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CF 6lr1757

1996 Regular Session 6lr1750

By: Senators Stone and Boozer (Committee to Revise Article 27) and Senator Middlebrooks

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 1996 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Crime Victims and Witnesses - Nonsubstantive Reorganization of Laws

3 FOR the purpose of reorganizing and restating the laws concerning victims and witnesses

- 4 of crime, including provisions relating to influencing or intimidating victims and
- 5 witnesses, pretrial procedures, trial procedures, sentencing procedures,
- postsentencing procedures, sexual offenses, domestic violence, restitution, criminal 6
- injuries compensation, victims and witnesses services, victims andwitnesses -7
- 8 treatment and assistance, and certain other miscellaneous topics; updating obsolete
- 9 references; establishing cross-references in certain articles of theCode in
- 10 accordance with the reorganization in this Act; making certain stylistic changes;
- 11 providing for the termination of certain provisions of this Act; providing that there
- 12 is no intent by this Act or substantively change, revive, or otherwise affect any law
- 13 that is the subject of this Act or any other law in effect on or prior to the effective
- 14 date of this Act; requiring the publishers of the Annotated Code and the
- 15 Department of Legislative Reference to propose and make certain corrections and
- revisions to the Code; providing that drafter's notes and catchlinescontained in this 16
- Act are not law; and generally relating to laws concerning victims and witnesses of 17 crime.
- 18

19 BY transferring

- Article 10 Legal Officials 20
- 21 Section 37 and 40A, respectively
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (1994 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 24 to be
- 25 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments
- Section 766 and 784, respectively 26
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement) 28

29 BY transferring

- Article 26A Criminal Injuries Compensation Act 30
- 31 Section 2, 1, 3 through 8, and 10 through 18, respectively

1	Annotated Code of Maryland
2	(1994 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
3 to be	
4	Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments
5	Section 815 through 832, respectively

- 6 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 7 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

8 BY transferring

- 9 Article 41 Governor Executive and Administrative Departments
- 10 Section 4-609(c)(2), (3), and (4)
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (1993 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 13 to be

2

- 14 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 15 Section 781
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

18 BY transferring

- 19 Article 88A Social Services Administration
- 20 Section 130
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (1995 Replacement Volume)
- $23 \, \text{ to be}$
- 24 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 25 Section 793
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 28 BY transferring
- 29 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 30 Section 9-501, 9-102, 9-103.1, 12-303.1, 3-829, 10-917, and 3-836, respectively
- 31 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 32 (1995 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

33 to be

- 34 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 35 Section 772, 774, 775, 776, 808, 809, and 851, respectively
- 36 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 37 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

38 BY transferring

39 Article - State Government

- 3
 - 1 Section 9-1701 through 9-1708, respectively
 - 2 Annotated Code of Maryland
 - 3 (1995 Replacement Volume)
 - 4 to be
 - 5 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
 - 6 Section 837 through 844, respectively
 - 7 Annotated Code of Maryland
 - 8 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 10 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 11 Section 766, 772, 774, 775, 776, 781, 784, 808, 809, 815 through 830, 832, and 837
- 12 through 844
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 15 (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act)

16 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 17 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 18 Section 793, 831, and 851
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 21 (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act)

22 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 23 Article 27- Crimes and Punishments
- 24 Section 11F, 465 1/2, 620, 637, 640, 640A, 640B, 640C, 643D, 692B, 760, 761, 762,
- 25 763, 764, 765, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, and 772
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 28 BY adding to
- 29 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 30 Section 767, 768, 769, 777, 785, 786, 787, 791, 794, 795, 801, 802, 803, and 856, and
- 31 various subheadings
- 32 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 33 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

34 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 35 Article 41 Governor Executive and Administrative Departments
- 36 Section 4-609
- 37 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 38 (1993 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

4

1 BY adding to

- 2 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 3 Section 3-829, 3-836, and 10-917
- 4 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 5 (1995 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 7 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 8 Section 830
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 11 (As enacted by Chapter 396 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1995 and
- 12 Section 1 of this Act)
- 13 BY adding to
- 14 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 15 Section 766
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 18 (As enacted by Section 10 of this Act)

19 BY repealing

- 20 Article 88A Social Services Administration
- 21 The subtitle designation "Rape Crisis Program"
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (1995 Replacement Volume)

24 BY repealing

- 25 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 26 The subtitle designation "Subtitle 5. Victims and Witnesses Release of Addresses
- 27 and Telephone Numbers" in Title 9
- 28 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 29 (1995 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

30 BY repealing

- 31 Article State Government
- 32 The subtitle designation "Subtitle 17. Victim Services" in Title 9
- 33 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 34 (1995 Replacement Volume)

35 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

- 36 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 37 and 40A, respectively, of Article 10 Legal Officials of
- 37 the Annotated Code of Maryland be transferred to be Section(s) 766 and 784,
- 38 respectively, of Article 27 Crimes and Punishments of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 2, 1, 3 through
 8, and 10 through 18, respectively, of Article 26A - Criminal Injuries Compensation Act
 of the Annotated Code of Maryland be transferred to be Section(s) 815 through 832,
 respectively, of Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

5 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 4-609(c)(2), 6 (3), and (4) of Article 41 - Governor - Executive and Administrative Departments of the 7 Annotated Code of Maryland be transferred to be Section(s) 781 of Article 27 - Crimes 8 and Punishments of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

9 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 130 of Article
10 88A - Social Services Administration of the Annotated Code of Maryland be transferred
11 to be Section(s) 793 of Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments of the Annotated Code of
12 Maryland.

SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 9-501, 9-102,
9-103.1, 12-303.1, 3-829, 10-917, and 3-836, respectively, of Article -Courts and Judicial
Proceedings of the Annotated Code of Maryland be transferred to be Section(s) 772, 774,
775, 776, 808, 809, and 851, respectively, of Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments of the
Annotated Code of Maryland.

SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 9-1701 through
 9-1708, respectively, of Article - State Government of the Annotated Code of Maryland
 be transferred to be Section(s) 837 through 844, respectively, of Article 27 - Crimes and
 Punishments of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

22 SECTION 7. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 23 read as follows:

24 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

25 VI. Crime Victims and Witnesses

26 INFLUENCING OR INTIMIDATING VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

27 [766.] 760. DEFINITIONS.

(a) In [§§ 766 through 769 of this part] THIS SUBHEADING the following termshave the meanings indicated.

30 (b) "Official proceeding" includes a criminal trial, a hearing related to a criminal 31 trial, a grand jury proceeding, and any other proceeding that is part of a criminal action.

32 (c) "Victim" means any person against whom a crime has been committed or 33 attempted.

34 (d) "Witness" means any person who:

- 35 (1) Has knowledge of the existence of facts relating to a crime;
- 36 (2) Makes a declaration under oath that is received as evidencefor any

37 purpose;

6	
1 2	(3) Has reported a crime to a law enforcement officer, prosecutor, correctional officer, or judicial officer; or
3 4	(4) Has been served with a subpoena issued under the authority of a court of this State, of any other state, or of the United States.
5 6	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 766 of the Code. %The only change is in style.
7	[767.] 761. INDUCING FALSE TESTIMONY.
8 9	(a) A person may not harm or injure any person or damage or destroy any property or threaten to harm or injure any person with the intent to:
10	(1) Influence a victim or witness to testify falsely or withhold testimony;
11 12	(2) Induce a victim or witness to avoid legal process summoning the victim or witness to testify; or
13 14	(3) Induce a victim or witness to be absent from an official proceeding to which the victim or witness has been legally summoned.
15 16	(b) A person who violates subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 5 years.
17 18	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 767 of the Code. %There are no changes.
19	[768.] 762. RETALIATION FOR TESTIMONY.
	(a) A person may not intentionally harm or injure any person or damage or destroy any property with the intent of retaliating against a victim orwitness for giving testimony in an official proceeding or for reporting a crime.
23 24	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 5 years.
25 26	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was § 768 of this article. %There are no changes.
27	[769.] 763. COURT TO PREVENT INTIMIDATION OF VICTIM OR WITNESS.
28 29	(a) In this section a finding of good cause may be based upon any relevant evidence including credible hearsay.
32	(b) A court with jurisdiction over a criminal matter may, for good cause shown, issue any order that is reasonably necessary to stop or prevent the intimidation of a victim or witness or a violation of § 27 of this article or [§§ 767 through 769 of this part] § 761 OR § 762 OF THIS SUBHEADING. This authority includes the power to:
34	(1) Order any person not to violate the provisions of § 27 of this article or

35 [§§ 767 through 769 of this part] § 761 OR § 762 OF THIS SUBHEADING;

 (2) Order any person to maintain a certain physical distance from any other person specified by the court;
 3 (3) Prohibit any person from communicating with any other person specified 4 by the court, except through an attorney or other individual specified by the court; and
5 (4) Hold a hearing to determine if an order should be issued under this6 section.
7 (c) (1) The court may use its contempt power to enforce an order issued under 8 this section.
9 (2) If a defendant violates an order issued under this section the court may 10 revoke the defendant's pretrial release in order to ensure the safety of a victim or witness 11 or the integrity of the judicial process.
12DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 769 of the Code.13% The references to "§ 761 or § 762 of this subheading" are substituted for the14former, obsolete references to "§§ 767 through 769 of this part". However,15because the inclusion of § 769 in the former reference to § 769was a technical
16 error, the corresponding reference to § 763, now this section, is omitted.17 764. RESERVED.
18 765. RESERVED.
19 PRETRIAL PROCEDURES
20 766. DISMISSAL OF ASSAULT AND BATTERY CHARGES.
[In cases where recognizance to prosecute have been entered into, and before presentment or indictment found, the several courts of this State having jurisdiction of crimes and offenses, upon the motion of the State's Attorney, with the consent of the parties injured and accused, may compromise any assault and battery, the party accused paying the same costs as would have been incurred by the finding a truebill and plea of guilty; provided, such court shall consider it proper in reference to the peace of the State so to do.]
 28 (A) ON MOTION OF THE STATE'S ATTORNEY, A COURT MAY DISMISS A 29 CHARGE OF ASSAULT AND BATTERY IF:
30 (1) THE VICTIM AND THE ACCUSED AGREE TO THE DISMISSAL; AND
31 (2) THE COURT CONSIDERS THE DISMISSAL PROPER.
 32 (B) THE ACCUSED SHALL PAY THE SAME COSTS AS WOULD HAVE BEEN 33 INCURRED IF THE ACCUSED HAD BEEN FOUND GUILTY.
34DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 10, § 37 of the Code.35% In subsection (a) of this section, the former phrase "In caseswhere36recognizance to prosecute have been entered into, and before presentment or37indictment found," is deleted as unnecessary and inaccurate concerning

 assault and battery charges.
 Also in subsection (a) of this section, the former phrase, "theseveral courts of this State having jurisdiction of crimes and offenses" is deleted as surplusage.

- 4 In subsection (a)(1) of this section, the word "victim" is substituted for the
- 5 former word "parties injured" to conform to the terminology of the rest of this
- 6 subtitle.

7 767. NOTICE OF FILINGS AND APPEALS TO VICTIM OF DELINQUENT ACT.

8 A VICTIM OF A DELINQUENT ACT COMMITTED BY A JUVENILE HAS THE RIGHTS 9 PROVIDED UNDER § 3-810 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to CJ § 3-810
 for informational purposes.
 No change in the law is intended.
 As to the definition of "victim" and "delinquent act", see CJ § 3-801.

14 768. PROTECTION FOR STALKING VICTIM IF DEFENDANT IS RELEASED PRETRIAL.

AS PROVIDED UNDER § 616 1/2 OF THIS ARTICLE THE COURT OR DISTRICT
COURT COMMISSIONER SHALL CONSIDER THE SAFETY OF THE ALLEGED VICTIM AS
A CONDITION OF THE PRETRIAL RELEASE OF A DEFENDANT CHARGED WITH
STALKING.

- 19 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to \$616 1/2
- 20 of this article.

8

21 No change in the law is intended.

22 769. NOTICE OF COMPETENCE EXAMINATION TO VICTIM.

AS PROVIDED UNDER § 12-122 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, A VICTIM
OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE SHALL BE NOTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
AND MENTAL HYGIENE WHEN THE DEPARTMENT RECEIVES A COURT ORDER TO
EXAMINE A DEFENDANT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS NOT
CRIMINALLY RESPONSIBLE AND WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS COMPETENT TO
STAND TRIAL.

- 29 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to HG §
- 30 12-122.
- 31 No change in the law is intended.

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1	770. RESERVED.
2	771. RESERVED.
3	TRIAL PROCEDURES
4	772. RELEASE OF ADDRESS OR PHONE NUMBER OF VICTIM OR WITNESS.
7	On motion of either party OR ON REQUEST OF A WITNESS, during a criminal trial, a judge may prohibit the release of the address or telephone number of the victim or witness unless the judge determines that, under the particular circumstances, the information is necessary and relevant.
9 10 11 12	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from CJ § 9-501.% The phrase "or on request of a witness" is added to provide witnesses with a procedure to prohibit the release of their addresses or telephone numbers. There are no other changes.
13	[620.] 773. PRESENCE OF VICTIMS OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES AT TRIAL.
14	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
15	(2) "Victim" means a person who:
16	(i) Has testified as a witness; and
	(ii) Is the victim of a crime of violence under § 643B of this article or a crime involving, causing, or resulting in death or serious bodily harm for which the defendant is being tried.
20	(3) "Representative" means a person who is:
21	(i) 1. Subpoenaed or has testified; and
	2. Selected by the next of kin or guardian of a person who is deceased or disabled as a result of a crime of violence under § 643B of this article or a crime involving, causing, or resulting in death or serious bodily harm;or
25 26	(ii) Designated by the court in the event of a dispute over the representative.
27 28	(b) A victim or representative shall be presumed to have the right to be present at the trial.
29 30	(c) The judge may sequester a victim or representative from any partof the trial at the request of the defendant or the State only after a finding of good cause.
	(d) A judge may remove a victim or representative from the trial forthe same causes and in the same manner as the laws or rules of court provide forthe exclusion or removal of the defendant.
34 35	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 620 of the Code. %There are no changes.

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1 774. TESTIMONY OF CHILD ABUSE VICTIM BY CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION.

2 (a) In a case of abuse of a child as defined in § 5-701 of the Family Law Article 3 or [Article 27, § 35A of the Code] § 35C OF THIS ARTICLE, a court may order that the 4 testimony of a child victim be taken outside the courtroom and shown in the courtroom by 5 means of closed circuit television if:

6

(1) The testimony is taken during the proceeding; and

7 (2) The judge determines that testimony by the child victim in the
8 defendant's presence will result in the child suffering serious emotional distress such that
9 the child cannot reasonably communicate.

10 (b) (1) Only the following persons may be in the room with the childwhen the 11 child testifies by closed circuit television:

12	(i) The prosecuting attorney;
13	(ii) The attorney for the defendant;
14	(iii) The operators of the closed circuit television equipment; and
• •	(iv) [Unless the defendant objects] SUBJECT TO THE MARYLAND nose presence, in the opinion of the court, contributes to the including a person who has dealt with the child in a therapeutic abuse.
19(2) Dut20 the defendant shall be i	ring the child's testimony by closed circuit television, the judge and n the courtroom.
	e judge and the defendant shall be allowed to communicate with the ere the child is testifying by any appropriate electronic method.
23 (4) On 24 judge may question the	ly the prosecuting attorney, the attorney for any defendant, and the child.
26 presence will result in t27 cannot reasonably com28 inside or outside the co	mining whether testimony by the child victim in the defendant's he child suffering serious emotional distress such that the child municate, the judge may observe and question the child either urtroom and hear testimony of a parent or custodian of the child cluding a person who has dealt with the child ina therapeutic
	Except as provided in subparagraph (ii)2 of this paragraph, any nt's attorney, and the prosecutor shall have the right to be present

33 when the judge hears testimony on whether to allow a child victim to testify by closed34 circuit television.

(ii) If the judge decides to observe or question the childin connectionwith the determination to allow closed circuit television:

37 1. Any defendant's attorney and the prosecutor shall have the38 right to be present; and

11	
1	2. The judge may not permit a defendant to be present.
2 3	(d) The provisions of this section do not apply if the defendant is [an attorney] APPEARING pro se.
	(e) This section may not be interpreted to preclude, for purposes of identification of a defendant, the presence of both the victim and the defendant in the courtroom at the same time.
	(f) This section may not be interpreted to permit the use of two-wayclosed circuit television or any other procedure that would result in the child being exposed to the defendant.
10 11 12 13 14	% In subsection (a) of this section, the reference to "§ 35C of this article" is substituted for the former obsolete reference to "Article 27, §35A of the Code". In subsection (b)(1)(iv) of this section, the phrase "Subject to the Maryland
15 16 17 18 19	eliminate the right of the defendant to exclude persons who have contributed to the well-being of the child. <u>See</u> Rule 5-615(c), which currently allows the court to permit others to be with the child when the child testifies.
20	775. OUT OF COURT STATEMENTS OF CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS.
21	(a) In this section "statement" means:
22	(1) An oral or written assertion; or
23 24	(2) Nonverbal conduct, if it is intended as an assertion, including sounds, gestures, demonstrations, drawings, or similar actions.
27 28 29 30	(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, if a court finds that the requirements of subsection (c) of this section are satisfied, a court may admit into evidence in a juvenile court proceeding or in a criminal proceeding an out of court statement, to prove the truth of the matter asserted in the statement, made by a child victim under the age of 12 years, who is the alleged victim or the child alleged to need assistance in the case before the court, concerning an alleged offense against the child of:
32 33	(i) Child abuse, as defined [under Article 27, § 35A of the Code] IN § 35C OF THIS ARTICLE;
34 35	(ii) Rape or sexual offense, as defined in [Article 27,] §§ 462 through 464B of [the Code, inclusive] THIS ARTICLE;
36 37	(iii) Assault with intent to commit rape or sexual offense, as defined in [Article 27,] § 12 of [the Code] THIS ARTICLE; or

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1 2	(iv) In a juvenile court proceeding, abuse or neglect as defined in § 5-701 of the Family Law Article.
3	(2) An out of court statement may be admissible under this section only if:
4	(i) The statement was made to and is offered by:
5 6	1. A licensed physician, as defined [under] IN § 14-101 of the Health Occupations Article;
7 8	2. A licensed psychologist, as defined [under] IN $\$ 18-101 of the Health Occupations Article;
9 10	3. A licensed social worker, as defined [under] IN $\$ 19-101 of the Health Occupations Article; or
11	4. A teacher; and
12 13	(ii) The individual described under item (i) of this paragraph was acting in the course of the individual's profession when the statement was made.
14 15	(3) An out of court statement may be admissible under this section only if the statement possesses particularized guarantees of trustworthiness.
16 17	(c) (1) Under this section, an out of court statement by a child maycome into evidence to prove the truth of the matter asserted in the statement:
18 19	(i) If the child's statement is not admissible under any other hearsay exception; and
20	(ii) Regardless of whether the child testifies.
21 22	(2) If the child does not testify, the child's out of court statement will be admissible only if there is corroborative evidence that:
23 24	(i) The defendant in a criminal proceeding had the opportunity to commit the alleged offense; or
25 26	(ii) The alleged offender in a juvenile court proceeding had the opportunity to commit the alleged abuse or neglect.
29 30 31	(3) In order to provide the defendant with an opportunity to prepare a response to the statement, the prosecutor shall serve on the defendant in a criminal proceeding or on the alleged offender in a juvenile court proceeding and the alleged offender's attorney, a reasonable time before the juvenile court proceeding and at least 20 days before the criminal proceeding in which the statement is to be offered into evidence, notice of:
33	(i) The State's intention to introduce the statement; and
34	(ii) The content of the statement.

