Unofficial Copy M1 HB 1275/95- ENV

By: Delegate Guns

Introduced and read first time: February 12, 1996 Assigned to: Environmental Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Forest Conservation

3 FOR the purpose of enacting certain changes to the Forest Conservation Act of 1991;

4 providing for the extension of certain protection measures to certain sites; altering

- 5 certain requirements and procedures for forest stand delineations; altering the
- 6 preferred sequence and standards for afforestation and reforestationfor certain
- 7 purposes; repealing a certain deadline on a municipality's assignment of a certain
- 8 obligation; authorizing the banking of forest resources as a mitigation technique in
- 9 certain circumstances; altering certain procedures and authorizing certain
- 10 alternative mitigation measures for certain classes of development; repealing certain
- 11 exclusions of certain areas from forest conservation calculations and requirements;
- 12 authorizing the Department of Natural Resources to recover certain costs in certain
- 13 circumstances; requiring the Department to adopt certain regulations; altering
- 14 certain periods for repayment of certain funds; authorizing certain local
- 15 jurisdictions to develop certain additional provisions for forest mitigation banking;
- 16 defining certain terms; making stylistic changes; and generally relating to forest
- 17 conservation.

18 BY renumbering

- 19 Article Natural Resources
- 20 Section 5-1601(o) through (ll), respectively
- 21 to be Section 5-1601(p), (q), (r), (s), (u), (v), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (bb), (cc), (dd),
- 22 (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), (ii), (jj), (kk), (ll), (mm), and (nn), respectively
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1989 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

25 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 26 Article Natural Resources
- 27 Section 5-103(a)(5), (c)(2) and (4), (d)(1), and (e)(2)(i), 5-1602(b)(7), 5-1603(a)(4)
- 28 and (g), 5-1604, 5-1607(a), (b), (c), and (d), 5-1610(d), (e), (h), and (i), and
- 29 5-1613
- 30 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 31 (1989 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

32 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

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- 2
 - 1 Article Natural Resources
 - 2 Section 5-1601(z) and (ff)
 - 3 Annotated Code of Maryland
 - 4 (1989 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
 - 5 (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act)

6 BY adding to

- 7 Article Natural Resources
- 8 Section 5-1601(o) and (t), 5-1602(c), 5-1606(a)(5), and 5-1610.1
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (1989 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

11 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

12 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 5-1601(o) through (ll), respectively, of Article - Natural

- 13 Resources of the Annotated Code of Maryland be renumbered to be Section(s)
- 14 5-1601(p), (q), (r), (s), (u), (v), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (bb), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg),
- 15 (hh), (ii), (jj), (kk), (ll), (mm), and (nn), respectively.

16 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 17 read as follows:

18 Article - Natural Resources

19 5-103.

(a) (5) "FOREST MITIGATION BANKING" MEANS THE INTENTIONAL
RESTORATION OR CREATION OF FORESTS UNDERTAKEN EXPRESSLY FOR THE
PURPOSE OF PROVIDING CREDITS FOR REFORESTATION REQUIREMENTS WITH
ENHANCED ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS FROM FUTURE ACTIVITIES. FOREST
MITIGATION BANKING UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN

25 ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARDS ADOPTED UNDER SUBTITLE 16 OF THIS TITLE.

(6) "Watershed" means all lands lying within an area described as asubbasin in water quality regulations adopted by the Department of the Environment.

28 (c) (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) OR (III) of thisparagraph,

29 the reforestation projects shall be established on any public land within the county and

 $30\,$ watershed in which construction activity by a unit of State or local government has caused

31 a loss of trees where the public entity that owns the land agrees to that use of the land.

(ii) If the reforestation project cannot be reasonably accomplished in
the county and watershed in which the construction activity is located, then the
reforestation shall occur in the county or watershed in the State in which the construction
activity is located, OR SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY USE OF CREDITS IN A FOREST
MITIGATION BANK IN THE COUNTY AND WATERSHED IN WHICH THE
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED.

