANTS TO A
PURCHASER FOR VALUE OF THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY, IF THE PURCHASER IS
WITHOUT NOTICE OF A PARTICULAR DEFECT, THAT:

18 (1) THE CERTIFICATE IS GENUINE;

(2) THE PERSON'S OWN PARTICIPATION IN THE ISSUE OF THE SECURITY
 IS WITHIN THE PERSON'S CAPACITY AND WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE AUTHORITY
 RECEIVED BY THE PERSON FROM THE ISSUER; AND

(3) THE PERSON HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT THE
 CERTIFICATED SECURITY IS IN THE FORM AND WITHIN THE AMOUNT THE ISSUER IS
 AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE.

(B) UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A PERSON SIGNING UNDER SUBSECTION
(A) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE VALIDITY OF
THE SECURITY IN OTHER RESPECTS.

28 8-209.

A LIEN IN FAVOR OF AN ISSUER UPON A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IS VALID
AGAINST A PURCHASER ONLY IF THE RIGHT OF THE ISSUER TO THE LIEN IS NOTED
CONSPICUOUSLY ON THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE.

32 8-210.

(A) IN THIS SECTION, "OVERISSUE" MEANS THE ISSUE OF SECURITIES IN
EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT THE ISSUER HAS CORPORATE POWER TO ISSUE, BUT AN
OVERISSUE DOES NOT OCCUR IF APPROPRIATE ACTION HAS CURED THE
OVERISSUE.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (C) AND (D) OF THIS
SECTION, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE WHICH VALIDATE A SECURITY OR
COMPEL ITS ISSUE OR REISSUE DO NOT APPLY TO THE EXTENT THAT VALIDATION,
ISSUE, OR REISSUE WOULD RESULT IN OVERISSUE.

(C) IF AN IDENTICAL SECURITY NOT CONSTITUTING AN OVERISSUE IS
 REASONABLY AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE, A PERSON ENTITLED TO ISSUE OR
 VALIDATION MAY COMPEL THE ISSUER TO PURCHASE THE SECURITY AND DELIVER
 IT IF CERTIFICATED OR REGISTER ITS TRANSFER IF UNCERTIFICATED, AGAINST
 SURRENDER OF ANY SECURITY CERTIFICATE THE PERSON HOLDS.

6 (D) IF A SECURITY IS NOT REASONABLY AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE, A
7 PERSON ENTITLED TO ISSUE OR VALIDATION MAY RECOVER FROM THE ISSUER THE
8 PRICE THE PERSON OR THE LAST PURCHASER FOR VALUE PAID FOR IT WITH
9 INTEREST FROM THE DATE OF THE PERSON'S DEMAND.

10 SUBTITLE 3. TRANSFER OF CERTIFICATED AND UNCERTIFICATED SECURITIES.

11 8-301.

12 (A) DELIVERY OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY TO A PURCHASER OCCURS13 WHEN:

14 (1) THE PURCHASER ACQUIRES POSSESSION OF THE SECURITY 15 CERTIFICATE;

(2) ANOTHER PERSON, OTHER THAN A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY,
 EITHER ACQUIRES POSSESSION OF THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE ON BEHALF OF THE
 PURCHASER OR, HAVING PREVIOUSLY ACQUIRED POSSESSION OF THE
 CERTIFICATE, ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT HOLDS FOR THE PURCHASER; OR

(3) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE
PURCHASER ACQUIRES POSSESSION OF THE SECURITY CERTIFICATE, ONLY IF THE
CERTIFICATE IS IN REGISTERED FORM AND HAS BEEN SPECIALLY INDORSED TO
THE PURCHASER BY AN EFFECTIVE INDORSEMENT.

24 (B) DELIVERY OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY TO A PURCHASER OCCURS 25 WHEN:

26 (1) THE ISSUER REGISTERS THE PURCHASER AS THE REGISTERED27 OWNER, UPON ORIGINAL ISSUE OR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER; OR

(2) ANOTHER PERSON, OTHER THAN A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY,
EITHER BECOMES THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY
ON BEHALF OF THE PURCHASER OR, HAVING PREVIOUSLY BECOME THE
REGISTERED OWNER, ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT HOLDS FOR THE PURCHASER.

32 8-302.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS
 SECTION, UPON DELIVERY OF A CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY TO
 A PURCHASER, THE PURCHASER ACQUIRES ALL RIGHTS IN THE SECURITY THAT
 THE TRANSFEROR HAD OR HAD POWER TO TRANSFER.

37 (B) A PURCHASER OF A LIMITED INTEREST ACQUIRES RIGHTS ONLY TO THE38 EXTENT OF THE INTEREST PURCHASED.

(C) A PURCHASER OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY WHO AS A PREVIOUS
 HOLDER HAD NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM DOES NOT IMPROVE ITS POSITION BY
 TAKING FROM A PROTECTED PURCHASER.

4 8-303.

5 (A) "PROTECTED PURCHASER" MEANS A PURCHASER OF A CERTIFICATED
6 OR UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, OR OF AN INTEREST IN A CERTIFICATED OR
7 UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, WHO:

8 (1) GIVES VALUE;

9 (2) DOES NOT HAVE NOTICE OF ANY ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE 10 SECURITY; AND

(3) OBTAINS CONTROL OF THE CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED
 SECURITY.

13 (B) IN ADDITION TO ACQUIRING THE RIGHTS OF A PURCHASER, A
14 PROTECTED PURCHASER ALSO ACQUIRES ITS INTEREST IN THE SECURITY FREE OF
15 ANY ADVERSE CLAIM.

16 8-304.

17 (A) AN INDORSEMENT MAY BE IN BLANK OR SPECIAL. AN INDORSEMENT IN
18 BLANK INCLUDES AN INDORSEMENT TO BEARER. A SPECIAL INDORSEMENT
19 SPECIFIES TO WHOM A SECURITY IS TO BE TRANSFERRED OR WHO HAS POWER TO
20 TRANSFER IT. A HOLDER MAY CONVERT A BLANK INDORSEMENT TO A SPECIAL
21 INDORSEMENT.

(B) AN INDORSEMENT PURPORTING TO BE ONLY OF PART OF A SECURITY
CERTIFICATE REPRESENTING UNITS INTENDED BY THE ISSUER TO BE SEPARATELY
TRANSFERABLE IS EFFECTIVE TO THE EXTENT OF THE INDORSEMENT.

(C) AN INDORSEMENT, WHETHER SPECIAL OR IN BLANK, DOES NOT
CONSTITUTE A TRANSFER UNTIL DELIVERY OF THE CERTIFICATE ON WHICH IT
APPEARS OR, IF THE INDORSEMENT IS ON A SEPARATE DOCUMENT, UNTIL
DELIVERY OF BOTH THE DOCUMENT AND THE CERTIFICATE.

(D) IF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IN REGISTERED FORM HAS BEEN
DELIVERED TO A PURCHASER WITHOUT A NECESSARY INDORSEMENT, THE
PURCHASER MAY BECOME A PROTECTED PURCHASER ONLY WHEN THE
INDORSEMENT IS SUPPLIED. HOWEVER, AGAINST A TRANSFEROR, A TRANSFER IS
COMPLETE UPON DELIVERY AND THE PURCHASER HAS A SPECIFICALLY
ENFORCEABLE RIGHT TO HAVE ANY NECESSARY INDORSEMENT SUPPLIED.

(E) AN INDORSEMENT OF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IN BEARER FORM MAY
GIVE NOTICE OF AN ADVERSE CLAIM TO THE CERTIFICATE, BUT IT DOES NOT
OTHERWISE AFFECT A RIGHT TO REGISTRATION THAT THE HOLDER POSSESSES.

(F) UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A PERSON MAKING AN INDORSEMENT
ASSUMES ONLY THE OBLIGATIONS PROVIDED IN § 8-108 OF THIS TITLE AND NOT AN
OBLIGATION THAT THE SECURITY WILL BE HONORED BY THE ISSUER.

1 8-305.

2 (A) IF AN INSTRUCTION HAS BEEN ORIGINATED BY AN APPROPRIATE
3 PERSON BUT IS INCOMPLETE IN ANY OTHER RESPECT, ANY PERSON MAY COMPLETE
4 IT AS AUTHORIZED AND THE ISSUER MAY RELY ON IT AS COMPLETED, EVEN
5 THOUGH IT HAS BEEN COMPLETED INCORRECTLY.

6 (B) UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, A PERSON INITIATING AN INSTRUCTION
7 ASSUMES ONLY THE OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED BY § 8-108 OF THIS TITLE AND NOT AN
8 OBLIGATION THAT THE SECURITY WILL BE HONORED BY THE ISSUER.

9 8-306.

10 (A) A PERSON WHO GUARANTEES A SIGNATURE OF AN INDORSER OF A11 SECURITY CERTIFICATE WARRANTS THAT AT THE TIME OF SIGNING:

12 (1) THE SIGNATURE WAS GENUINE;

13 (2) THE SIGNER WAS AN APPROPRIATE PERSON TO INDORSE, OR IF THE
14 SIGNATURE IS BY AN AGENT, THE AGENT HAD ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO ACT ON
15 BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE PERSON; AND

16 (3) THE SIGNER HAD LEGAL CAPACITY TO SIGN.

