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CF 6lr2283

1996 Regular Session 6lr2284

**By: Senators Stone, Boozer, and Middlebrooks (Committee to Revise Article 27)** Introduced and read first time: February 2, 1996 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 13, 1996

CHAPTER \_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

## 2 Crimes - Theft, Bad Checks, and Credit Card Offenses - District Court Offenses

3 FOR the purpose of adding certain crimes concerning theft, bad checks, and credit cards

- 4 for the purpose of requiring trial in the District Court; prohibiting the trial of these
- 5 crimes in the circuit court under certain circumstances; providing certain
- 6 exceptions; providing that certain factors are not defenses to these rimes; providing
- 7 that these crimes are not lesser included offenses of certain other offenses;
- 8 providing a charging document form for a theft under this Act; and generally
- 9 relating to criminal charges in the District Court.

10 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 11 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 12 Section 143(d)
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)
- 15 BY adding to
- 16 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 17 Section 143A, 145A, and 342B
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 21 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 22 Section 344
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1995 Supplement)

<ol> <li>SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF</li> <li>MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:</li> </ol>
3 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments
4 143.
5 (d) In addition to the penalties provided in this section for conviction of the 6 offense of obtaining property or services by a bad check the court may:
7 (1) Order restoration of any property which has been the objectof the 8 offense and has been recovered from the defendant or another, or which is in the 9 defendant's possession or control, to any person or persons having a property interest 10 therein;
<ul> <li>(2) Order restitution of the value of any property or services which has been</li> <li>the object of the offense. The restitution may be ordered to be paid toany person having</li> <li>a property interest in the property or the person who provided the services. Restitution</li> <li>may be ordered to the extent that the property is not restored or compensation has not</li> <li>been provided for the services; and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(3) Order the defendant to pay a collection fee of up to \$25 for each bad</li> <li>check to the person having a property interest in the property or the person who provided</li> <li>the services.</li> </ul>
19 143A.
<ul> <li>(A) (1) A PERSON COMMITS A BAD CHECK OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION</li> <li>WHEN THE PERSON COMMITS A BAD CHECK OFFENSE, AS DEFINED UNDER § 143 OF</li> <li>THIS SUBHEADING, WHERE THE PROPERTY OR SERVICES OBTAINED HAVE A VALUE</li> <li>OF LESS THAN \$100.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>24 (2) IT IS NOT A DEFENSE THAT THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OR</li> <li>25 SERVICES OBTAINED IS \$100 OR MORE.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(B) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR</li> <li>AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$500 OR</li> <li>IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT MORE THAN 90 DAYS OR BOTH.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(C) (1) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE TRIED IN THE DISTRICT</li> <li>COURT ON A STATEMENT OF CHARGES, CITATION, OR CRIMINAL INFORMATION</li> <li>FILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>32 (2) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TRIED IN THE</li> <li>33 CIRCUIT COURT UNLESS:</li> </ul>
<ul><li>34 (I) AN APPEAL IS TAKEN FROM A CONVICTION IN THE DISTRICT</li><li>35 COURT; OR</li></ul>
<ul> <li>(II) THERE IS ANOTHER CHARGE ARISING OUT OF THE SAME</li> <li>CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH ENTITLES THE DEFENDANT TO A TRIAL IN THE CIRCUIT</li> </ul>

38 COURT.

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(D) UNLESS A BAD CHECK OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION IS SPECIFICALLY
 CHARGED, A BAD CHECK OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TREATED AS
 A LESSER INCLUDED OFFENSE OF ANY GREATER OFFENSE DEFINED IN THIS
 ARTICLE OR AT COMMON LAW.

5 (E) A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED UNDER THIS SECTION IS SUBJECT TO THE6 PROVISIONS OF § 143(D) OF THIS SUBHEADING.

7 145A.

8 (A) (1) A PERSON COMMITS A CREDIT CARD OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION
9 WHEN THE PERSON COMMITS A CREDIT CARD OFFENSE, AS DEFINED UNDER § 145 OF
10 THIS SUBHEADING, WHERE THE VALUE OF THE MONEY, GOODS, SERVICES, OR
11 OTHER THINGS OF VALUE IS LESS THAN \$100.

12 (2) IT IS NOT A DEFENSE THAT THE VALUE OF THE MONEY, GOODS, 13 SERVICES, OR OTHER THINGS IS \$100 OR MORE.

(B) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR
AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$500 OR
IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT MORE THAN 90 DAYS OR BOTH.

17 (C) (1) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE TRIED IN THE DISTRICT
18 COURT ON A STATEMENT OF CHARGES, CITATION, OR CRIMINAL INFORMATION
19 FILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT.

20 (2) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TRIED IN THE 21 CIRCUIT COURT UNLESS:

22 (I) AN APPEAL IS TAKEN FROM A CONVICTION IN THE DISTRICT 23 COURT; OR

24 (II) THERE IS ANOTHER CHARGE ARISING OUT OF THE SAME
25 CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH ENTITLES THE DEFENDANT TO A TRIAL IN THE CIRCUIT
26 COURT.