(III) IF THE REFORESTATION PROJECT CANNOT BE REASONABLY
ACCOMPLISHED IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION
ACTIVITY IS LOCATED, OR BY USE OF CREDITS IN THE COUNTY AND WATERSHED IN

2	WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED, THEN REFORESTATION MAY OCCUR BY THE USE OF CREDITS IN A FOREST MITIGATION BANK IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED.
4	(4) Any land for a reforestation project shall be:
5 6	(i) If possible, on the site or in the project right-of-way being used for the construction activity;
	(ii) If sufficient area is not available at the site or within the project right-of-way, on State-owned or other publicly owned land in the countyand watershed in which the construction activity is located; [or]
12	(iii) If the reforestation project cannot be reasonably accomplished in the county and watershed in which the construction activity is located, on State-owned or other publicly owned land in the county or watershed in the State in which the construction activity is located; OR
16 17 18	(IV) IF THE REFORESTATION PROJECT CANNOT BE REASONABLY ACCOMPLISHED ON STATE-OWNED OR OTHER PUBLICLY OWNED LAND IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED, THEN REFORESTATION MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH USE OF FOREST MITIGATION BANK CREDITS IN THE WATERSHED IN WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED.
22 23 24	(d) (1) If the constructing agency is unable to locate a sufficient amount of State or other publicly owned land OR AVAILABLE FOREST MITIGATION BANK CREDITS to comply with the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, the constructing agency shall contribute money, at the rate of 10 cents per square foot of the area of required planting, to a special fund to be maintained in the Department and to be known as the Reforestation Fund.
28	(e) (2) (i) 1. Except as provided in item 2 of this subparagraph, the Department shall use the Reforestation Fund solely to plant trees on State or other publicly owned lands located in the county and watershed in which construction projects giving rise to Fund contributions are located.
32 33 34 35 36	county and watershed in which the construction activity is located, then the Department may use the Reforestation Fund to plant trees on State or other publicly owned lands located in the county or in the watershed in the State in which the construction activity is located, OR TO PURCHASE CREDITS IN, ESTABLISH, OR MAINTAIN A FOREST MITIGATION BANK IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN WHICH THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS LOCATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT.
38 39 40	5-1601. (O) "FOREST MITIGATION BANKING" MEANS THE INTENTIONAL RESTORATION OR CREATION OF FORESTS UNDERTAKEN EXPRESSLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING CREDITS FOR AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION REQUIREMENTS WITH ENHANCED ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS FROM FUTURE

42 ACTIVITIES.

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4

1 (T) "LINEAR PROJECT" MEANS A PROJECT WHOSE CONFIGURATION IS 2 ELONGATED WITH NEARLY PARALLEL SIDES AND USED TO TRANSPORT A UTILITY 3 PRODUCT OR PUBLIC SERVICE NOT OTHERWISE CONTAINED IN AN APPLICATION 4 FOR SUBDIVISION, SUCH AS ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER, SEWER, COMMUNICATIONS, 5 TRAINS, AND VEHICLES. LINEAR PROJECTS MAY TRAVERSE FEE SIMPLE PROPERTIES 6 THROUGH DEFINED BOUNDARIES OR THROUGH EASEMENT RIGHTS. 7 (z) "Net tract area" means: 8 (1) Except in agriculture and resource areas OR LINEAR PROJECT AREAS, 9 the total area of a site, including both forested and nonforested areas, to the nearest 10 one-tenth acre[, reduced by the area found to be within the boundaries of the 100-year 11 floodplain]; and 12 (2) In agriculture and resource areas, the portion of the totaltract for which 13 land use will be changed or will no longer be used for primarily agricultural activities[, 14 reduced by the area found to be within the boundaries of the 100-year floodplain]. (3) FOR A LINEAR PROJECT: 15 16 (I) THE AREA OF A RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH, NEW ACCESS ROADS 17 AND STORAGE: OR 18 (II) THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AS SHOWN ON AN APPLICATION 19 FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL APPROVAL OR IN A CAPITAL 20 IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM PROJECT DESCRIPTION. 21 (ff) (1) "Reforestation" or "reforested" means the creation of a biological 22 community dominated by trees and other woody plants containing at least100 trees per 23 acre with at least 50% of those trees having the potential of attaining 2 inch or greater 24 diameter measured at 4.5 feet above the ground, within 7 years. 25 (2) "Reforestation" includes landscaping of areas under an approved 26 landscaping plan that establishes a forest that is at least 35 feet wide and covering 2,500 27 square feet of area. 28 (3) "REFORESTATION" FOR A LINEAR PROJECT WHICH INVOLVES 29 OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION LINES MAY CONSIST OF A BIOLOGICAL COMMUNITY 30 DOMINATED BY TREES AND WOODY SHRUBS WITH NO MINIMUM HEIGHT OR 31 DIAMETER CRITERIA. 32 5-1602. 33 (b) The provisions of this subtitle do not apply to: 34 (7) Any activity conducted on a single lot of any size OR A LINEAR 35 PROJECT provided that: (i) The activity does not result in the cutting, clearing, or grading of 36 37 more than 40,000 square feet of forest; and 38 (ii) The activity on the lot OR LINEAR PROJECT will not result in the