17 (B) A PERSON WHO GUARANTEES A SIGNATURE OF THE ORIGINATOR OF AN18 INSTRUCTION WARRANTS THAT AT THE TIME OF SIGNING:

19 (1) THE SIGNATURE WAS GENUINE;

20 (2) THE SIGNER WAS AN APPROPRIATE PERSON TO ORIGINATE THE
21 INSTRUCTION, OR IF THE SIGNATURE IS BY AN AGENT, THE AGENT HAD ACTUAL
22 AUTHORITY TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE PERSON, IF THE PERSON
23 SPECIFIED IN THE INSTRUCTION AS THE REGISTERED OWNER WAS, IN FACT, THE
24 REGISTERED OWNER, AS TO WHICH FACT THE SIGNATURE GUARANTOR DOES NOT
25 MAKE A WARRANTY; AND

26 (3) THE SIGNER HAD LEGAL CAPACITY TO SIGN.

(C) A PERSON WHO SPECIALLY GUARANTEES THE SIGNATURE OF AN
ORIGINATOR OF AN INSTRUCTION MAKES THE WARRANTIES OF A SIGNATURE
GUARANTOR UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION AND ALSO WARRANTS THAT
AT THE TIME THE INSTRUCTION IS PRESENTED TO THE ISSUER:

31 (1) THE PERSON SPECIFIED IN THE INSTRUCTION AS THE REGISTERED
32 OWNER OF THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY WILL BE THE REGISTERED OWNER;
33 AND

34 (2) THE TRANSFER OF THE UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY REQUESTED IN
35 THE INSTRUCTION WILL BE REGISTERED BY THE ISSUER FREE FROM ALL LIENS,
36 SECURITY INTERESTS, RESTRICTIONS, AND CLAIMS OTHER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED
37 IN THE INSTRUCTION.

(D) A GUARANTOR UNDER SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SECTION OR A
 SPECIAL GUARANTOR UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT
 OTHERWISE WARRANT THE RIGHTFULNESS OF THE TRANSFER.

4 (E) A PERSON WHO GUARANTEES AN INDORSEMENT OF A SECURITY
5 CERTIFICATE MAKES THE WARRANTIES OF A SIGNATURE GUARANTOR UNDER
6 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION AND ALSO WARRANTS THE RIGHTFULNESS OF
7 THE TRANSFER IN ALL RESPECTS.

8 (F) A PERSON WHO GUARANTEES AN INSTRUCTION REQUESTING THE
9 TRANSFER OF AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY MAKES THE WARRANTIES OF A
10 SPECIAL SIGNATURE GUARANTOR UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION AND
11 ALSO WARRANTS THE RIGHTFULNESS OF THE TRANSFER IN ALL RESPECTS.

12 (G) AN ISSUER MAY NOT REQUIRE A SPECIAL GUARANTY OF SIGNATURE, A
 13 GUARANTY OF INDORSEMENT, OR A GUARANTY OF INSTRUCTION AS A CONDITION
 14 TO REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER.

(H) (1) THE WARRANTIES UNDER THIS SECTION ARE MADE TO A PERSON
TAKING OR DEALING WITH THE SECURITY IN RELIANCE ON THE GUARANTY, AND
THE GUARANTOR IS LIABLE TO THE PERSON FOR LOSS RESULTING FROM THEIR
BREACH.

(2) AN INDORSER OR ORIGINATOR OF AN INSTRUCTION WHOSE
 SIGNATURE, INDORSEMENT, OR INSTRUCTION HAS BEEN GUARANTEED IS LIABLE
 TO A GUARANTOR FOR ANY LOSS SUFFERED BY THE GUARANTOR AS A RESULT OF
 BREACH OF THE WARRANTIES OF THE GUARANTOR.

23 8-307.

UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, THE TRANSFEROR OF A SECURITY ON DUE
DEMAND SHALL SUPPLY THE PURCHASER WITH PROOF OF AUTHORITY TO
TRANSFER OR WITH ANY OTHER REQUISITE NECESSARY TO OBTAIN REGISTRATION
OF THE TRANSFER OF THE SECURITY, BUT IF THE TRANSFER IS NOT FOR VALUE, A
TRANSFEROR NEED NOT COMPLY UNLESS THE PURCHASER PAYS THE NECESSARY
EXPENSES. IF THE TRANSFEROR FAILS WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME TO COMPLY
WITH THE DEMAND, THE PURCHASER MAY REJECT OR RESCIND THE TRANSFER.

31 SUBTITLE 4. REGISTRATION.

32 8-401.

(A) IF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IN REGISTERED FORM IS PRESENTED TO
AN ISSUER WITH A REQUEST TO REGISTER TRANSFER OR AN INSTRUCTION IS
PRESENTED TO AN ISSUER WITH A REQUEST TO REGISTER TRANSFER OF AN
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, THE ISSUER SHALL REGISTER THE TRANSFER AS
REQUESTED IF:

(1) UNDER THE TERMS OF THE SECURITY THE PERSON SEEKING
REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER IS ELIGIBLE TO HAVE THE SECURITY REGISTERED IN
ITS NAME;

(2) THE INDORSEMENT OR INSTRUCTION IS MADE BY THE
 APPROPRIATE PERSON OR BY AN AGENT WHO HAS ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO ACT ON
 BEHALF OF THE APPROPRIATE PERSON;

4 (3) REASONABLE ASSURANCE IS GIVEN THAT THE INDORSEMENT OR
5 INSTRUCTION IS GENUINE AND AUTHORIZED (§ 8-402 OF THIS SUBTITLE);

6 (4) ANY APPLICABLE LAW RELATING TO THE COLLECTION OF TAXES 7 HAS BEEN COMPLIED WITH;

8 (5) THE TRANSFER DOES NOT VIOLATE ANY RESTRICTION ON
9 TRANSFER IMPOSED BY THE ISSUER IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-204 OF THIS TITLE;

(6) A DEMAND THAT THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER TRANSFER HAS NOT
 BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER § 8-403 OF THIS SUBTITLE, OR THE ISSUER HAS
 COMPLIED WITH § 8-403(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE BUT NO LEGAL PROCESS OR
 INDEMNITY BOND IS OBTAINED AS PROVIDED IN § 8-403(D) OF THIS SUBTITLE; AND

14 (7) THE TRANSFER IS IN FACT RIGHTFUL OR IS TO A PROTECTED15 PURCHASER.

(B) IF AN ISSUER IS UNDER A DUTY TO REGISTER A TRANSFER OF A
SECURITY, THE ISSUER IS LIABLE TO A PERSON PRESENTING A CERTIFICATED
SECURITY OR AN INSTRUCTION FOR REGISTRATION OR TO THE PERSON'S
PRINCIPAL FOR LOSS RESULTING FROM UNREASONABLE DELAY IN REGISTRATION
OR FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO REGISTER THE TRANSFER.

21 8-402.

(A) AN ISSUER MAY REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING ASSURANCE THAT EACHNECESSARY INDORSEMENT OR EACH INSTRUCTION IS GENUINE AND AUTHORIZED:

(1) IN ALL CASES, A GUARANTY OF THE SIGNATURE OF THE PERSON
MAKING AN INDORSEMENT OR ORIGINATING AN INSTRUCTION INCLUDING, IN THE
CASE OF AN INSTRUCTION, REASONABLE ASSURANCE OF IDENTITY;

27 (2) IF THE INDORSEMENT IS MADE OR THE INSTRUCTION IS
28 ORIGINATED BY AN AGENT, APPROPRIATE ASSURANCE OF ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO
29 SIGN;

30 (3) IF THE INDORSEMENT IS MADE OR THE INSTRUCTION IS
31 ORIGINATED BY A FIDUCIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-107(A)(4) OR (5) OF THIS
32 TITLE, APPROPRIATE EVIDENCE OF APPOINTMENT OR INCUMBENCY;

33 (4) IF THERE IS MORE THAN ONE FIDUCIARY, REASONABLE34 ASSURANCE THAT ALL WHO ARE REQUIRED TO SIGN HAVE DONE SO; AND

(5) IF THE INDORSEMENT IS MADE OR THE INSTRUCTION IS
ORIGINATED BY A PERSON NOT COVERED BY ANOTHER PROVISION OF THIS
SUBSECTION, ASSURANCE APPROPRIATE TO THE CASE CORRESPONDING AS NEARLY
AS MAY BE TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION.

39 (B) AN ISSUER MAY ELECT TO REQUIRE REASONABLE ASSURANCE BEYOND40 THAT SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION.

1 (C) IN THIS SECTION:

(1) "GUARANTY OF THE SIGNATURE" MEANS A GUARANTY SIGNED BY
 OR ON BEHALF OF A PERSON REASONABLY BELIEVED BY THE ISSUER TO BE
 RESPONSIBLE. AN ISSUER MAY ADOPT STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO
 RESPONSIBILITY IF THEY ARE NOT MANIFESTLY UNREASONABLE.

