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By: Chairman, Environmental Matters Committee (Departmental - Health and Mental Hygiene) Introduced and read first time: January 17, 1996 Assigned to: Environmental Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Maryland Medical Assistance Program - Recovery of Payments

3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene from

- 4 filing a claim against the estate of a deceased Maryland Medical Assistance
- 5 Program recipient, except when presented within a certain time; requiring attorneys
- 6 representing certain Program recipients to notify the Department before the
- 7 occurrence of certain events related to the Department's right of subrogation and,
- 8 under certain circumstances, to allow a certain time; authorizing the Department to
- 9 recover certain Program payments from the estate of the surviving spouse of a
- 10 deceased Program recipient under certain circumstances; restricting certain
- 11 Program claims to certain assets; requiring certain institutions to pay the Program
- 12 certain funds of certain deceased recipients under certain circumstances; requiring
- 13 certain institutions to provide certain notice to the Program under certain
- 14 circumstances; requiring the Program to pay certain funeral expenses under certain
- 15 circumstances; specifying certain terms and conditions of discharge and release;
- 16 prohibiting certain personal representatives from withdrawing certain funds unless
- 17 under certain circumstances; requiring the Program to transfer certain funds under
- 18 certain circumstances; making certain technical corrections; and generally relating
- 19 to the recovery of payments by the Maryland Medical Assistance Program.

20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 21 Article Estates and Trusts
- 22 Section 8-103
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1991 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

25 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 26 Article Health General
- 27 Section 15-120, 15-121, 15-121.1, and 15-121.2
- 28 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 29 (1994 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

30 BY adding to

31 Article - Health - General

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1	Section 15-121.4
2	Annotated Code of Maryland
3	(1994 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
4	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
5	MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
6	Article - Estates and Trusts
-	0.100
1	8-103.
8	(a) Except as otherwise expressly provided by statute with respect to claims of the
	United States and the State, all claims against an estate of a decedent, whether due or to
	become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, foundedon contract,
	tort, or other legal basis, are forever barred against the estate, the personal
	representative, and the heirs and legatees, unless presented within theearlier of the
	following dates:
15	Tonowing dates.
14	(1) 6 months after the date of the decedent's death; or
15	(2) Two months after the personal representative mails or otherwise delivers
16	to the creditor a copy of a notice in the form required by § 7-103 of this article or other
	written notice, notifying the creditor that his claim will be barred unless he presents the
	claim within 2 months from the mailing or other delivery of the notice.
19	(b) A claim for slander against an estate of a decedent which arose before the
20	death of the decedent, is barred even if an action was commenced against and service of
21	process was effected on the decedent before his death.
22	(c) A claim against the estate based on the conduct of or a contractwith a
	personal representative is barred unless an action is commenced against the estate within
24	six months of the date the claim arose.
25	
25	(d) Nothing in this section shall affect or prevent an action or proceeding to
	enforce a mortgage, pledge, judgment or other lien, or security interest upon property of
27	the estate.
28	(e) If the decedent had been duly served with process before his death, nothing in
	this section shall affect an action for injuries to the person and/or damage to property
	which was commenced against the decedent.
20	
31	(F) A CLAIM FILED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
32	AGAINST THE ESTATE OF A DECEASED MARYLAND MEDICAL ASSISTANCE
	PROGRAM RECIPIENT, AS AUTHORIZED UNDER § 15-121(A) OF THE HEALTH -
	GENERAL ARTICLE, IS FOREVER BARRED AGAINST THE ESTATE, THE PERSONAL
	REPRESENTATIVE, AND THE HEIRS AND LEGATEES, UNLESS THE CLAIM IS
	PRESENTED WITHIN THE EARLIER OF THE FOLLOWING DATES:
37	(1) 6 MONTHS AFTER THE FIRST APPOINTMENT OF A PERSONAL

38 REPRESENTATIVE; OR

39 (2) 2 MONTHS AFTER THE PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE MAILS OR
 40 OTHERWISE DELIVERS TO THE DEPARTMENT'S DIVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

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RECOVERIES A COPY OF A NOTICE IN THE FORM REQUIRED UNDER § 7-103 OF THIS
 ARTICLE OR OTHER WRITTEN NOTICE, NOTIFYING THE DEPARTMENT THAT THE
 CLAIM SHALL BE BARRED UNLESS THE DEPARTMENT PRESENTS ITS CLAIM WITHIN 2
 MONTHS FROM THE MAILING OR OTHER DELIVERY OF THE NOTICE.