39 cutting, clearing, or grading of any forest that is subject to the requirements of a previous

40 forest conservation plan prepared under this subtitle;

5

(C) FOR AN APPLICATION FOR SUBDIVISION OR SEDIMENT AND EROSION
 CONTROL OR GRADING FOR A SITE WITH MORE THAN 50% OF THE NET TRACT AREA
 GOVERNED BY TITLE 8, SUBTITLE 18 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE DEPARTMENT OR LOCAL
 AUTHORITY MAY ALLOW AN APPLICANT TO EXTEND CRITICAL AREA FOREST
 PROTECTION MEASURES IN LIEU OF MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
 SUBTITLE.

7 5-1603.

8 (a) (4) A municipality which has planning and zoning authority may, with the 9 concurrence of the county and the Department, assign its obligations under this subtitle 10 to the county [by December 31, 1991].

(g) A local authority OR THE DEPARTMENT IN ITS ADMINISTRATION OF A
 STATE FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM IN JURISDICTIONS WHICH DO NOT HAVE
 AN APPROVED LOCAL PROGRAM IN EFFECT may establish reasonable and appropriate
 procedures for the recovery of all costs incurred in the development, implementation,
 administration, and enforcement of the local FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM OR
 THE STATE forest conservation program FOR JURISDICTIONS WITHOUT AN APPROVED
 FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

18 5-1604.

19 (a) [After] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B)(2) AND (3) OF THIS 20 SECTION, AFTER December 31, 1992, or after the date on which a local program has been 21 adopted under § 5-1603 of this subtitle, whichever occurs first, a person making 22 application for subdivision or grading or sediment control permits on areas greater than 23 40,000 square feet shall submit a forest stand delineation for the entire site prepared by 24 a licensed forester, licensed landscape architect, or other qualified professionals that may 25 be approved by the State or a local authority in the manner required by the approved 26 program. 27 (b) (1) The forest stand delineation shall be used during the preliminary review 28 process to determine the most suitable and practical areas for forest [conservation and,] 29 CONSERVATION. SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, AND 30 except when waived by the Department during approval or review of a local program, 31 THE FOREST STAND DELINEATION shall contain the following components: 32 [(1)] (I) A topographic map delineating intermittent and perennial streams, 33 and steep slopes over 25%; [(2)] (II) A soils map delineating soils with structural limitations, hydric 34 35 soils, or soils with a soil K value greater than 0.35 on slopes of 15% or more; [(3)] (III) Forest stand maps indicating species, location, and size of trees 36 37 and showing dominant and codominant forest types; and

[(4)] (IV) Any other requirements necessary to carry out the purposes of this
 subtitle established in regulations adopted by the Department or imposed by a local
 authority.

41 (2) A CONCEPT PLAT OR PLAN, PRELIMINARY PLAT OR PLAN, SEDIMENT42 AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, SITE PLAN, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE DOCUMENT,

61 VERIFIED BY A SITE VISIT IF APPROPRIATE, MAY SUBSTITUTE FOR THE FOREST2 STAND DELINEATION REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION IF:

(I) THERE IS NO FOREST ON THE SITE; OR

4 (II) NO FOREST ON THE SITE IS TO BE CUT, CLEARED, OR GRADED
5 FOR THE PROPOSED USE, AND ALL FOREST ON THE SITE IS TO BE SUBJECT TO A
6 LONG-TERM PROTECTIVE AGREEMENT.