6 (2) "APPROPRIATE EVIDENCE OF APPOINTMENT OR INCUMBENCY" 7 MEANS:

8 (I) IN THE CASE OF A FIDUCIARY APPOINTED OR QUALIFIED BY A
9 COURT, A CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY OR UNDER THE DIRECTION OR SUPERVISION OF
10 THE COURT OR AN OFFICER THEREOF AND DATED WITHIN 60 DAYS BEFORE THE
11 DATE OF PRESENTATION FOR TRANSFER; OR

(II) IN ANY OTHER CASE, A COPY OF A DOCUMENT SHOWING THE
APPOINTMENT OR A CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY OR ON BEHALF OF A PERSON
REASONABLY BELIEVED BY AN ISSUER TO BE RESPONSIBLE OR, IN THE ABSENCE OF
THAT DOCUMENT OR CERTIFICATE, OTHER EVIDENCE THE ISSUER REASONABLY
CONSIDERED APPROPRIATE.

17 8-403.

(A) A PERSON WHO IS AN APPROPRIATE PERSON TO MAKE AN INDORSEMENT
OR ORIGINATE AN INSTRUCTION MAY DEMAND THAT THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER
TRANSFER OF A SECURITY BY COMMUNICATING TO THE ISSUER A NOTIFICATION
THAT IDENTIFIES THE REGISTERED OWNER AND THE ISSUE OF WHICH THE
SECURITY IS A PART AND PROVIDES AN ADDRESS FOR COMMUNICATIONS
DIRECTED TO THE PERSON MAKING THE DEMAND. THE DEMAND IS EFFECTIVE
ONLY IF IT IS RECEIVED BY THE ISSUER AT A TIME AND IN A MANNER AFFORDING
THE ISSUER REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO ACT ON IT.

(B) IF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY IN REGISTERED FORM IS PRESENTED TO
AN ISSUER WITH A REQUEST TO REGISTER TRANSFER OR AN INSTRUCTION IS
PRESENTED TO AN ISSUER WITH A REQUEST TO REGISTER TRANSFER OF AN
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY AFTER A DEMAND THAT THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER
TRANSFER HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE, THE ISSUER SHALL PROMPTLY COMMUNICATE
TO (I) THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE DEMAND AT THE ADDRESS PROVIDED IN
THE DEMAND AND (II) THE PERSON WHO PRESENTED THE SECURITY FOR
REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR INITIATED THE INSTRUCTION REQUESTING
REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER A NOTIFICATION STATING THAT:

(1) THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY HAS BEEN PRESENTED FOR
REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR INSTRUCTION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER
OF UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY HAS BEEN RECEIVED;

38 (2) A DEMAND THAT THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER TRANSFER HAD39 PREVIOUSLY BEEN RECEIVED; AND

40 (3) THE ISSUER WILL WITHHOLD REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER FOR A 41 PERIOD OF TIME STATED IN THE NOTIFICATION IN ORDER TO PROVIDE THE PERSON 1 WHO INITIATED THE DEMAND AN OPPORTUNITY TO OBTAIN LEGAL PROCESS OR AN 2 INDEMNITY BOND.

3 (C) THE PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B)(3) OF THIS SECTION MAY NOT
4 EXCEED 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF COMMUNICATION OF THE NOTIFICATION. A
5 SHORTER PERIOD MAY BE SPECIFIED BY THE ISSUER IF IT IS NOT MANIFESTLY
6 UNREASONABLE.

7 (D) AN ISSUER IS NOT LIABLE TO A PERSON WHO INITIATED A DEMAND THAT
8 THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER TRANSFER FOR ANY LOSS THE PERSON SUFFERS AS A
9 RESULT OF REGISTRATION OF A TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN EFFECTIVE
10 INDORSEMENT OR INSTRUCTION IF THE PERSON WHO INITIATED THE DEMAND
11 DOES NOT, WITHIN THE TIME STATED IN THE ISSUER'S COMMUNICATION, EITHER:

(1) OBTAIN AN APPROPRIATE RESTRAINING ORDER, INJUNCTION, OR
 OTHER PROCESS FROM A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION ENJOINING THE
 ISSUER FROM REGISTERING THE TRANSFER; OR

(2) FILE WITH THE ISSUER AN INDEMNITY BOND, SUFFICIENT IN THE
 ISSUER'S JUDGMENT TO PROTECT THE ISSUER AND ANY TRANSFER AGENT,
 REGISTRAR, OR OTHER AGENT OF THE ISSUER INVOLVED FROM ANY LOSS IT OR
 THEY MAY SUFFER BY REFUSING TO REGISTER THE TRANSFER.

(E) THIS SECTION DOES NOT RELIEVE AN ISSUER FROM LIABILITY FOR
 REGISTERING TRANSFER PURSUANT TO AN INDORSEMENT OR INSTRUCTION THAT
 WAS NOT EFFECTIVE.

22 8-404.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 8-406 OF THIS SUBTITLE, AN
ISSUER IS LIABLE FOR WRONGFUL REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER IF THE ISSUER HAS
REGISTERED A TRANSFER OF A SECURITY TO A PERSON NOT ENTITLED TO IT, AND
THE TRANSFER WAS REGISTERED:

27 (1) IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN INEFFECTIVE INDORSEMENT OR28 INSTRUCTION;

29 (2) AFTER A DEMAND THAT THE ISSUER NOT REGISTER TRANSFER
30 BECAME EFFECTIVE UNDER § 8-403(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE AND THE ISSUER DID NOT
31 COMPLY WITH § 8-403(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE;

32 (3) AFTER THE ISSUER HAD BEEN SERVED WITH AN INJUNCTION,
33 RESTRAINING ORDER, OR OTHER LEGAL PROCESS ENJOINING IT FROM
34 REGISTERING THE TRANSFER, ISSUED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION,
35 AND THE ISSUER HAD A REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO ACT ON THE INJUNCTION,
36 RESTRAINING ORDER, OR OTHER LEGAL PROCESS; OR

37 (4) BY AN ISSUER ACTING IN COLLUSION WITH THE WRONGDOER.

(B) AN ISSUER THAT IS LIABLE FOR WRONGFUL REGISTRATION OF
TRANSFER UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION ON DEMAND SHALL PROVIDE
THE PERSON ENTITLED TO THE SECURITY WITH A LIKE CERTIFICATED OR
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, AND ANY PAYMENTS OR DISTRIBUTIONS THAT THE

1 PERSON DID NOT RECEIVE AS A RESULT OF THE WRONGFUL REGISTRATION. IF AN 2 OVERISSUE WOULD RESULT, THE ISSUER'S LIABILITY TO PROVIDE THE PERSON 3 WITH A LIKE SECURITY IS GOVERNED BY § 8-210 OF THIS TITLE.

4 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION 5 OR IN A LAW RELATING TO THE COLLECTION OF TAXES, AN ISSUER IS NOT LIABLE 6 TO AN OWNER OR OTHER PERSON SUFFERING LOSS AS A RESULT OF THE 7 REGISTRATION OF A TRANSFER OF A SECURITY IF REGISTRATION WAS MADE IN 8 ACCORDANCE WITH AN EFFECTIVE INDORSEMENT OR INSTRUCTION.

9 8-405.

10 (A) IF AN OWNER OF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, WHETHER IN REGISTERED 11 OR BEARER FORM, CLAIMS THAT THE CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN LOST, DESTROYED, 12 OR WRONGFULLY TAKEN, THE ISSUER SHALL ISSUE A NEW CERTIFICATE IF THE 13 OWNER:

(1) SO REQUESTS BEFORE THE ISSUER HAS NOTICE THAT THE 14 15 CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN ACQUIRED BY A PROTECTED PURCHASER;

16 (2) FILES WITH THE ISSUER A SUFFICIENT INDEMNITY BOND: AND

17 (3) SATISFIES OTHER REASONABLE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE 18 ISSUER.

19 (B) (1) IF, AFTER THE ISSUE OF A NEW SECURITY CERTIFICATE, A 20 PROTECTED PURCHASER OF THE ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE PRESENTS IT FOR 21 REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, THE ISSUER SHALL REGISTER THE TRANSFER UNLESS 22 AN OVERISSUE WOULD RESULT. IN THAT CASE, THE ISSUER'S LIABILITY IS 23 GOVERNED BY § 8-210 OF THIS TITLE.

24 (2) IN ADDITION TO ANY RIGHTS ON THE INDEMNITY BOND, AN ISSUER 25 MAY RECOVER THE NEW CERTIFICATE FROM A PERSON TO WHOM IT WAS ISSUED 26 OR ANY PERSON TAKING UNDER THAT PERSON, EXCEPT A PROTECTED PURCHASER.

27 8-406.