35 (4) (i) The alleged offender shall have the right to take the deposition of36 a witness who will testify under this section;

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3	(ii) Unless the State and the defendant or respondent agree, or the court orders otherwise, the defendant in a criminal proceeding shall file a notice of deposition at least 5 days before, or in a juvenile court proceeding within a reasonable time before, the date of the deposition; and
5 6	(iii) Except where inconsistent with this paragraph, the provisions of Maryland Rule 4-261 shall apply to a deposition taken under this paragraph.
	(d) In order to determine if a child's statement possesses particularized guarantees of trustworthiness under this section, the court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:
10	(1) The child's personal knowledge of the event;
11	(2) The certainty that the statement was made;
12 13	(3) Any apparent motive to fabricate or exhibit partiality by the child, including interest, bias, corruption, or coercion;
14 15	(4) Whether the statement was spontaneous or directly responsive to questions;
16	(5) The timing of the statement;
	(6) Whether the child's young age makes it unlikely that the child fabricated the statement that represents a graphic, detailed account beyond the child's knowledge and experience and the appropriateness of the terminology to the child's age;
20	(7) The nature and duration of the abuse;
21	(8) The inner consistency and coherence of the statement;
22 23	(9) Whether the child was suffering pain or distress when making the statement;
24 25	(10) Whether extrinsic evidence exists to show the defendant's opportunity to commit the act complained of in the child's statement;
26 27	(11) Whether the statement is suggestive due to the use of leading questions; and
28	(12) The credibility of the person testifying about the statement.
	(e) The court, in determining whether a statement is admissible under this section, in a hearing outside the presence of the jury, or before the juvenile court proceeding shall:
32 33	(1) Make a finding on the record as to the specific guarantees of trustworthiness that are present in the statement; and
34	(2) Determine the admissibility of the statement.
35	(f) (1) In making a determination under subsection (e) of this section, the court shall conduct an in camera examination of a child prior to determining the admissibility of

36 shall conduct an in camera examination of a child prior to determining the admissibility of

37 the statement, except where the child:

14	
1	(i) Has died; or
2 3	(ii) Is absent from the jurisdiction for good cause shown or the State has been unable to procure the child's presence by subpoena or other reasonable means.
6	(2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii)2 of this paragraph, any defendant, any defendant's attorney, and the prosecutor shall have the right to be present when the court hears testimony on whether to admit into evidence an outof court statement of a child under this section.
8 9	(ii) If the court is required to observe or question the child in connection with the determination to admit into evidence the out of court statement:
10 11	1. Any defendant's attorney and the prosecutor shall have the right to be present at the in camera examination; and
12 13	2. The judge may not permit a defendant to be presentat the in camera examination.
14 15	(g) (1) This section may not be construed to limit the admissibility of a statement under any other applicable hearsay exception or rule of evidence.
16 17	(2) This section may not be construed to prohibit the court in a juvenile court proceeding from hearing testimony in the judge's chambers.
18 19 20 21	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from CJ § 9-103.1.% In subsection (b)(1)(i) of this section, the reference to "§ 35C of this article" is substituted for the former obsolete reference to "Article 27, § 35A of the Code".
22 23	The only other changes are in style. As to the definition of "court", <u>see</u> CJ § 1-101.
24	776. APPEALS BY VICTIMS OF VIOLENT CRIMES.
25	(a) (1) In this section, "victim of a violent crime" means a victim of:
26 27	(i) A crime of violence as defined under [Article 27,] § 643B of [the Code] THIS ARTICLE; or
28 29	(ii) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a crime involving, causing, or resulting in death or serious bodily injury.
	(2) "Victim of a violent crime" does not include a victim of anoffense that is not punishable by imprisonment under the Maryland Vehicle Law or under Title 8, Subtitle 7 of the Natural Resources Article ("State Boat Act").
33 34	(b) (1) In the event of the death or disability of a victim of a violent crime, the term "victim of a violent crime" includes the victim's:
35	(i) Spouse or surviving spouse;
36	(ii) Parent or legal guardian;

15	
1	(iii) Child; or
2	(iv) Sibling.
3 4	(2) If there is a dispute over who shall be the victim's representative, the court shall select a representative for the victim.
7 8	(c) Although not a party to a criminal proceeding, the victim of the violent crime for which the defendant is charged has the right to file an application for leave to appeal to the Court of Special Appeals from an interlocutory or final order that denies or fails to consider a right secured to that victim by [Article 27, § 620(b) or § 643D] § 773(B) OR § 780 OF THIS SUBTITLE or Article 41, § 4-609 of the Code.
	(d) The filing of an application for leave to appeal under this section may not result in the stay of other proceedings in a criminal case without the consent of all of the parties.
13 14 15	% The only changes are in style.
16	777. WITNESS COMPENSATION.
17 18	A WITNESS ATTENDING COURT HAS THE RIGHT TO COMPENSATION AS PROVIDED IN § 9-202 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE.
19 20 21	9-202.
22	778. RESERVED.
23	779. RESERVED.

24 SENTENCING PROCEDURES

25 [643D.] 780. RIGHT OF VICTIM OR REPRESENTATIVE TO ADDRESS SENTENCING 26 JUDGE.

27 (a) In every case resulting in serious physical injury or death, thevictim or a 28 member of the victim's immediate family, or if the victim is deceased, under a mental, physical, or legal disability, or otherwise unable to provide the required information, the 29 30 personal representative, guardian, or committee, or other family membermay, at the 31 request of the State's Attorney and in the discretion of the sentencingjudge, address the

32 sentencing judge or jury under oath or affirmation before the imposition of sentence.

(b) (1) If the victim or the victim's representative is permitted toaddress the 33 34 judge or jury, the defendant may cross-examine the victim or the victim's representative.

(2) The cross-examination is limited to the factual statements made in the 35 36 address to the judge or jury.

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1 (c) (1) A victim or representative has the right not to address the court at 2 sentencing.	
3 (2) A person may not attempt to coerce a victim or representative to an 4 the court at sentencing.	ldress
 5 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 643D of the Code. 6 %There are no changes. 	
7 781. VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENT IN PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION.	
8 [(2) (i)] (A) [The] A presentence investigation THAT IS COMPLET 9 BY THE DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-60 10 CODE shall include a victim impact statement, if:	
11 [1.] (1) The defendant, in committing a felony, caused 12 psychological, or economic injury to the victim; or	physical,
13 [2.] (2) The defendant, in committing a misdemeanor, a 14 serious physical injury or death to the victim.	caused
 [(ii)] (B) If the court does not order a presentence investigation State's Attorney may prepare a victim impact statement to be submitted to the court an the defendant in accordance with the Maryland Rules of Procedure pertaining to presentence investigations. 	
19[(iii)] (C) The court shall consider the victim impact statement20determining the appropriate sentence, and in entering any order of restitution to the21victim under [Article 27, § 640(c) of the Code] § 807(C) OF THIS SUBTITLE.	t in
22 [(3)] (D) A victim impact statement shall:	
23 [(i)] (1) Identify the victim of the offense;	
24 [(ii)] (2) Itemize any economic loss suffered by the victim as a 25 of the offense;	result
26[(iii)] (3) Identify any physical injury suffered by the victim at27 of the offense along with its seriousness and permanence;	s a result
 [(iv)] (4) Describe any change in the victim's personal welfare familial relationships as a result of the offense; 	or
 30 [(v)] (5) Identify any request for psychological services initiate 31 victim or the victim's family as a result of the offense; and 	ed by the
32 [(vi)] (6) Contain any other information related to the impact of 33 offense upon the victim or the victim's family that the court requires.	of the
34 [(4)] (E) If the victim is deceased, under a mental, physical, or legal 35 disability, or otherwise unable to provide the information required under this section, t 36 information may be obtained from the personal representative, guardian, or committee,	

37 or such family members as may be necessary.

/	
1 2 3 4 5 6	 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 41, § 4-609(c)(2), (3), and (4) of the Code. In subsection (a) of this section, the reference to a presentence investigation "that is completed by the Division of Parole and Probation under Article 41, § 4-609 of the Code" is added for clarity. The only other changes are in style.
7	782. RESERVED.
8	783. RESERVED.
9	POSTSENTENCING PROCEDURES
10	784. NOTICE OF SUBSEQUENT PROCEEDINGS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES OF VIOLENCE.
11	(a) In this section, "subsequent proceeding" includes:
12 13	(1) A review of sentence under [Article 27,] § 645JA of [the Code] THIS ARTICLE;
14 15	(2) A hearing on a request to have a sentence modified or vacated under the Maryland Rules;
16	(3) An appeal to the Court of Special Appeals; or
17	(4) An appeal to the Court of Appeals.
20 21	(b) Following conviction and sentencing of a criminal defendant for a crime of violence as defined in [Article 27,] § 643B of [the Code] THIS ARTICLE, the State's Attorney shall send advance notice, in writing, of a subsequent proceeding to the victim of that crime of violence, or in the case of a homicide, to a designated family member, if the victim or designated family member:
23 24	(1) In a timely manner, requests of the State's Attorney, in writing, to be notified of subsequent proceedings; and
25	(2) Maintains with the State's Attorney a current address in the State.
26	(c) (1) The State's Attorney's office shall:
27 28	(i) Notify the victim or designated family member of all appeals to the Court of Special Appeals and the Court of Appeals filed by the defendant; and
29 30	(ii) Send an information copy of the victim's notification to the office of the Attorney General.
31 32	(2) Following the initial notification to the victim, the office of the Attorney General shall:
	(i) Notify the victim or designated family member of all subsequent dates pertinent to the appeal, including hearings, postponements, and the decisions of the appellate courts; and

(ii) Send an information copy of the victim's notification to the State's
 Attorney's office.
 (d) A notice sent under this section shall contain, at a minimum:
 (1) The date and time of the subsequent proceeding;
 (2) The location of the subsequent proceeding; and
 (3) A brief description of the subsequent proceeding.
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 10, § 40A of the Code.
 % The only changes are in style.

9 785. PROCEEDINGS AT PATUXENT INSTITUTION -- NOTICE AND COMMENT.

10 (A) WORK RELEASE AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

BEFORE THE BOARD OF REVIEW FOR PATUXENT INSTITUTION GRANTS TO AN
 ELIGIBLE PERSON WORK RELEASE OR LEAVE OF ABSENCE FROM PATUXENT
 INSTITUTION, THE BOARD MUST GIVE THE VICTIM NOTICE AND THE OPPORTUNITY
 FOR COMMENT AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 31B, § 10(B) OF THE CODE.

15 (B) RELEASE.

16 (1) BEFORE THE BOARD OF REVIEW FOR PATUXENT INSTITUTION
17 DECIDES WHETHER TO GRANT PAROLE TO AN ELIGIBLE PERSON, THE BOARD MUST
18 GIVE THE VICTIM NOTICE AND THE OPPORTUNITY FOR COMMENT AS PROVIDED
19 UNDER ARTICLE 31B, § 11(C) OF THE CODE.

20 (2) IF THE BOARD OF REVIEW FOR PATUXENT INSTITUTION PETITIONS
21 A COURT TO SUSPEND OR VACATE THE SENTENCE OF A PERSON WHO HAS
22 SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED 3 YEARS ON PAROLE WITHOUT VIOLATION AND WHOM
23 THE BOARD CONCLUDES IS SAFE TO BE PERMANENTLY RELEASED, THE BOARD
24 MUST NOTIFY THE VICTIM AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 31B, § 11(E) OF THE CODE.

- DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides cross-references to Art. 31B,
 §§ 10(b) and 11(c) and (e) of the Code for informational purposes.
- 27 No change in the law is intended.
- 28 As to the definitions of "Board of Review", "eligible person", and "victim",
- 29 <u>see</u> Art. 31B, § 1 of the Code.

30 786. PROCEEDINGS OF MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION -- NOTICE AND COMMENT.

31 (A) SCOPE OF SECTION.

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO A VICTIM WHO HAS MADE A WRITTEN REQUEST TOTHE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION FOR NOTIFICATION.

34 (B) PAROLE RELEASE HEARING.

(1) IF A PAROLE RELEASE HEARING IS SCHEDULED FOR A PERSON WHOHAS BEEN CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION FOR A

1 VIOLENT CRIME, THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION MUST GIVE THE VICTIM 2 NOTICE AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-504(D) OF THE CODE.

3 (2) AT A PAROLE RELEASE HEARING, A VICTIM HAS THE RIGHTS4 PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-507(C) AND (D) OF THE CODE.

5 (C) REVOCATION OF PAROLE.

IF A PERSON WHO WAS CONVICTED OF A VIOLENT CRIME IS FOUND GUILTY OF
VIOLATING A CONDITION OF PAROLE, THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION SHALL
NOTIFY THE VICTIM AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-511(F) OF THE CODE.

9 (D) COMMUTATION, PARDON, OR REMISSION OF SENTENCE.

(1) IF A PERSON WHO IS SENTENCED TO THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION
 IS BEING CONSIDERED FOR A COMMUTATION, PARDON, OR REMISSION OF
 SENTENCE, THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION SHALL NOTIFY THE VICTIM AS
 PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-511A(B)(1), (4), (5), AND (6) OF THE CODE.

(2) IN ADDITION TO THE RIGHT OF NOTIFICATION REFERRED TO IN
PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF THE PERSON DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1)
OF THIS SUBSECTION WAS CONVICTED OF A VIOLENT CRIME, A VICTIM HAS THE
RIGHTS REGARDING SUBMISSION AND CONSIDERATION OF A VICTIM IMPACT
STATEMENT PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 41, § 4-511A(B)(2) AND (3) OF THE CODE.

19 (E) VIOLATION OF MANDATORY SUPERVISION.

IF A PERSON WHO WAS CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE IS FOUND
GUILTY OF VIOLATING A CONDITION OF MANDATORY SUPERVISION, THE
MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION SHALL NOTIFY THE VICTIM AS PROVIDED UNDER
ARTICLE 41, § 4-612(I) OF THE CODE.

24	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides cross-references to Art. 41, §§
25	4-501, 4-504(d), 4-507(c) and (d), 4-511(f), 4-511A(b), and 4-612(i) of the
26	Code for informational purposes.
27	No change in the law is intended. As to the definitions of "commutation",
28	"mandatory supervision", "pardon", "parole", and "violent crime", see Art. 41
29	§ 4-501 of the Code. As to the definition of "victim", see Art.41, §§
30	4-504(d)(1), and 4-511A(a) of the Code. As to the definition of "crime of
31	violence", see § 643B of this article.

32 787. NOTIFICATION OF VICTIM CONCERNING COMMITTED INDIVIDUALS.

IF A PERSON HAS BEEN COMMITTED UNDER § 12-111 OF THE HEALTH GENERAL ARTICLE FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE, AND A VICTIM OF THE CRIME HAS
MADE A WRITTEN REQUEST TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL
HYGIENE FOR NOTIFICATION, THE VICTIM HAS THE RIGHTS PROVIDED UNDER §
12-122 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE.

- 38 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides cross-references to HG§
- 39 12-122 for informational purposes.
- 40 No change in the law is intended.

As to the definition of "crime of violence", see § 643B of thisarticle.

2	799	RESERVED.
4	700.	RESERVED.

3 789. RESERVED.

4 SEXUAL OFFENSES

5 [465 1/2.] 790. TRANSPORTATION OF ALLEGED RAPE VICTIM TO APPROVED 6 FACILITY.

7 Every police officer, sheriff, or deputy sheriff who receives a report of an alleged 8 rape or sexual offense in any degree, shall [offer] OFFER, without regard for the place of 9 alleged rape or sexual offense or where it is reported, the alleged victim the opportunity 10 to be taken immediately to the nearest facility designated by the Department of Health 11 and Mental Hygiene in cooperation with the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of the State 12 of Maryland and the State's Attorney in the subdivision where the rape or sexual offense 13 in any degree occurred.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 465 1/2 of theCode.
% The only changes are in style.

16 791. ADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE IN RAPE CASES.

EVIDENCE RELATING TO A VICTIM'S CHASTITY OR PRIOR SEXUAL CONDUCT
 MAY BE ADMITTED IN A PROSECUTION FOR RAPE OR SEXUAL OFFENSE IN THE
 FIRST OR SECOND DEGREE ONLY IN THE MANNER PROVIDED UNDER § 461A OF THIS
 ARTICLE.

- 21 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to Art. 27, §
- 22 461A of the Code for informational purposes.
- 23 No change in the law is intended.

24 [692B.] 792. CHILD SEXUAL OFFENDERS - RELEASE OR ESCAPE FROM 25 CONFINEMENT.