7 (3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE FOR, AND A LOCAL AUTHORITY
8 MAY ADOPT, A SIMPLIFIED PROCESS OR PROCESSES FOR FOREST STAND
9 DELINEATION UNDER THIS SECTION, INCLUDING:

10 (I) LIMITING REQUIRED FOREST SAMPLING TO AREAS NOT 11 PROPOSED FOR PROTECTION UNDER LONG-TERM PROTECTIVE AGREEMENTS; AND

(II) MINIMIZING OVERLAPPING MAPPING AND SAMPLING
 REQUIREMENTS FOR SITES WHERE NO DISTURBANCE OF PRIORITY FOREST
 RETENTION AREAS IS CONTEMPLATED.

15 (c) Within 30 days from receipt of the forest stand delineation, theDepartment or 16 local authority shall notify the applicant whether the forest stand delineation is complete

17 and correct. If the Department or local authority fails to notify the applicant about the

18 delineation within 30 days, the delineation shall be treated as complete and correct. The

19 Department or local authority may require further information or provide for an

20 extension of this deadline for an additional 15 days for extenuating circumstances.

21 5-1606.

3

22 (a) (5) LINEAR PROJECTS THAT INVOLVE NO CHANGE IN LAND USE MAY23 NOT BE SUBJECT TO AFFORESTATION REQUIREMENTS.

24 5-1607.

(a) [The preferred sequence for afforestation and reforestation as determined by
the State or local authority, after techniques for retaining existing forest on the site have
been exhausted, is as follows:

28 (1) Selective clearing and supplemental planting on-site;

(2) On-site afforestation or reforestation, if economically feasible, using
transplanted or nursery stock that is greater than 1.5 inches diameter measured at 4.5 feet
above the ground;

- 32 (3) On-site afforestation or reforestation using whip and seedling stock;
- (4) Landscaping of areas under an approved landscaping plan thatstablishes a forest at least 35 feet wide and covering 2,500 square feet of area;
- (5) Off-site afforestation or reforestation using transplanted or nurserystock that is greater than 1.5 inches diameter measured at 4.5 feet above the ground;
- 37 (6) Off-site afforestation or reforestation using whip and seedling stock;
- 38 (7) Natural regeneration on-site; and

(8) Natural regeneration off-site.

(b) (1) A sequence other than the one described in subsection (a) offhis section
may be used for a specific project if necessary to achieve the objectives of a local
jurisdiction's land use plans or policies or to take advantage of opportunities to
consolidate forest conservation efforts.

6 (2) In a municipal corporation with a tree management plan, in an existing 7 population center designated in a county master plan that has been adopted to conform 8 with the Economic Growth, Resource Protection, and Planning Act of 1992, as enacted by 9 Chapter 437 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1992, or in any other designated area 10 approved by the Department as part of a local program, a local program may, subject to 11 the approval of the Department, establish criteria for the use of:

(i) Street trees as a permissible step in the priority sequence for
 afforestation or reforestation and, based on a mature canopy coverage, may grant full
 credit as a mitigation technique; and

(ii) The acquisition of an off-site protective easement for existing
 forested areas not currently protected as a mitigation technique, but the afforestation or
 reforestation credit granted may not exceed 50% of the area of the forest cover
 protected.] THE PREFERRED SEQUENCE FOR AFFORESTATION AND
 REFORESTATION SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE OR LOCAL AUTHORITY IN
 ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING AFTER ALL TECHNIQUES FOR RETAINING
 EXISTING FOREST COVER ON-SITE HAVE BEEN EXHAUSTED:

(1) THOSE TECHNIQUES THAT ENHANCE EXISTING FOREST ANDINVOLVE SELECTIVE CLEARING OR SUPPLEMENTAL PLANTING ON-SITE;