28 IF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN LOST, APPARENTLY DESTROYED, OR 29 WRONGFULLY TAKEN, AND THE OWNER FAILS TO NOTIFY THE ISSUER OF THAT 30 FACT WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER THE OWNER HAS NOTICE OF IT AND THE 31 ISSUER REGISTERS A TRANSFER OF THE SECURITY BEFORE RECEIVING 32 NOTIFICATION, THE OWNER MAY NOT ASSERT AGAINST THE ISSUER A CLAIM FOR 33 REGISTERING THE TRANSFER UNDER § 8-404 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR A CLAIM TO A 34 NEW SECURITY CERTIFICATE UNDER § 8-405 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

35 8-407.

36 A PERSON ACTING AS AUTHENTICATING TRUSTEE, TRANSFER AGENT, 37 REGISTRAR, OR OTHER AGENT FOR AN ISSUER IN THE REGISTRATION OF A 38 TRANSFER OF ITS SECURITIES, IN THE ISSUE OF NEW SECURITY CERTIFICATES OR 39 UNCERTIFICATED SECURITIES, OR IN THE CANCELLATION OF SURRENDERED 40 SECURITY CERTIFICATES HAS THE SAME OBLIGATION TO THE HOLDER OR OWNER 41 OF A CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY WITH REGARD TO THE

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1 PARTICULAR FUNCTIONS PERFORMED AS THE ISSUER HAS IN REGARD TO THOSE 2 FUNCTIONS.

3 SUBTITLE 5. SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS.

4 8-501.

5 (A) "SECURITIES ACCOUNT" MEANS AN ACCOUNT TO WHICH A FINANCIAL
6 ASSET IS OR MAY BE CREDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN AGREEMENT UNDER
7 WHICH THE PERSON MAINTAINING THE ACCOUNT UNDERTAKES TO TREAT THE
8 PERSON FOR WHOM THE ACCOUNT IS MAINTAINED AS ENTITLED TO EXERCISE THE
9 RIGHTS THAT COMPRISE THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (D) AND (E) OF THIS
SECTION, A PERSON ACQUIRES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT IF A SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY:

13 (1) INDICATES BY BOOK ENTRY THAT A FINANCIAL ASSET HAS BEEN14 CREDITED TO THE PERSON'S SECURITIES ACCOUNT;

(2) RECEIVES A FINANCIAL ASSET FROM THE PERSON OR ACQUIRES A
FINANCIAL ASSET FOR THE PERSON AND, IN EITHER CASE, ACCEPTS IT FOR CREDIT
TO THE PERSON'S SECURITIES ACCOUNT; OR

18 (3) BECOMES OBLIGATED UNDER OTHER LAW, REGULATION, OR RULE19 TO CREDIT A FINANCIAL ASSET TO THE PERSON'S SECURITIES ACCOUNT.

20 (C) IF A CONDITION OF SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION HAS BEEN MET, A
21 PERSON HAS A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT EVEN THOUGH THE SECURITIES
22 INTERMEDIARY DOES NOT ITSELF HOLD THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(D) IF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HOLDS A FINANCIAL ASSET FOR
ANOTHER PERSON, AND THE FINANCIAL ASSET IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF,
PAYABLE TO THE ORDER OF, OR SPECIALLY INDORSED TO THE OTHER PERSON,
AND HAS NOT BEEN INDORSED TO THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY OR IN BLANK,
THE OTHER PERSON IS TREATED AS HOLDING THE FINANCIAL ASSET DIRECTLY
RATHER THAN AS HAVING A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE
FINANCIAL ASSET.

30 (E) ISSUANCE OF A SECURITY IS NOT ESTABLISHMENT OF A SECURITY31 ENTITLEMENT.

32 8-502.

AN ACTION BASED ON AN ADVERSE CLAIM TO A FINANCIAL ASSET, WHETHER
FRAMED IN CONVERSION, REPLEVIN, CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST, EQUITABLE LIEN, OR
OTHER THEORY, MAY NOT BE ASSERTED AGAINST A PERSON WHO ACQUIRES A
SECURITY ENTITLEMENT UNDER § 8-501 OF THIS SUBTITLE FOR VALUE AND
WITHOUT NOTICE OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM.

38 8-503.

(A) TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY FOR A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY TO
 SATISFY ALL SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO A PARTICULAR
 FINANCIAL ASSET, ALL INTERESTS IN THAT FINANCIAL ASSET HELD BY THE
 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ARE HELD BY THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY FOR
 THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS, ARE NOT PROPERTY OF THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY, AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO CLAIMS OF CREDITORS OF THE
 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 8-511 OF THIS
 SUBTITLE.

9 (B) AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S PROPERTY INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO A
10 PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS A PRO
11 RATA PROPERTY INTEREST IN ALL INTERESTS IN THAT FINANCIAL ASSET HELD BY
12 THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY, WITHOUT REGARD TO THE TIME THE
13 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER ACQUIRED THE SECURITY ENTITLEMENT OR THE TIME THE
14 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACQUIRED THE INTEREST IN THAT FINANCIAL ASSET.

(C) AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S PROPERTY INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO A
 PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION MAY BE
 ENFORCED AGAINST THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ONLY BY EXERCISE OF THE
 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S RIGHTS UNDER §§ 8-505 THROUGH 8-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(D) (1) AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S PROPERTY INTEREST WITH RESPECT
 TO A PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION MAY
 BE ENFORCED AGAINST A PURCHASER OF THE FINANCIAL ASSET OR INTEREST IN
 THE FINANCIAL ASSET ONLY IF:

23 (I) INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS HAVE BEEN INITIATED BY OR24 AGAINST THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY;

(II) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY DOES NOT HAVE SUFFICIENT
 INTERESTS IN THE FINANCIAL ASSET TO SATISFY THE SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS OF
 ALL OF ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS TO THAT FINANCIAL ASSET;

(III) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY VIOLATED ITS OBLIGATIONS
 UNDER § 8-504 OF THIS SUBTITLE BY TRANSFERRING THE FINANCIAL ASSET OR
 INTEREST IN THE FINANCIAL ASSET TO THE PURCHASER; AND

31(IV) THE PURCHASER IS NOT PROTECTED UNDER SUBSECTION (E)32 OF THIS SECTION.

(2) THE TRUSTEE OR OTHER LIQUIDATOR, ACTING ON BEHALF OF ALL
ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS HAVING SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO A
PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET, MAY RECOVER THE FINANCIAL ASSET, OR
INTEREST IN THE FINANCIAL ASSET, FROM THE PURCHASER. IF THE TRUSTEE OR
OTHER LIQUIDATOR ELECTS NOT TO PURSUE THAT RIGHT, AN ENTITLEMENT
HOLDER WHOSE SECURITY ENTITLEMENT REMAINS UNSATISFIED HAS THE RIGHT
TO RECOVER ITS INTEREST IN THE FINANCIAL ASSET FROM THE PURCHASER.

40 (E) AN ACTION BASED ON THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER'S PROPERTY
41 INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO A PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET UNDER SUBSECTION
42 (A) OF THIS SECTION, WHETHER FRAMED IN CONVERSION, REPLEVIN,
43 CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST, EQUITABLE LIEN, OR OTHER THEORY, MAY NOT BE

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ASSERTED AGAINST ANY PURCHASER OF A FINANCIAL ASSET OR INTEREST IN A
 FINANCIAL ASSET WHO GIVES VALUE, OBTAINS CONTROL, AND DOES NOT ACT IN
 COLLUSION WITH THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY IN VIOLATING THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY'S OBLIGATIONS UNDER § 8-504 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

5 8-504.

6 (A) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL PROMPTLY OBTAIN AND
7 THEREAFTER MAINTAIN A FINANCIAL ASSET IN A QUANTITY CORRESPONDING TO
8 THE AGGREGATE OF ALL SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS THE SECURITIES
9 INTERMEDIARY HAS ESTABLISHED IN FAVOR OF ITS ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS WITH
10 RESPECT TO THAT FINANCIAL ASSET. THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY MAY
11 MAINTAIN THOSE FINANCIAL ASSETS DIRECTLY OR THROUGH ONE OR MORE
12 OTHER SECURITIES INTERMEDIARIES.

(B) EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT OTHERWISE AGREED BY ITS ENTITLEMENT
 HOLDER, A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY MAY NOT GRANT ANY SECURITY
 INTERESTS IN A FINANCIAL ASSET IT IS OBLIGATED TO MAINTAIN IN ACCORDANCE
 WITH SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION.

17 (C) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SATISFIES THE DUTY IN SUBSECTION (A)18 OF THIS SECTION IF:

(1) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE DUTY
 AS AGREED UPON BY THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER AND THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY; OR

(2) IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
EXERCISES DUE CARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REASONABLE COMMERCIAL
STANDARDS TO OBTAIN AND MAINTAIN THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(D) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A CLEARING CORPORATION THAT IS
ITSELF THE OBLIGOR OF AN OPTION OR SIMILAR OBLIGATION TO WHICH ITS
ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS HAVE SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS.

28 8-505.