26 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

27 (2) "Child sexual offender" means a person who:

28 (i) Has been convicted of violating § 35C of this article for an offense29 involving sexual abuse;

30 (ii) Has been convicted of violating any of the provisions f §§ 462
31 through 464B of this article for an offense involving an individual under the age of 15

32 years;

(iii) Has been granted probation before judgement after being found
guilty of any of the offenses listed in items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph and has been
ordered by the court, as a condition of probation, to comply with the requirements of this
section;

 (iv) Has been convicted of, or granted probation before judgement after being found guilty of, violating § 464C of this article and has been ordered by the court, as a part of a sentence or condition of probation, to comply with the requirements of this section;
5 (v) Has been found not criminally responsible for any of the offenses 6 listed in items (i) and (ii) of this section; or
 7 (vi) Has been convicted in another state of an offense that, if 8 committed in this State, would constitute one of the offenses listed initems (i) and (ii) of 9 this paragraph.
 (3) "Local law enforcement agency" means the law enforcement agency in a county that has been designated by resolution of the county governing body as the primary law enforcement unit in the county.
13 (4) (i) "Release" means any type of release from the custody ofa14 supervising authority.
 (ii) "Release" includes release on parole, mandatory supervision, work release, and any type of temporary leave other than leave that is granted on an emergency basis.
18 (iii) "Release" does not include an escape.
19 (5) "Supervising authority" means:
 (i) If the child sexual offender is in the custody of a facility operated by the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services, the Secretary of Public Safety and Correctional Services;
 (ii) If the child sexual offender is in the custody of a local or regional detention center, including an offender who is participating in a home detention program, the administrator of the facility;
 26 (iii) If the child sexual offender is granted probation before judgment, 27 probation after judgment, or a suspended sentence, the court that granted the probation 28 or suspended sentence;
29 (iv) If the child sexual offender is in the custody of thePatuxent30 Institution, the Director of the Patuxent Institution;
 (v) If the child sexual offender is in the custody of a facility operated by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Secretary of Healthand Mental Hygiene; or
34 (vi) If the child sexual offender's sentence does not include a term of35 imprisonment, the court in which the offender was convicted.
 (b) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, on the earlier of the date that the child sexual offender is released, is granted probation beforejudgment, is granted probation after judgment, is granted a suspended sentence, or receives a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment the supervising authority shall send written

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1	notice of the release of the child sexual offender to the local law enforcement agency in the county where the offender will reside.
3 4	(2) A written notice required under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall include:
5	(i) The full name of the child sexual offender;
6	(ii) The child sexual offender's address, if available;
7	(iii) The child sexual offender's Social Security number;
8	(iv) A recent photograph of the child sexual offender; and
9 10	(v) A brief description of the crime for which the child sexual offender was convicted, granted probation before judgment, or found not criminally responsible.
	(3) The same notice as required under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be sent to the following persons if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific child sexual offender:
14 15	(i) The victim of the crime for which the child sexual offender was convicted or, if the victim is a minor, the parents or legal guardian of the victim;
16 17	(ii) Any witness who testified against the child sexual offender in any court proceedings involving the offense; and
18	(iii) Any person specified in writing by the State's Attorney.
	(4) Information regarding any person who receives notice under paragraph(3) of this subsection is confidential and may not be disclosed to the child sexual offender or any other person, agency, or entity.
	(5) If a child sexual offender escapes from a facility, the supervising authority of the facility shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available:
	(i) The local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the offender resided before the offender was committed to the custody of the supervising authority; and
28 29	(ii) Any person who is entitled to receive notice under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
	(6) If the offender is recaptured, the supervising authority shall send notice, as soon as possible and in no event later than 2 working days after thesupervising authority learns of the recapture, to:
	(i) The local law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the offender resided before the offender was committed to the custody of the supervising authority; and
36	(ii) Any person who is entitled to receive notice under paragraph (3)

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37 of this subsection.

1	(7) A supervising authority shall send any notice required under paragraph
2	(3), (5)(ii), and (6)(ii) of this subsection to the last address provided to the supervising
3	authority for a person who is entitled to notice under paragraph (3) of this subsection.

4 (8) If a child sexual offender will reside after release in a municipal 5 corporation that has a police department, or, in the case where a childsexual offender 6 escapes from a facility and the offender resided, before the offender was committed to 7 the custody of a supervising authority, in a municipal corporation thathas a police 8 department, a local law enforcement agency that receives a notice from a supervising 9 authority under this subsection shall send a copy of the notice to the police department of 10 the municipal corporation.

11 (c) (1) In this subsection, "resident" means a person who lives in this State at 12 the time the person:

13	(i) Is released;
14	(ii) Is granted probation before judgment;
15	(iii) Is granted probation after judgment;
16	(iv) Is granted a suspended sentence; or
17	(v) Receives a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment.
18 (2) A 19 agency:	child sexual offender shall register with the local law enforcement
20	(i) If the child sexual offender is a resident, within 7 days after:
21	1. Being released;
22	2. Being granted probation before judgment;
23	3. Being granted probation after judgment;
24	4. Being granted a suspended sentence; or
2526 imprisonment; or	5. Receiving a sentence that does not include a term of
2728 earlier of:	(ii) If the child sexual offender is not a resident, within 7 days after the
29 30 State; or	1. Establishing a temporary or permanent residence inthis
31	2. Applying for a driver's license in this State.
33 event later than 5 wor	et to paragraph (3) of this subsection, as soon as possible and in no king days after receiving a registration statement, a local law hall send written notice of the registration statement to the county

35 superintendent, as defined in § 1-101 of the Education Article, in the county where the

36 child sexual offender will reside.

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 (2) As soon as possible and in no event later than 5 working days after receiving notice from the local law enforcement agency under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a county superintendent shall send written notice of the registration statement to the principals of the schools within the supervision of the superintendent. 	
5 (3) In addition to the notice required under paragraph (1) of this 6 subsection, a local law enforcement agency may provide notice of a registration statement 7 to the following organizations if the agency determines that such notice is necessary to 8 protect the public interest:	
9 (i) A community organization;	
10 (ii) A religious organization; and	
11 (iii) Any other organization that relates to children or youth.	
 (4) A local law enforcement agency shall establish procedures for carrying out the notification requirements of paragraph (3) of this subsection, including the circumstances under and manner in which notification shall be provided. 	
 (5) An elected public official, public employee, or public agency is immune from civil liability for damages arising out of any action relating to the provisions of this subsection, unless it is shown that the official, employee, or agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. 	
 (e) On the earlier of the date that the child sexual offender is released, is granted probation before judgment, is granted probation after judgment, is granted a suspended sentence, or receives a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment, the supervising authority shall: 	
(1) Give written notice to a child sexual offender of the registrationrequirements of this section; and	
(2) Obtain a statement signed by the child sexual offender acknowledging(2) Obtain a statement signed by the child sexual offender acknowledging	
 (f) If the supervising authority accepts supervision of and has legal authority over a child sexual offender from another state under the terms and conditions of the interstate compact agreement established under Article 41, § 4-801 or §§ 4-1201 through 4-1211 of the Code, the supervising authority shall: 	
(1) Give the child sexual offender written notice of the registrationrequirements of this section; and	
(2) Obtain a statement signed by the child sexual offender acknowledgingthe receipt of the written notice.	
(g) (1) Registration shall consist of a statement signed by a child sexualoffender which shall include:	
37 (i) The child sexual offender's name, address, and place of 38 employment:	

38 employment;

1 2 c	(ii) A description of the crime for which the child sexualoffender was onvicted, granted probation before judgment, or found not criminally responsible;
3 4 p	(iii) The date that the child sexual offender was convicted, granted robation before judgment, or found not criminally responsible;
5 6 g	(iv) The jurisdiction in which the child sexual offender was convicted, granted probation before judgment, or found not criminally responsible;
7 8 o	(v) A list of any aliases that have been used by the childsexual ffender; and
9	(vi) The child sexual offender's Social Security number.
	(2) The local law enforcement agency shall obtain a photograph and fingerprints of the child sexual offender and include copies of the photograph and fingerprints in the registration statement.
	(3) (i) As soon as possible and in no event later than 3 working days after registration is completed, the local law enforcement agency shall send a copy of the registration statement to the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services.
16 17 1	(ii) The Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services shall maintain a central registry of child sexual offenders.
	(iii) The Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services shall reimburse the local law enforcement agencies for the cost of processingthe registration statements of child sexual offenders, including the taking of fingerprints and photographs.
	(4) (i) Subject to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, upon written request to a local law enforcement agency, the agency shall send a copyof a registration statement to the person who submitted the request.
24 25 s	(ii) A request for a copy of a registration statement under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall contain:
26 27 a	1. The name and address of the person submitting the request; and
28	2. The reason for requesting the information.
29 30 1	(iii) A local law enforcement agency shall keep records of all written requests received under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
33 s	(5) An elected public official, public employee, or public agency is immune from civil liability for damages arising out of any action relating to the provisions of this subsection, unless it is shown that the official, employee, or agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.
	(h) (1) If a child sexual offender changes residences, the offender shall send written notice of the change within 7 days after the change occurs to the local law

written notice of the change within 7 days after the change ofenforcement agency with whom the offender last registered.

1 (2) As soon as possible and in no event later than 3 working days after 2 receipt of the notice, the local law enforcement agency shall give notice of the change to 3 the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services, and if the new residence is in 4 a different jurisdiction, to the local law enforcement agency in whose jurisdiction the new 5 residence is located.

6 (i) A child sexual offender shall register with a local law enforcement agency7 annually for 10 years after:

8 (1) The last date of release;

9 (2) The offender is granted probation before judgment, probation after 10 judgment, or a suspended sentence; or

11 (3) Receives a sentence that does not include a term of imprisonment.

(j) If a child sexual offender will reside after release in a municipal corporation that has a police department, or, in the case where a child sexual offender escapes from a facility and the offender resided, before the offender was committed to the custody of a supervising authority, in a municipal corporation that has a police department, a local law enforcement agency with which a child sexual offender registers or sends a change in registration under this section shall send a copy of the registration statement or change in registration to the police department of the municipal corporation.

19 (k) A child sexual offender who knowingly fails to register as required by this 20 section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment in the 21 penitentiary for not more than 3 years or a fine of not more than \$5,000 or both.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 692B of the Code.
% There are no changes.

24 793. RAPE CRISIS PROGRAMS.

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(a) (1) The General Assembly finds and declares that an increasing number of
rape and sexual offense victims in Maryland do not have access to necessary counseling
and follow-up services. The General Assembly further finds that severalareas of the
State have extremely limited support services to assist an alleged victim of rape and other
sexual offenses.

30 (2) The intention of this section is to provide for rape crisisprograms which 31 will serve to address the special needs of a rape victim.

32 (b) (1) The Department of Human Resources shall assist in the establishment33 of rape crisis programs in this State.

34 (2) The programs shall be developed and located in areas of theState to35 facilitate the use of the program by alleged victims residing in the surrounding area.

36 (3) The programs shall provide specialized support services to the alleged37 victims, both adults and children, of rape and sexual offenses.

(4) The programs shall include a hotline and counseling service.

 (c) The Department of Human Resources may enter into a contract withpublic or private nonprofit organizations to operate the programs.
3 (d) Funds for the programs shall be as provided in the annual State budget and 4 shall be used to supplement, but not supplant, funds that the programs receive from other 5 sources.
6 (e) The annual report of the Secretary to the General Assembly shallinclude a 7 report on the rape crisis program.
 BRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 88A, § 130 of the Code. % There are no changes.
10 794. INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION SEXUAL ASSAULT POLICIES.
11EACH INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION SHALL ADOPT A WRITTEN POLICY12ON SEXUAL ASSAULT AS REQUIRED UNDER § 11-701 OF THE EDUCATION ARTICLE.
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to ED § 11-701 for informational purposes.
 No change in the law is intended. As to the definition of "institution of higher education", see ED § 10-101.
17 795. HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ABUSE.
 APPLICABLE HEALTH CARE SERVICES SHALL BE GIVEN TO A VICTIM OF SEXUAL ABUSE IN THE MANNER PROVIDED UNDER § 15-127 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE.
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to HG § 15-127.
 No change in the law is intended. As to the definition of "sexual abuse", see HG § 15-127.
25 796. RESERVED.
26 797. RESERVED.
27 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
28 [11F.] 798. DUTIES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS DOMESTIC ABUSE.
29 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
30 (2) "Abuse" has the meaning stated in § 4-501 of the Family LawArticle.
 31 (3) "Victim" includes a "person eligible for relief" as described in § 4-501 of 32 the Family Law Article.

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(2) A local law enforcement officer responding to the request for assistance 5 shall: (i) Protect the complainant from harm when responding to the 7 request; and 8 (ii) Accompany the complainant to the family home so that the 9 complainant may remove: 10 1. The personal clothing of the complainant and of any child in 11 the care of the complainant; and 12 2. The personal effects of the complainant and of anychild in 13 the care of the complainant that are required for the immediate needs of the complainant 14 or the child. 15 (c) Any law enforcement officer responding to such a request shall have the 16 immunity from liability described under § 5-326 of the Courts [and Judicial Proceedings] 17 Article. 18 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 11F of the Code. 19 %The only changes are in style. 20 [771.] 799. SAME -- NOTICE OF VICTIM'S RIGHTS WHEN RESPONDING TO DOMESTIC 21 ABUSE. 22 (a) When a law enforcement officer responds to a request for assistance under [§ 23 11F] § 798 of this [article] SUBHEADING, the officer shall give the victim a copy of a 24 written notice that: 25 (1) States that the victim may: 26 (i) Request that a District Court commissioner file a criminal 27 charging document against the alleged abuser; 28 (ii) If the commissioner declines to charge the alleged abuser, request 29 that the State's Attorney file a criminal charging document against thealleged abuser; 30 and 31 (iii) File a petition for relief from abuse in the District Court or circuit 32 court under Title 4, Subtitle 5 of the Family Law Article; and 33 (2) Includes the telephone number of any local domestic violence program 34 that receives funding from the Department of Human Resources.

(b) (1) Any person who alleges to have been a victim of abuse and who believes

2 there is a danger of serious and immediate injury to himself or herselfmay request the

3 assistance of a local law enforcement agency.

(b) A law enforcement officer may not be held liable in any civil action arising 35 36 from the officer's failure to provide the notice required under subsection (a) of this 37 section.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 771 of the Code. 38

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1	The only changes are in style.
2	[772.] 800. SAME REPORT OF DOMESTIC ABUSE TO STATE POLICE AND VICTIM.
3	When a law enforcement officer responds to a request for assistance under [§ 11F
4	of this article] § 798 OF THIS SUBHEADING and an incident report is filed, the law
	enforcement agency shall provide a copy of the report to the Departmentof State Police
	and, on request, to the victim without a subpoena.
7	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 772 of the Code.
8	% The only changes are in style.
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9	801. CIVIL PROTECTIVE ORDERS.
10	
	PROTECTIVE ORDERS AND OTHER REMEDIES PROVIDED UNDER §§ 4-501 THROUGH
12	4-507 OF THE FAMILY LAW ARTICLE.
13	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to FL §§
14	4-501 through 4-507 for informational purposes.
15	No change in the law is intended.
16	As to the definitions of "abuse", "court", and "victim", see FL§ 4-501.
17	802. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM.
18	THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES SHALL ESTABLISH AND
	ADMINISTER A DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC
	VIOLENCE AS PROVIDED UNDER §§ 4-513 THROUGH 4-516 OF THE FAMILY LAW
	ARTICLE.
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25	As to the definition of "victim of domestic violence", see FL §4-513.
26	803. PILOT DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTOCOL PROGRAM.
27	THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE SHALL DEVELOP,
28	IMPLEMENT, AND ADMINISTER A PILOT DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTOCOL PROGRAM,
29	AS PROVIDED UNDER §§ 19-1701 THROUGH 19-1705 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL
30	ARTICLE.
31	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to HG §§
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- 34 For the termination date of these provisions on October 1, 1998, see HG §
- 35 19-1705.

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1 804. RESERVED.

2 805. RESERVED.

RESTITUTION

4 [637.] 806. EXECUTION AGAINST CONVICT'S PROPERTY.

5 (A) In all cases where restitution or reparation is adjudged to be made to the party 6 injured and immediate restitution or reparation is not fully made, the court before whom 7 the offender is convicted shall either issue execution against the property of the convicted 8 person in the name of the person injured for the value of the property taken, or so much 9 [thereof] OF THE PROPERTY as is not restored, the value to be estimated by the court, 10 or order restitution in an amount not to exceed 20 percent of any earnings less other 11 deductions required by law to be paid out of any funds earned by the defendant under a 12 "work release" plan.

13 (B) The provisions of this section may not deprive the party injured from having 14 and maintaining a civil action against the offender, either before or after conviction, or 15 against any other person, for the recovery of the money received or property taken, or the 16 value [thereof] OF THE PROPERTY.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 637 of the Code. % The only changes are in style.

19 [640.] 807. RESTITUTION FOR CRIMES.

20 (a) (1) In this [subtitle] SECTION, the following words have the meanings 21 indicated, unless the context of their use indicates otherwise.

(2) "Abandoned vehicle" has the same meaning as stated in § 25-201 of the23 Transportation Article.

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(3) "Child" means a person under the age of 18 years.

(4) "Court" means the Court of Appeals, Court of Special Appeals, circuit
 court, and District Court of Maryland, or any of them, unless the context clearly requires
 a contrary meaning.

(5) "Crime" means an act committed by any person in the State [of Maryland] which would constitute a crime as defined in this article or at common law, or a violation under § 25-202 of the Transportation Article. However, an act involving the operation of a motor vehicle which results in injury does not constitute a crime for the purpose of this [article] SECTION unless the injuries were intentionally inflicted through the use of a vehicle.

(6) "Defendant" means any person who has been found guilty of acrime orany person whose plea of nolo contendere to a crime has been accepted by the court.

- 36 (7) "Division" means Division of Parole and Probation.
- 37 (8) "Judge" means a judge of a court.