24 (2) ON-SITE AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION MAY BE UTILIZED
25 WHERE THE RETENTION OPTIONS HAVE BEEN EXHAUSTED. IN THOSE CASES, THE
26 METHOD SHALL BE SELECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
27 SECTION, AND THE LOCATION SHALL BE SELECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
28 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION;

(3) (I) OFF-SITE AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION IN THE SAME
WATERSHED OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED MASTER PLAN MAY BE
UTILIZED WHERE THE APPLICANT HAS DEMONSTRATED THAT NO REASONABLE
ON-SITE ALTERNATIVE EXISTS, OR WHERE:

1. ANY ON-SITE PRIORITY AREAS FOR AFFORESTATION OR
 REFORESTATION HAVE BEEN PLANTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (D) OF
 THIS SECTION; AND

2. THE APPLICANT HAS JUSTIFIED TO THE SATISFACTION OF
 THE STATE OR LOCAL JURISDICTION THAT ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS
 ASSOCIATED WITH OFF-SITE AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION WOULD EXCEED
 THOSE DERIVED FROM ON-SITE PLANTING;

40 (II) IN THESE CASES, THE METHOD SHALL BE SELECTED IN
41 ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, AND THE LOCATION SHALL
42 BE SELECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION; AND

7

(III) OFF-SITE AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION MAY INCLUDE
 THE USE OF FOREST MITIGATION BANKS WHICH HAVE BEEN SO DESIGNATED IN
 ADVANCE BY THE STATE OR LOCAL FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM WHICH IS
 APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT; AND

5 (4) THE STATE OR LOCAL JURISDICTION MAY ALLOW AN ALTERNATIVE
6 SEQUENCE FOR A SPECIFIC PROJECT IF NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE OBJECTIVES
7 OF A LOCAL JURISDICTION'S LAND USE PLANS OR POLICIES OR TO TAKE
8 ADVANTAGE OF OPPORTUNITIES TO CONSOLIDATE FOREST CONSERVATION
9 EFFORTS.

(B) STANDARDS FOR MEETING AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION
 REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE OR LOCAL PROGRAM USING
 ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:

13 (1) FOREST CREATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH A FOREST14 CONSERVATION PLAN USING ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:

15 (I) TRANSPLANTED OR NURSERY STOCK;

16 (II) WHIP AND SEEDLING STOCK; OR

17 (III) NATURAL REGENERATION WHERE IT CAN BE SHOWN TO18 ADEQUATELY MEET THE OBJECTIVE OF THE FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN;

(2) THE USE OF STREET TREES IN A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION WITH A
 TREE MANAGEMENT PLAN, IN AN EXISTING POPULATION CENTER DESIGNATED IN A
 COUNTY MASTER PLAN THAT HAS BEEN ADOPTED TO CONFORM WITH THE
 ECONOMIC GROWTH, RESOURCE PROTECTION, AND PLANNING ACT OF 1992, OR IN
 ANY OTHER DESIGNATED AREA APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS PART OF A
 LOCAL PROGRAM, UNDER CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE LOCAL PROGRAM,
 SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT, USING:

26 (I) STREET TREES AS A PERMISSIBLE STEP IN THE PRIORITY
27 SEQUENCE FOR AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION AND, BASED ON A MATURE
28 CANOPY COVERAGE, MAY GRANT FULL CREDIT AS A MITIGATION TECHNIQUE; AND

(II) ACQUISITION AS A MITIGATION TECHNIQUE OF AN OFF-SITE
PROTECTIVE EASEMENT FOR EXISTING FORESTED AREAS NOT CURRENTLY
PROTECTED, IN WHICH CASE THE AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION CREDIT
GRANTED MAY NOT EXCEED 50% OF THE AREA OF FOREST COVER PROTECTED; OR

33 (3) WHEN ALL OTHER OPTIONS, BOTH ON-SITE AND OFF-SITE, HAVE
34 BEEN EXHAUSTED, LANDSCAPING AS A MITIGATION TECHNIQUE, CONDUCTED
35 UNDER AN APPROVED LANDSCAPING PLAN THAT ESTABLISHES A FOREST AT LEAST
36 35 FEET WIDE AND COVERING AT LEAST 2,500 SQUARE FEET OF AREA.