(A) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL TAKE ACTION TO OBTAIN A
PAYMENT OR DISTRIBUTION MADE BY THE ISSUER OF A FINANCIAL ASSET. A
SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SATISFIES THE DUTY IF:

32 (1) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE DUTY
33 AS AGREED UPON BY THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER AND THE SECURITIES
34 INTERMEDIARY; OR

(2) IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
EXERCISES DUE CARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REASONABLE COMMERCIAL
STANDARDS TO ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN THE PAYMENT OR DISTRIBUTION.

(B) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY IS OBLIGATED TO ITS ENTITLEMENT
HOLDER FOR A PAYMENT OR DISTRIBUTION MADE BY THE ISSUER OF A FINANCIAL
ASSET IF THE PAYMENT OR DISTRIBUTION IS RECEIVED BY THE SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY.

1 8-506.

A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL EXERCISE RIGHTS WITH RESPECT TO A
 FINANCIAL ASSET IF DIRECTED TO DO SO BY AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER. A
 SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SATISFIES THE DUTY IF:

5 (1) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE DUTY
6 AS AGREED UPON BY THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER AND THE SECURITIES
7 INTERMEDIARY; OR

8 (2) IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
9 EITHER PLACES THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE THE
10 RIGHTS DIRECTLY OR EXERCISES DUE CARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REASONABLE
11 COMMERCIAL STANDARDS TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTION OF THE ENTITLEMENT
12 HOLDER.

13 8-507.

(A) A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL COMPLY WITH AN ENTITLEMENT
ORDER IF THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS ORIGINATED BY THE APPROPRIATE
PERSON, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS HAD REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO
ASSURE ITSELF THAT THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER IS GENUINE AND AUTHORIZED,
AND THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS HAD REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO
COMPLY WITH THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER. A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SATISFIES
THE DUTY IF:

(1) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE DUTY
 AS AGREED UPON BY THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER AND THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY; OR

24 (2) IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
25 EXERCISES DUE CARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REASONABLE COMMERCIAL
26 STANDARDS TO COMPLY WITH THE ENTITLEMENT ORDER.

(B) IF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY TRANSFERS A FINANCIAL ASSET IN
ACCORDANCE WITH AN INEFFECTIVE ENTITLEMENT ORDER, THE SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY SHALL REESTABLISH A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT IN FAVOR OF THE
PERSON ENTITLED TO IT, AND PAY OR CREDIT ANY PAYMENTS OR DISTRIBUTIONS
THAT THE PERSON DID NOT RECEIVE AS A RESULT OF THE WRONGFUL TRANSFER.
IF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY DOES NOT REESTABLISH A SECURITY
ENTITLEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY IS LIABLE TO THE ENTITLEMENT
HOLDER FOR DAMAGES.

35 8-508.

A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL ACT AT THE DIRECTION OF AN
ENTITLEMENT HOLDER TO CHANGE A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT INTO ANOTHER
AVAILABLE FORM OF HOLDING FOR WHICH THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER IS
ELIGIBLE, OR TO CAUSE THE FINANCIAL ASSET TO BE TRANSFERRED TO A
SECURITIES ACCOUNT OF THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER WITH ANOTHER SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY. A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SATISFIES THE DUTY IF:

1 (1) THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ACTS AS AGREED UPON BY THE 2 ENTITLEMENT HOLDER AND THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY; OR

3 (2) IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
4 EXERCISES DUE CARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REASONABLE COMMERCIAL
5 STANDARDS TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTION OF THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

6 8-509.

7 (A) IF THE SUBSTANCE OF A DUTY IMPOSED UPON A SECURITIES
8 INTERMEDIARY BY §§ 8-504 THROUGH 8-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE IS THE SUBJECT OF
9 OTHER STATUTE, REGULATION, OR RULE, COMPLIANCE WITH THAT STATUTE,
10 REGULATION, OR RULE SATISFIES THE DUTY.

(B) TO THE EXTENT THAT SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF
THE DUTIES OF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY OR THE EXERCISE OF THE RIGHTS OF
AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER ARE NOT SPECIFIED BY OTHER STATUTE, REGULATION,
OR RULE OR BY AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AND
ENTITLEMENT HOLDER, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY SHALL PERFORM ITS
DUTIES AND THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER SHALL EXERCISE ITS RIGHTS IN A
COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE MANNER.

18 (C) THE OBLIGATION OF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY TO PERFORM THE19 DUTIES IMPOSED BY §§ 8-504 THROUGH 8-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE IS SUBJECT TO:

(1) RIGHTS OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY ARISING OUT OF A
 SECURITY INTEREST UNDER A SECURITY AGREEMENT WITH THE ENTITLEMENT
 HOLDER OR OTHERWISE; AND

23 (2) RIGHTS OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY UNDER OTHER LAW,
24 REGULATION, RULE, OR AGREEMENT TO WITHHOLD PERFORMANCE OF ITS DUTIES
25 AS A RESULT OF UNFULFILLED OBLIGATIONS OF THE ENTITLEMENT HOLDER TO
26 THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY.

(D) SECTIONS 8-504 THROUGH 8-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE DO NOT REQUIRE A
SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY TO TAKE ANY ACTION THAT IS PROHIBITED BY OTHER
STATUTE, REGULATION, OR RULE.

30 8-510.

(A) AN ACTION BASED ON AN ADVERSE CLAIM TO A FINANCIAL ASSET OR
SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, WHETHER FRAMED IN CONVERSION, REPLEVIN,
CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST, EQUITABLE LIEN, OR OTHER THEORY, MAY NOT BE
ASSERTED AGAINST A PERSON WHO PURCHASES A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, OR AN
INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, FROM AN ENTITLEMENT HOLDER IF THE
PURCHASER GIVES VALUE, DOES NOT HAVE NOTICE OF THE ADVERSE CLAIM, AND
OBTAINS CONTROL.

(B) IF AN ADVERSE CLAIM COULD NOT HAVE BEEN ASSERTED AGAINST AN
ENTITLEMENT HOLDER UNDER § 8-502 OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE ADVERSE CLAIM
CANNOT BE ASSERTED AGAINST A PERSON WHO PURCHASES A SECURITY
ENTITLEMENT, OR AN INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, FROM THE
ENTITLEMENT HOLDER.

(C) (1) IN A CASE NOT COVERED BY THE PRIORITY RULES IN TITLE 9 OF
 THIS ARTICLE, A PURCHASER FOR VALUE OF A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, OR AN
 INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, WHO OBTAINS CONTROL HAS PRIORITY
 OVER A PURCHASER OF A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, OR AN INTEREST IN A
 SECURITY ENTITLEMENT, WHO DOES NOT OBTAIN CONTROL.

6 (2) PURCHASERS WHO HAVE CONTROL RANK EQUALLY, EXCEPT THAT
7 A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AS PURCHASER HAS PRIORITY OVER A CONFLICTING
8 PURCHASER WHO HAS CONTROL UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED BY THE SECURITIES
9 INTERMEDIARY.

10 8-511.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C) OF THIS
 SECTION, IF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY DOES NOT HAVE SUFFICIENT INTERESTS
 IN A PARTICULAR FINANCIAL ASSET TO SATISFY BOTH ITS OBLIGATIONS TO
 ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS WHO HAVE SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS TO THAT FINANCIAL
 ASSET AND ITS OBLIGATION TO A CREDITOR OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
 WHO HAS A SECURITY INTEREST IN THAT FINANCIAL ASSET, THE CLAIMS OF
 ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS, OTHER THAN THE CREDITOR, HAVE PRIORITY OVER THE
 CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR.

(B) A CLAIM OF A CREDITOR OF A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY WHO HAS A
 SECURITY INTEREST IN A FINANCIAL ASSET HELD BY A SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
 HAS PRIORITY OVER CLAIMS OF THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY'S ENTITLEMENT
 HOLDERS WHO HAVE SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THAT FINANCIAL
 ASSET IF THE CREDITOR HAS CONTROL OVER THE FINANCIAL ASSET.

(C) IF A CLEARING CORPORATION DOES NOT HAVE SUFFICIENT FINANCIAL
ASSETS TO SATISFY BOTH ITS OBLIGATIONS TO ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS WHO HAVE
SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO A FINANCIAL ASSET AND ITS
OBLIGATION TO A CREDITOR OF THE CLEARING CORPORATION WHO HAS A
SECURITY INTEREST IN THAT FINANCIAL ASSET, THE CLAIM OF THE CREDITOR HAS
PRIORITY OVER THE CLAIMS OF ENTITLEMENT HOLDERS.

30 9-103.

(6) [The law (including the conflict of laws rules) of the jurisdiction of
organization of the issuer governs the perfection and the effect of perfection or
nonperfection of a security interest in uncertificated securities.]

34 (A) THIS SUBSECTION APPLIES TO INVESTMENT PROPERTY.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (F), DURING THE
TIME THAT A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IS LOCATED IN A JURISDICTION, PERFECTION
OF A SECURITY INTEREST, THE EFFECT OF PERFECTION OR NONPERFECTION, AND
THE PRIORITY OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN THE CERTIFICATED SECURITY
REPRESENTED THEREBY ARE GOVERNED BY THE LOCAL LAW OF THAT
JURISDICTION.

