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1996 Regular Session

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By: Delegate Schisler

Introduced and read first time: January 18, 1996

Assigned to: Environmental Matters

## A BILL ENTITLED

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Ι.	AN	ACT.	concerning

## 2 Natural Resources - Foresters - Disclosures When Preparing Certain Plans for Private

- 3 Landowners
- 4 FOR the purpose of limiting the assistance the Department of Natural Resources may
- 5 render to a private landowner by prohibiting an employee of the Department,
- 6 including a forester employed by a district forestry board, from preparing certain
- 7 forestry-related plans for a private landowner unless the employee makes certain
- 8 disclosures to the private landowner and unless the Department collects a certain
- 9 fee; and generally relating to employees of the Department or a district forestry
- board preparing certain plans for a private landowner.
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Natural Resources
- 13 Section 5-608
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (1989 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

## 16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

17 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## 18 Article - Natural Resources

19 5-608.

- 20 (a) Any person engaged in a forest products business shall have a license issued
- 21 by the Department. The license is secured from the Department for everytype of forest
- 22 products manufacturing plant. Before any sawmill or other plant is erected for the
- 23 manufacture of lumber or other forest products or when the location of any
- 24 manufacturing plant is to be changed, the location shall be reported to the Department
- 25 prior to erection of the plant or the change of location.
- 26 (b) Each person to whom this subtitle applies shall:
- 27 (1) Leave conditions favorable for regrowth. Any forest land onwhich
- 28 cuttings are made shall be left by the operator in a favorable condition for regrowth, in
- 29 order to maintain sufficient growing stock to supply raw materials for industry and furnish
- 30 employment for forest communities continuously, if possible, or withoutlong
- 31 interruption;

3 4	(2) Leave young growth. As far as feasible, every desirable seedling and sapling shall be protected during logging operations. Except where unavoidable in logging, immature trees may not be cut for any purpose except to improve the spacing, quality, and composition or conditions for restocking, or to obtain timber or wood for home use;
	(3) Arrange for restocking land after cutting by leaving trees of desirable species of suitable size singly, or in groups, well distributed and in a number to secure restocking. If the board approves, however, clear-cutting may be performed;
11	(4) Maintain adequate growing stock after partial cutting or selective logging. Rules and regulations of the Department, defining standards offorest practice to obtain and maintain adequate growing stock in the different forest types, may vary with different forest types of the State;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(5) Provide for leases and timber cutting rights. The provisions of this subtitle and any rule or regulation promulgated under it apply to the owner of the land or stumpage, and to any person whose operation is in timber, trees, or wood held under a lease or cutting rights on June 1, 1943. However, due consideration shall be given to ownership equities existing on June 1, 1943, in order to avoid causing unreasonable hardship. Any lease or cutting right entered into after June 1, 1943, is unreservedly subject thereto. Any owner or operator on his own forest property or property leased to him, may develop and inaugurate his own alternate plan of management and employ standards and methods to accomplish the purpose of this subtitle, as specified in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, provided the plan is submitted on forms the Department furnishes to the board having jurisdiction and the boardaccepts the plan as one which gives reasonable assurance of accomplishing the purposes of this subtitle. In arriving at its decision, the board shall consider, among other factors, economic conditions of the area in which the land is situated, the valuation andrates for tax purposes, and social and economic effects of the proposed alternate plan. A landowner may present working plans for cutting and management of his forest to the board for approval. These plans shall be for the period prescribed by the Department. The Department shall furnish the necessary forms. [Free advice and] SUBJECTTO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (F) OF THIS SECTION, assistance of the Department is available to forest owners as far as possible; and
33	(6) Make application for inspection.
36 37	(c) Within three years, but not less than 30 days preceding a cutting, the owner of woodlands or his agent may apply to the board for inspection of the woodlands proposed to be cut. The application shall be made to the board of the district in which the lands are located, and shall state the location of the woodland, its approximate acreage, and the proposed cutting plan.

39 (d) Within 30 days after receipt of the application required under subsection (c), 40 the board shall make or cause to be made by a qualified person, an examination of the 41 woodlands covered in the application. The board, within a reasonable time, shall advise 42 the owner or his agent, in writing, of the most practical and satisfactory method of cutting 43 the woodland and assent to the method found best adapted.

2	domestic use for the owner or his tenant, but apply to all cutting not specifically excepted.
5 6	(F) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, NOTWITHSTANDING ANOTHER PROVISION OF LAW OR A REGULATION ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT, AN EMPLOYEE OF THE DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING A FORESTER EMPLOYED BY A DISTRICT FORESTRY BOARD, MAY NOT PREPARE FOR A PRIVATE LANDOWNER:
8	(I) A FORESTRY STEWARDSHIP PLAN;
9	(II) A FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN;
10	(III) A FOREST STAND DELINEATION; OR
	(IV) ANY SIMILAR PLAN REQUIRED BY LAW OR BY REGULATION ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR THE CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREA COMMISSION.
	(2) AN EMPLOYEE OF THE DEPARTMENT OR A FORESTER EMPLOYED BY A DISTRICT FORESTRY BOARD MAY PREPARE A PLAN DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1)(I) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS SUBSECTION IF:
17 18	(I) THE EMPLOYEE DISCLOSES IN WRITING TO THE LANDOWNER THAT:
19 20	$1. \ \ THE \ EMPLOYEE \ IS \ AN \ EMPLOYEE \ OF \ THE \ DEPARTMENT \\ OR \ A \ DISTRICT FORESTRY BOARD;$
	2. A PLAN THAT IS PREPARED BY THE EMPLOYEE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR THE DISTRICT FORESTRY BOARD THAT EMPLOYS THE EMPLOYEE;
	3. THERE IS A POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST BECAUSE THE EMPLOYEE IS PREPARING A PLAN THAT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE EMPLOYER OF THE EMPLOYEE; AND
	4. THE STATE LICENSES PRIVATE FORESTERS NOT EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT WHO WOULD HAVE NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST; AND
	(II) THE DEPARTMENT COLLECTS A FEE FOR PREPARING THE PLAN THAT IS EQUAL TO THE WAGES THE FORESTER IS PAID FOR THE TIME REQUIRED TO PREPARE THE PLAN.
33 34	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996.