(c) The following trees, shrubs, plants, and specific areas shall beconsidered
priority for retention and protection, and they shall be left in an undisturbed condition
unless the applicant has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Stateor local authority
that reasonable efforts have been made to protect them and the plan cannot [be]
reasonably BE altered:

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	(1) Trees, shrubs, and plants located in sensitive areas including 100-year floodplains, intermittent and perennial streams and their buffers, COASTAL BAYS AND THEIR BUFFERS, steep slopes, and critical habitats;
4 5	(2) Contiguous forest that connects the largest undeveloped or most vegetated tracts of land within and adjacent to the site;
6 7	(3) Trees, shrubs, or plants identified on the list of rare, threatened, and endangered species of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or the Department;
	(4) Trees that are part of a historic site or associated with ahistoric structure or designated by the Department or local authority as a national, State, or local Champion Tree; and
11	(5) Trees having a diameter measured at 4.5 feet above the ground of:
12	(i) 30 inches; or
13 14	(ii) 75% of the diameter, measured at 4.5 feet above the ground, of the current State Champion Tree of that species as designated by the Department.
15	(d) The following shall be considered priority for afforestation or reforestation:
16 17	(1) Establish or enhance forest buffers adjacent to intermittent and perennial streams AND COASTAL BAYS to widths of at least 50 feet;
	(2) Establish or increase existing forested corridors to connect existing forests within or adjacent to the site and, where practical, forested corridors should be a minimum of 300 feet in width to facilitate wildlife movement;
21 22	(3) Establish or enhance forest buffers adjacent to critical habitats where appropriate;
23 24	(4) ESTABLISH OR ENHANCE FORESTED AREAS IN 100-YEAR FLOODPLAINS;
	(5) Establish plantings to stabilize slopes of 25% or greater and slopes of 15% or greater with a soil K value greater than 0.35 including the slopes of ravines or other natural depressions;
28 29	[(5)] (6) Establish buffers adjacent to areas of differing landuse where appropriate, or adjacent to highways or utility [right-of-ways] RIGHTS OF WAY;
30 31	[(6)] (7) Establish forest areas adjacent to existing forests so as to increase the overall area of contiguous forest cover, when appropriate; and
32 33	[(7)] (8) Use native plant materials for afforestation or reforestation, when appropriate.
34	5-1610.

35 (d) (1) The Department shall accomplish the reforestation or afforestation for
36 which the money is deposited within [1 year or 2 growing seasons] 2 YEARS OR 3
37 GROWING SEASONS, as appropriate, after receipt of the money.

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(2) Money deposited in the Forest Conservation Fund under subsection (b)
 of this section shall remain in the Fund for a period of [1 year or 2 growing seasons] 2
 YEARS OR 3 GROWING SEASONS, and at the end of that time period, any portion that
 has not been used to meet the afforestation or reforestation requirements shall be
 returned to the person who provided the money.

6 (e) (1) Money deposited in the Fund under subsection (b) of this section may 7 only be spent on reforestation and afforestation, including site identification, acquisition, 8 and preparation, and may not revert to the General Fund of the State.

9 (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) OR (III) of this paragraph, 10 the reforestation or afforestation requirement under this subsection shall occur in the 11 county and watershed in which the project is located.

(ii) If the reforestation or afforestation cannot be reasonably
accomplished in the county and watershed in which the project is located, then the
reforestation or afforestation shall occur in the county or watershed in the [state] STATE
in which the project is located.

(III) IF THE REFORESTATION OR AFFORESTATION CANNOT BE
REASONABLY ACCOMPLISHED IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN WHICH THE
PROJECT IS LOCATED, THEN THE REFORESTATION OR AFFORESTATION SHALL BE
ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH PURCHASE OF CREDITS IN OR ESTABLISHMENT OR
MAINTENANCE OF A FOREST MITIGATION BANK IN ACCORDANCE WITH
REGULATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

(h) Money deposited in the local forest conservation fund under subsection (g) of
this section shall remain in the fund for a period of [1 year or 2 growing seasons] 2
YEARS OR 3 GROWING SEASONS. At the end of that time period, any portion that has
not been used to meet the afforestation or reforestation requirements shall be returned to
the person who provided the money.