5 Article - Health - General

6 15-120.

(a) If a Program recipient has a cause of action against a person, the Department
shall be subrogated to that cause of action to the extent of any payments made by the
Department on behalf of the Program recipient that result from the occurrence that gave
rise to the cause of action.

(b) (1) AN ATTORNEY REPRESENTING A PROGRAM RECIPIENT IN A CAUSE
 OF ACTION TO WHICH THE DEPARTMENT HAS A RIGHT OF SUBROGATION SHALL
 NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO FILING A CLAIM, COMMENCING AN ACTION,
 OR NEGOTIATING A SETTLEMENT.

15 (2) THE ATTORNEY SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT IN ADVANCE OF
16 THE RESOLUTION OF A CAUSE OF ACTION AND SHALL ALLOW REASONABLE TIME
17 FOR THE DEPARTMENT TO ESTABLISH ITS SUBROGATED INTEREST.

18 (C) (1) Any Program recipient or attorney, guardian, or personal representative 19 of a Program recipient who receives money in settlement of or under a judgment or award 20 in a cause of action in which the Department has a subrogation claim shall, after receiving 21 written notice of the subrogation claim, hold that money, for the benefit of the 22 Department, to the extent required for the subrogation claim, after deducting applicable

23 attorney fees and litigation costs.

(2) A person who, after written notice of a subrogation claim and possible
liability under this paragraph, disposes of the money, without the written approval of the
Department, is liable to the Department for any amount that, because of the disposition,

27 is not recoverable by the Department.

(3) The Department may compromise or settle and release its subrogation29 claim if, in its judgment, collection of the claim will cause substantial hardship:

30 (i) To the Program recipient; or

31 (ii) In a wrongful death action, to the surviving dependents of a32 deceased Program recipient.

(4) (i) The Department is not liable for payment of or contribution to any
attorney fees or litigation costs of any Program recipient or attorney, guardian, or
personal representative of any Program recipient.

(ii) The deduction of applicable attorney fees and litigation costs
under [subsection (b)(1) of this section] PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION may not
be considered as payment for or contribution to those fees or costs by the Department.

4
1 15-121.
 2 (a) (1) In accordance with applicable federal law and rules and regulations, 3 including those under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, the Department may make 4 claim against the estate of [a]:
5 (I) A deceased Program recipient for the amount of any medical 6 assistance payments under this title; OR
 7 (II) THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF A DECEASED PROGRAM 8 RECIPIENT FOR THE AMOUNT OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS MADE ON 9 BEHALF OF THE DECEASED PROGRAM RECIPIENT UNDER THIS TITLE, UNLESS THE 10 SURVIVING SPOUSE AT THE TIME OF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE'S DEATH IS SURVIVED 11 BY A CHILD WHO IS:
12 1. LESS THAN 21 YEARS OF AGE;
13 2. BLIND; OR
14 3. PERMANENTLY AND TOTALLY DISABLED.
 (2) THE ASSETS OF THE ESTATE OF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE SUBJECT TO THE DEPARTMENT'S CLAIM UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(II) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO THOSE ASSETS THAT PASSED TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE FROM THE DECEASED PROGRAM RECIPIENT UPON THE DEATH OF THE DECEASED PROGRAM RECIPIENT BY:
20 (I) TESTAMENTARY DISPOSITION;
21 (II) DISTRIBUTION UNDER THE LAWS OF INTESTATE SUCCESSION;
 (III) RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP FROM PROPERTY HELD IN TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY OR IN JOINT TENANCY;
24 (IV) A REMAINDER INTEREST FROM A LIFE TENANCY; OR
 25 (V) RECEIPT BY INTER VIVOS GIFT FROM THE DECEASED 26 PROGRAM RECIPIENT.
(b) The claim shall be waived by the Department if, in its judgment, enforcementof the claim will cause substantial hardship to the surviving dependents of the deceased.
29 15-121.1.
 (a) If a Program recipient has a claim for any medical, hospital or disability benefits under Article 48A, § 539 of the Code, the Department shall be subrogated to that claim to the extent of any payments made by the Department on behalf of the Program recipient that results from the occurrence that gave rise to the claim less:
34 (1) Applicable attorney's fees; and

35 (2) Any rights for loss of income.

