Unofficial Copy D2 1996 Regular Session 6lr1631

By: Delegate Vallario

Introduced and read first time: January 31, 1996

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

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Ι.	AN	ACT.	concerning

2 Local Government Tort Claims Act - Limitations on Liability - Interest on Judgment Not

- 3 Included
- 4 FOR the purpose of specifying that certain monetary limits on the liability of a local
- 5 government in claims for damages resulting from tortious acts or omissions do not
- 6 include interest accrued on judgments; providing for the application of this Act; and
- 7 generally relating to the limitations on liability in claims againsta local government.
- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 10 Section 5-403
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (1995 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

15 Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

16 5-403.

- 17 (a) (1) [The] SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
- 18 liability of a local government may not exceed \$200,000 per an individual claim, and
- 19 \$500,000 per total claims that arise from the same occurrence for damages resulting from
- 20 tortious acts or omissions, including liability arising under subsection (b) of this section
- 21 and indemnification under subsection (c) of this section.
- 22 (2) THE LIMITS ON LIABILITY PROVIDED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF
- 23 THIS SUBSECTION DO NOT INCLUDE INTEREST ACCRUED ON A JUDGMENT.
- 24 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a local government
- 25 shall be liable for any judgment against its employee for damages resulting from tortious
- 26 acts or omissions committed by the employee within the scope of employment with the
- 27 local government.
- 28 (2) A local government may not assert governmental or sovereignimmunity
- 29 to avoid the duty to defend or indemnify an employee established in this subsection.
- 30 (c) (1) A local government may not be liable for punitive damages.

1	(2) (i) Subject to subsection (a) of this section and except asprovided in
2	subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a local government may indemnify an employee for a
3	judgment for punitive damages entered against the employee.

- 4 (ii) A local government may not indemnify a law enforcement officer 5 for a judgment for punitive damages if the law enforcement officer has been found guilty 6 under Article 27, § 731 of the Code as a result of the act or omission giving rise to the 7 judgment.
- 8 (3) A local government may not enter into an agreement that requires 9 indemnification for an act or omission of an employee that may result in liability for 10 punitive damages.
- 11 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, this subtitle 12 does not waive any common law or statutory defense or immunity in existence as of June 13 30, 1987, and possessed by an employee of a local government.
- 14 (e) A local government may assert on its own behalf any common law or statutory
 15 defense or immunity in existence as of June 30, 1987, and possessed by its employee for
 16 whose tortious act or omission the claim against the local government is premised and a
 17 local government may only be held liable to the extent that a judgment could have been
 18 rendered against such an employee under this subtitle.
- 19 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be 20 construed only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on 21 or application to any final judgment entered before the effective date of this Act.
- 22 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 23 October 1, 1996.