Unofficial Copy C4 1996 Regular Session 6lr0886

By: Senators Currie, Middleton, Hogan, and Madden

Introduced and read first time: January 24, 1996

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Work, Not Welfare, Tax Incentives - Insurers - Premium Taxes

- 3 FOR the purpose of allowing a credit against a certain premium tax payable for certain
- 4 wages paid and certain child care expenses incurred by an insurer with respect to
- 5 certain employees; altering a certain definition to expand the rangeof individuals
- 6 who may be qualified employment opportunity employees; providing forthe
- 7 application and termination of this Act; providing for the effective dates of this Act;
- 8 and generally relating to tax credits for certain wages and child care expenses with
- 9 respect to certain employees.

10 BY adding to

- 11 Article 48A Insurance Code
- 12 Section 633
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1994 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article 88A Social Services Administration
- 17 Section 56
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (1995 Replacement Volume)

20 BY adding to

- 21 Article Insurance
- 22 Section 6-105.1
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1995 Volume)
- 25 (As enacted by Chapter 36 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1995)
- 26 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 27 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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1 Article 48A - Insurance Code

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- 3 AN INSURANCE COMPANY MAY CLAIM A CREDIT AGAINST THE PREMIUM TAX
- 4 PAYABLE UNDER THIS SUBTITLE FOR WAGES PAID TO A QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT
- 5 OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYEE AND FOR CHILD CARE PROVIDED OR PAID BY THE
- 6 INSURANCE COMPANY FOR THE CHILDREN OF A QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT
- 7 OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYEE AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 88A, § 56 OF THE CODE.

8 Article 88A - Social Services Administration

- 9 56.
- 10 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 11 (2) "Business entity" means a person conducting or operating a trade or 12 business in Maryland.
- 13 (3) "Qualified child care expenses" means State regulated childcare
- 14 expenses that are incurred by a business entity to enable a qualified employment
- 15 opportunity employee of the business to be gainfully employed.
- 16 (4) (i) "Qualified employment opportunity employee" means an
- 17 individual who is a resident of Maryland and who [for six months] IMMEDIATELY
- 18 before the individual's employment with a business entity was a Maryland resident and a
- 19 recipient of benefits from the State under the Aid to Families with Dependent Children
- 20 Program.
- 21 (ii) "Qualified employment opportunity employee" does not include
- 22 an individual who is the spouse of, or has any of the relationships specified in § 152(a)(1)
- 23 through (8) of the Internal Revenue Code to, a person who controls, directly or indirectly,
- 24 more than 50% of the ownership of the business entity.
- 25 (5) "Wages" means wages, within the meaning of § 51(c)(1), (2), and (3) of
- 26 the Internal Revenue Code without regard to § 51(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 27 that are paid by a business entity to an employee for services performed in a trade or
- 28 business of the employer.
- 29 (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a business entity
- 30 may claim a tax credit in the amounts determined under subsections (c) and (d) of this
- 31 section for the wages and qualified child care expenses with respect to a qualified
- 32 employment opportunity employee that are paid in the taxable year for which the
- 33 business entity claims the credit.
- 34 (2) The same tax credit cannot be applied more than once against different
- 35 taxes by the same taxpayer.
- 36 (c) For each taxable year, for the wages paid to each qualified employment
- 37 opportunity employee, a credit is allowed in an amount equal to:
- 38 (1) 30% of up to the first \$6,000 of the wages paid to the qualified
- 39 employment opportunity employee during the first year of employment;

1 (2) 20% of up to the first \$6,000 of the wages paid to the qualified 2 employment opportunity employee during the second year of employment; and
3 (3) 10% of up to the first \$6,000 of the wages paid to the qualified 4 employment opportunity employee during the third year of employment.
5 (d) For each taxable year, for child care provided or paid for by a business entity 6 for the children of a qualified employment opportunity employee of the business entity, a 7 credit is allowed in an amount equal to:
8 (1) Up to \$600 of the qualified child care expenses incurred for each 9 qualified employment opportunity employee during the first year of employment;
10 (2) Up to \$500 of the qualified child care expenses incurred for each 11 qualified employment opportunity employee during the second year of employment; and
12 (3) Up to \$400 of the qualified child care expenses incurred for each 13 qualified employment opportunity employee during the third year of employment.
14 (e) (1) A business entity may not claim the credit under this section for an 15 employee:
16 (i) Who is hired to replace a laid-off employee or to replace an 17 employee who is on strike; or
18 (ii) For whom the business entity simultaneously receives federal or 19 State employment training benefits.
20 (2) A business entity may not claim the credit under this section until it has 21 notified the appropriate government agency that the qualified employment opportunity 22 employee has been hired.
23 (3) A business entity may not claim the credit under this section for an 24 employee whose employment lasts less than one year unless the employee:
25 (i) Voluntarily terminates employment with the employer;
26 (ii) Is unable to continue employment due to death or a disability; or
27 (iii) Is terminated for cause.
28 (4) A business entity may claim a credit reduced by the proportion of a year 29 that an employee did not work if the employment is less than a year because the 30 employee:
31 (i) Voluntarily terminates employment with the employer;
32 (ii) Is unable to continue employment due to death or a disability; or
33 (iii) Is terminated for cause.
34 (f) If the credit allowed under this section in any taxable year exceeds the total 35 tax otherwise payable by the business entity for that taxable year, a business entity may 36 apply the excess as a credit for succeeding taxable years until the earlier of:

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1	(1) The full amount of the excess is used; or
2	(2) The expiration of the fifth taxable year after the taxable year in which
3	the wages or qualified child care expenses for which the credit is claimed are paid.

- (g) If a credit is claimed under this section, the claimant must make the addition 5 required in § 10-205 or § 10-306 of the Tax - General Article.
- (h) The Comptroller in cooperation with the Department of Labor, Licensing, 6 7 and Regulation and the Department of Human Resources shall administer the credit 8 under this section.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 10 read as follows:

11 **Article - Insurance**

12 6-105.1.

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- AN INSURER MAY CLAIM A CREDIT AGAINST THE PREMIUM TAX PAYABLE 13
- 14 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE FOR WAGES PAID TO A QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT
- 15 OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYEE AND FOR CHILD CARE PROVIDED OR PAID BY THE
- 16 INSURER FOR THE CHILDREN OF A QUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
- 17 EMPLOYEE AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 88A, § 56 OF THE CODE.
- 18 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:
- 19 (a) this Act shall be applicable to all taxable years beginningafter 20 December 31, 1995, but before January 1, 2002;
- (b) the tax credit under Article 48A, § 633 of the Code and § 6-105.1 of the 22 Insurance Article shall be allowed only for employees hired on or afterJune 1, 1995, but
- 23 before July 1, 1998; and
- (c) any excess credits may be carried forward and, subject to the limitations 24
- 25 of Article 48A, § 56 of the Code, may be applied as a credit for taxable years beginning on
- 26 or after January 1, 2002.
- SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Sections 1 and 3 of this 27
- 28 Act shall take effect July 1, 1996.
- SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 2 of this Act
- 30 shall take effect October 1, 1997.
- SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall remain in 31
- 32 effect for a period of 2 years and at the end of June 30, 1998, with no further action
- 33 required by the General Assembly, this Act shall be abrogated and of nofurther force
- 34 and effect.