(ii) The Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Criminal 2 Injuries Compensation Board, or any other governmental entity; or (iii) A third-party payor, including an insurer, which hasmade payment to the victim to compensate the victim for a property loss or pecuniary loss under 5 this subsection. (5) If the victim has been fully compensated for the victim's loss by a 7 third-party payor, the court may issue an order of restitution directing the defendant to 8 pay restitution to the third-party payor. Otherwise, payment of restitution to the victim 9 has priority over payment of restitution to the third-party payor. 10 (6) Payment of restitution to the victim under this subsection has priority 11 over payment of restitution to the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or other 12 governmental entity. 13 (7) If restitution is requested under this subsection and the court does not 14 order restitution, the court shall state, on the record, the court's reasons for not ordering 15 restitution. 16 (c) When an order of restitution has been entered [pursuant to] UNDER 17 subsection (b) of this section: (1) Compliance with the order: 18 19 (i) May be made as a sentence; and 20 (ii) Shall be a condition of probation, in addition to a sentence, if 21 probation is ordered; and 22 (2) Subject to federal law, the Department of Public Safety and Correctional 23 Services shall obtain the Social Security number of the defendant to facilitate the 24 collection of restitution. 25 (d) (1) Restitution shall be made by the defendant to the Division of Parole and 26 Probation under the terms and conditions of the order of restitution. 27 (2) The Division shall keep records of any payments or return of property in 28 satisfaction of the order of restitution. 29 (3) The Division shall forward any property or payments in accordance with 30 the court's order of restitution and the provisions of this section to: 31 (i) The victim; 32 (ii) The Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or other 33 governmental entity; or 34 (iii) The third-party payor.

35 (4) The Division may assess additional fees not to exceed 2 percent of the 36 amount of the order of restitution to pay for administrative costs of collecting payments 37 or property. These fees shall be paid by the defendant.

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1 (e) (1) When a defendant fails to make restitution as ordered, the Division shall 2 notify the court.

3 (2) The court may hold a hearing to determine if the defendant is in 4 contempt of court or has violated the terms of the probation [or parole].

5 (3) If the court finds that the defendant intentionally became impoverished 6 to avoid payment of the restitution, the court may find the defendant in violation of 7 probation [or parole].

8 (f) An order of restitution may not preclude the owner of the property or the 9 victim who suffered personal physical or mental injury or out-of-pocketloss of earnings 10 or support from proceeding in a civil action to recover damages from the defendant. A 11 civil verdict shall be reduced by the amount paid under the criminal restitution order.

12 (g) If an order of restitution requiring the payment of money is recorded and 13 indexed in the civil judgment index under subsection (h) or subsection (i) of this section:

14 (1) The order of restitution shall constitute a money judgment in favor of 15 the individual, governmental entity, or third-party payor to whom the defendant has been 16 ordered to pay restitution;

(2) The order of restitution may be enforced by the individual,
governmental entity, or third-party payor to whom the defendant has been ordered to pay
restitution in the same manner as a money judgment in a civil action; and

(3) Except as otherwise expressly provided by this section, an individual,
governmental entity, or third-party payor to whom a defendant has been ordered to pay
restitution shall have all the rights and obligations of a money judgment creditor under
the Maryland Rules, including the obligation to file a statement that the judgment has
been satisfied under Rule 2-626 or Rule 3-626 on receiving all amounts due under the
judgment.

(h) (1) An order of restitution that is issued by a circuit court under this section
shall be recorded and indexed in the civil judgment index by the clerk of the circuit court
as a money judgment as prescribed by the Maryland Rules.

29 (2) An order of restitution that is recorded and indexed in thecivil30 judgment index as a money judgment under paragraph (1) of this subsection:

(i) In the county of entry of the judgment, shall constitute a lien from
the date of entry in the amount of the judgment on the defendant's interest in land
located in the county of the entry of the judgment; but

(ii) In a county other than the county of entry of the judgment, shall
constitute a lien from the date of recording in the amount of the judgment on the
defendant's interest in land located in that county.

(i) (1) An order of restitution that is issued by the District Courtunder this
section may not be recorded and indexed as a money judgment in the District Court until
the individual, governmental entity, or third-party payor to whom the defendant has been
ordered to pay restitution files a written statement with the clerk of the District Court
that requests the order of restitution be recorded and indexed as a money judgment.

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1 (2) If an order of restitution issued by the District Court is recorded and 2 indexed as a money judgment as permitted under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 3 clerk of the District Court shall:

4 (i) Immediately forward a notice of lien of judgment to the circuit 5 court of that county; and

6 (ii) On the receipt of the written statement from the individual,
7 governmental entity, or third-party payor to whom a defendant has been ordered to pay
8 restitution, forward a notice of lien of judgment to the circuit court of any other county as
9 prescribed by the Maryland Rules.

(3) When the clerk of the District Court forwards a notice of lien under
paragraph (2) of this subsection to a circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court shall
record and index the notice of lien as prescribed by the Maryland Rules.

(4) An order of restitution that is issued by the District Court and is
recorded and indexed as a money judgment as permitted by paragraph (1) of this
subsection shall constitute a lien in the amount of the judgment of thedefendant's
interest in land in a county from the date that a notice of lien is recorded and indexed in
the circuit court of that county.

18 (5) If the District Court issues an order of restitution under this section, the 19 clerk of the District Court shall forward a written notice to the individual, governmental 20 entity, or third-party payor to whom a defendant has been ordered to pay restitution that 21 states:

(i) The order of restitution does not constitute a money judgmentuntil it is recorded and indexed in the civil judgment records in the District Court;

(ii) The order of restitution shall be recorded and indexed as a money
judgment in the District Court and a notice of lien shall be forwarded to the circuit court
of that county by the clerk of the District Court on the receipt of a written statement from
the individual, governmental entity, or third-party payor that requests the order of
restitution be recorded and indexed as a money judgment;

(iii) A notice of lien shall be forwarded by the clerk of the District
Court to any other circuit court on the receipt of a written statement from the individual,
governmental entity, or third-party payor that requests the notice of lien be forwarded to
a specific circuit court; and

(iv) There shall be no fee for recording and indexing the order of
 restitution as a money judgment in the District Court or for recording and indexing a
 notice of lien in the circuit court of that county.

(j) A court may not assess any costs on an individual, governmental entity, orthird-party payor to whom a defendant has been ordered to pay restitution:

(1) For recording and indexing an order of restitution as a money judgmentin the court in which the order of restitution was issued; or

40 (2) For recording and indexing a notice of lien forwarded by the District 41 Court to a circuit court.

(k) (1) Subject to the Maryland Rules, unless complete restitution is paid by a
 defendant, termination of an order of restitution or probation by a court does not affect
 a money judgment that has been recorded and indexed under this section.

4 (2) If a District Court decides to terminate an order of restitution that has 5 not been recorded and indexed as a money judgment under subsection (i) of this section 6 or to terminate a probation before an order of restitution has been recorded and indexed 7 as a money judgment under subsection (i) of this section, the court shall direct the clerk 8 of the court to:

9 (i) Record and index the order of restitution as a money judgment 10 and forward a notice of lien to the circuit court of that county prior to terminating the 11 order of restitution and probation; and

(ii) Forward a written notice to the individual, governmental entity, or
third-party payor to whom the defendant was ordered to pay restitution which states that
the order of restitution has been recorded and indexed as a money judgment in the
District Court and that a notice of lien has been forwarded to the circuit court of that
county.

(1) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section and except as
provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a victim or other person may not execute on
a judgment recorded and indexed under this section if the defendant files a motion under
the Maryland Rules to stay execution of sentence or the order of restitution and
challenges the conviction, sentence, or order of restitution by:

22 (i) Filing an appeal in a State court or in federal court;

23 (ii) Applying for leave to appeal following a plea of guilty in a circuit24 court;

(iii) Filing a motion for exercise of revisory power by the sentencingcourt under the Maryland Rules;

27 (iv) Filing an application for review of criminal sentenceunder §§28 645JA through 645JG of this article; or

(v) Filing a notice for in banc review under the Maryland Rules.

30 (2) If a defendant files an action described in paragraph (1) of this 31 subsection, an individual, governmental entity, or third-party payor may not execute on a 32 judgment recorded and indexed under this section until a court issues afinal judgment

33 upholding the conviction, sentence, or order of restitution.

(3) An individual, governmental entity, or third-party payor may not
execute on a judgment recorded and indexed under this section until thetime period has
expired in which a defendant may file any of the actions listed under items (1)(i) through
(v) of this subsection.

(m) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the defendantis a child
who has been charged as an adult, the court may order the child, the child's parent, or
both to pay restitution to a victim.

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1 (2) As an absolute limit against any one child, the child's parent, or both, an 2 order of restitution issued under this section may not exceed \$10,000 for all acts arising 3 out of a single incident.

4 (3) A court may not issue an order of restitution against a parent under this 5 section unless the parent has been afforded a reasonable opportunity tobe heard and to 6 present appropriate evidence on the parent's behalf. A hearing under this section may be 7 held as part of the criminal proceeding against the child.

8 (n) The State's Attorney should, if practicable, notify any eligible victim of the 9 right to request restitution and provide assistance in the preparation of the request and 10 advice as to the steps that a victim may take to collect any restitution that is awarded.

11	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 640 of the Code.
12	% In subsection (a)(1) and (5) of this section, the reference to "section" is
13	substituted for the former, overly broad references to "subtitle" and "article"
14	for clarity.
15	In subsection (e)(2) and (3) of this section, the references toparole are
16	deleted because absent statutory authority, a court may not make decisions
17	concerning parole, which is a function of the executive branch. See State v.
18	Parker, 334 Md. 576, 640 A.2d. 1104 (1994) and Patuxent Board of Review v.
19	Hancock, 329 Md. 445, 620 A.2d 917 (1993).
20	The only other changes are in style.

21 808. LIABILITY FOR ACTS OF CHILD.

22	(a) (1) The JUVENILE court may enter a judgment of restitution against the
23	parent of a child, the child, or both in any case in which the court finds a child has
	committed a delinquent act and during or as a result of the commission of that delinquent
	act has:
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26	(i) Stolen, damaged, destroyed, converted, unlawfully obtained, or
27	substantially decreased the value of the property of another; or
28	(ii) Inflicted personal injury on another, requiring the injured person
29	to incur medical, dental, hospital, funeral, or burial expenses; or
30	(iii) Caused the victim of the delinquent act to incur reasonable
31	counseling expenses from a licensed health care provider, if the delinquent act involved:
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32	1. Personal injury;
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33	2. Child abuse under [Article 27, § 35A of the Code] § 35C OF
	THIS ARTICLE;
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35	3. Abuse or neglect of vulnerable persons under [Article 27, §
	35B of the Code] § 35D OF THIS ARTICLE;
50	sob of the codel 5 sob of This furtheld,
37	4. Incest, rape, or sexual offense in any degree;
51	4. meest, rape, or sexual oriense in any degree,

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1 2	5. Sodomy under [Article 27, § 553 of the Code] § 553OF THIS ARTICLE; or
3 4	6. Unnatural or perverted sexual practices under [Article 27, § 554 of the Code] § 554 OF THIS ARTICLE.
5 6	(2) The JUVENILE court may order the parent of a child, a child, or both to make restitution to:
7	(i) The victim;
8 9	(ii) Any governmental entity, including the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board; or
	(iii) A third party payor, including an insurer, that has made payment to the victim to compensate the victim for a property loss under paragraph (1)(i) of this subsection or pecuniary loss under paragraph (1)(ii) of this subsection.
13 14	(3) (i) Restitution payments to the victim have priority over restitution payments to a third party payor.
	(ii) If the victim has been compensated for the victim's loss by a third party payor, the JUVENILE court may order restitution payments to the third party payor in the amount that the third party payor compensated the victim.
18 19	(4) Payment of restitution to a victim under this section has priority over payment of restitution to any governmental entity.
20 21	(b) Considering the age and circumstances of a child, the JUVENILE court may order the child to make restitution to the wronged person personally.
22	(c) (1) A judgment rendered under this section may not exceed:
23 24	(i) As to property stolen, destroyed, converted, or unlawfully obtained, the lesser of the fair market value of the property or \$10,000;
	(ii) As to property damaged, or substantially decreased invalue, the lesser of the amount of damage or the decrease in value of the propertynot to exceed the fair market value of the property or \$10,000; and
	(iii) As to personal injuries inflicted, the lesser of theactual medical, dental, hospital, funeral, and burial expenses incurred by the injured person as a result of the injury or \$10,000.
	(2) As an absolute limit against any one child, his parents, orboth, a judgment rendered under this section may not exceed \$10,000 for all acts arising out of a single incident.
	(d) A restitution hearing to determine the liability of a parent, a child, or both, shall be held not later than 30 days after the disposition hearing and may be extended by the JUVENILE court for good cause.

37 (e) A judgment of restitution against a parent may not be entered unless the38 parent has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard and to present

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1 appropriate evidence in [his] THE PARENT'S behalf. A hearing under thissection may be 2 held as part of an adjudicatory or disposition hearing for the child.

3 (f) The judgment may be enforced in the same manner as enforcing monetary 4 judgments.

5 (g) The Department of Juvenile Justice is responsible for the collection of 6 restitution payments when the restitution order provides that restitution is to be made in 7 periodic or installment payments, as part of probation, or pursuant to a work plan.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from CJ § 3-829.
% In subsections (a)(1), (2), (3)(iii), (b), and (d) of this section, the word
"juvenile" is added before the word "court" to clarify that this section applies
only to proceedings in the juvenile court.
In subsection (a)(1)(iii)2. and 3. of this section, the references to "§ 35C of
this article" and "§ 35D of this article" are substituted for the former obsolete
references to "Article 27, § 35A of the Code" and "Article 27, § 35B of the
Code" respectively.
The only other changes are in style.
As to the definitions of "adjudicatory hearing", "child", "court", "delinquent
act", "disposition hearing", and "victim", see CJ § 3-801.

19 809. EVIDENCE OF EXPENSES AT HEARING.

20 (a) In a restitution hearing held under [§ 3-829 of this article or Article 27, § 640

21 of the Code] § 807 OR § 808 OF THIS SUBHEADING, a written statement or bill for

22 medical, dental, hospital, funeral, or burial expenses shall be prima facie evidence that

23 the amount indicated on the written statement or bill represents a fairand reasonable

24 charge for the services or materials provided.

(b) The burden of proving that the amount indicated on the written statement or
bill is not fair and reasonable shall be on the person challenging the fairness and
reasonableness of the amount.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from CJ § 10-917.
% The only changes are in style.

30 [640A.] 810. DELINQUENT RESTITUTION.

(a) In addition to taking any action authorized under [§ 640 of thisarticle] § 807
OF THIS SUBHEADING, the Division of Parole and Probation may refer a delinquent
restitution account to the Central Collection Unit in the Department of Budget and
Fiscal Planning for collection.

35 (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, theCentral36 Collection Unit may:

37 (1) Collect any delinquent restitution in accordance with Title3, Subtitle 338 of the State Finance and Procurement Article; and

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1 2 a	(2) Certify any defendant who is in arrears on restitution payments amounting to more than \$30 under the order of restitution:
3 4 a	(i) To the Comptroller for income tax refund interception in accordance with Article 19, §§ 43 through 46 of the Code; and
5 6 a	(ii) To the State Lottery Agency for State lottery prize interception in accordance with [§ 640B of this article] § 811 OF THIS SUBHEADING.
7 8 1	(c) (1) The Central Collection Unit may not compromise and settle anorder of restitution unless the Division of Parole and Probation obtains the consent of the victim.
9 10	(2) The Division of Parole and Probation shall contact the victim to see if the victim consents to compromise and settle an order of restitution.
	(d) If complete restitution and interest have been paid or an order of restitution has been compromised and settled as provided in subsection (c) of this section, the Division or the Central Collection Unit immediately shall notify:
	(1) The court that issued the order by filing the statement as provided under [640(g)(3) of this article] 807(G)(3) OF THIS SUBHEADING that the judgment has been satisfied; and
	(2) The last known employer of a defendant in order to terminate an earnings withholding order issued under [§ 640C of this article] § 812 OF THIS SUBHEADING.
20 21	(e) (1) Restitution may be considered delinquent if the restitution or a restitution payment is not paid:
22	(i) By the date ordered by the court; or
23	(ii) If no date was ordered, the latter of:
24 25	1. The date the Division directed the defendant to pay restitution or make a restitution payment; or
26	2. 30 days after the court issued an order of restitution.
	(2) If restitution is considered delinquent, the amount of the arrearage is the amount of restitution ordered plus any interest as allowed by law reduced by any amount previously paid or received under the order.
30 31	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 640A of the Code. % The only changes are in style.
32	[640B.] 811. STATE LOTTERY INTERCEPTION FOR RESTITUTION ARREARAGE.
33 34	(a) In this section, "Unit" means the Central Collection Unit in theDepartment of Budget and Fiscal Planning.
35 36	(b) A certification to the State Lottery Agency under [§ 640A(c)(2)]§ 810(B)(2)(II) OF THIS SUBHEADING shall contain:

1 2	(1) The full name of the defendant and any other name known to be used by the defendant;
3	(2) The Social Security number of the defendant; and
4	(3) The amount of the arrearage.
	(c) If a defendant who is delinquent in restitution payments wins a lottery prize to be paid by check directly by the State Lottery Agency, the State Lottery Agency shall send a notice to the defendant that:
8	(1) The defendant has won a prize to be paid by the State Lottery Agency;
9 10	(2) The Lottery Agency has received notice from the Central Collection Unit of the defendant's restitution arrearage in the amount specified;
11 12	(3) State law requires the Lottery Agency to withhold the prizeto pay it towards the defendant's restitution arrearage;
13 14	(4) The Lottery Agency proposes to transfer the prize, or that part of it which is equal to the restitution arrearage, to the Unit if no appeal is filed within 15 days;
15 16	(5) The defendant may appeal to the Unit if the defendant disputes the existence or the amount of the arrearage; and
17 18	(6) If no appeal is filed within 15 days, the prize, or that part of it that is equal to the restitution arrearage, shall be transferred to the Unit.
	(d) The State Lottery Agency shall withhold any part of the prize upto the amount of the arrearage until the Unit notifies the Agency as to whom the withheld prize money shall be paid.
	(e) Upon receipt of a notice from the State Lottery Agency, any defendant who disputes the existence or amount of the arrearage may appeal the proposed transfer within 15 days after the date of the notice.
25 26	(f) If no appeal is filed within 15 days, the State Lottery Agency shall transfer the amount of the prize withheld to the Unit.
27 28	(g) If the defendant appeals the proposed transfer, after a hearing the Unit shall notify the State Lottery Agency that the withheld prize shall be:
29	(1) Paid to the defendant;
30	(2) Transferred to the Unit; or
31 32	(3) Partly paid to the defendant and partly transferred to the Unit, in the amounts specified.
33 34	(h) The State Lottery Agency shall honor lottery prize interception requests in the following order:
35	(1) An interception request under § 10-113.1 of the Family Law Article; and
36	(2) An interception request under this section.

