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By: Delegates Gordon, Harrison, Kach, Krysiak, McClenahan, and V. Mitchell Introduced and read first time: January 22, 1996

Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

4	4 B T	1 000	
1	AN	ACT	concerning

2 Unemployment Insurance - Successor Businesses

- 3 FOR the purpose of providing that certain new employers that acquire businesses may
- 4 choose either to assume the experience rating of the predecessor employer or to
- 5 obtain a new employer rate for the two years after the acquisition of the business;
- 6 providing the circumstances in which taxable wages may be transferred to an
- 7 employing unit acquiring or transferring a business into the State if the employing
- 8 unit also transfers the benefit charges of the predecessor employer; and generally
- 9 relating to unemployment insurance contributions.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 11 Article Labor and Employment
- 12 Section 8-607(a), 8-609, 8-610(a) and (c), and 8-613(a)(1) and (3) and (d) through
- 13 (f)
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (1991 Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article Labor and Employment
- 18 Section 8-607(b) and 8-613(c)
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (1991 Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 21 BY adding to
- 22 Article Labor and Employment
- 23 Section 8-610.5
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (1991 Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 26 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 27 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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1 Article - Labor and Employment

- 2 8-607.
- 3 (a) Except as provided in Part III of this subtitle, an employing unit shall pay to
- 4 the Secretary contributions for the Unemployment Insurance Fund on taxable wages for
- 5 covered employment that is performed for the employing unit.
- 6 (b) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, the taxable wage base is the 7 first \$8,500 in wages that:
- 8 (i) an employing unit pays to each employee for covered employment 9 during a calendar year; [or]
- 10 (ii) an employing unit or predecessor employer, or combination of
- 11 both, pays to each employee [who was continuously employed immediately before and
- 12 after a transfer of a business for covered employment in this State or another state during
- 13 a calendar year] FOR COVERED EMPLOYMENT DURING A CALENDAR YEAR,
- 14 PROVIDED THAT PAYROLLS AND BENEFIT CHARGES OF THE PREDECESSOR
- 15 EMPLOYING UNIT ARE TRANSFERRED TO ITS SUCCESSOR EMPLOYING UNIT IN
- 16 ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-613(C)(2) OF THIS SUBTITLE; OR
- 17 (III) AN EMPLOYING UNIT PAYS TO EACH EMPLOYEE WHO WAS
- 18 CONTINUOUSLY EMPLOYED IMMEDIATELY BEFORE AND AFTER A TRANSFER OF A
- 19 BUSINESS FOR COVERED EMPLOYMENT IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE DURING
- 20 A CALENDAR YEAR PROVIDED THE PAYROLLS AND BENEFITS CHARGES OF THE
- 21 EMPLOYING UNIT ARE TRANSFERRED FROM ANOTHER STATE TO THIS STATE
- 22 UNDER § 8-610(B)(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 23 (2) If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act or any other federal tax law that
- 24 allows a credit for a contribution to a state unemployment insurance fund increases the
- 25 maximum amount of wages taxable under that law in a calendar year to more than \$8,500,
- 26 the taxable wage base under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be the same as under
- 27 the federal law.
- 28 8-609.
- 29 (a) (1) In this section the following terms have the meanings indicated.
- 30 (2) "New employer" means an employing unit that does not qualify for an 31 earned rate under § 8-610 of this subtitle.
- 32 (3) "Employer industry category" means the 2-digit standard industry
- 33 classification code promulgated by the Federal Office of Management and Budget.
- 34 (b) A new employer shall pay contributions at a rate that does not exceed 2.3% of
- 35 the taxable wage base, and that is the highest of:
- 36 (1) 1% of the taxable wage base;
- 37 (2) the 5-year benefit cost rate of the State as computed undersubsection
- 38 (c) of this section; or

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1 2	(3) the contribution rate under § 8-611 of this subtitle that applies to an employing unit with a benefit ratio of 0.000.
5 6	(c) Annually, the Secretary shall compute the 5-year benefit cost rate of the State by dividing the sum of regular benefits, work sharing benefits, and 50% of extended benefits that the State paid during the 5 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the computation date by the total amount of wages that employing units in the State paid during the same period that were subject to contributions.
8	(d) (1) In this subsection, "foreign contractor" means a person:
11	(i) who, for a commission or fixed price bids on, accepts,or offers to accept orders or contracts for performing or superintending construction, removal, repair, or improvement of any building or structure that is permanently annexed to real property that is owned, controlled, or leased by another person; and
	(ii) all or a majority part of whose primary operations traditionally have been and continue to be based or headquartered in another state and are not controlled or directed from this State.
18	(2) the contribution rate for a new employer who is a foreign contractor shall be the average of the rates for employers in the State in the same employer industry category as the foreign contractor, except that the rate may not be lower than the new employer rate in effect for that year.
20	8-610.
	(a) (1) An employing unit that meets the qualifications of this subsection shall be assigned an earned rate of contribution that is based on the experience of the employing unit.
24 25	(2) An employing unit qualifies under this subsection if, during each of the 3 calendar years immediately preceding the computation date the employing unit:
26	(i) had an earned rating record that was chargeable with benefits; and
27 28	(ii) reported taxable wages on or before the computation date immediately following each of the 3 calendar years.
29 30	(3) An employing unit that does not qualify under paragraph (2)of this subsection qualifies if:
	(i) throughout the calendar year immediately preceding the computation date, the employing unit had an earned rating record that was chargeable with benefits;
	(ii) during each of the 2 calendar years immediately preceding the computation date, the employing unit reported taxable wages on or before the computation date immediately following each of the 2 calendar years.
39	(c) If an employing unit has met each of the requirements to qualifyfor an earned rate but failed to file contribution reports on or before the appropriate computation date, the Secretary shall assign the employing unit a contribution rate that is the earned rate of the employing unit or the standard rate of contribution, whichever is greater.