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(b) AN ATTORNEY REPRESENTING A PROGRAM RECIPIENT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE ON A CLAIM TO WHICH THE DEPARTMENT HAS A RIGHT OF SUBROGATION SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO FILING THE CLAIM.

4 (C) (1) Any Program recipient or attorney, guardian, or personal representative 5 of a Program recipient who receives money for a claim to which the Department has a 6 subrogation claim shall, after receiving written notice of the subrogation claim, hold that 7 money, for the benefit of the Department, to the extent required for the subrogation 8 claim, after deducting applicable attorney's fees.

9 (2) A person who, after written notice of a subrogation claim from the 10 Department and possible liability under this paragraph, disposes of themoney, without 11 the written approval of the Department, is liable to the Department forany amount that, 12 because of the disposition, is not recoverable by the Department.

(3) The Department may compromise or settle and release its subrogation
claim if, in its judgment, collection of the claim will cause substantial hardship to the
Program recipient or in a wrongful death action, the surviving dependent of a deceased
Program recipient.

17 15-121.2.

18 (a) If a Program recipient has a claim for any medical, hospital, ordisability 19 benefits under Article 48A, § 541 of the Code, the Department shall be subrogated to 20 that claim to the extent of any payments made by the Department on behalf of the 21 Program recipient that results from the occurrence that gave rise to the claim, less 22 and in the structure of the

22 applicable attorney's fees.

(b) AN ATTORNEY REPRESENTING A PROGRAM RECIPIENT UNDER THIS SUBTITLE ON A CLAIM TO WHICH THE DEPARTMENT HAS A RIGHT OF SUBROGATION SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT PRIOR TO FILING THE CLAIM.

(C) (1) Any Program recipient, attorney, guardian, or personal representative of
a Program recipient who receives money for a claim to which the Department has a
subrogation claim shall, after receiving written notice of the subrogation claim, hold that
money, for the benefit of the Department, to the extent required for the subrogation
claim, after deducting applicable attorney's fees.

(2) A person who, after written notice of a subrogation claim from the
Department and possible liability under this paragraph, disposes of themoney, without
the written approval of the Department, is liable to the Department forany amount that,
because of the disposition, is not recoverable by the Department.

(3) The Department may compromise or settle and release its subrogation
claim if, in its judgment, collection of the claim will cause substantial hardship to the
Program recipient or in a wrongful death action, the surviving dependent of a deceased
Program recipient.

39 15-121.4.

(A) A BANK, SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, OR OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTION, OR
41 A HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION AS DEFINED UNDER § 19-301 OF THIS ARTICLE, THAT
42 MAINTAINS A CHECKING ACCOUNT, SAVINGS ACCOUNT, OR OTHER LIQUID

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FINANCIAL ACCOUNT FOR A MEDICAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT SHALL PAY THE
 PROGRAM THE MONEYS HELD IN THE ACCOUNT OF THAT RECIPIENT UPON RECEIPT
 OF AN AFFIDAVIT FROM A PROGRAM REPRESENTATIVE THAT MEETS THE
 CONDITIONS OF SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.

5 (B) THE AFFIDAVIT FROM THE PROGRAM SHALL STATE THAT THE ACCOUNT 6 HOLDER OR DEPOSITOR:

7 (1) HAS DIED, AND PROVIDE THE DATE OF DEATH; AND

8 (2) WAS A MEDICAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT.

9 (C) THE PROGRAM MAY NOT SUBMIT AN AFFIDAVIT TO WITHDRAW FUNDS
10 UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IF THE PROGRAM HAS DETERMINED THAT
11 THE DECEASED RECIPIENT:

12 (1) WAS NOT AT LEAST 55 YEARS OF AGE WHEN RECEIVING ANY 13 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BENEFITS; OR

14 (2) HAD AT THE TIME OF DEATH:

15 (I) A SURVIVING SPOUSE;

16 (II) A SURVIVING CHILD LESS THAN 21 YEARS OF AGE; OR

17 (III) A SURVIVING CHILD WHO WAS BLIND OR PERMANENTLY AND18 TOTALLY DISABLED.