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1 2	(i) The Secretary of Budget and Fiscal Planning and the Director of the State Lottery Agency may jointly adopt regulations to implement this section.
3 4 5 6	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 640B of the Code. %In subsection (b) of this section, the cross-reference to "§ 820(b)(2)(ii) of this subheading" is substituted for the former erroneous cross-reference to "§ 640A(c)(2)".
7	There are no other changes.
8	[640C.] 812. EARNINGS WITHHOLDING ORDERS.
	(a) If a court issues an order of restitution under [§ 640 of this article] § 807 OF THIS SUBHEADING, the court may issue an immediate and continuing earnings withholding order in an amount sufficient to pay the restitution:
12	(1) At sentencing;
13	(2) When the defendant is placed on work release or probation; or
14	(3) When the payment of restitution is delinquent.
15 16	(b) Subject to federal law, the order of priority of execution of anearnings withholding order shall be as follows:
17 18	(1) An earnings withholding order issued under § 10-126 of the Family Law Article;
19	(2) An earnings withholding order issued under this section; and
20	(3) Any other lien or legal process.
21	(c) (1) If a court orders an earnings withholding order under this section:
22	(i) The clerk of the court immediately shall:
23 24	1. Serve a copy of the earnings withholding order on any current or subsequent employers of the defendant, if known; and
25 26	2. Mail a copy of the earnings withholding order to the defendant at the last known address or place of incarceration of the defendant, if known;
27	(ii) A defendant immediately shall notify the court and the Division of:
28	1. Any objection to an earnings withholding order; and
	2. The current address of the residence of the defendant, the name of the employer, and the work address of the defendant, or any change of employer, residence, or work address of the defendant;
	(iii) An employer who is served with an earnings withholding order under this section immediately shall notify the court and the Division of the following information:

34 information:

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1 1. Any justification for an employer's inability to comply with 2 the earnings withholding order;	
3 2. The address of the residence of the defendant on the4 termination of employment;	
53. Information regarding the new place of employment of the6 defendant; or	
7 4. That the defendant has been reemployed by the employer;8 and	
 9 (iv) Unless the information has previously been provided to the court, 10 the Division or the Central Collection Unit shall notify the court of any current or 11 subsequent address of the residence of the defendant and the employer and work address 12 of the defendant. 	
(2) An earnings withholding order is binding on each present and futureemployer of the defendant who has been served with the order.	
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an earnings withholdingorder issued under this section shall:	
17 (i) Comply with the requirements of § 10-126(a) of the Family Law18 Article; and	
 (ii) Set forth the obligations and responsibilities of an employer and a defendant under an earnings withholding order and the consequences of violating a provision of this section. 	
(4) Each amount withheld in an earnings withholding order underthissection shall be payable to the Division.	
(5) The provisions of § 10-127(a) through (c) of the Family LawArticleshall apply to an earnings withholding order under this section.	
 (6) (i) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (ii) and (iii) of this subsection, the payment amount under an earnings withholding order under this section shall be 20 percent of the earnings of a defendant as determined under [§ 637 of this article] § 806 OF THIS SUBHEADING. 	
 30 (ii) If the restitution obligation of the defendant is considered to be 31 delinquent, the court may impose a payment amount in excess of the amount allowed in 32 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. 	
(iii) Any amount of an earnings withholding order issued under thissection may not exceed the requirements of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act.	
 (iv) If a court determines that the amount of an earnings withholding order issued under this section exceeds the requirements of the federalConsumer Credit Protection Act, the court shall alter the amount of the order to the maximum allowed under the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act. 	

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2 provisions of this section is subject to a fine not to exceed \$250. 3 (ii) A fine collected under this section shall be distributed in the same 4 manner as the distribution of costs under [Article 26A, § 17 of the Code] § 830 OF THIS 5 SUBTITLE. 6 (iii) In addition to any fine imposed under this paragraph, an employer 7 is liable for damages for the failure of the employer to deduct the earnings of a defendant 8 or failure to make a timely payment as required in the order. 9 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 640C of the Code. 10 %The only changes are in style. 11 813. RESERVED. 12 814. RESERVED. CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION 13 14 815. DEFINITIONS. (A) [For the purpose of this article:] IN THIS SUBHEADING THE FOLLOWING 15 16 WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED. 17 [(a)] (B) "Board" means the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board. 18 [(b)] (C) "Claimant" means the person filing a claim pursuant to this article. 19 [(c)] (D) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, "crime" 20 means an act: 21 (i) Committed by any person in this State which is a criminal offense 22 under State, federal, or common law; 23 (ii) Committed in another state against a resident of thisState which is 24 a criminal offense under State, federal, or common law; 25 (iii) Of operating a motor vehicle in violation of § 21-902(a), (b), (c), or 26 (d) of the Transportation Article; or

(7) (i) A defendant or employer of a defendant who violates the

(iv) Of operating a motor vehicle or vessel which results in injury whichwas intentionally inflicted.

- 29 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (1)(iii) and (iv) of this subsection,
 30 "crime" does not include an act involving the operation of a vessel or motor vehicle.
- 31 [(d)] (E) "Family" when used with reference to a person, means:

(1) Any person related to such person within the third degree ofconsanguinity or affinity;

- 34 (2) Any person maintaining a sexual relationship with such person; or
- 35 (3) Any person residing in the same household with such person.

1	[(e)] (F) "Victim" means a person who suffers:
2	(1) Personal physical injury or death as a result of a crime; or
3	(2) Psychological injury as a direct result of:
4	(i) First or second degree rape; or
5	(ii) A first, second, third, or fourth degree sexual offense.
6 7	[(f)] (G) "Secretary" means the Secretary of [the Department of] Public Safety and Correctional Services or the Secretary's designee.
8 9	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 2 of the Code. %The only changes are in style.
10	816. DECLARATION OF POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE INTENT.
13 14 15 16 17	The legislature recognizes that many innocent persons suffer personal physical or psychological injury or death as a result of criminal acts or in their efforts to prevent crime or apprehend persons committing or attempting to commit crimes. [Such] THESE persons or their dependents may thereby suffer disability, incur financial hardships or become dependent upon public assistance. The legislature finds and determines that there is a need for government financial assistance for [such] THESE victims of crime. Accordingly, it is the legislature's intent that aid, care and support be provided by the State, as a matter of moral responsibility, for [such] THESE victims of crime.
19 20	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 1 of the Code. %The only changes are in style.
21	817. CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD.
24	(a) (1) There is [hereby created in the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services a Board, to be known as the] A Criminal Injuries Compensation Board[, to consist] UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES.
26 27	(2) THE BOARD CONSISTS of [5] FIVE members, no more than [4] FOUR of whom shall belong to the same political party.
	(3) The members of the Board shall be appointed by the Secretary [of Public Safety and Correctional Services], with the approval of the Governor, and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
	(4) One member of the Board shall have been admitted to practice law in the State [of Maryland] for not less than five years next preceding [his] THE appointment.
36	(b) The term of office of each [such] member [shall be five] IS 5 years[, except that the members first appointed shall serve for terms of five years, four years and three years respectively]. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of a term shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired terms.

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1 (c) The Secretary, with the approval of the Governor, shall designate one member 2 of the Board as chairman, to serve at the pleasure of the Secretary.

3 (d) The members of the Board shall devote [such] time as is necessary to 4 perform the duties imposed upon them. They shall receive an annual salary as may be 5 provided in the [annual] STATE budget.

6	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 3 of the Code.
7	%In subsection (b) of this section, the former phrase "except that the members
8	first appointed shall serve for terms of five years, four yearsand three years
9	respectively" is deleted as obsolete, because the phrase related only to the
10	initial members of the Board who have since left office.
11	The only other changes are in style.

12 818. POWERS AND DUTIES.

The Board, subject to the authority of the Secretary [of Public Safety and
Correctional Services] as set forth in Article 41 of the Code, shall have the following
powers and duties:

16 [(a)] (1) To establish and maintain an office and to appoint and prescribe the 17 duties of a claims examiner, a secretary, clerks, and [such] ANY other employees and 18 agents as may be necessary. Except as otherwise provided by law, these employees are 19 subject to the provisions of the State Personnel and Pensions Article that govern 20 classified service employees[.];

21 [(b)] (2) To adopt, promulgate, amend and rescind suitable rules and regulations 22 to carry out the provisions and purposes of this [article] SUBHEADING, including rules 23 for the approval of attorneys' fees for representation before the Boardor before the court 24 upon judicial review as [hereinafter] PROVIDED UNDER THIS SUBHEADING[.];

[(c)] (3) To request from the State's Attorney, Department of State Police,
county or municipal police departments [such] ANY investigation and data as will enable
the Board to determine if, in fact, a crime was committed or attempted, and the extent, if
any, to which the victim or claimant was responsible for [his] THE CLAIMANT'S OR
VICTIM'S own injury[.];

[(d)] (4) To hear and determine all claims for awards filed with theBoard
[pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING, and to reinvestigate or reopen
cases as the Board deems necessary[.];

33 [(e)] (5) To direct medical examination of victims[.];

34 [(f)] (6) To hold hearings, administer oaths or affirmations, examine any person 35 under oath or affirmation and to issue summons requiring the attendanceand giving of 36 testimony of witnesses and require the production of any books, papers,documentary or 37 other evidence. The powers provided in this subsection may be delegated by the Board to 38 any member or employee [thereof] OF THE BOARD. A summons issued under this 39 subsection shall be regulated by the Maryland Rules of Procedure[.];

1 [(g)] (7) To take or cause to be taken affidavits or depositions within or without 2 the State[.]; AND	
3 [(h)] (8) To render each year to the Governor, to the Secretary [of Public Safety 4 and Correctional Services], and, subject to § 2-1312 of the State Government Article, to 5 the General Assembly a written report of the activities of the Board.	
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 4 of the Code. % In subsections (b) and (d) of this section, the references to "subheading" substituted for the former overly broad references to "article" for accuracy. The only other changes are in style. 	
10 819. ELIGIBILITY FOR AWARDS.	
(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the following persons shalbe eligible for awards [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING:	11
13 (1) A victim of a crime;	
14 (2) A surviving spouse or child of a victim of a crime who diedas a direct 15 result of [such] A crime;	
16 (3) Any other person dependent for principal support upon a victim of a17 crime who died as a direct result of such crime;	
 (4) Any person who is injured or killed while trying to preventa crime or a attempted crime from occurring in [his] THE PERSON'S presence or tryingto apprehend a person who had committed a crime in [his] THE PERSON'S presence or had, in fact, committed a felony; 	ın
 (5) A surviving spouse or child of any person who dies as a direct result of trying to prevent a crime or an attempted crime from occurring in [his]THE PERSON'S presence or trying to apprehend a person who had committed a crime in [his] THE PERSON'S presence or had, in fact, committed a felony; 	f
 (6) Any other person dependent for [his] principal support uponany person who dies as a direct result of trying to prevent a crime or an attempted crime from occurring in [his] THE PERSON'S presence or trying to apprehend a person who had committed a crime in [his] THE PERSON'S presence or had, in fact, committed a felony; 	
 30 (7) Any person who is injured or killed while giving aid and assistance to 31 law-enforcement officer in the performance of [his] THE OFFICER'S lawful duties or to 32 a member of a fire department who is being obstructed from performing [his] THE 33 OFFICER'S lawful duties; and 	a
 (8) Any person who paid or assumed responsibility for the funeral expense of a victim who died as a result of a crime or an eligible person who is killed as a direct result under paragraphs (4) and (7) of this subsection. 	es
(b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a person who iscriminally responsible for the crime upon which a claim is based or an accomplice of	

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	[such] THAT person shall not be eligible to receive an award with respect to [such] THE claim.
3 4	(2) A victim or dependent may not be denied compensation solelybecause the victim:
5	(i) Is a relative of the offender; or
6 7	(ii) Was living with the offender as a family member or household member at the time of the injury or death.
10	(3) If the Board can reasonably determine that the offender will not receive any economic benefit or undue enrichment from the compensation, the Board may award compensation to a victim or a dependent who is a relative, family member, or household member of the offender.
12	(c) Any resident of the State is eligible for an award if the resident:
13	(1) Meets the requirements of this [article] SUBHEADING; or
14	(2) Becomes a victim of a crime in a state other than Maryland that:
15	(i) Does not operate a criminal injuries compensation program; or
16 17	(ii) Operates a criminal injuries compensation program forwhich the victim is ineligible.
18 19 20 21	
22	820. FILING OF CLAIMS.
25 26 27	(a) A claim may be filed by a person eligible to receive an award, as provided in [§ 5 of this article] § 819 OF THIS SUBHEADING, or if [such] THE personis under eighteen years of age, by [his] THE PERSON'S parent or guardian. In anycase in which the person entitled to make a claim is mentally incompetent, the claim may be filed on [his] THE PERSON'S behalf by [his] THE PERSON'S guardian or [such] other individual authorized to administer [his] THE PERSON'S estate.
29	(b) (1) A claim must be filed by the claimant not later than:
30 31	(i) 180 days after the occurrence of the crime upon which the claim is based; or
32	(ii) 180 days after the death of the victim.
33 34	(2) The Board may extend the time for filing up to 2 years after each occurrence for good cause.
35 36	(3) In cases of child abuse, a claim may be filed up to 2 yearsafter the occurrence was known or should have been known by the claimant.

(c) Claims shall be filed in the office of the secretary of the Board in person or by
 mail. The secretary shall accept for filing all claims submitted by persons eligible under
 subsection (a) of this section and alleging the jurisdictional requirements set forth in this
 [article] SUBHEADING and meeting the requirements as to form in the rules and
 regulations of the Board.

6 (d) Upon filing of a claim [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING,
7 the Board shall promptly notify the State's Attorney of the county, or Baltimore City, as
8 the case may be, [wherein] WHERE the crime is alleged to have occurred.If, within ten
9 days after [such] notification, the State's Attorney so notified advises the Board that a
10 criminal prosecution is pending upon the same alleged crime, the Board shall defer all
11 proceedings under this [article] SUBHEADING until [such] THE time as [such] THE
12 criminal prosecution has been concluded and shall so notify [such] THATState's
13 Attorney and the claimant. When [such] THE criminal prosecution has been concluded,
14 the State's Attorney shall promptly [so] notify the Board. Nothing in this section shall
15 limit the authority of the Board to grant emergency awards as [hereinafter] provided
16 UNDER THIS SUBHEADING.

17	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 6 of the Code.
18	% In subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the references to "subheading" is
19	substituted for the former overly broad references to "article" for accuracy.
20	The only other changes are in style.

21 821. MINIMUM ALLOWABLE CLAIM.

22 An award may not be made on a claim unless the claimant has incurred a minimum

23 out-of-pocket loss of one hundred dollars or has lost at least two continuous weeks'

24 earnings or support. Out-of-pocket loss means unreimbursed and unreimbursable

25 expenses or indebtedness reasonably incurred for medical care, including expenses for

26 eyeglasses and other corrective lenses, mental health counseling, funeral expenses, or

27 other services necessary as a result of the injury upon which [such] THE claim is based.

28 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 7 of the Code.
29 %The only changes are in style.

30 822. DECISIONS ON CLAIMS.

(a) A claim, when accepted for filing, shall be assigned by the chairman to [3]
THREE members of the Board. All claims arising from the death of an individual as a
direct result of a crime shall be considered together by [3] THREE Board members. The
chairman may reassign cases as necessary.

(b) The Board members to whom the claim is assigned shall examine the papers filed in support of the claim and shall [thereupon] cause an investigation to be conducted into the validity of the claim. The investigation shall include, but not be limited to, an examination of police, court and official records and reports concerning the crime and an examination of medical and hospital reports relating to the injury upon which the claim is based.

1 (c) Claims shall be investigated and determined, regardless of whether the alleged 2 criminal has been apprehended or prosecuted for or convicted of any crime based upon 3 the same incident, or has been acquitted, or found not guilty of the crime in question 4 owing to criminal responsibility or other legal exemption.

(d) The Board members to whom a claim is assigned may recommend a tentative
decision and advise the claimant of that recommendation. The claimant may request a
hearing before the Board members for the purpose of presenting additional information.
If the Board members are unable to decide the claim upon the basis of the [said] papers
and report, they shall order a hearing. At the hearing any relevant evidence, not legally
privileged, shall be admissible.

(e) After examining the papers filed in support of the claim and thereport of
investigation, and after a hearing, if any, the Board members to whom the claim was
assigned shall make a decision either granting an award [pursuant to \$12 of this article]
UNDER \$ 825 OF THIS SUBHEADING or deny the claim.

(f) The Board members making a decision shall file with the Secretary a written
report setting forth the decision and the reasons [therefor] IN SUPPORTOF THE
DECISION. After reviewing the records, the Secretary shall modify, affirm, or reverse the
decision of the Board members. The action of the Secretary in affirming, modifying, or
reversing the decision of the Board members shall be final. The claimant shall be
furnished with a copy of the final report upon request.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 8 of the Code.
% The only changes are in style.

23 823. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DECISION.

Within 30 days of the final decision any claimant aggrieved by the final decision may appeal the decision under the applicable provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, \$\$ 10-222 and 10-223 of the State Government Article [of the Code].

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 10 of the Code.
% The only change is in style.

29 824. EMERGENCY AWARDS.

(A) Notwithstanding the provisions of [§§ 6 and 8 of this article] §§ 820 AND 822
OF THIS SUBHEADING, THE BOARD MEMBERS MAY MAKE AN EMERGENCY AWARD
TO THE CLAIMANT PENDING A FINAL DECISION IN THE CASE, if it appears to the
Board members to whom a claim is assigned, prior to taking action upon the claim, that
[(a) the]:

(1) THE claim is one with respect to which an award probably will be made[,and (b) undue]; AND

37 (2) UNDUE hardship will result to the claimant if immediate payment is not
38 made[, the Board members may make an emergency award to the claimant pending a
39 final decision in the case].