41 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (F), PERFECTION 42 OF A SECURITY INTEREST, THE EFFECT OF PERFECTION OR NONPERFECTION, AND THE PRIORITY OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN AN UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY ARE
 GOVERNED BY THE LOCAL LAW OF THE ISSUER'S JURISDICTION AS SPECIFIED IN §
 8-110(D).

4 (D) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (F), PERFECTION
5 OF A SECURITY INTEREST, THE EFFECT OF PERFECTION OR NONPERFECTION, AND
6 THE PRIORITY OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT OR
7 SECURITIES ACCOUNT ARE GOVERNED BY THE LOCAL LAW OF THE SECURITIES
8 INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION AS SPECIFIED IN § 8-110(E).

9 (E) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (F), PERFECTION
10 OF A SECURITY INTEREST, THE EFFECT OF PERFECTION OR NONPERFECTION, AND
11 THE PRIORITY OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT OR
12 COMMODITY ACCOUNT ARE GOVERNED BY THE LOCAL LAW OF THE COMMODITY
13 INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION. THE FOLLOWING RULES DETERMINE A
14 "COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION" FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
15 PARAGRAPH:

(1) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMODITY
INTERMEDIARY AND COMMODITY CUSTOMER SPECIFIES THAT IT IS GOVERNED BY
THE LAW OF A PARTICULAR JURISDICTION, THAT JURISDICTION IS THE
COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY'S JURISDICTION.

(2) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMODITY
 INTERMEDIARY AND COMMODITY CUSTOMER DOES NOT SPECIFY THE GOVERNING
 LAW AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (1), BUT EXPRESSLY SPECIFIES THAT THE
 COMMODITY ACCOUNT IS MAINTAINED AT AN OFFICE IN A PARTICULAR
 JURISDICTION, THAT JURISDICTION IS THE COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY'S
 JURISDICTION.

(3) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMODITY
INTERMEDIARY AND COMMODITY CUSTOMER DOES NOT SPECIFY A JURISDICTION
AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (1) OR (2), THE COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY'S
JURISDICTION IS THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH IS LOCATED THE OFFICE IDENTIFIED
IN AN ACCOUNT STATEMENT AS THE OFFICE SERVING THE COMMODITY
CUSTOMER'S ACCOUNT.

(4) IF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMODITY
INTERMEDIARY AND COMMODITY CUSTOMER DOES NOT SPECIFY A JURISDICTION
AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (1) OR (2) AND AN ACCOUNT STATEMENT DOES
NOT IDENTIFY AN OFFICE SERVING THE COMMODITY CUSTOMER'S ACCOUNT AS
PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (3), THE COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY'S
JURISDICTION IS THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH IS LOCATED THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE
OFFICE OF THE COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY.

(F) PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST BY FILING, AUTOMATIC
PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY GRANTED BY A
BROKER OR SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY, AND AUTOMATIC PERFECTION OF A
SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT OR COMMODITY ACCOUNT
GRANTED BY A COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY ARE GOVERNED BY THE LOCAL LAW
OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE DEBTOR IS LOCATED.

1 9-105.	
2	(1) In this title unless the context otherwise requires:
5 instrum 6 paper, g 7 "Goods	(h) "Goods" includes all things which are movable at the time the security attaches or which are fixtures (§ 9-313), but does not includemoney, documents, ents, INVESTMENT PROPERTY, COMMODITY CONTRACTS, accounts, chattel general intangibles or minerals or the like (including oil and gas) before extraction. " also includes standing timber which is to be cut and removed under a ance or contract for sale, the unborn young of animals and growing crops;
11 the pay 12 is in or	(i) "Instrument" means a negotiable instrument (defined in § 3-104), [or a ated security (defined in § 8-102)] or any other writing which evidences a right to ment of money and is not itself a security agreement or lease and is of a type which dinary course of business transferred by delivery with any necessary indorsement gnment] ASSIGNMENT. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INVESTMENT ERTY;
15 16 are:	(2) Other definitions applying to this title and the sections in which they appear
17	"Account." § 9-106.
18	"Attach." § 9-203.
19	"COMMODITY CONTRACT." § 9-115.
20	"COMMODITY CUSTOMER." § 9-115.
21	"COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY." § 9-115.
22	"Consumer goods." § 9-109(1).
23	"CONTROL." § 9-115.
24	"Equipment." § 9-109(2).
25	"Farm products." § 9-109(3).
26	"General intangibles." § 9-106.
27	"Inventory." § 9-109(4).
28	"INVESTMENT PROPERTY." § 9-115.
29	"Lien creditor." § 9-301(3).
30	"Proceeds." § 9-306(1).
31	"Purchase money security interest." § 9-107.
32	"United States." § 9-103.

- (3) The following definitions in other titles apply to this title.
- "BROKER." § 8-102.

- 1 "CERTIFICATED SECURITY." § 8-102.
- 2 "Check." § 3-104.
- 3 "CLEARING CORPORATION." § 8-102.
- 4 "Contract for sale." § 2-106.
- 5 "CONTROL." § 8-106.
- 6 "DELIVERY." § 8-301.
- 7 "ENTITLEMENT HOLDER." § 8-102.
- 8 "FINANCIAL ASSET." § 8-102.
- 9 "Holder in due course." § 3-302.
- 10 "Note." § 3-104.
- 11 "Sale." § 2-106.
- 12 "SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY." § 8-102.
- 13 "SECURITY." § 8-102.
- 14 "SECURITY CERTIFICATE." § 8-102.
- 15 "SECURITY ENTITLEMENT." § 8-102.
- 16 "UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY." § 8-102.

17 9-106.

18 "Account" means any right to payment for goods sold or leased or forservices 19 rendered which is not evidenced by an instrument or chattel paper, whether or not it has 20 been earned by performance. "General intangibles" means any personal property 21 (including things in action and uncertificated general and limited partnership interests), 22 other than goods, accounts, chattel paper, documents, instruments, INVESTMENT 23 PROPERTY, and money. All rights to payment earned or unearned under a charter or 24 other contract involving the use or hire of a vessel and all rights incident to the charter or 25 contract are accounts.

26 9-115.

27 (1) IN THIS TITLE:

28 (A) "COMMODITY ACCOUNT" MEANS AN ACCOUNT MAINTAINED BY A
29 COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY IN WHICH A COMMODITY CONTRACT IS CARRIED FOR
30 A COMMODITY CUSTOMER.

31 (B) "COMMODITY CONTRACT" MEANS A COMMODITY FUTURES
32 CONTRACT, AN OPTION ON A COMMODITY FUTURES CONTRACT, A COMMODITY
33 OPTION, OR OTHER CONTRACT THAT, IN EACH CASE, IS:

(I) TRADED ON OR SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF A BOARD OF
 TRADE THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS A CONTRACT MARKET FOR SUCH A
 CONTRACT PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL COMMODITIES LAWS; OR

4 (II) TRADED ON A FOREIGN COMMODITY BOARD OF TRADE,
5 EXCHANGE, OR MARKET, AND IS CARRIED ON THE BOOKS OF A COMMODITY
6 INTERMEDIARY FOR A COMMODITY CUSTOMER.

7 (C) "COMMODITY CUSTOMER" MEANS A PERSON FOR WHOM A8 COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY CARRIES A COMMODITY CONTRACT ON ITS BOOKS.

9 (D) "COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY" MEANS:

10 (I) A PERSON WHO IS REGISTERED AS A FUTURES COMMISSION11 MERCHANT UNDER THE FEDERAL COMMODITIES LAWS; OR

(II) A PERSON WHO IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF ITS BUSINESS
 PROVIDES CLEARANCE OR SETTLEMENT SERVICES FOR A BOARD OF TRADE THAT
 HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS A CONTRACT MARKET PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
 COMMODITIES LAWS.

(E) "CONTROL" WITH RESPECT TO A CERTIFICATED SECURITY,
UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, OR SECURITY ENTITLEMENT HAS THE MEANING
SPECIFIED IN § 8-106. A SECURED PARTY HAS CONTROL OVER A COMMODITY
CONTRACT IF BY AGREEMENT AMONG THE COMMODITY CUSTOMER, THE
COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY, AND THE SECURED PARTY, THE COMMODITY
INTERMEDIARY HAS AGREED THAT IT WILL APPLY ANY VALUE DISTRIBUTED ON
ACCOUNT OF THE COMMODITY CONTRACT AS DIRECTED BY THE SECURED PARTY
WITHOUT FURTHER CONSENT BY THE COMMODITY CUSTOMER. IF A COMMODITY
CUSTOMER GRANTS A SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT TO ITS
OWN COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY, THE COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY AS SECURED
PARTY HAS CONTROL. A SECURED PARTY HAS CONTROL OVER A SECURITIES
ACCOUNT OR COMMODITY ACCOUNT IF THE SECURED PARTY HAS CONTROL OVER
ALL SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS OR COMMODITY CONTRACTS CARRIED IN THE
SECURITIES ACCOUNT OR COMMODITY ACCOUNT.