(D) A HOSPITAL OR A NURSING FACILITY SHALL PROVIDE TIMELY
 NOTIFICATION TO THE PROGRAM OF THE DEATH OF ANY RESIDENT WHO IS A
 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT AND AT LEAST 55 YEARS OF AGE.

(E) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION,
IN ANY CASE IN WHICH THE PROGRAM HAS RECEIVED FUNDS UNDER SUBSECTION
(A) OF THIS SECTION, THE PROGRAM SHALL PAY REASONABLE FUNERAL EXPENSES
FOR THE DECEASED RECIPIENT FROM THESE FUNDS IF:

26 (I) A TIMELY APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT OF FUNERAL27 EXPENSES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE PROGRAM THAT CERTIFIES THAT:

28 1. EVERY PERSON LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE
 29 SUPPORT OF THE DECEDENT IS UNABLE TO PAY THE EXPENSES; AND

302. THE DEGREE TO WHICH OTHER RESOURCES, INCLUDING31DEATH BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT, ARE

32 INSUFFICIENT TO PAY THE FUNERAL EXPENSES; AND

33 (II) THE PROGRAM HAS DETERMINED THAT THE CERTIFICATION34 IS TRUE.

35 (2) (I) THE PROGRAM'S PAYMENT MAY NOT EXCEED \$1,500 FOR36 FUNERAL EXPENSES.

(II) SUBJECT TO THE PROHIBITION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF
 THIS PARAGRAPH, THE PROGRAM SHALL PAY THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN \$1,500
 AND THE FUNDS OTHERWISE AVAILABLE FOR FUNERAL EXPENSES.

4 (F) A PAYMENT UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IN GOOD FAITH TO
5 THE PROGRAM SHALL DISCHARGE AND RELEASE THE TRANSFEROR FROM ANY
6 LIABILITY OR RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TRANSFER IN THE SAME MANNER AND
7 WITH THE SAME EFFECT AS IF THE PROPERTY HAD BEEN TRANSFERRED,
8 DELIVERED, OR PAID TO A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF THE
9 DECEDENT.

10 (G) A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE ESTATE OF A PROGRAM
11 RECIPIENT MAY NOT WITHDRAW FUNDS FROM A CHECKING, SAVINGS, OR OTHER
12 LIQUID FINANCIAL ACCOUNT UNLESS:

13 (1) THE DECEDENT:

14 (I) WAS LESS THAN 55 YEARS OF AGE WHEN RECEIVING ALL15 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE BENEFITS; OR

16 (II) HAD AT THE TIME OF DEATH:

17 1. A SURVIVING SPOUSE;

18 2. A SURVIVING CHILD LESS THAN 21 YEARS OF AGE; OR

193. A SURVIVING CHILD WHO WAS BLIND OR PERMANENTLY20 AND TOTALLY DISABLED; OR

21 (2) (I) THE PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE NOTIFIES THE PROGRAM 10
22 DAYS IN ADVANCE OF THE FUNDS THAT THE REPRESENTATIVE SEEKS TO
23 WITHDRAW; AND

24 (II) THE PROGRAM APPROVES THE WITHDRAWAL.

25 (H) THE PROGRAM SHALL TRANSFER TO THE ESTATE OF A DECEASED26 RECIPIENT:

(1) ANY FUNDS EXCEEDING THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES
TO BE REIMBURSED TO THE PROGRAM AND FUNERAL EXPENSES AS PROVIDED
UNDER SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION WHEN A PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE
APPOINTED FOR THE ESTATE OF THAT PERSON REQUESTS THOSE FUNDS; OR

(2) ANY AMOUNTS WITHDRAWN UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS
 SECTION, UPON RECEIPT OF AN AFFIDAVIT VERIFIED BY A PROGRAM
 REPRESENTATIVE THAT THE DECEASED RECIPIENT HAD AT THE TIME OF DEATH A
 SURVIVING SPOUSE, A SURVIVING CHILD LESS THAN 21 YEARS OF AGE, OR A
 SURVIVING CHILD WHO WAS BLIND OR PERMANENTLY AND TOTALLY DISABLED.

36 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 37 October 1, 1996.

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