1 2	(B) (1) [However, (1) the] THE amount of the emergency award [shall]MAY not exceed \$1,000[, (2) the].
3 4	(2) THE amount of the emergency award shall be deducted from any final award made to the claimant[, and (3) the].
	(3) THE excess of the amount of the emergency award over the final award, or the full amount of the emergency award if no final award is made, shall be repaid by the claimant to the Board.
8	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 11 of the Code.
9	825. CONDITIONS FOR AND AMOUNT OF AWARDS.
10	(a) (1) An award may not be made unless the Board members find that:
11	(i) [a] A crime was committed[, (ii) such];
12 13	(II) THE crime directly resulted in personal physical injury to, or death of the victim[, and]; AND
14 15	(iii) [police] POLICE records show that [such] THE crime was promptly reported to the proper authorities[; and in].
18 19 20	(2) IN no case may an award be made where the police records show that [such] THE CRIME report was made more than [forty-eight] 48 hours after the occurrence of [such] THE crime unless the Board, for good cause shown, finds the delay to have been justified. The Board, upon finding that any claimant or award recipient has not fully cooperated with all law enforcement agencies, may deny or withdraw any award, as the case may be.
22 23	[(2)] (3) (I) An award may not be made unless funds are appropriated and available for the full amount of the award.
	(II) If a multiyear award is made, the total amount of theaward shall be obligated and held for [such] ANY period of time as is necessary to complete payment in accordance with the provisions of the award.
29	(III) If payment of the award is terminated for any reasonsubsequent to June 30 of the fiscal year in which the award was made, the remainder of the award shall revert to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund established under [§ 17A of this article] § 831 OF THIS SUBHEADING.
33	 (IV) Any compensation awarded under the provisions of thisAct shall not exceed \$25,000 for any disability-related claim and \$45,000 for anymedical claim. The maximum amount awarded under all of the provisions of this Act shall not exceed \$45,000, including any subsequent and supplemental awards.
	[(3)] (4) Any compensation awarded under the provisions of this[article] SUBHEADING for the purposes of psychiatric, psychological, or mental health counseling [shall] MAY not exceed \$2,000 for each claimant.
38	(b) (1) Any award made [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING

38 (b) (1) Any award made [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADIN 39 shall be made in accordance with the schedule of benefits, as it existed on January 1,

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 1989, and degree of disability, as specified in Title 9, Subtitle 6 of the Labor and
 Employment Article and any other applicable provisions of the Labor andEmployment
 Article, except for Title 9, Subtitle 8 of the Labor and Employment Article. However, the
 term "average weekly wages", as applied to determine the award in accordance with Title
 9, Subtitle 6 of the Labor and Employment Article, does not include tips, gratuities and
 wages that are undeclared on the claimant's State or federal income taxreturns in the
 applicable years. If a claimant does not have "average weekly wages" soas to qualify
 under the formula in Title 9, Subtitle 6 of the Labor and Employment Article, the award
 shall be in an amount equal to the arithmetic average between the maximum and
 minimum awards listed in the applicable portion of that subtitle.

(2) Any person who is entitled to an award due to the death of a victim as
the direct result of a crime or who has psychological injury may be eligible, under the
rules established by the Board, to receive psychiatric, psychological, or mental health
counseling, within the specific limitations of [subsection (a)(3)] SUBSECTION (A)(4) of
this section.

16 (c) If there are two or more persons entitled to an award as a result of the death 17 of a person which is the direct result of a crime, the award shall be apportioned among 18 the claimants.

(d) Any award made [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING shallbe reduced by the amount of any payments received or to be received as a result of theinjury:

(1) [from] FROM or on behalf of the person who committed the crime[, (2)from];

(2) FROM any other public or private source, including an awardof the
State Workers' Compensation Commission under the Maryland Workers' Compensation
Act[, or (3) as]; OR

27 (3) AS an emergency award [pursuant to § 11 of this article] UNDER § 82428 OF THIS SUBHEADING.

(e) (1) (I) [In] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF
THIS PARAGRAPH, IN determining the amount of an award, the Board members shall
determine whether, because of [his] THE VICTIM'S conduct, the victim of[such] THE
crime contributed to the infliction of [his] THE VICTIM'S injury, and the Board members
shall reduce the amount of the award or reject the claim altogether, inaccordance with
[such] THIS determination[; provided, however, that the].

(II) THE Board members may disregard for this purpose the
responsibility of the victim for [his] THE VICTIM'S own injury where the record shows
that [such] THIS responsibility was attributable to efforts by the victim to prevent a crime
or an attempted crime from occurring in [his] THE VICTIM'S presence or to apprehend
a person who had committed a crime in [his] THE VICTIM'S presence or had, in fact,
committed a felony.

41 (2) Claimants filing for injuries incurred as the occupants of a motor vehicle 42 or dependents of an occupant of a motor vehicle operated by a person inviolation of the 43 provisions of § 21-902(a), (b), (c), or (d) of the Transportation Article may not recover

1 unless the claimant can prove that the occupant did not or could not have known of the 2 condition of the operator of the vehicle.

3 (3) A person is not eligible for all or a portion of an award if the person 4 initiated, consented to, provoked, or unreasonably failed to avoid a physical confrontation 5 with the offender, or the victim was participating in a criminal offense at the time the 6 injury was inflicted.

7 (f) (1) If the Board members find that the claimant will not suffer serious 8 financial hardship, as a result of the loss of earnings or support and the out-of-pocket 9 expenses incurred as a result of the injury, if not granted financial assistance pursuant to 10 this article to meet the loss of earnings, support, or out-of-pocket expenses, the Board 11 members shall deny an award. In determining the serious financial hardship, the Board 12 members shall consider all of the financial resources of the claimant. Unless total 13 dependency is established, a family is considered to be partially dependent on a mother 14 with whom they reside without regard to actual earnings.

(2) The conditions of paragraph (1) of this subsection [shall] DO not apply
in determining an award under [§ 5(a)(4), (5), and (6) of this article]§ 819(A)(4), (5),
AND (6) OF THIS SUBHEADING.

18	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 12 of the Code.
19	% In subsections (a)(4), (b)(1), and (d) of this section, the references to
20	"subheading" is substituted for the former overly broad references to "article"
21	for accuracy.
22	The only other changes are in style.

23 826. MANNER OF PAYMENT.

Any award made under this [article] SUBHEADING shall be paid in accordance with the discretion and decision of the Board as to the manner of payment. No award made [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING shall be subject to execution or attachment other than for expenses resulting from the injury which is the basis for the claim. In every case providing for compensation to an employee or [his]THE EMPLOYEE'S dependent under this article, the Board may, if in its opinion the facts and

30 circumstances of the case warrant it, convert the compensation to be paid in a partial or

31 total lump sum, without discount.

32	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 13 of the Code.
33	% The reference to "subheading" is substituted for the former overly broad
34	references to "article" for accuracy.

35 The only other changes are in style.

36 827. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS.

37 (A) [The] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION,

38 THE record of a proceeding before the Board or a Board member shall be a public

39 record[; provided, however, that any].

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1 (B) A record or report obtained by the Board, the confidentiality of which is 2 protected by any other law or regulation, shall remain confidential subject to [such] THE 3 law or regulation.

4	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 14 of the Code.
5	% The only changes are in style.

6 828. SUBROGATION.

7 Acceptance of an award made [pursuant to this article] UNDER THIS

8 SUBHEADING shall subrogate the State, to the extent of [such] THE award, to any right
9 or right of action, including the right to recover restitution ordered under [Article 27, §
10 640 of the Code or § 3-829 of the Courts Article] § 807 OR § 808 OF THIS SUBTITLE,
11 occurring to the claimant or the victim to recover payments on account of losses resulting
12 from the crime with respect to which the award is made.

13	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 15 of the Code.
14	% The reference to "subheading" is substituted for the former, overly broad
15	reference to "article" for accuracy.
16	The only other changes are in style.

17 829. PENALTY.

18 Any person who asserts a false claim under the provisions of this [article shall be]

19 SUBHEADING IS guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction [thereof, shall be] IS

20 subject to a fine of not less than \$500 or one year imprisonment or both, and shall further

21 forfeit any benefit received and shall reimburse [and repay] the State for payments

22 received or paid on [his] THE PERSON'S behalf [pursuant to any of the provisions

23 hereunder] UNDER THIS SUBHEADING.

24	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 16 of the Code.
25	% The reference to "subheading" is substituted for the former, overly broad
26	reference to "article" for accuracy.
27	The former requirement that a person "repay" the State is deleted as
28	redundant in light of the requirement that the person reimbursethe State for
29	false claims.
30	The only other changes are in style.
31	830. ADDITIONAL COSTS IN CRIMINAL CASES.
32	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
33	(2) "Crime" means an act committed by a person in the State that is:
34	(i) A crime under Article 27 of the Code;
35	(ii) A violation of the Transportation Article which is punishable by

36 imprisonment; or

37 (iii) A crime at common law.

1 (3) "Offense" means an act committed by a person in the State that is a 2 violation of the Transportation Article and is not punishable by imprisonment.

3 (b) In addition to any other costs required by law, a circuit court shall impose on 4 a defendant convicted of a crime an additional cost of \$40 in the case.

5 (c) In addition to any other costs required by law, the District Court shall impose 6 on a defendant convicted of a crime an additional cost of \$30 in the case.

7 (d) In addition to any other costs required by law, a court shall impose on a
8 defendant convicted of an offense an additional cost of \$3 in the case, including cases in
9 which the defendant elects to waive the right to trial and pay the fineor penalty deposit
10 established by the Chief Judge of the District Court by administrative regulation.

11 (e) (1) All money collected under this section shall be paid to the Comptroller 12 of the State.

(2) The Comptroller shall deposit \$20 from each fee collected under
subsection (b) of this section from a circuit court and \$10 from each fee collected under
subsection (c) of this section from the District Court into the Maryland Victims of Crime
Fund established under [Article 27, \$764(j) of the Code] \$854 OF THISSUBTITLE.

17 (3) The Comptroller shall deposit all other moneys collected under
18 subsections (b) and (c) of this section into the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund
19 established under [§ 17A of this article] § 831 OF THIS SUBHEADING.

20 (4) The Comptroller shall pay out moneys from the Maryland Victims of
21 Crime Fund as approved by the Board of Victim Services under [§§ 9-1701through
22 9-1708 of the State Government Article] §§ 837 THROUGH 844 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(f) (1) From the first \$500,000 in fees collected under subsection (d) of this
section, the Comptroller shall deposit one-half of each fee into the Maryland Victims of
Crime Fund and one-half of each fee into the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund.

26 (2) For fees collected under subsection (d) of this section in excess of
27 \$500,000, the Comptroller shall deposit the entire fee into the Criminal Injuries
28 Compensation Fund.

(g) A political subdivision may not be held liable under any condition for thepayment of sums under this section.

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31DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 17 of the Code.32% Section 3, ch. 396, Acts of 1995, provides that this section shall terminate at33the end of September 30, 1996, with no further action required by the General34Assembly. The section as it will appear after September 30, 1996 -- unless35further action is taken by the General Assembly -- is set forthin Section 3 of36this Act.
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37 831. CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION FUND.

38 (a) (1) There is established a Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund.

1 (2) The Fund is a special continuing, nonlapsing fund that is not subject to 2 § 7-302 of the State Finance and Procurement Article.
3 (3) The Treasurer shall separately hold, and the Comptroller shall account4 for, the Fund.
5 (4) The Fund shall be invested and reinvested in the same manner as other6 State funds.
(5) Any investment earnings or federal matching funds received by the Statefor criminal injuries compensation shall be retained to the credit of the Fund.
9 (6) The Fund shall be subject to an audit by the Office of Legislative Audits 10 as provided for in § 2-1215 of the State Government Article.
(7) This section may not be construed to prohibit the Fund from receivingfunds from any other source.
(b) (1) The Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund shall be used to fund theCriminal Injuries Compensation Act as provided in this article.
15 (2) The Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund may be used for:
16 (i) Any award given under the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act;17 and
18 (ii) The actual costs of administering the Criminal Injuries19 Compensation Act.
20DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 17A of the21Code.22There are no changes.
23 832. CRIMINAL INCIDENT REPORT.
24 (a) As used in this section "law-enforcement agency" means the following:
25 (1) The Department of State Police;
26 (2) The Baltimore City Police Department;
27 (3) The police department, bureau, or force of any county;
28 (4) The police department, bureau, or force of any incorporated city or29 town;
30 (5) The office of the Sheriff of any county;
31 (6) The office of the State's Attorney of any county;
32 (7) The office of the Attorney General; or
33 (8) The office of the State prosecutor.

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1 (b) A law-enforcement agency, upon the filing of a report of a violent crime, shall 2 provide to any victim of that criminal incident written information supplied by the

3 [Criminal Injuries Compensation] Board concerning compensation for crime victims.

4 (c) A failure to comply with the requirements of this section is notgrounds for 5 any action, civil or criminal, against a law-enforcement agency.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from Art. 26A, § 18 of the Code.
% The only change is in style.

8 833. RESERVED.

9 834. RESERVED.

10 VICTIMS AND WITNESSES - SERVICES

11 VICTIM AND WITNESS PROTECTION AND RELOCATION PROGRAM

12 [770.] 835. VICTIM AND WITNESS PROTECTION AND RELOCATION PROGRAM.

13 (a) There is a Victim and Witness Protection and Relocation Program.

(b) The Program shall be administered by the State's Attorneys' Coordinator
under Article 10, § 41B of the Code in accordance with regulations adopted by the State's
Attorneys' Coordination Council under Article 10, § 41D of the Code after consultation
with the State Board of Victim Services.

18 (c) Money appropriated to the Program shall be used to:

19 (1) Protect victims and witnesses and the families of victims and witnesses;

20 (2) Relocate victims and witnesses for the purpose of protecting them or 21 facilitating their participation in court proceedings; and

22 (3) Pay any costs of administering the Program.

23 (d) To the extent possible, the Program shall be used to maximize the use of24 federal matching funds or programs.

(e) Expenditures under this section shall be made pursuant to an appropriationapproved by the General Assembly in the annual State budget.

(f) The Program shall be subject to an audit by the Office of Legislative Audits asprovided under § 2-1215 of the State Government Article.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 770 of the Code.
% There are no changes.

1 836. RESERVED. BOARD OF VICTIM SERVICES 3 837. DEFINITIONS. (a) In this [subtitle] SUB-SUBHEADING the following words have the meanings 5 indicated. (b) "Board" means the State Board of Victim Services. (c) (1) "Crime" means an act that is committed by any person in the State that 8 would constitute a crime under [Article 27 of the Code] THIS ARTICLE orat common 9 law. 10 (2) "Crime" does not include any act that involves the operation of a vessel 11 or motor vehicle that results in injury, unless the injuries were intentionally inflicted 12 through the use of the vessel or motor vehicle. 13 (d) "Executive Director" means the Executive Director of the [Governor's Office 14 of Justice Administration] GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND 15 PREVENTION. (e) "Fund" means the Maryland Victims of Crime Fund established under 16 17 [Article 27, § 764 of the Code] § 854 OF THIS SUBTITLE. 18 (f) "Victim" means an individual who suffers personal injury or death as a direct 19 result of a crime. 20 (g) "Victim Services Coordinator" means the person who is appointed under the 21 provisions of [§ 9-1708 of this subtitle] § 844 OF THIS SUB-SUBHEADING. DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1701. 22 % The reference to the "Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention" is 23 24 substituted for the former obsolete reference to the "Governor's Office of 25 Justice Administration". See Executive Order 01.01.1995.18. The only other changes are in style. 26 27 838. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. 28 In recognition that State and local law, programs, and procedures must be 29 continually updated to meet the unique needs of [crime victims] VICTIMSOF CRIME, 30 the General Assembly finds that: (1) there is a need for the State Board of Victim Services and the position of 32 "Victim Services Coordinator" for the purpose of monitoring, assessing, coordinating, and 33 making recommendations concerning State and local efforts to assist victims of crimes; (2) the Victim Services Program should be transferred to be under the

34 35 authority of the [Governor's Office of Justice Administration] GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF 36 CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION; and

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1	(3) the administrative consolidation effected by this transfer will minimize
2	fragmentation of functions that the State government performs on behalfof [crime
	victims] VICTIMS OF CRIME and assist in the coordination, efficiency, and greater
	effectiveness of State assistance to victims of crime.
4	enectiveness of state assistance to victims of crime.
5	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1702.
6	% In item (2) of this section, the reference to the "Governor's Office of Crime
7	Control and Prevention" is substituted for the former obsolete reference to
8	the "Governor's Office of Justice Administration". See Executive Order
9	01.01.1995.18.
10	The only other changes are in style.
11	839. BOARD ESTABLISHED.
12	There is in the [Governor's Office of Justice Administration] GOVERNOR'S
13	OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION, created by Executive Order
14	[01.01.1992.02] 01.01.1995.18, or in any successor unit, a State Board of Victim Services.
15	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1703.
16	%The reference to the "Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention" is
17	substituted for the former obsolete reference to the "Governor's Office of
18	Justice Administration". Accordingly, the cross-reference to the Executive
19	Order 01.01.1995.18 is substituted for the superseded ExecutiveOrder
20	01.01.1992.02.
21	840. MEMBERSHIP.
22	(a) (1) The Board consists of 17 members who shall serve without
	compensation.
24	(2) The Board shall consist of:
25	(i) [the] THE Governor or the Governor's designee, as an ex officio
	member, who shall be chairman;
20	member, who shan be chairman,
27	(ii) [the] THE Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee;
28	(iii) [2] TWO State's Attorneys, appointed by the Governor, on the
29	recommendation of the Attorney General;
30	(iv) [3] THREE members of the public, appointed by the Governor, on
	the recommendation of the Executive Director;
51	the recommendation of the Executive Director,
32	(v) [2] TWO professional victim service providers, appointed by the
	Governor, on recommendation of the Executive Director;
55	downior, on recommendation of the Executive Director,
34	(vi) [the] THE chairperson of the Maryland Criminal Injuries
	Compensation Board;
55	
36	(vii) [1] ONE member of the judiciary of the State, appointed by the
37	Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals;