(D) UNLESS A CREDIT CARD OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION IS SPECIFICALLY
CHARGED, A CREDIT CARD OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TREATED
AS A LESSER INCLUDED OFFENSE OF ANY GREATER OFFENSE DEFINED IN THIS
ARTICLE OR AT COMMON LAW.

31 342B.

(A) (1) A PERSON COMMITS A THEFT UNDER THIS SECTION WHEN THE
PERSON COMMITS A THEFT, AS DEFINED UNDER § 342 OF THIS SUBHEADING, WHERE
THE SUBJECT OF THE THEFT HAS A VALUE OF LESS THAN \$100.

35 (2) IT IS NOT A DEFENSE THAT THE VALUE OF THE SUBJECT OF THE36 THEFT IS \$100 OR MORE.

37 (B) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR
38 AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$500 OR
39 IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT MORE THAN 90 DAYS OR BOTH.

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(C) (1) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE TRIED IN THE DISTRICT
 COURT ON A STATEMENT OF CHARGES, CITATION, OR CRIMINAL INFORMATION
 FILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT.

4 (2) AN OFFENSE UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TRIED IN THE 5 CIRCUIT COURT UNLESS:

6 (I) AN APPEAL IS TAKEN FROM A CONVICTION IN THE DISTRICT 7 COURT; OR

8 (II) THERE IS ANOTHER CHARGE ARISING OUT OF THE SAME
9 CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH ENTITLES THE DEFENDANT TO A TRIAL IN THE CIRCUIT
10 COURT.

(D) UNLESS THEFT UNDER THIS SECTION IS SPECIFICALLY CHARGED, A
 THEFT UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE TREATED AS A LESSER INCLUDED
 OFFENSE OF ANY GREATER OFFENSE DEFINED IN THIS ARTICLE OR AT COMMON
 LAW.

15 344.

(a) In any indictment, information, warrant, or other charging document for theft
UNDER § 342 OF THIS SUBHEADING, not including taking a motor vehicle asdefined in §
342A of this subheading, it is sufficient to use a formula substantially to the following
effect: "That A-B on the .... day of ....., in the County (City) aforesaid, did
steal (here specifying the property or services stolen) of C-D, having a value of (less than
\$300 or \$300 or greater) in violation of Article 27, § 342, of the Annotated Code of
Maryland; contrary to the form of the Act of Assembly in such case madeand provided
and against the peace, government, and dignity of the State."

(B) IN ANY STATEMENT OF CHARGES, CITATION, OR CRIMINAL
(B) IN ANY STATEMENT OF CHARGES, CITATION, OR CRIMINAL
INFORMATION FILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THEFT UNDER § 342B OF THIS
SUBHEADING, NOT INCLUDING TAKING A MOTOR VEHICLE AS DEFINED IN § 342A OF
THIS SUBHEADING, IT IS SUFFICIENT TO USE A FORMULA SUBSTANTIALLY TO THE
FOLLOWING EFFECT: "THAT A-B ON THE .... DAY OF ......, IN THE COUNTY
(CITY) AFORESAID, DID STEAL (HERE SPECIFYING THE PROPERTY OR SERVICES
STOLEN) OF C-D, HAVING A VALUE OF LESS THAN \$100 IN VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 27,
§ 342B, OF THE ANNOTATED CODE OF MARYLAND; CONTRARY TO THE FORM OF THE
ACT OF ASSEMBLY IN SUCH CASE MADE AND PROVIDED AND AGAINST THE PEACE,
GOVERNMENT, AND DIGNITY OF THE STATE."

[(b)] (C) In any indictment, information, warrant, or other charging document for
taking a motor vehicle it is sufficient to use a formula substantially to the following effect:
"That A-B on the .... day of ....., in the County (City) aforesaid, did
knowingly and willfully take out of C-D's lawful custody, control, or use a motor vehicle,
without the consent of C-D, in violation of Article 27, § 342A of the Annotated Code of
Maryland; contrary to the form of the Act of Assembly in such case madeand provided
and against the peace, government, and dignity of the State."

41 [(c)] (D) The obtaining of property or services by a bad check as defined in §§ 140
42 to 144 shall not be prosecuted as theft as defined in this subheading unless the defendant
43 commits deception as provided in § 342 of this subheading in addition to any false

1 representation or false representations that there are sufficient funds n the drawee bank

2 to cover the check. In any prosecution for theft, the presumptions defined in § 142 shall3 apply to the same extent as if the prosecution were under § 342 of thissubheading.

4 [(d)] (E) In any case in the circuit court in which this general form of indictment 5 or information is used to charge an offense under this subheading, the defendant on 6 timely demand is entitled to a bill of particulars.

7 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 8 October 1, 1996.

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