Unofficial Copy Q5 1996 Regular Session 6lr1121

By: Delegate Montague Introduced and read first time: February 26, 1996

Assigned to: Rules and Executive Nominations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Admissions and Amusement Tax - Slot Machines

3 FOR the purpose of imposing a State admissions and amusement tax on gross receipts

- 4 derived from certain slot machines; providing for the distribution of the revenue
- 5 from the tax; authorizing the State Comptroller to set the rate of the tax, to conduct
- 6 certain audits of records relating to the income of slot machines and the disposition
- 7 of the income, and to use the tax revenue for administration of the audits; and
- 8 generally relating to an admissions and amusement tax imposed by theState on
- 9 gross receipts of slot machines.

10 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 11 Article Tax General
- 12 Section 2-201, 4-201, 4-202, and 13-302
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1988 Volume and 1995 Supplement)

15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 16 Article Tax General
- 17 Section 2-202, 2-203, 4-102, and 4-105(a)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (1988 Volume and 1995 Supplement)

20 BY adding to

- 21 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 22 Section 264B VI.(F)
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 25 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 26 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

1 Article - Tax - General

2 2-201.

From the admissions and amusement tax revenue, the Comptroller shalldistribute
each quarter the amount necessary to administer the admissions and amusement tax laws

5 in the previous quarter to an administrative cost account.

6 2-202.

7 After making the distribution required under § 2-201 of this subtitle, within 20 days 8 after the end of each quarter, the Comptroller shall:

9 (1) distribute the remaining admissions and amusement tax revenue:

10 [(1)] (I) to the Maryland Stadium Authority, county, or municipal 11 corporation that is the source of the revenue; or

12 [(2)] (II) if the Maryland Stadium Authority and also a county or municipal 13 corporation tax a reduced charge or free admission:

- 14 [(i)] 1. 80% of that revenue to the Authority; and
- 15 [(ii)] 2. 20% to the county or municipal corporation; AND

16 (2) RETAIN THE ADMISSIONS AND AMUSEMENT TAX REVENUE 17 IMPOSED AS A STATE TAX ON GROSS RECEIPTS DERIVED FROM A SLOT MACHINE TO 18 BE USED FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF AUDITS CONDUCTED UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 19 264B OF THE CODE.

20 2-203.

21 The Comptroller shall pay refunds relating to the admissions and amusement tax 22 from undistributed tax revenue attributable to [the Maryland Stadium Authority, the

23 county, or municipal corporation] THE GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY that is the source of 24 the tax.

25 4-102.

26 (a) A county may impose, by resolution, a tax on:

(1) the gross receipts derived from any admissions and amusement charge in28 that county; and

(2) an admission in that county for a reduced charge or at no charge to a30 place if there is a charge for other admissions to the place.

31 (b) A municipal corporation may impose, by ordinance or resolution, a tax on:

(1) the gross receipts derived from any admission and amusementcharge inthat municipal corporation; and

(2) an admission in that municipal corporation for a reduced charge or at no35 charge to a place if there is a charge for other admissions to the place.

36 (c) The Stadium Authority may impose a tax on:

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1 (1) the gross receipts derived from any admissions and amusement charge 2 for an admission to a facility owned or leased by the Stadium Authority; and
 3 (2) an admission for a reduced charge or at no charge to a facility owned or 4 leased by the Stadium Authority if there is a charge for other admissions to the facility.
5 (D) A STATE TAX IS IMPOSED ON THE GROSS RECEIPTS DERIVED FROM A
6 SLOT MACHINE OPERATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 27, § 264B OF THE CODE.7 4-105.
8 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the admissions and amusement 9 tax rate is:
 (1) the rate that a county or municipal corporation sets, not exceeding 10% of gross receipts subject to the admissions and amusement tax; [or]
(2) the rate that the Stadium Authority sets, not exceeding 8% of grossreceipts subject to the admissions and amusement tax; OR
14 (3) THE RATE THAT THE COMPTROLLER SETS FOR THE STATE TAX ON15 THE GROSS RECEIPTS DERIVED FROM A SLOT MACHINE.
16 4-201.
17 A person shall complete, under oath, and file with the Comptroller the admissions 18 and amusement tax return:
(1) on or before the 10th day of the month that follows the month in whichthe person has gross receipts subject to the admissions and amusement tax; and
(2) for other periods and on other dates that the Comptroller specifies byregulation, including periods in which the person has no gross receiptssubject to the tax.
23 4-202.
 (a) Each person who has gross receipts subject to the admissions and amusement tax shall keep complete and accurate records in the form and with the information that the Comptroller requires by regulation.
(b) The person who is required under subsection (a) of this section to keeprecords shall make the records available for inspection and examination by theComptroller at any time during business hours.
 30 (c) The person shall keep the records required under subsection (a) of this 31 section for 4 years, unless the Comptroller consents in writing to an earlier destruction of 32 the records or requires in writing that the records be kept longer than4 years.
33 13-302.
34 (a) To determine whether a tax return is correct or otherwise to enforce a35 provision of this article, a tax collector may:

36 (1) examine any records or other data that may be relevant or material to37 the matters required to be included in a tax return;

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1	(2) conduct an investigation;
2	(3) hold a hearing;
3	(4) administer oaths;
4	(5) take testimony and other evidence; and
5	(6) subpoena:
6	(i) any person; or
7	(ii) any relevant document.
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8 (a-1) If the Comptroller determines that the taxpayer's records are so detailed, 9 complex, or voluminous that an audit of all detailed records would be unreasonable or 10 impractical, the Comptroller may compute the sales and use tax by usingscientific 11 random sampling techniques.

(b) If a person fails to comply with a subpoena or fails to testify on any matter on
which the person lawfully may be interrogated, on petition of a tax collector, a circuit
court or, if the subpoena is issued under authority of an orphans' court, the orphans'
court may pass an order directing compliance with the subpoena or compelling testimony.

16 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

17 264B.

Any machine, apparatus or device is a slot machine within the provisions of this section if it is one that is adapted for use in such a way that, as a result of the insertion or deposit therein, or placing with another person of any piece of money, coin, token or other object, such machine, apparatus or device is caused to operate ormay be operated, and by reason of any element of chance or of other outcome of such operation unpredictable by him, the user may receive or become entitled to receive any piece of money, coin, token or other object representative of and convertible into money, rrespective of whether the said machine, apparatus or device may, apart from any element of chance or unpredictable outcome of such operation, also sell, deliver or present some merchandise or money or other tangible thing of value.

VI. (F) THE COMPTROLLER MAY AUDIT THE RECORDS OF AN ELIGIBLE
ORGANIZATION IN CONNECTION WITH ANY INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE
REPORTED UNDER PARAGRAPH VI(C)(8) OF THIS SECTION ON THE INCOME OF EACH
SLOT MACHINE AND THE DISPOSITION OF THE INCOME.

32 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 33 October 1, 1996.

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