 (viii) [a] A representative of the Maryland State Sheriff's Association, appointed by the Governor; 	
3 (ix) [a] A representative of the Maryland Chiefs of Police, appointed 4 by the Governor;	
5 (x) [the] THE Secretary of [the Department of] Human Resources 6 or the Secretary's designee;	
 7 (xi) [the] THE Secretary of [the Department of] Juvenile Justice or 8 the Secretary's designee; 	
9 (xii) [the] THE Secretary of Public Safety and Correctional Services or 10 the Secretary's designee; and	
11(xiii) [the] THE Executive Director or the Executive Director's12designee, as an ex officio member.	
13 (b) (1) The term of an appointed member is 5 years.	
(2) The terms of appointed members are staggered as required bythe termsprovided for members of the Board on July 1, 1988.	
16 (3) At the end of a term, a member continues to serve until a successor is 17 appointed and qualifies.	
(4) A member who is appointed after a term has begun serves only for therest of the term and until a successor is appointed and qualifies.	
20 (c) The Governor may remove a member for incompetence or misconduct.	
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1704. % The only changes are in style. 	
23 841. POWERS AND DUTIES.	
24 Subject to the authority of the Executive Director, the Board shall have the 25 following powers and duties:	
26 (1) [to] TO render each year to the Governor a written report of its 27 activities, including the administration of the Fund;	
28 (2) [to] TO monitor service needs of victims;	
29 (3) [to] TO advise the Governor on the needs of victims;	
 30 (4) (i) [to] TO recommend the appointment of the Victim Services 31 Coordinator to the Executive Director; and 	
32 (ii) [to] TO review and approve Victim Services Coordinator plans,	

33 annual reports, and the implementation, operation, and revision of programs by the

34 Victim Services Coordinator;

 (5) [to] TO approve or disapprove the grant applications submitted by the [Office of Justice Administration] GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION;
4 (6) [to] TO advise the State's Attorneys' Coordination Council on the
5 adoption of regulations governing the administration of the Victim and Witness
 6 Protection and Relocation Program established under [Article 27, § 770 of the Code] § 7 835 OF THIS SUBHEADING; and
8 (7) [to] TO advise the State's Attorneys' Coordinator on the administration
9 of the Victim and Witness Protection and Relocation Program.
10 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1705.
11 %In item (5) of this section, the reference to the "Governor's Office of Crime
12 Control and Prevention" is substituted for the former obsolete reference to
 the "Governor's Office of Justice Administration". See Executive Order 01.01.1995.18.
1401.01.1995.18.15The only other changes are in style.
16 842. VICTIM SERVICES COORDINATOR.
17 (a) The Executive Director shall appoint a Victim Services Coordinator.
(b) Subject to the authority of the Executive Director, the Victim Services19 Coordinator shall:
20 (1) [provide] PROVIDE staff support to the Board on victim services 21 matters;
22 (2) [monitor] MONITOR, assess, and make recommendations concerning
23 State and local victim compensation programs and procedures;
 (3) [provide] PROVIDE technical assistance to local public and private programs that provide victim assistance;
26 (4) [perform] PERFORM research and gather data on victims and victim 27 assistance programs, and disseminate that data to the public;
28 (5) [submit] SUBMIT to the Governor, the Attorney General, the Secretary
29 of Public Safety and Correctional Services, and the Board an annual report which
30 includes recommendations as to how victim assistance programs may be improved;
(6) [ensure] ENSURE that the rights of victims are observed and assistvictims in attaining the information to which victims have a right; and
33 (7) [monitor] MONITOR compliance with the guidelines for treatment of
34 and assistance to victims and witnesses set under [Article 27, § 761 of the Code and such
35 other guidelines for treatment of victims of crimes and offenses as maybe adopted in the
36 future] § 848 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
37 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1706.

38 % The only changes are in style.

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1 843. SALARY OF COORDINATOR.

2 The Victim Services Coordinator shall receive an annual salary as provided in the 3 State budget.

4	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1707.
5	% There are no changes.

6 844. REGULATIONS.

7 (a) The [Office of Justice Administration] GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME
8 CONTROL AND PREVENTION shall adopt regulations that provide for the administration
9 and award of grants under this [title] SUBHEADING.

10 (b) Grant applications that are approved by the [Office of Justice

11 Administration] GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION shall

12 be submitted to the Board for final approval before the release of any moneys from the

13 Fund.

14	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from SG § 9-1708.
15	% The reference to the "Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention" is
16	substituted for the former obsolete reference to the "Governor's Office of
17	Justice Administration". See Executive Order 01.01.1995.18.
18	The only other change is in style.

19 845. RESERVED.

20 846. RESERVED.

21 VICTIMS AND WITNESSES - TREATMENT AND ASSISTANCE

22 [760.] 847. DEFINITIONS.

23 (a) In [this part] §§ 847 THROUGH 850 OF THIS SUBHEADING, the following24 words have the meanings indicated.

(b) "Crime" means conduct that is a crime under the laws of this State or federallaw or would be considered a crime except for the fact that the perpetrator was found tobe not criminally responsible or not competent to stand trial.

(c) "Crime victim" means an individual who suffers direct or threatened physical,
emotional, or financial harm as a result of a crime and includes familymembers of a
minor, incompetent, or a homicide victim.

31 (d) (1) "Disposition" means the sentencing or determination of penalty or
32 punishment to be imposed on a person convicted of a crime or against whom a finding of
33 sufficient facts for conviction is made.

34 (2) "Disposition" includes dismissal of charges or any other disposition35 under a plea bargain agreement.

36 (e) "Family member" means spouse, child, sibling, parent, or legal guardian.

1 2	(f) "Restitution" means money or services which a defendant is ordered to pay or 2 render to a victim.
	(g) "Witness" means any person who is or expects to be a State's witness.
4	• • • •
	[761.] 848. GUIDELINES FOR TREATMENT OF AND ASSISTANCE TO CRIME VICTIMS AND WITNESSES.
8	A crime victim or witness should:
ç	(1) Be informed by appropriate criminal justice agencies of these guidelines;
1	0 (2) Be treated with dignity, respect, courtesy, and sensitivity;
1	 (3) Receive crisis intervention assistance, if needed, or be informed by the appropriate criminal justice agency where crisis intervention assistance, emergency medical treatment, creditor intercession services, or other social services and counseling may be obtained;
	5 (4) Be notified in advance of dates and times of trial court proceedings in 6 the case and, on written request, of post sentencing proceedings, and be notified if the 7 court proceedings to which they have been summoned will not proceed as scheduled;
2	 (5) Be advised of the protection available, and, on request, beprotected by criminal justice agencies, to the extent reasonable, practicable, and, in the agency's discretion, necessary, from harm or threats of harm arising out of the crime victim's or witness's cooperation with law enforcement and prosecution efforts;
	2 (6) During any phase of the investigative proceedings or court proceedings, 3 be provided, to the extent practicable, a waiting area that is separatefrom a suspect and 4 the family and friends of a suspect;
2	5 (7) Be informed by the appropriate criminal justice agency of financial 6 assistance, criminal injuries compensation, and any other social services available as a 7 result of being a crime victim and receive assistance or information onhow to apply for 8 services;
3	 (8) Be advised of and, on request, be provided with employer intercession services, when appropriate, by the State's Attorney's office or other available resource to seek employer cooperation in minimizing an employee's loss of pay or other benefits resulting from participation in the criminal justice process;
	3 (9) On written request, be kept reasonably informed by the police or the 4 State's Attorney of the apprehension of a suspect, closing of the case, and an office to 5 contact for information about the case;
3	6 (10) Be advised of the right to have stolen or other property promptly

36 (10) Be advised of the right to have stolen or other property promptly
37 returned and, on written request, have the property promptly returned by law
38 enforcement agencies when means can be employed to otherwise satisfy evidentiary

requirements for prosecution unless there is a compelling law enforcement reason for
 retaining it;

3 (11) For a crime of violence, as defined in [Article 27, § 643Bof the Code]
4 § 643B OF THIS ARTICLE, on written request, be kept informed by pretrial release
5 personnel, the State's Attorney or Attorney General, as appropriate, ofany proceeding
6 that affects the crime victim's interests, including bail hearing, dismissal, [nol pros]
7 NOLLE PROSEQUI, or stetting of charges, trial, disposition, whether at hearing, trial, or
8 appellate level;

9 (12) On request of the State's Attorney to and in the discretion of the judge, 10 be permitted to address the judge or jury or have a victim impact statement read by the 11 judge or jury at sentencing before the imposition of the sentence or atany hearing to 12 consider altering the sentence;

(13) Be informed, in appropriate cases by the State's Attorney of the right to
request restitution and, on request, be provided assistance in the preparation of the
request and advice as to the collection of the payment of any restitution awarded;

16 (14) Be entitled to a speedy disposition of the case in which the individual is
17 involved as a crime victim or witness in order to minimize the length of time the
18 individual must endure responsibilities and stress in connection with the matter;

(15) On written request to the parole authority, be informed any time there isto be a hearing on provisional release from custody and any time the offender is to receivesuch a release;

(16) On written request to the Patuxent Institution, Division of Correction,
or Parole Commission, as appropriate, have a victim impact statement read at any hearing
to consider temporary leave status or a provisional release; and

(17) On written request to the agency that has custody of the offender after
sentencing, be informed by the agency any time the offender escapes or receives a
mandatory supervision release.

DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 761 of the Code.
% The only changes are in style.

30 [762.] 849. PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF GUIDELINES.

The Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services shall be responsible for
making the guidelines available to the agencies involved. To the extentfeasible, the
guidelines shall be printed by the inmates employed by State Use Industries.

34 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 762 of the Code. 35 % There are no changes.

36 [763.] 850. EFFECT OF GUIDELINES.

37 Nothing in this [subtitle] SUBHEADING may be construed as creating acause of 38 action on behalf of any individual against any public official, employee, public agency,

1 State or local government, or any agency responsible for the provisionsset forth in this 2 [subtitle] SUBHEADING. 3 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 763 of the Code. 4 %The references to "subheading" are substituted for the former references to 5 the former, overly broad references "subtitle" for accuracy. 6 851. RIGHTS OF VICTIM OR WITNESS OF DELINQUENT ACT. 7 (a) A victim of a delinquent act or a witness should: 8 (1) Be informed by the appropriate juvenile justice agency of these 9 guidelines; 10 (2) Be treated with dignity, respect, courtesy, and sensitivity; 11 (3) Be notified in advance of dates and times of juvenile courtproceedings 12 in the case and be notified if the court proceedings to which they havebeen summoned 13 will not proceed as scheduled; (4) During any phase of the investigative proceedings or court proceedings, 14 15 be provided, to the extent practicable, a waiting area that is separatefrom a child alleged 16 to be delinquent and the family and friends of a child alleged to be delinquent; 17 (5) Be informed by the appropriate juvenile justice agency of financial 18 assistance, criminal injuries compensation, and any other social services available as a 19 result of being a victim and receive assistance or information on how to apply for services; 20 (6) On written request, be kept reasonably informed by the police or the 21 State's Attorney of the apprehension of a child alleged to be delinquent, closing of the 22 case, and an office to contact for information about the case; 23 (7) Be advised of the right to have stolen or other property promptly 24 returned and, on written request, have the property promptly returned by law 25 enforcement agencies when means can be employed to otherwise satisfy evidentiary 26 requirements for prosecution unless there is a compelling law enforcement reason for 27 retaining it; and 28 (8) Be informed, in appropriate cases, by the State's Attorney of the right to 29 request restitution and, on request, be provided assistance in the preparation of the 30 request and advice as to the collection of the payment of any restitution awarded. (b) The Department of Juvenile Justice shall be responsible for making the 31 32 guidelines available to the agencies involved. 33 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed as creating a cause of action against 34 any public official, employee, public agency, State or local government, or any agency 35 responsible for the guidelines set forth in this section. 36 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section is transferred from CJ § 3-836. 37 %There are no changes. 38 As to the definitions of "delinquent act", "victim", and "witness" see CJ §

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1	3-801.
2	852. RESERVED.
3	853. RESERVED.
4	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
5	[764.] 854. CONTRACT WITH DEFENDANT FOR REENACTMENT OF CRIME.
6	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
9	(2) "Defendant" means a person charged with or convicted of a crime in this State involving or causing personal injury, death, or property loss as a direct result of the crime, and includes a person found not criminally responsible for criminal conduct under § 12-108 of the Health - General Article.
11 12	(3) "Person" means a natural person, a firm, corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity.
13	(4) "Victim":
14 15	(i) Means a person who suffers personal injury, death, or property loss as a direct result of crime; and
16 17	(ii) Includes, in the event of the death of a victim, the victim's estate or a beneficiary under a wrongful death action under Title 3, Subtitle 9 of the Courts Article.
18 19	(5) "Notoriety of crimes contract" means a contract or other agreement with a defendant, or a representative or assignee of a defendant, with respect to:
	(i) The reenactment of a crime by way of a movie, book, magazine article, tape recording, phonograph record, radio or television presentation, or live entertainment of any kind;
	(ii) The expression of the defendant's thoughts, feelings, opinions, or emotions regarding a crime involving or causing personal injury, death, or property loss as a direct result of the crime; or
	(iii) The payment or exchange of any money or other consideration or the proceeds or profits that directly or indirectly result from a crime, a sentence, or the notoriety of a crime or sentence.
29 30	(b) A person who enters a notoriety of crimes contract with a defendant, or a representative or assignee of that defendant, shall:
31 32	(1) Submit a copy of the contract or summary of the terms of anoral agreement to the Attorney General; and
35	(2) Pay over to the Attorney General any moneys or other consideration not subject to an order of restitution under § [640] 807 of this article which by the terms of the contract would otherwise be owing to the defendant, or a representative or assignee of the defendant.

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(c) (1) On receipt of a copy of a contract under subsection (b)(1) of this section,
 the Attorney General shall mail to any victim at the victim's last known address, a notice
 that informs the victim of the Attorney General's receipt of the copy.

4 (2) (i) After the passage of 30 days, but before the expiration of 180 days 5 from receipt of the contract or moneys described in subsection (b)(2) of this section, the 6 Attorney General shall render a decision as to whether a contract is a notoriety of crimes 7 contract.

8 (ii) The Attorney General may render the decision after 180 days for9 cause.

10 (3) For the purposes of rendering a decision under this subsection, there 11 shall be a rebuttable presumption that the contract is a notoriety of crimes contract. The 12 defendant may rebut this presumption by establishing to the satisfaction of the Attorney 13 General that the subject matter of the contract only tangentially or incidentally relates to 14 the crime.

(4) The Attorney General shall notify the defendant and the victim of thedecision rendered under this subsection.

(5) The Attorney General may not make any disposition of the moneyscollected under subsection (b) of this section until 60 days after the defendant and thevictim have been notified.

(6) The decision of the Attorney General rendered under this subsection is
a final decision and may be appealed by a defendant or a victim only inaccordance with
subsection (n) of this section within 60 days after the appellant received notice of the
decision.

24 (7) If the decision of the Attorney General under this subsection is25 appealed, the Attorney General shall maintain any moneys collected in escrow until26 receiving a final order of the court.

27 (d) A person may not:

(1) Conceal the existence of a contract described in subsection(b) of this29 section; or

30 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, make or receive payments31 under a contract described in subsection (b) of this section.

(e) (1) (i) The Attorney General shall deposit any funds received under this
 section in an interest bearing escrow account.

(ii) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection and
subsection (f) of this section, the Attorney General shall hold funds for the benefit of and
payable to the victim, as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(2) (i) If, within 5 years of the establishment of the escrow account, the
victim brings or has a pending civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction or has
recovered a money judgment for damages against the defendant or has been awarded
restitution, the Attorney General shall pay, subject to the priority of claims described in

 67 1 this section, to the victim funds from the escrow account to the extent of the money 2 judgment or the amount of restitution. Any funds then remaining in the escrow account 3 shall be paid over as provided in this section. Money may not be paid under this 4 subparagraph until the defendant has been found guilty, has pleaded nolo contendere, 5 has been placed on probation before judgment, or has been found not criminally 6 responsible for criminal conduct under § 12-108 of the Health - GeneralArticle.
7 (ii) At least once every 6 months for 5 years from the date the 8 Attorney General receives such moneys or other consideration, the Attorney General 9 shall publish a legal notice in newspapers of general circulation in the county where the 10 crime was committed and in counties contiguous to that county that advises the victims 11 that escrow moneys are available to satisfy money judgments under this section. The 12 Attorney General may provide for additional notice as the Attorney General deems 13 necessary.
(3) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, theAttorneyGeneral shall pay over to the defendant all of the funds from the escrow account if:
16 (i) The charges against the defendant are dismissed or if nolle17 prosequi is entered;
18 (ii) The defendant is acquitted;
 (iii) The defendant is found to be incompetent to stand trial under § 12-105 of the Health - General Article and at least 5 years have elapsed from that finding without a further disposition of the charge; or
(iv) The charges against the defendant are placed on the stet docketand a period of at least 3 years have elapsed.
(4) Notwithstanding subsection (l) of this section, if a defendant wasconvicted before July 1, 1987, the Attorney General shall pay over to the defendant:
 26 (i) All of the funds from the escrow account if at least 5years have 27 elapsed from the establishment of the escrow account and no action by the victim is 28 pending against the defendant; or
(ii) Any money remaining in the escrow account after payment of theclaims described in subsection (i) of this section.
 (f) (1) The Attorney General shall make payments to the defendant from the escrow account on order of a court of competent jurisdiction that the defendant has shown that the funds will be used for the purpose of retaining legal counsel at any stage of the proceedings of the criminal charges, including the appeals process.
 (2) After notice to the victims of the crime, the Attorney General shall make payments from the escrow account to a representative of a defendant forthe necessary expenses of production of the moneys paid into the escrow account if the Attorney General finds that the payments are necessary and are not contrary to public policy.
39 (3) The Attorney General may make payments from the escrow account for40 the costs of any legal notices required under subsection (e)(2)(ii) of this section.

1 (4) The total of all payments made from the escrow account under this 2 subsection may not exceed 25 percent of the total payments into the escrow account and 3 available to satisfy judgments obtained by the victims of crime.

4 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or statute of limitations to the 5 contrary, including the statute of limitations for a wrongful death action, a victim shall 6 bring a civil action against a defendant within 5 years after any escrow account has been 7 established by the Attorney General.

8 (h) Any action taken by a defendant, including an execution of a power of 9 attorney, creation of corporate entities, or designation of the defendant's interest, to 10 defeat the purpose of this section shall be void as against public policy.

11 (i) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, claims on moneysin the 12 escrow account shall have the following priorities:

(i) Payments ordered by the Attorney General or a court undersubsection (f) of this section;

15 (ii) Subrogation claims of the State under Article 26A of the Code;

16 (iii) A court order of restitution under § [640] 807 of this article;

17 (iv) A civil judgment of a victim of the crime; and

18 (v) A civil judgment of a person, other than a victim of the crime,19 arising out of the crime.