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1	8-610.5.
2	(A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
4	(2) "SUCCESSOR EMPLOYER" MEANS AN EMPLOYER THAT:
5 6	(I) ACQUIRES, BY SALE OR OTHERWISE, ALL OR PART OF THE ASSETS, BUSINESS, ORGANIZATION, OR TRADE OF AN EXISTING EMPLOYER; AND
7 8	(II) WAS NOT AN EMPLOYING UNIT BEFORE ACQUIRING THE ASSETS, BUSINESS, ORGANIZATION, OR TRADE OF THE PREDECESSOR EMPLOYER.
9 10	(3) "NEW EMPLOYER" MEANS AN EMPLOYING UNIT THAT DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR AN EARNED RATE UNDER $\$$ 8-610 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
11 12	(B) A SUCCESSOR EMPLOYER SHALL BE ASSIGNED A CONTRIBUTION RATE ACCORDING TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION.
	(C) DURING THE FIRST FISCAL YEAR OF THE ACQUISITION OF THE ASSETS, BUSINESS, ORGANIZATION, OR TRADE, THE SUCCESSOR EMPLOYER SHALL ELECT TO:
16 17	(1) ASSUME THE EXPERIENCE AND CONTRIBUTION RATE OF THE PREDECESSOR EMPLOYER; OR
	(2) BE CONSIDERED A NEW EMPLOYER AND BE ASSIGNED A CONTRIBUTION RATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-609 OF THIS SUBTITLE FOR THE FIRST 2 YEARS AFTER THE ACQUISITION OF THE BUSINESS.
21	8-613.
22	(a) (1) In this section the following terms have the meanings indicated.
23 24	(3) "Successor employer" means an employer that acquires, by sale or otherwise, all or part of the assets, business, organization, or trade of another employer.
27	(c) (1) If a successor employer was not an employing unit before acquiring the assets, business, organization, or trade of a predecessor employer thatis an employing unit, the successor employer shall be considered a new employing unit and shall be assigned a contribution rate in accordance with [§ 8-609] § 8-610.5 of this subtitle.
	(2) If a successor employer was an employing unit before the transfer of the assets, business, organization, or trade and had been assigned a contribution rate under this subtitle:
32 33	(i) the successor employer shall continue to pay contributions at the previously assigned rate from the date of the transfer through the nextDecember 31; and
34 35	(ii) beginning on the January 1 after the transfer, the rate of contribution of the successor employing unit for each calendar year shall be based on its

36 experience with payrolls and benefit charges in combination with the proportionate share

37 of payrolls and benefit charges of the predecessor employing unit.

2	or part of the assets, business, organization, or trade of the predecessor employer:
3	(1) the successor employer is liable for all contributions, interest, and penalties owed by the predecessor employer at the time of the transfer;and
	(2) if 2 or more successor employers receive the transfer, the successor employers shall be liable in the same proportion as the payroll record of the unit being transferred is to the total business of the predecessor employer.
8 9	(e) (1) A predecessor employer shall continue to pay contributions at the previously assigned rate through the next December 31 if the predecessor employer:
10 11	$\hbox{(i) transfers only part of the assets, business, organization, or trade of the predecessor employer;}\\$
12	(ii) remains in business; and
13	(iii) has been assigned a contribution rate under this subtitle.
16	(2) If a predecessor employer has met each of the requirements to continue to pay contributions at the previously assigned rate through the December 31 after the transfer, beginning on the January 1 after the transfer the rate of contributions of the predecessor employer for each calendar year shall be based on:
18	(i) its experience with payrolls and benefit charges; and
19	(ii) its proportionate share of experience incurred beforethe transfer.
22	(f) (1) To qualify for an earned rate that is based on a transfer and that is lower than the rate otherwise would be, within 120 days after the transfer, asuccessor employer or new employer shall report the transfer and apply for the lower rate on a form and in the manner that the Secretary provides.
	(2) If the successor employer or new employer does not comply with paragraph (1) of this subsection in the time required, the Secretary shall adjust the earned rate as of the 1st calendar quarter after compliance.
29 30	(3) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, where a transfer results in a higher earned rate to the successor employer, the Secretary may combine the earned rating record of the predecessor and successor employers and, for the purpose of rate determination, transfer to the successor employer the taxable wages and benefit charges of the predecessor employer at any time.
32 33	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996.