(i) (1) Money deposited in the local forest conservation fund under subsection
(g) of this section may only be spent on reforestation and afforestation, including the
costs directly related to site identification, acquisition, prepurchase, and preparation, and
may not revert to any other local general fund.

(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) OR (III) of this paragraph,
the reforestation or afforestation requirement under this subsection shall occur in the
county and watershed in which the project is located.

(ii) If the reforestation or afforestation cannot be reasonably
accomplished in the county and watershed in which the project is located, then the
reforestation or afforestation shall occur in the county or watershed in the [state] STATE

37 in which the project is located.

(III) IF THE REFORESTATION OR AFFORESTATION CANNOT BE
REASONABLY ACCOMPLISHED IN THE COUNTY OR WATERSHED IN WHICH THE
PROJECT IS LOCATED, THEN THE REFORESTATION OR AFFORESTATION SHALL BE
ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH PURCHASE OF CREDITS IN OR ESTABLISHMENT OR
MAINTENANCE OF A FOREST MITIGATION BANK IN ACCORDANCE WITH
REGULATIONS OF THE LOCAL FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

11

1 5-1610.1.

2 (A) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP STANDARDS AND ADOPT
3 REGULATIONS FOR THE CREATION AND USE OF FOREST MITIGATION BANKS,
4 INCLUDING CRITERIA FOR TRACKING, CREDITING, MAINTAINING, BONDING, AND
5 REPORTING MITIGATION BANK ACTIVITIES.

6 (B) A LOCAL JURISDICTION MAY DEVELOP PROCEDURES FOR ESTABLISHING7 FOREST MITIGATION BANKS AS PART OF ITS FOREST CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

8 (C) MITIGATION BANKS MAY BE PERMITTED ONLY IN PRIORITY AREAS AS
9 IDENTIFIED IN § 5-1607(D) OF THIS SUBTITLE OR AS IDENTIFIED IN A
10 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN ADOPTED BY A LOCAL JURISDICTION.

(D) THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MITIGATION BANKS AND THEIR USE MAY NOT
 ALTER THE SEQUENCE FOR RETENTION, REFORESTATION, OR AFFORESTATION ON
 A DEVELOPMENT SITE AS OUTLINED IN § 5-1607 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(E) CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY LOCAL OR STATE PROGRAMS FOR THE USE
AND ESTABLISHMENT OF FOREST MITIGATION BANKS SHALL INCLUDE LONG-TERM
PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION OF FOREST MITIGATION BANKS BY
CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.

18 (F) THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT19 OR A LOCAL JURISDICTION TO:

20 (1) ESTABLISH OR FUND STATE OR LOCAL MITIGATION BANKS;

21 (2) FUND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FOREST MITIGATION BANKING BY22 THE PRIVATE SECTOR; OR

23 (3) USE STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT LAND FOR FOREST24 MITIGATION BANKING.

25 5-1613.

On or before July 1 of each year, the Department shall submit, subject to § 2-1312
of the State Government Article, to the Senate Economic and Environmental Affairs

- 28 Committee and the House Environmental Matters Committee a statewide report,
- 29 compiled from local authorities' reports to the Department, on:
- 30 (1) The number, location, and type of projects subject to the provisions of31 this subtitle;
- 32 (2) The amount and location of acres cleared, conserved, and planted,
 33 INCLUDING ANY AREAS WHICH UTILIZE FOREST MITIGATION BANK CREDITS, in
 34 connection with a development project;

35 (3) The amount of reforestation and afforestation fees and noncompliance36 penalties collected and expended; [and]

37 (4) The costs of implementing the forest conservation program; AND

12

1 (5) THE SIZE, LOCATION, AND PROTECTION OF ANY LOCAL FOREST 2 MITIGATION BANKS WHICH ARE CREATED UNDER A LOCAL OR STATE PROGRAM.

3 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect4 October 1, 1996.