20 (2) The Attorney General may bring an action of interpleader oran action
21 for declaratory judgment when the Attorney General is unable to determine the priority
22 of claims and the proper disposition of the escrow account.

(j) (1) There is established a Maryland Victims of Crime Fund Account in theGeneral Fund of the State.

(2) The Fund is a special continuing, nonlapsing fund which is not subject to(2) State Finance and Procurement Article.

(3) The Treasurer shall separately hold, and the Comptroller shall account28 for, the Fund.

29 (4) The Fund shall be invested and reinvested in the same manner as other30 State funds.

31 (5) Any investment earnings shall be retained to the credit of the Fund.

32 (6) The Fund shall be subject to an audit by the Office of Legislative Audits33 as provided for in § 2-1215 of the State Government Article.

(7) Disbursements from the Fund shall supplement and may not bea
substitute for any State, local government, or other funds for assistance to crime victims
or witnesses existing as of July 1, 1991.

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1 (8) This section may not be construed to prohibit the Fund from receiving 2 funds from any other source.

3 (k) (1) The Maryland Victims of Crime Fund shall be used for the purpose of
4 implementation of Article 47 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights and the guidelines
5 for treatment and assistance for crime victims and witnesses described in [§ 761 of this
6 article] § 848 OF THIS SUBTITLE and other laws adopted to benefit victims and witnesses
7 of crime.

8 (2) Any cost for the administration of the Fund may be paid from the Fund.

9 (3) The Fund shall be administered by the State Board of VictimServices
10 under [§§ 9-1701 through 9-1708 of the State Government Article] §§ 837THROUGH 844
11 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(1) After payment of the claims described in subsection (i) of this section, theAttorney General shall deposit the moneys remaining in the escrow account in theMaryland Victims of Crime Fund Account.

(m) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Attorney General has
exclusive jurisdiction and control as escrow agent over any moneys or other consideration
subject to this section.

(2) A distribution of moneys in an escrow account may be made only by adetermination and order of the Attorney General under this section.

20 (3) The Attorney General may adopt regulations for the purpose of 21 implementation of this section.

(n) Any person aggrieved by a final determination and order of the AttorneyGeneral under this section may seek judicial review.

(o) (1) Any person who willfully fails to do any of the following issubject to a
civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 for each offense and not more than an amount equal
to 3 times the contract amount:

27 (i) Submit to the Attorney General a copy of the contract described in28 subsection (b) of this section; or

29 (ii) Pay over to the Attorney General any moneys or other30 consideration as required by this section.

(2) If 2 or more persons are subject to the penalties provided in this section,those persons shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment of the penalty imposed.

33 (3) After notice and opportunity to be heard is provided, the Attorney34 General may by order assess the penalties described in this section.

35 (4) If not paid within 30 days from the date of the order, any penalty 36 assessed under this section shall bear interest at the rate of 1 percent per month,

37 compounded monthly.

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1 (5) An action to recover a civil penalty assessed under this section may be 2 brought by the Attorney General in a court of competent jurisdiction within 6 years after 3 the cause of action accrues.
4 (6) Any money recovered under item (5) of this subsection shallbe paid into5 the Maryland Victims of Crime Fund.
6 (p) (1) If any person violates or threatens to violate any provision of this 7 section, the Attorney General may bring a proceeding against the personin a court of 8 competent jurisdiction to restrain the person from continuing the violation or carrying out 9 the threat of violation.
10 (2) In any proceeding under this subsection, a court shall havejurisdiction 11 to grant to the Attorney General, without bond or other undertaking, a prohibitory or 12 mandatory injunction as the facts may warrant, including temporary restraining orders 13 and preliminary injunctions to prevent payments under a contract in violation of this 14 section.
 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 764 of the Code. % The only changes are in style. As to the definition of "crime", see § 857 of this article.
18 [765.] 855. HIV TESTING OF OFFENDERS.
19 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
20 (2) "Agency" means any of the following:
21 (i) The Department of State Police;
22 (ii) The Baltimore City Police Department;
23 (iii) The police department, bureau, or force of any county;
24 (iv) The police department, bureau, or force of any incorporated city25 or town;
26 (v) The office of the Sheriff of any county;
27 (vi) The office of the State's Attorney of any county;
28 (vii) The office of the Attorney General;
29 (viii) The office of the State Prosecutor;
30 (ix) The Department of Juvenile Justice; or
 31 (x) The police department, bureau, or force of any bicounty agency or 32 the University of Maryland.
33 (3) "Body fluids" has the meaning stated in § 18-338.1 of the Health -

34 General Article.

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1 2	(4) "Charged" means the filing of an indictment, information, or petition alleging a delinquent act.
3	(5) "Convicted" means:
4	(i) In receipt of a verdict or finding of guilt in a criminal proceeding;
	(ii) Found to have committed a delinquent act in a juvenile proceeding conducted in accordance with [Subtitle 8, Title 3 of the Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article] TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 8 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE; or
8	(iii) Having accepted a plea of guilt or nolo contendere.
9	(6) "Department" means the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene.
10	(7) "Exposure" means, as between a victim and a person charged:
11	(i) Percutaneous contact with blood or body fluids;
12	(ii) Mucocutaneous contact with blood or body fluids;
13 14	(iii) Open wound, including dermatitis, exudative lesions, or chapped skin, contact with blood or body fluids for a prolonged period; or
15 16	(iv) Intact skin contact with large amounts of blood or body fluids for a prolonged period.
17 18	(8) "Health officer" has the meaning as stated in § 1-101(d) of the Health - General Article.
19 20	(9) "HIV" means any human immunodeficiency virus that causes acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).
21	(10) "Offense" means:
22	(i) Any prohibited activity involving a sexual act that includes:
	1. Contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, and for purposes of this subparagraph contact involving the penisoccurs upon penetration, however slight; or
26 27	2. Contact between the mouth and the penis, the mouthand the vulva, or the mouth and the anus; or
28 29	(ii) Any other criminal offense or delinquent act the commission of which may have caused or resulted in an exposure.
30	(11) (i) "Victim" means the victim of an offense.
31	(ii) "Victim" includes:
32	1. The parent of a victim who is a minor;
33	2. The legal guardian of a victim; or

1 3. The person authorized to give substituted consent for the 2 victim under § 5-605 of the Health - General Article.

3 (b) (1) Upon the written request of a victim to the office of the State's Attorney
4 in the jurisdiction where an offense occurred, the court shall order anindividual
5 convicted of committing the offense or being granted probation before judgment under
6 [Article 27, § 641 of the Code] § 641 OF THIS ARTICLE to furnish a blood sample to be
7 tested for the presence of HIV and any other identified causative agentof the acquired
8 immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).

9 (2) The written request shall be filed by the State's Attorney with the court 10 and sealed by the court.

11 (c) (1) If the individual is charged within 1 year after the offenseoccurred, in 12 addition to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, upon the written request of a 13 victim to the office of the State's Attorney in the jurisdiction where an offense occurred, 14 the court may order, upon a finding of probable cause to believe that an exposure 15 occurred, an individual charged with the offense to furnish a blood sample to be tested 16 for the presence of HIV.

17 (2) (i) Prior to issuing any order for testing under the provisions of 18 paragraph (1) of this subsection, the court shall conduct a hearing at which both the 19 victim and the person charged have the right to be present.

- 20 (ii) Both the victim and the person charged shall be notified of:
 21 1. The date, time, and location of the hearing; and
- 22 2. Their right to be present at the hearing.

23 (3) During the hearing only affidavits, counter-affidavits, and medical
24 records that relate to the material facts of the case used to support or rebut a finding of
25 probable cause for the issuance of a court order may be admissible.

26 (4) The written request of the victim shall be filed by the State's Attorney27 with the court and sealed by the court.

(d) (1) After conviction, a granting of probation before judgment, or a finding
of probable cause by a court under subsection (b) or (c) of this section, respectively, the
State's Attorney shall promptly notify the local health officer of the victim's written
request for testing.

(2) Upon receipt of a court order for testing issued under subsection (b) or
(c) of this section, the local health officer or the local health officer's designee from any
other governmental entity shall:

- (i) Promptly collect the blood sample from the convicted or chargedindividual;
- 37 (ii) Conduct the test on the blood sample; and

(iii) Provide pretest and posttest counseling to the victim and thecharged or convicted individual in accordance with the provisions of [Part VI, Subtitle 3,

1 Title 18 of the Health - General Article] TITLE 18, SUBTITLE 3, PART VIOF THE 2 HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE.

3 (e) (1) After receiving the results of a test conducted under subsection (d) of 4 this section, the local health officer shall promptly notify the victimand the accused or 5 convicted individual of the test results.

6 (2) A local health officer may not disclose positive test results to a victim or 7 a charged or convicted individual without also providing, offering, or arranging for the 8 provision of appropriate counseling to the victim and the charged or convicted individual.

9 (f) The Department shall adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this 10 section, including regulations regarding:

11 (1) The confidentiality of test results; and

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(2) Providing victims with counseling regarding HIV disease, HIV testing,and referral for appropriate health care and support services.

(g) A victim of an offense described under this section shall be notified of theprovisions of this section by:

16 (1) An agency upon the filing with a court of a statement of charges or17 indictment or information or petition alleging delinquency for the alleged commission of18 an offense;

(2) A rape crisis program established under [Article 88A, § 130] § 793 OF
20 THIS SUBTITLE [of the Code] when the program is contacted by the victim; or

21 (3) An intake officer who receives a complaint for the alleged commission of22 an offense under § 3-810 of the Courts [and Judicial Proceedings]Article.

(h) (1) A victim who receives notification under subsection (e) of this section
may disclose the results of the test to any other individual to protect health and safety
of:

26 (i) The victim;

27 (ii) The victim's sexual partner; or

28 (iii) The victim's family.

29 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who receives 30 notification or disclosure of the results of the test under this subsection and knowingly

31 discloses the results of that test in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and

32 on conviction is subject to imprisonment of not more than 90 days or a fine of not more

33 than \$5,000 or both.

(i) The results of any test conducted under this section are not admissible as
evidence of either guilt or innocence in any criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged
offense.

(j) A State employee or agent or employee of the Department who actsincompliance with the provisions of this section shall have the immunity from liability

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- 1 described under § 5-399.2 of the Courts [and Judicial Proceedings] Article for actions2 taken pursuant to this section.
- 3 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 27, § 765 of the Code.
 4 %The only changes are in style.

5 856. LIABILITY FOR HEALTH SERVICES.

AS PROVIDED UNDER § 16-203(A)(4) OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE, A
RESPONSIBLE RELATIVE WHO IS THE VICTIM OF SEXUAL ABUSE, PHYSICAL ABUSE,
OR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE MAY NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR THE COST OF HEALTH
SERVICES PROVIDED TO THE PERPETRATOR OF THE OFFENSE BY THE DEPARTMENT
OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE.

11	DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section merely provides a cross-reference to HG §
12	16-203 for informational purposes.
13	No change in the law is intended.
14	As to the definition of "crime of violence", see § 643B of thisarticle. As to the
15	definition of "responsible relative", see HG § 16-101.

16 857. RESERVED.

17 858. RESERVED.

18 SECTION 8. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 19 read as follows:

20 Article 41 - Governor - Executive and Administrative Departments

21 4-609.

(a) Whenever any court shall suspend the sentence of any person convicted of
crime, and shall direct such person, to continue, for a certain time, or until otherwise
ordered, under the supervision of the Division, it shall be the duty of the said Division to
supervise, when so requested by said court, the conduct of such person and to ascertain
and report to said court whether or not the conditions of such probation or suspension of
sentence are being faithfully complied with by such person.

(b) The parole and probation agents of the Division shall provide the judge of the court with presentence reports or other investigations in all cases when requested by any judge. The presentence reports are confidential and not available for public inspection except upon court order. However, presentence reports shall be made available, upon request, to the defendant's attorney, the State's Attorney, a correctional institution, a parole or probation, or pretrial release official of this State, any other state, the United States, or the District of Columbia, and a public or private mental health facility in any of those jurisdictions, if the individual who is the subject of the reporthas been committed or is being evaluated for commitment to the facility for treatment as acondition of probation. The agents shall also perform any other probationary services the judges may from time to time request.

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1 (c) (1) Prior to the sentence by the circuit court of any county to the jurisdiction

2 of the Division of Correction of a defendant convicted of a felony, or a misdemeanor

3 which resulted in serious physical injury or death to the victim, or the referral of any

4 defendant to the Patuxent Institution, the court may order the Division of Parole and

5 Probation to complete a presentence investigation if the court is satisfied that the

6 investigation would help the sentencing process. The burden of establishing that the 7 presentence investigation should be ordered is on the party that requests the

8 investigation.

9 (2) A PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION MAY INCLUDE A VICTIM IMPACT 10 STATEMENT AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 781 OF THE CODE.

11 (d) In any case in which the death penalty or imprisonment for life without the

12 possibility of parole is requested under Article 27, § 412, a presentence investigation,

13 including a victim impact statement AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 7810F THE

14 CODE, shall be completed by the Division of Parole and Probation, and shall be

15 considered by the court or jury before whom the separate sentencing proceeding is

16 conducted under Article 27, § 412 or § 413.

17	DRAFTER'S NOTE: Former subsection (c)(2), (3), and (4) have been transferred
18	to be Art. 27, § 781 of the Code. New subsection (c)(2) of thissection is added
19	as a cross-reference for informational purposes.
20	In subsection (d) of this section, a cross-reference to Art. 27, § 781 of the
21	Code is added for clarity.

22 Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

23 3-829. LIABILITY FOR ACTS OF CHILD.

THE COURT MAY ENTER A JUDGMENT OF RESTITUTION AGAINST THE PARENT
OF A CHILD, THE CHILD, OR BOTH AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 808 OF THE
CODE.

27 3-836. RIGHTS OF VICTIM OR WITNESS OF DELINQUENT ACT.

28THE GUIDELINES PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 851 OF THE CODE APPLY TO29VICTIMS AND WITNESSES OF DELINQUENT ACTS.

30 10-917. RESTITUTION HEARINGS.

A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF EXPENSES OR A BILL SHALL BE TAKEN AS PRIMA
 FACIE EVIDENCE AT A RESTITUTION HEARING AS PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 27, §
 809 OF THE CODE.

34 SECTION 9. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 35 read as follows:

36 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

37 830.

38 (a) In this section, "crime" means an act committed by a person in the State which

39 is:

1 (1) A crime under Article 27 of the Code;
2 (2) A violation of the Transportation Article which is punishable by3 imprisonment; or
4 (3) A crime at common law.
5 (b) In addition to any other costs required by law, a circuit court shall impose on 6 a defendant convicted of a crime an additional cost of \$40 in the case.
7 (c) In addition to any other costs required by law, the District Court shall impose8 on a defendant convicted of a crime an additional cost of \$30 in the case.
9 (d) (1) All money collected under this section shall be paid to the Comptroller 10 of the State.
 (2) The Comptroller shall deposit \$20 from each fee collected under this section from a circuit court and \$10 from each fee collected under thissection from the District Court into the Maryland Victims of Crime Fund established under [Article 27, § 764(j) of the Code] § 854 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
 (3) The Comptroller shall deposit all other moneys collected under this section into the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund established under [§ 17A of this article] § 831 OF THIS SUBHEADING.
 (4) The Comptroller shall pay out moneys from the Maryland Victims of Crime Fund as approved by the Board of Victim Services under [§§ 9-1701through 9-1708 of the State Government Article] §§ 837 THROUGH 844 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
(e) A political subdivision may not be held liable under any condition for thepayment of sums under this section.
23 DRAFTER'S NOTE: This section formerly was Art. 26A, § 17 of the Code.
 SECTION 10. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
26Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments
27 766.
 A VICTIM OF AN ASSAULT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHTS PROVIDED UNDER § 12A-5 OF THIS ARTICLE CONCERNING COMPROMISING CASES OF ASSAULT.
30 SECTION 11. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 9 of this Act is 31 contingent on the taking effect of the termination provision specified in Section 2 of 32 Chapter 396 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1995. If that termination takes effect, 33 Article 27, § 830 of the Code as enacted by Section 7 of this Act shallbe void. This Act 34 may not be interpreted to have any effect on that termination provision.
 SECTION 12. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 10 of this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996 contingent on the taking effect of Chapter (S.B. /H.B.)(6lr1153/6lr1154) of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1996, and if Chapter (Description of the Section 10 of this Act

1 shall be void without the necessity of further action by the General Assembly. If

2 Chapter _____ becomes effective, § 766 of Article 27, as amended by Section 7 of this Act,

3 shall be null and void without the necessity of further action by the General Assembly.

4 SECTION 13. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the subtitle designation 5 "Rape Crisis Program" of Article 88A - Social Services Administration of the Annotated 6 Code of Maryland be repealed.

SECTION 14. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the subtitle designation
"Subtitle 5. Victims and Witnesses - Release of Addresses and TelephoneNumbers" in
Title 9 of the Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article of the AnnotatedCode of Maryland
be repealed.

SECTION 15. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That subtitle designation
 "Subtitle 17. Victim Services" in Title 9 of the State Government Article of the
 Annotated Code of Maryland be repealed.

14 SECTION 16. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Drafter's Notes and 15 catchlines contained in this Act are not law.

16 SECTION 17. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the provisions of this Act 17 are intended only to reorganize and restate the laws concerning victims and witnesses of 18 crime in a nonsubstantive manner. Nothing in the codified provisions of this Act is 19 intended to make any substantive change to or revive any law in the Actor any other law 20 that is or was in effect on or prior to the effective date of this Act.

21 SECTION 18. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

(a) The publishers of the Annotated Code of Maryland, subject to the approval of
 the Department of Legislative Reference, shall propose the correction of any
 cross-references throughout the Code that are rendered incorrect by this Act.

(b) The Department of Legislative Reference, in conjunction with thepublishers
of the Annotated Code of Maryland, shall incorporate into or conform to the provisions
of this Act any other Act of the General Assembly of the 1996 Session that is affected by
this Act. The revisions of the 1996 Acts of the General Assembly required by this section
shall be ratified by passage of the Annual Corrective Bill of 1997.

30 SECTION 19. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, subject to the provisions 31 of Sections 11 and 12 of this Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996.