- 30 (F) "INVESTMENT PROPERTY" MEANS:
- 31 (I) A SECURITY, WHETHER CERTIFICATED OR UNCERTIFICATED;
- 32 (II) A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT;
- 33 (III) A SECURITIES ACCOUNT;
- 34 (IV) A COMMODITY CONTRACT; OR
- 35 (V) A COMMODITY ACCOUNT.

36 (2) ATTACHMENT OR PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN A

37 SECURITIES ACCOUNT IS ALSO ATTACHMENT OR PERFECTION OF A SECURITY

38 INTEREST IN ALL SECURITY ENTITLEMENTS CARRIED IN THE SECURITIES ACCOUNT.

39 ATTACHMENT OR PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY

1 ACCOUNT IS ALSO ATTACHMENT OR PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN ALL 2 COMMODITY CONTRACTS CARRIED IN THE COMMODITY ACCOUNT.

3 (3) A DESCRIPTION OF COLLATERAL IN A SECURITY AGREEMENT OR
4 FINANCING STATEMENT IS SUFFICIENT TO CREATE OR PERFECT A SECURITY
5 INTEREST IN A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, UNCERTIFICATED SECURITY, SECURITY
6 ENTITLEMENT, SECURITIES ACCOUNT, COMMODITY CONTRACT, OR COMMODITY
7 ACCOUNT WHETHER IT DESCRIBES THE COLLATERAL BY THOSE TERMS, OR AS
8 INVESTMENT PROPERTY, OR BY DESCRIPTION OF THE UNDERLYING SECURITY,
9 FINANCIAL ASSET, OR COMMODITY CONTRACT. A DESCRIPTION OF INVESTMENT
10 PROPERTY COLLATERAL IN A SECURITY AGREEMENT OR FINANCING STATEMENT IS
11 SUFFICIENT IF IT IDENTIFIES THE COLLATERAL BY SPECIFIC LISTING, BY
12 CATEGORY, BY QUANTITY, BY A COMPUTATIONAL OR ALLOCATIONAL FORMULA
13 OR PROCEDURE, OR BY ANY OTHER METHOD, IF THE IDENTITY OF THE
14 COLLATERAL IS OBJECTIVELY DETERMINABLE.

15 (4) PERFECTION OF A SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY IS16 GOVERNED BY THE FOLLOWING RULES:

17 (A) A SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY MAY BE18 PERFECTED BY CONTROL.

19 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (C) AND (D), A20 SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY MAY BE PERFECTED BY FILING.

(C) IF THE DEBTOR IS A BROKER OR SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY A
SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY IS PERFECTED WHEN IT ATTACHES.
THE FILING OF A FINANCING STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO A SECURITY INTEREST
IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY GRANTED BY A BROKER OR SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY
HAS NO EFFECT FOR PURPOSES OF PERFECTION OR PRIORITY WITH RESPECT TO
THAT SECURITY INTEREST.

(D) IF A DEBTOR IS A COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY, A SECURITY
INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT OR A COMMODITY ACCOUNT IS PERFECTED
WHEN IT ATTACHES. THE FILING OF A FINANCING STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO A
SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT OR A COMMODITY ACCOUNT
GRANTED BY A COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY HAS NO EFFECT FOR PURPOSES OF
PERFECTION OR PRIORITY WITH RESPECT TO THAT SECURITY INTEREST.

(5) PRIORITY BETWEEN CONFLICTING SECURITY INTERESTS IN THE SAMEINVESTMENT PROPERTY IS GOVERNED BY THE FOLLOWING RULES:

(A) A SECURITY INTEREST OF A SECURED PARTY WHO HAS CONTROL
OVER INVESTMENT PROPERTY HAS PRIORITY OVER A SECURITY INTEREST OF A
SECURED PARTY WHO DOES NOT HAVE CONTROL OVER THE INVESTMENT
PROPERTY.

39 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (C) AND (D),
40 CONFLICTING SECURITY INTERESTS OF SECURED PARTIES EACH OF WHOM HAS
41 CONTROL RANK EQUALLY.

(C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE AGREED BY THE SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY, A SECURITY INTEREST IN A SECURITY ENTITLEMENT OR A
 SECURITIES ACCOUNT GRANTED TO THE DEBTOR'S OWN SECURITIES
 INTERMEDIARY HAS PRIORITY OVER ANY SECURITY INTEREST GRANTED BY THE
 DEBTOR TO ANOTHER SECURED PARTY.

6 (D) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE AGREED BY THE COMMODITY
7 INTERMEDIARY, A SECURITY INTEREST IN A COMMODITY CONTRACT OR A
8 COMMODITY ACCOUNT GRANTED TO THE DEBTOR'S OWN COMMODITY
9 INTERMEDIARY HAS PRIORITY OVER ANY SECURITY INTEREST GRANTED BY THE
10 DEBTOR TO ANOTHER SECURED PARTY.

(E) CONFLICTING SECURITY INTERESTS GRANTED BY A BROKER, A
 SECURITES INTERMEDIARY, OR A COMMODITY INTERMEDIARY WHICH ARE
 PERFECTED WITHOUT CONTROL RANK EQUALLY.

(F) IN ALL OTHER CASES, PRIORITY BETWEEN CONFLICTING SECURITY
INTERESTS IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY IS GOVERNED BY § 9-312(5), (6), AND (7).
SECTION 9-312(4) DOES NOT APPLY TO INVESTMENT PROPERTY.

(6) IF A SECURITY CERTIFICATE IN REGISTERED FORM IS DELIVERED TO A
 SECURED PARTY PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT, A WRITTEN SECURITY AGREEMENT IS
 NOT REQUIRED FOR ATTACHMENT OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THE SECURITY
 INTEREST, DELIVERY SUFFICES FOR PERFECTION OF THE SECURITY INTEREST, AND
 THE SECURITY INTEREST HAS PRIORITY OVER A CONFLICTING SECURITY INTEREST
 PERFECTED BY MEANS OTHER THAN CONTROL, EVEN IF A NECESSARY
 INDORSEMENT IS LACKING.

24 9-116.

(1) IF A PERSON BUYS A FINANCIAL ASSET THROUGH A SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY IN A TRANSACTION IN WHICH THE BUYER IS OBLIGATED TO PAY
THE PURCHASE PRICE TO THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY AT THE TIME OF THE
PURCHASE, AND THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY CREDITS THE FINANCIAL ASSET
TO THE BUYER'S SECURITIES ACCOUNT BEFORE THE BUYER PAYS THE SECURITIES
INTERMEDIARY, THE SECURITIES INTERMEDIARY HAS A SECURITY INTEREST IN
THE BUYER'S SECURITY ENTITLEMENT SECURING THE BUYER'S OBLIGATION TO
PAY. A SECURITY AGREEMENT IS NOT REQUIRED FOR ATTACHMENT OR
ENFORCEABILITY OF THE SECURITY INTEREST, AND THE SECURITY INTEREST IS
AUTOMATICALLY PERFECTED.

(2) IF A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, OR OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET
REPRESENTED BY A WRITING WHICH IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF BUSINESS IS
TRANSFERRED BY DELIVERY WITH ANY NECESSARY INDORSEMENT OR
ASSIGNMENT IS DELIVERED PURSUANT TO AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN PERSONS IN
THE BUSINESS OF DEALING WITH SUCH SECURITIES OR FINANCIAL ASSETS AND THE
AGREEMENT CALLS FOR DELIVERY VERSUS PAYMENT, THE PERSON DELIVERING
THE CERTIFICATE OR OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET HAS A SECURITY INTEREST IN THE
CERTIFICATED SECURITY OR OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET SECURING THE SELLER'S
RIGHT TO RECEIVE PAYMENT. A SECURITY AGREEMENT IS NOT REQUIRED FOR

 41 1 ATTACHMENT OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THE SECURITY INTEREST, AND THE 2 SECURITY INTEREST IS AUTOMATICALLY PERFECTED.
 3 9-203. (1) Subject to the provisions of § 4-208 on the security interest of a collecting 5 bank, [§ 8-321 on security interests in securities] §§ 9-115 AND 9-116 ON SECURITY 6 INTERESTS IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY, and § 9-113 on a security interest arising under 7 the title on sales, a security interest is not enforceable against the debtor or third parties 8 with respect to the collateral and does not attach unless:
 9 (a) The collateral is in the possession of the secured party pursuant to 10 agreement, THE COLLATERAL IS INVESTMENT PROPERTY AND THE SECURED PARTY 11 HAS CONTROL PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT, or the debtor has signed a security 12 agreement which contains a description of the collateral and in addition, when the 13 security interest covers crops growing or to be grown or timber to be cut, a description of 14 the land concerned;
15 (b) Value has been given; and
16 (c) The debtor has rights in the collateral.
17 9-301.
(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) an unperfected securityinterest is subordinate to the rights of
20 (a) Persons entitled to priority under § 9-312;
(b) A person who becomes a lien creditor before the security interest isperfected;
 (c) In the case of goods, instruments, documents, and chattel paper, a person who is not a secured party and who is a transferee in bulk or other buyer not in ordinary course of business, or is a buyer of farm products in ordinarycourse of business, to the extent that he gives value and receives delivery of the collateral without knowledge of the security interest and before it is perfected;
 (d) In the case of [accounts and] ACCOUNTS, general intangibles, AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY, a person who is not a secured party and who is a transferee to the extent that he gives value without knowledge of the security interest and before it is perfected.
32 9-302.
(1) A financing statement must be filed to perfect all security interests except thefollowing:
 (a) A security interest in collateral in possession of the secured party under (b) A security interest in collateral in possession of the secured party under
 (b) A security interest temporarily perfected in [instruments] INSTRUMENTS, CERTIFICATED SECURITIES, or documents without delivery under § 9-304 or in proceeds for a [ten-day] 10-DAY period under § 9-306;

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1 (c) A security interest created by an assignment of a beneficial interest in a 2 trust or a decedent's estate;

3 (d) A purchase money security interest in consumer goods havinga
4 purchase price not in excess of \$1,500 per item, but filing is required for a fixture under
5 § 9-313;

6 (e) An assignment of accounts which does not alone or in conjunction with 7 other assignments to the same assignee transfer a significant part of the outstanding 8 accounts of the assignor;

9 (f) A security interest of a collecting bank (§ 4-208) [or in securities (§ 10 8-321)] or arising under the title on sales (see § 9-113) or covered insubsection (3) of 11 this section;

12 (g) An assignment for the benefit of all the creditors of the transferor, and 13 subsequent transfers by the assignee thereunder; [and]

14 (h) A security interest in a mortgage covered by § 7-101 of theReal15 Property Article; AND

(I) A SECURITY INTEREST IN INVESTMENT PROPERTY WHICH IS
 PERFECTED WITHOUT FILING UNDER § 9-115 OR § 9-116.

18 9-304.

(1) A security interest in chattel paper or negotiable documents maybe perfected
by filing. A security interest in money or instruments (other than [certificated securities
or] instruments which constitute part of chattel paper) can be perfected only by the
secured party's taking possession, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this
section and subsections (2) and (3) of § 9-306 on proceeds.

(2) During the period that goods are in the possession of the issuerof a
negotiable document therefor, a security interest in the goods is perfected by perfecting a
security interest in the document, and any security interest in the goods otherwise

27 perfected during such period is subject thereto.

(3) A security interest in goods in the possession of a bailee otherthan one who
has issued a negotiable document therefor is perfected by issuance of adocument in the
name of the secured party or by the bailee's receipt of notification of the secured party's
interest or by filing as to the goods.

(4) A security interest in [instruments (other than certificated securities)]
INSTRUMENTS, CERTIFICATED SECURITIES, or negotiable documents is perfected
without filing or the taking of possession for a period of 21 days from the time it attaches
to the extent that it arises for new value given under a written security agreement.

(5) A security interest remains perfected for a period of 21 days without filing
where a secured party having a perfected security interest in an instrument [(other than
a certificated security)], A CERTIFICATED SECURITY, a negotiable [document]
DOCUMENT, or goods in possession of a bailee other than one who has issued a

40 negotiable document therefor:

1 (a) Makes available to the debtor the goods or documents representing the

2 goods for the purpose of ultimate sale or exchange or for the purpose of loading,

3 unloading, storing, shipping, transshipping, manufacturing, processing or otherwise

4 dealing with them in a manner preliminary to their sale or exchange, but priority between

5 conflicting security interests in the goods is subject to subsection (3) of § 9-312; or

6 (b) Delivers the instrument OR CERTIFICATED SECURITY to the debtor for 7 the purpose of ultimate sale or exchange or of presentation, collection, renewal or 8 registration of transfer.

9 (6) After the [twenty-one day] 21-DAY period in subsections (4) and (5) 10 perfection depends upon compliance with applicable provisions of this title.

11 9-305.

A security interest in letters of credit and advices of credit (subsection (2)(a) of § 5-116), goods, instruments [(other than certificated securities)], money, negotiable documents or chattel paper may be perfected by the secured party's taking possession of the collateral. If such collateral other than goods covered by a negotiable document is held by a bailee, the secured party is deemed to have possession from the time the bailee receives notification of the secured party's interest. A security interest is perfected by possession from the time possession is taken without relation back and continues only so long as possession is retained, unless otherwise specified in this title. The security interest may be otherwise perfected as provided in this title before or after the period of possession by the secured party.

22 9-306.

(1) "Proceeds" includes whatever is received upon the sale, exchange, collection,
or other disposition of collateral or proceeds. Insurance payable by reason of loss or
damage to the collateral is proceeds, except to the extent that it is payable to a person
other than a party to the security agreement. ANY PAYMENTS OR DISTRIBUTIONS
MADE WITH RESPECT TO INVESTMENT PROPERTY COLLATERAL ARE PROCEEDS.
Money, checks, deposit accounts, and the like are "cash proceeds." All other proceeds
are "noncash proceeds."

(2) Except where this title otherwise provides, a security interest continues in
collateral notwithstanding sale, exchange or other disposition thereof unless the
disposition was authorized by the secured party in the security agreement or otherwise,
and also continues in any identifiable proceeds including collections received by the
debtor.

(3) The security interest in proceeds is a continuously perfected security interest
if the interest in the original collateral was perfected but it ceases to be a perfected
security interest and becomes unperfected [ten] 10 days after receipt of the proceeds by
the debtor unless:

(a) A filed financing statement covers the original collateral and the
proceeds are collateral in which a security interest may be perfected by filing in the office
or offices where the financing statement has been filed and, if the proceeds are acquired
with cash proceeds, the description of collateral in the financing statement indicates the
types of property constituting the proceeds; [or]

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1 (b) A filed financing statement covers the original collateral and the 2 proceeds are identifiable cash proceeds; [or]

3 (C) THE ORIGINAL COLLATERAL WAS INVESTMENT PROPERTY AND THE4 PROCEEDS ARE IDENTIFIABLE CASH PROCEEDS; OR

5 [(c)] (D) The security interest in the proceeds is perfected before the 6 expiration of the [ten-day] 10-DAY period.

Except as provided in this section, a security interest in proceeds can be perfected
only by the methods or under the circumstances permitted in this title for original
collateral of the same type.

10 9-309.

Nothing in this title limits the rights of a holder in due course of a negotiable
instrument (§ 3-302) or a holder to whom a negotiable document of titlehas been duly
negotiated (§ 7-501) or a [bona fide] PROTECTED purchaser of a security[(§ 8-302)]
(§ 8-303) and such holders or purchasers take priority over an earlier security interest even
though perfected. Filing under this title does not constitute notice of the security interest
to such holders or purchasers.

17 9-312.

(1) The rules of priority stated in other sections of this subtitle and in the
following sections shall govern when applicable: [§ 4-208] § 4-210 withrespect to the
security interests of collecting banks in items being collected, accompanying documents
and proceeds; § 9-103 on security interests related to other jurisdictions; § 9-114 on
[consignments] CONSIGNMENTS; § 9-115 ON SECURITY INTERESTS IN INVESTMENT
PROPERTY.

(7) If future advances are made while a security interest is perfected by filing, the
taking of possession, or under [§ 8-321 on securities,] § 9-115 OR § 9-116 ON
INVESTMENT PROPERTY, the security interest has the same priority for the purposes of
subsection (5) with respect to the future advances as it does with respect to the first
advance. If a commitment is made before or while the security interest is so perfected, the
security interest has the same priority with respect to advances made pursuant thereto. In
other cases, a perfected security interest has priority from the date the advance is made.

31 10-104.

[(1)] Title 7 on documents of title does not repeal or modify any laws prescribing the form or contents of documents of title or the services or facilities to be afforded by al bailees, or otherwise regulating bailees' businesses in respects not specifically dealt with herein; but the fact that such laws are violated does not affect the status of a document of title which otherwise complies with the definition of a document of title (§ 1-201).

[(2) Titles 1 through 10 of this article do not repeal §§ 15-301 through 15-311 of
the Estates Article of the Code, which is cited as the Maryland UniformAct for the
Simplification of Fiduciary Security Transfers, and if in any respect there is any
inconsistency between that act and Title 8 of this article on investment securities the

41 provisions of the former act shall control.]

1 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

2 (a) This Act does not affect an action or proceeding commenced before this Act 3 takes effect.

4 (b) If a security interest in a security is perfected at the date this Act takes effect, 5 and the action by which the security interest was perfected would suffice to perfect a 6 security interest under this Act, no further action is required to continue perfection. If a 7 security interest in a security is perfected at the date this Act takeseffect but the action 8 by which the security interest was perfected would not suffice to perfect a security interest 9 under this Act, the security interest remains perfected for a period of 4 months after the 10 effective date and continues perfected thereafter if appropriate action perfect under 11 this Act is taken within that period. If a security interest is perfected at the date this Act 12 takes effect and the security interest can be perfected by filing underthis Act, a financing 13 statement signed by the secured party instead of the debtor may be filed within that 14 period to continue perfection or thereafter to perfect.

15 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 16 October 1, 1996.